

BEFORE THE HON'BLE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL,

PRINCIPAL BENCH, NEW DELHI

Original Application No. 751/2024

In the Matter of: -

Abhisht Kusum Gupta

... Applicant

Vs.

State of Uttarakhand & Ors.

---Respondents

NDOH: 30.01.2025

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Filed By



Deepak Bora

Counsel for the State of Uttarakhand

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New Delhi-110001

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BEFORE THE HON'BLE NATIONAL GREEN TRIBUNAL,

PRINCIPAL BENCH, NEW DELHI

Original Application No. 751/2024

In the Matter of: -

Abhisht Kusum Gupta

... Applicant

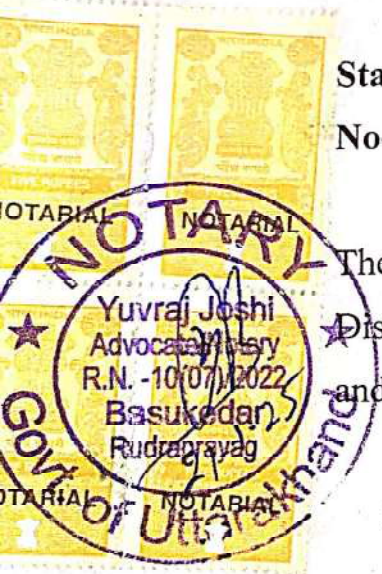
Vs.

State of Uttarakhand & Ors.

... Respondents

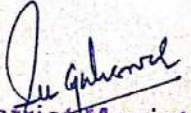
Status Report by the way of an Affidavit on behalf of Respondent

No-1 State of Uttarakhand in order dated- 04.10.2024



The deponent, Saurabh Gaharwar, presently holding the position of District Magistrate, Rudraprayag, Uttarakhand, do hereby solemnly affirm and state as follows:

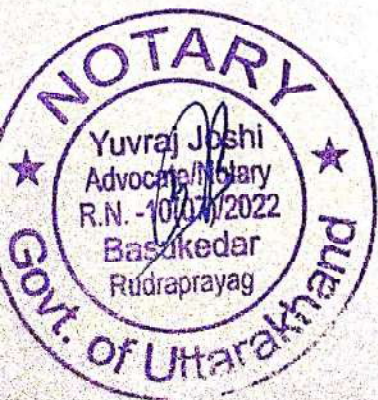
1. That the deponent is the District Magistrate of Rudraprayag, Uttarakhand, and in this capacity, he is fully aware of the facts and circumstances of the present case based on official records, and has been authorised by Secretary, Uttarakhand Government, Drinking Water and Sanitation Section-1, Dehradun, vide office letter number-1032/74369/2024 dated 06 December, 2024 to file the affidavit in the Hon'ble Authority on the behalf Respondent No-1 (State of Uttarakhand) within the stipulated time, and as such is competent to depose this affidavit.

  
District Magistrate  
Rudraprayag

2. That this affidavit is being filed in compliance with the directions of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, New Delhi, in the order dated 04.10.2024, in Original Application No. 751/2024, titled Abhisht Kusum Gupta vs State of Uttarakhand & Ors.
3. That the Hon'ble Tribunal in its order dated 04.10.2024 directed Respondent No-1 State of Uttarakhand to file an affidavit indicating the timeline for providing proper sewage treatment with on adequate capacity and solid waste management facilities in Kedarnath and for implementing suggestions made by the joint committee and also directed that before the next season, soak pits should be properly maintained and 100% connectivity through sewage system to 600 KLD STP be ensured. It was specifically mentioned in paragraph No. 13 of the said order as follows :-

*"13. Hence, we direct respondent no.1-State of Uttarakhand to file an affidavit indicating the timeline for providing proper sewage treatment with on adequate capacity and solid waste management facilities in Kedarnath and for implementing suggestions made by the joint committee. We also direct that before the next season, soak pits should be properly maintained and 100% connectivity through sewage system to 600 KLD STP be ensured. Let the affidavit to this effect be filed within a period of six weeks."*

4. That pursuant to the said order, a meeting was called by the Director General, Government of India, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation. National Mission for Clean Ganga, New Delhi on 11-11-2024 through hybrid mode, the briefs of the said meeting have been made available by the letter Pr- 12011/17/2017-O/

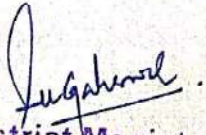


*Jugahand*  
District Magistrate  
Rudraprayag

Dir (T-III) NMCG dated 13.11.2024 of the Director (Technical), NMCG, New Delhi. The copy of same is annexed here with and marked as **Annexure A**.

5. That in pursuance to instructions in Minutes of Meeting of Director General, Government of India, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation. NMCG, New Delhi, directions were issued to conduct a field inspection through the concerned departmental representatives through office letter number-640(1)/33-34(2023-24) dated November 18, 2024 and to provide the joint inspection report. The copy of same is annexed here with and marked as **Annexure B**.
6. That Secretary, Uttarakhand Government, Drinking Water and Sanitation Section-1, Dehradun, by office letter number-1032/74369/2024 dated 06 December, 2024, in the original application number-751/2024, has authorized undersigned to coordinate with all the departments related to the case (Urban Development Department, Tourism Department, Public Works Department, Drinking Water Department, Environmental Protection Department, Pollution Control Board, State Clean Ganga Mission (Namami Gange), Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee (IIT) and National Institute of Urban Affairs) and consolidate the implementation report and file the affidavit in the Hon'ble Authority within the stipulated time. The copy of same is annexed here with and marked as **Annexure C**.



  
District Magistrate  
Rudraprayag

7. That the Additional Chief Executive Officer, Kedarnath Development Authority, Rudra Prayag has provided the joint inspection report related to the above case through his office letter number-772/KDA/2024-25 dated January 10, 2025. The copy of same is annexed here with and marked as **Annexure D**.
8. That the concerned departments have ensured timely submission of all relevant reports and compliance documents as directed by the Hon'ble Tribunal and as required by the law, detailing the actions taken and progress made to prevent any further environmental damage.
9. That the contents of this affidavit are true and correct to the best of knowledge, based on official records and personal information. No part of this affidavit is false, and nothing has been concealed.



Attested By   
Yuvraj Joshi 21.1.25  
Advocate/Notary  
R.N - UK-10(07)/2022  
Basukedar  
Distt Rudraprayag

DEPONENT

  
District Magistrate  
Rudraprayag  
District Magistrate  
Rudraprayag

VERIFICATION

Verified at Rudraprayag, on this 21<sup>st</sup> day of January 2025, that the contents of the above affidavit are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, based on the official records maintained by my office and other relevant authorities.

DEPONENT



(Saurabh Gaharwar)  
District Magistrate,  
Rudraprayag, Uttarakhand

District Magistrate  
Rudraprayag



Attested By



Yuvraj Joshi  
Advocate/Notary  
R.N - UK-10(07)/2022  
Basukedar  
Distt Rudraprayag

क्र. 199 / ए.क.सू.क.०/१८  
19-11-24

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oc/mc

No. Pr-12011/17/2017 - O/o Dir (T-III) NMCG

भारत सरकार

जल शक्ति मंत्रालय

जल संसाधन, नदी विकास एवं गंगा संरक्षण विभाग

राष्ट्रीय स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन

\*\*\*\*

18-11-2024  
A.D.M.

पहली मंजिल, मेजर ध्यान चंद नेशनल स्टेडियम,  
निकट इंडिया गेट, नई दिल्ली - 110002,

दिनांक: 13.11.2024

**Subject: Record of Discussion (RoD) to discuss the response to the Hon'ble NGT order dated 04.10.2024 in OA No. 751/2024 Abhisht Kusum Gupta V/s State of Uttarakhand held on 11.11.2024 at 11.00 AM on Hybrid mode.**

A copy of Record of Discussion (RoD) of the meeting dated 11th November 2024 under the Chairmanship of Director General, NMCG in the Hon'ble NGT matter OA No. 751/2024 - Abhisht Kusum Gupta V/s State of Uttarakhand, is forwarded herewith for information / necessary actions.

2. This issues with the approval of Competent Authority, NMCG.

भवदीय,

Encl: As above

13/11/24  
(डॉ. प्रवीण कुमार)  
निदेशक (तकनीकी), एनएमसीजी

To,

- I. Secretary, Drinking Water Department, Govt of Uttarakhand, New Building, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Uttarakhand Secretariat, 4, Subhash Rd, Dehradun-248001. (secy-dw-ua@nic.in)
- II. Secretary, Urban Development Directorate, 31/62, Rajpur Rd, Indra Market, Dehradun, Uttarakhand 248001 (secynkija@gmail.com)
- III. Principal Secretary, Environment & Forest, Govt of Uttarakhand, New Building, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Uttarakhand Secretariat, 4, Subhash Rd, Dehradun-248001. (secy-env-ua@nic.in)
- IV. Secretary, Uttarakhand Tourism Development Board. Pt. Deendayal Upadhyay Paryatan Bhawan, Near ONGC Helipad Garhi Cantt, Dehradun-248001(secyoffice.uk2003@gmail.com)
- V. Program Director, SPMG Uttarakhand, - 117 Indira Nagar, Dehradun -248001. (spmgngrba.utk01@gmail.com)



- VI. District Magistrate Rudraprayag, 8242+8QQ, Chopta Pokhari Road, Rudraprayag, Uttarakhand 246171 ([dnrudraprayag@gmail.com](mailto:dnrudraprayag@gmail.com))
- VII. Member Secretary, Uttarakhand Pollution Control Board (UKPCB) Gaura Devi Paryavaran Bhawan, 46 B IT Park, Sehstradhara Road, Dehradun -248001. ([msukpcb@yahoo.com](mailto:msukpcb@yahoo.com))
- VIII. Engineer in Chief, Public Works Department, 29, Yamuna Colony Road Yamuna Colony, Yamuna Colony Road, Yamuna Colony, Khurbura Mohalla, Dehradun - 248001 ([einc.ukpwd@gmail.com](mailto:einc.ukpwd@gmail.com), [cepwdua@gmail.com](mailto:cepwdua@gmail.com))

***For Internal Distribution:***

PS to DG/ ED (P)/ED(T), NMCG



**Record of Discussion (RoD) held on 11.11.2024 at 11.00 AM under the Chairmanship of DG, NMCG**

A meeting was held with the officials of Uttarakhand on 11.11.2024 at 11.00 AM under the Chairmanship of Director General NMCG for discussion regarding the Hon'ble NGT Matter OA No. 751/2024 - Abhishit Kusum Gupta vs. State of Uttarakhand. The list of participants present in the meeting is at *Annexure I*.

**Actionable points discussed in the meeting are as follows: -**

**1. Sewage management:**

- a) A detailed assessment of wastewater generation at Kedarnath Island area is required, especially during peak season, to determine whether the 600 KLD STP under construction is adequate especially in view of the number (peak) quoted by joint committee before NGT. The same may also be corroborated by Tourism Department of Uttarakhand.
- b) The report may include the liquid waste management for Tent area (outside Kedarnath Island) also.

**[Action: DM, Rudraprayag/ Tourism Dept. UK]**

2. **Solid Waste Management:** Similarly, the report should also include solid waste generation at Kedarnath Island area & along trekking route and waste management options being adopted by the State Government including relevant details of the waste management facilities.

**[Action: DM, Rudraprayag/ Urban Development Dept. UK]**

3. It was decided in the meeting that there is need to deal the solid waste management issue in a more comprehensive manner and hence state may engage the experts from NIUA (National Institute of Urban Affairs) and IIT Roorkee to assess and prepare the comprehensive waste management plan. NMCG may facilitate the joint meeting of state officials, NIUA and IIT Roorkee.

**[Action: NMCG]**

4. **Construction and Demolition (C&D) Waste:** Details regarding the quantity of C&D waste generated & disposed-off and time lines/agency responsible for disposing remaining debris in Kedarnath should be included in the report to be submitted to the NMCG.

**[Action: DM, Rudraprayag/ UKPCB]**



*[Handwritten signature]*

5. **Report Submission:** The detailed report may be submitted to NMCG by 2<sup>nd</sup> December 2024. The State's report may also include other initiatives taken by the State in managing the environmental challenges in Kedarnath.

[Action: DM, Rudraprayag/ Tourism Dept./Urban Development Dept./Environment Dept.]

The meeting ended with thanks to the Chair.

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List of Attendees**From NMCG;**

| S. No. | Name                        | Designation                    |
|--------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1.     | Shri Rajeev Kumar Mital     | Director General               |
| 2.     | Shri. Brijendra Swaroop     | Executive Director (Projects)  |
| 3.     | Shri. Anup Kumar Srivastava | Executive Director (Technical) |
| 4.     | Dr. Pravin Kumar            | Director (Technical)           |
| 5.     | Shri Narender Kumar Madan   | Senior Monitoring Expert       |
| 6.     | Shri Mahender Singh         | Monitoring Expert              |
| 7.     | Shri Ishwer Singh           | Consultant Legal               |
| 8.     | Shri Vishal Garg            | Institutional Associate        |

**From Uttrakhand:**

| S. No. | Name                         | Designation                       |
|--------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1.     | Shri Shailesh Bagauli        | Secretary, DW & Sanitation        |
| 2.     | Shri Nitesh Kumar Jha        | Secretary UD                      |
| 3.     | Shri R.K. Sudhanshu          | Principal Secretary, Env.& Forest |
| 4.     | Shri Sachin Kurve            | Secretary, Tourism                |
| 5.     | Shri Ranvir Singh<br>Chauhan | PD SPMG UK                        |
| 6.     | Dr. Saurabh Gahaewar         | DM Rudraprayag                    |
| 7.     | Dr. Parag Madhukar           | MS, UKPCB                         |
| 8.     | Shri Deepak Yadav            | Engineer in chief, PWD            |




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No. Pr-12011/17/2017 - O/o Dir (T-III) NMCG

OC/M.C

भारत सरकार  
जल शक्ति मंत्रालय  
जल संसाधन, नदी विकास एवं गंगा संरक्षण विभाग  
राष्ट्रीय स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन  
\*\*\*\*

AD M  
21.11.2024

पहली मंजिल, मेजर ध्यान चंद नेशनल स्टेडियम,  
निकट इंडिया गेट, नई दिल्ली - 110002,

दिनांक: 20.11.2024  
21/11

**Subject: Record of Discussion (RoD) to the review of the Solid & Liquid Waste Management Plan Implemented at Kedarnath Dham held on 14.11.2024 at 3:30 PM in NMCG office New Delhi on Hybrid mode.**

A copy of Record of Discussion (RoD) of the meeting dated 14th November 2024 under the Chairmanship of Executive Director Projects, NMCG for the review of Solid & Liquid Waste Management Plan Implemented at Kedarnath, Uttarakhand, is forwarded herewith for information / necessary actions.

2. This issues with the approval of Competent Authority, NMCG.

Encl: As above

भवदीय,  
21/11/24  
(डॉ. प्रवीण कुमार)  
निदेशक (तकनीकी), एनएमसीजी

To,

- I. District Magistrate Rudraprayag, 8242+8QQ, Chopta Pokhari Road, Rudraprayag, Uttarakhand 246171 ([dmrudraprayag@gmail.com](mailto:dmrudraprayag@gmail.com))
- II. Program Director, SPMG Uttarakhand, - 117 Indira Nagar, Dehradun -248001. ([spmgngrba.utk01@gmail.com](mailto:spmgngrba.utk01@gmail.com))
- III. Dr. Absar Ahmad Kazmi, Department of Civil Engineering Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee - 247 667 ([absar.kazmi@ce.iitr.ac.in](mailto:absar.kazmi@ce.iitr.ac.in))
- IV. Dr. Victor Rana Shinde, National Institute of Urban Affairs, 1st & 2nd Floor, Core 4B, India Habitat Center, Lodhi Rd, Institutional Area, Lodi Colony, New Delhi, Delhi 110003 ([vshinde@niuua.org](mailto:vshinde@niuua.org))
- V. Engineer in Chief, Public Works Department, 29, Yamuna Colony Road Yamuna Colony, Yamuna Colony Road, Yamuna Colony, Khurbura Mohalla, Dehradun - 248001 ([einc.ukpwd@gmail.com](mailto:einc.ukpwd@gmail.com), [cepwdua@gmail.com](mailto:cepwdua@gmail.com))
- VI. General Manager, Construction Circle (Ganga), UKPJM, Jagjeetpur, Post-Kankhal, Haridwar-249408([gmgangahw@gmail.com](mailto:gmgangahw@gmail.com))

**For Internal Distribution:**

PS to DG/ ED (P)/ED(T), NMCG



Record of Discussion (RoD) held on 14.11.2024 at 3:30 AM under the Chairmanship of Executive Director Projects, NMCG

In compliance to the RoD dated 11.11.2014 (copy enclosed), a meeting was held on 14.11.2024 at 11.00 AM under the Chairmanship of Executive Director Projects, NMCG with the Uttarakhand State officials and Institutional experts of Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee (IITR), Uttarakhand and National Institute of Urban Affairs (NIUA), New Delhi with regard to liquid and solid waste management plan in Kedarnath Dham. The list of participants present in the meeting is at *Annexure I*.

**Points discussed in the meeting are as follows: -**

1. State briefed about the proposed plan for Liquid and Solid Waste Management Plan in Kedarnath Dham to the experts of institutes. The directions of Hon'ble NGT order dated 04.10.2024 in OA No. 751/2024 - Abhisht Kusum Gupta V/s State of Uttarakhand and reports of State were also briefed. Institutes (IIT Roorkee and NIUA) shall review the State's plan, conduct site visits and prepare a comprehensive waste management plan/report. State has to directly connected with the institutes in this regard.

**[Action: DM, Rudraprayag / IIT Roorkee/NIUA/ SMCG UK]**

2. State administration will share the final vetted comprehensive report with NMCG.

**[Action: DM, Rudraprayag/ SMCG UK]**

The meeting ended with thanks to the Chair.

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List of Attendees**From NMCG;**

| S. No. | Name                    | Designation                   |
|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1.     | Shri. Brijendra Swaroop | Executive Director (Projects) |
| 2.     | Dr. Pravin Kumar        | Director (Technical)          |
| 3.     | Shri Mahender Singh     | Monitoring Expert             |

**From Uttrakhand:**

| S. No. | Name                   | Designation   |
|--------|------------------------|---|
| 1.     | Shri Yogender Singh    | CEO, Kedarnath Development Authority on behalf of DM, Rudraprayag |
| 2.     | Shri Rajesh Sharma     | Chief Engineer on behalf of Engineer in Chief, PWD                |
| 3.     | Shri Ravi Panday       | Superintending Engineer, UDD                                      |
| 4.     | Dr. Absar Ahmad Kazmi  | Prof. Deptt. of Civil Engineering, IIT Roorkee                    |
| 5.     | Dr. Victor Rana Shinde | Head, NIUA New Delhi  |
| 6.     | Shri Akashy Kumar      | Environmental Expert, SMCG UK                                     |
| 7.     | Shri R.K Jain          | GM, Ganga, UKPJN  |
| 8.     | Shri Sanjay Singh      | Chief Engineer, UKPJN   |
| 9.     | Shri Manish Semwal     | Superintending Engineer, UJS                                      |



प्रेषक,

// एन.जी.टी. प्रकरण //

जिलाधिकारी,  
रुद्रप्रयाग।

सेवा में,

- 1- कार्यक्रम निदेशक, राज्य स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन, नमामि गंगे, उत्तराखण्ड-देहरादून।
- 2- अपर निदेशक, शहरी विकास निदेशालय, उत्तराखण्ड-देहरादून।
- 3- अपर मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी, केदारनाथ विकास प्राधिकरण, रुद्रप्रयाग।
- 4- जिला पर्यटन विकास अधिकारी, रुद्रप्रयाग।
- 5- अधिशासी अधिकारी, निर्माण खण्ड, लो0नि0वि0, गुप्तकाशी।
- 6- परियोजना प्रबन्धक, निर्माण एवं अनुरक्षण इकाई (गंगा), उत्तराखण्ड पेयजल निगम, श्रीनगर गढ़वाल।
- 7- अधिशासी अधिकारी, नगर पंचायत, केदारनाथ।

संख्या- 64007/33-34

(2023-24)

दिनांक

नवम्बर, 18, 2024

विषय:-

मा0 राष्ट्रीय हरित प्राधिकरण, नई दिल्ली में योजित मूल आवेदन संख्या-751/2024  
Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttrakhand & Ors. के संबंध में।

महोदय,

कृपया उपरोक्त विषयक मा0 राष्ट्रीय हरित अधिकरण, नई दिल्ली में योजित मूल आवेदन संख्या-751/2024 Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttrakhand & Ors. का संदर्भ ग्रहण करने का कष्ट करें।

मा0 प्राधिकरण द्वारा उक्त मामले में दिनांक 04.10.2024 को पारित आदेश के क्रम में महानिदेशक, भारत सरकार, जल शक्ति मंत्रालय, जल संसाधन, नदी विकास एवं गंगा संरक्षण विभाग, राष्ट्रीय स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन, नई दिल्ली द्वारा दिनांक 11.11.2024 को हाईब्रिड मोड के माध्यम से बैठक आहूत की गयी।

निदेशक (तकनीकी), एनएमसीजी, नई दिल्ली द्वारा पत्र Pr-12011/17/2017 - O/o Dir (T-III) NMCG दिनांक 13.11.2024 के द्वारा बैठक का कार्यवृत्त उपलब्ध कराया गया है।

अतः उपरोक्त बैठक के कार्यवृत्त में दिये गये निर्देशों/बिन्दुओं के संबंध में विभागीय प्रतिनिधि के माध्यम से स्थलीय निरीक्षण करते हुए संयुक्त निरीक्षण आख्या अपर मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी, केदारनाथ विकास प्राधिकरण, रुद्रप्रयाग के माध्यम से अधोहस्ताक्षरी को उपलब्ध कराने का कष्ट करें।

संलग्न-

- 1)- पत्र Pr-12011/17/2017 - O/o Dir (T-III) NMCG दिनांक 13.11.2024
- 2)- दिनांक 11.11.2024 को आहूत बैठक का कार्यवृत्त।



भवदीय,  
*[Signature]*  
(सौरभ गहरवार)  
जिलाधिकारी,  
रुद्रप्रयाग।

Sender,

// N.G.T. case//

District Magistrate,

Rudraprayag.

To.

1-Program Director, State Clean Ganga Mission, Namami Gange, Uttarakhand-Dehradun.

2-Additional Director, Urban Development Directorate, Uttarakhand-Dehradun.

3-Additional Chief Executive Officer, Kedarnath Development Authority, Rudraprayag.

4-District Tourism Development Officer, Rudraprayag.

5-Executive Officer, Construction Block, PWD, Guptakashi.

6-Project Manager, Construction and Maintenance Unit (Ganga), Uttarakhand Drinking Water Corporation, Srinagar Garhwal.

7-Executive Officer, Nagar Panchayat, Kedarnath.

Number- 640(1)/33-34

(2023-24)

Dated- November 18, 2024

**Subject-** Hon'ble National Green Authority, New Delhi Original Application No.-751/2024 Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttarakhand & Ors. in relation to.

Sir,

Please refer the above subject matter in the context relating to Hon'ble National Green Authority, New Delhi for Original Application No.-751/2024 Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttarakhand & Ors

In continuation of the order passed by the Hon'ble Authority on 04.10.2024 in the said matter, a meeting was called by the Director General, Government of India, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation, National Mission for Clean Ganga, New Delhi on 11.11.2024 through hybrid mode.



The minutes of the meeting have been made available by the Director (Technical), NMCG, New Delhi vide letter Pr-12011/17/2017 - O/o Dir (T-III) NMCG dated 13.11.2024.

Therefore, in relation to the instructions / points given in the minutes of the above meeting, please conduct a field inspection through the departmental representative and provide the joint inspection report to the undersigned through the Additional Chief Executive Officer, Kedarnath Development Authority, Rudraprayag.

attached-

- 1 Letter Pr-12011/17/2017-O/ Dir (T-III) NMCG dated 13.11.2024
- 2)- Minutes of the meeting convened on 11.11.2024.

Sincerely,  
(Saurabh Gaharwar)  
District Magistrate,  
Rudra Prayag.



प्रेषक,

शैलेश बगौली,  
सचिव,  
उत्तराखण्ड शासन।

सेवा में,

जिलाधिकारी,  
रुद्रप्रयाग,

OC/MC  
A-JM  
17-12-2024

Index  
33-विधि 2023-24  
1003  
18-12-2024

पेयजल एवं स्वच्छता अनुभाग-1

देहरादून: दिनांक: 06 दिसम्बर, 2024

विषय:- मा0 राष्ट्रीय हरित प्राधिकरण में योजित मूल आवेदन संख्या-751/2024 अमीष्ट कुसुम गुप्ता बनाम राज्य के सम्बन्ध में।

महोदय,

उपर्युक्त विषयक मा0 राष्ट्रीय हरित प्राधिकरण में योजित मूल आवेदन संख्या-751/2024 "अमीष्ट कुसुम गुप्ता बनाम राज्य" में मा0 प्राधिकरण द्वारा पारित आदेश दिनांक 04.10.2024 का सन्दर्भ ग्रहण करने का कष्ट करें। मा0 प्राधिकरण द्वारा दिनांक 04.10.2024 के बिन्दु संख्या-13 एवं 14 में निम्नवत् आदेश पारित किये गये हैं:-

13. Hence, we direct respondent no.1-State of Uttarakhand to file an affidavit indicating the timeline for providing proper sewage treatment with on adequate capacity and solid waste management facilities in Kedarnath and for implementing suggestions made by the joint committee. We also direct that before the next season, soak pits should be properly maintained and 100% connectivity through sewage system to 600 KLD STP be ensured. Let the affidavit to this effect be filed within a period of six weeks.

14. Respondent no.3- UKPCB is also directed to place on record the action that is taken/proposed to be taken for violation of environmental norms by the local authorities in the area concerned. Let this affidavit be also filed within six weeks. List on 30.01.2025.

2. अतः इस संबंध में सम्यक् विचारोपरान्त मुझे यह कहने का निदेश हुआ है कि विषयगत योजित मूल आवेदन संख्या-751/2024 में वाद से संबंधित समस्त विभागों (शहरी विकास विभाग, पर्यटन विभाग, लोक निर्माण विभाग, पेयजल विभाग, पर्यावरण संरक्षण विभाग, प्रदूषण नियंत्रण बोर्ड, राज्य स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन(नमामि गंगे), भारतीय प्रौद्योगिकी संस्थान, रुड़की (आई0आई0टी0) तथा National Institute of Urban Affairs ) से समन्वय स्थापित कर क्रियान्वयन आख्या समेकित करते हुये प्रतिशपथ पत्र निर्धारित समयान्तर्गत मा0 प्राधिकरण में योजित किये जाने हेतु आपको अधिकृत किया जाता है। इसके अतिरिक्त मूल आवेदन संख्या-751/2024 में विभागीय अधिकारियों से समन्वय स्थापित कर क्रियान्वयन आख्या/प्रतिशपथ पत्र तैयार किये जाने हेतु आपके सहयोगार्थ श्री अक्षय कुमार, पर्यावरण विशेषज्ञ राज्य स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन (नमामि गंगे) देहरादून को वाद समन्वयक (Case Coordinator) नामित किया जाता है।



Signed by

Shailesh Bagauli

Date: 06-12-2024 10:32:05

भवदीय,

(शैलेश बगौली)  
सचिव।

संख्या 1032/74369/2024, तददिनांकित।

प्रतिलिपि, श्री अक्षय कुमार पर्यावरण विशेषज्ञ को राज्य स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन (नमामि गंगे) देहरादून को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।

Signed by आशा से,

Dhruve Mohan Singh Rana

Date: 06-12-2024 12:12:24

(डी०एम०एस०राना)

संयुक्त सचिव।



**224**  
TRANSLATED COPY

Sender,

Letter Number 1032/74369/2024

Shailesh Bagauli,  
secretary,  
Uttarakhand Government.

To,

District Magistrate,  
Rudraprayag,

Drinking Water and Sanitation Section-1

Dehradun: December 6, 2024

**Subject-** Original application number-751/2024 filed with Hon'ble National Green Authority" Required in relation to Kusum Gupta vs. State.

Sir,

In the above-mentioned matter, please refer to the order dated 04.10.2024 passed by the Hon'ble Authority in the original application number-751/2024 "Abhisht Kusum Gupta vs State" filed in the Hon'ble National Green Authority. The following orders have been passed by the Hon'ble Authority in point number-13 and 14 dated 04.10.2024-

*13. Hence, we direct respondent no.1-State of Uttarakhand to file an affidavit indicating the timeline for providing proper sewage treatment with on adequate capacity and solid waste management facilities in Kedarnath and for implementing suggestions made by the joint committee. We also direct that before the next season, soak pits should be properly maintained and 100% connectivity through sewage system to 600 KLD STP be ensured. Let the affidavit to this effect be filed within a period of six weeks.*

*14. Respondent no.3- UKPCB is also directed to place on record the action that is taken/proposed to be taken for violation of environmental norms by the local authorities in the area concerned. Let this affidavit be also filed within six weeks. List on 30.01.2025*



Therefore, after due consideration in this regard, I am directed to say that in the thematic planned pool application number-751/2024, you are authorized to coordinate with all the concerned departments (Urban Development Department, Tourism Department, Public Works Department, Drinking Water Department, Environmental Protection Department, Pollution Control Board, State Clean Ganga Mission (Namami Gange), Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee (IIT) and National Institute of Urban Affairs) and consolidate the implementation report and file the affidavit in the No. Authority within the prescribed time. Apart from this, Mr. Akshay Kumar, Environment Expert, State Clean Ganga Mission (Namami Gange), Dehradun is nominated as Case Coordinator for your assistance in preparing the implementation report/affidavit by coordinating with the departmental officers in the original application number-751/2024.

Yours sincerely,

(Shailesh Yagauli) Secretary.

Signed by Shailesh Bagauli

Date: 06-12-2024 10:32:05

So, dated. Copy, sent to Shri Akshay Kumar Environmental Specialist, State Swachh Ganga Mission (Namami Ganga), Dehradun for information and necessary action.



Signed by with permission,

Dhruve Mohan Singh Rana

Date: 06-12-2024 12:12:24

(Dr. M. S. Rana) Joint Secretary

A.D.M

13-01-2025

प्रेषक,

अपर मुख्य कार्याधिकारी,  
केदारनाथ विकास प्राधिकरण,  
रुद्रप्रयाग।

सेवा में,

जिलाधिकारी,  
रुद्रप्रयाग।

संख्या- 772 /KDA/2024-25

दिनांक जनवरी, 10, 2025

विषय:- मा0 राष्ट्रीय हरित प्राधिकरण, नई दिल्ली में योजित मूल आवेदन संख्या-751/2024  
Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttrakhand & Ors. के संबंध में।

महोदय,

कृपया उपरोक्त विषयक मा0 राष्ट्रीय हरित अधिकरण, नई दिल्ली में योजित मूल आवेदन संख्या-751/2024 Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttrakhand & Ors. से संबंधित मामले में दिनांक 04.10.2024 को पारित आदेश के क्रम में महानिदेशक, भारत सरकार, जल शक्ति मंत्रालय, जल संसाधन, नदी विकास एवं गंगा संरक्षण विभाग, राष्ट्रीय स्वच्छ गंगा मिशन, नई दिल्ली द्वारा दिनांक 11.11.2024 को हाईब्रिड मोड के माध्यम से बैठक आहूत की गयी।

उक्त बैठक के कार्यवृत्त में दिये गये निर्देशों/बिन्दुओं तथा आपके कार्यालय पत्र संख्या-640(1)/33-34 (2023-24) दिनांक 18 नवम्बर, 2024 के क्रम में संबंधित विभागीय प्रतिनिधि द्वारा दिनांक 20.12.2024 को स्थलीय निरीक्षण किया गया।

अतः संयुक्त निरीक्षण आख्या आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु संलग्न कर सादर प्रेषित की जा रही है।

संलग्न- संयुक्त निरीक्षण आख्या।

भवदीय,

(श्याम सिंह शणा)

अपर मुख्य कार्याधिकारी,  
केदारनाथ विकास प्राधिकरण,  
रुद्रप्रयाग।



Sender,

Additional Chief Executive Officer,  
Kedarnath Development Authority,  
Rudra Prayag.

To,

District Magistrate,  
Rud Prayag.

Number-772/KDA/2024-25

dated: January, 10 2025

Subject: - Hon'ble National Green Authority, New Delhi in respect of Original Application No.-751/2024 Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttarakhand & Ors.

Sir,

Please note that in continuation of the order dated 04.10.2024 passed in the matter related to the above subject original application number-751/2024 Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttarakhand & Ors., a meeting was called on 11.11.2024 through hybrid mode by the Director General, Government of India, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Conservation, National Mission for Clean Ganga, New Delhi.

In accordance with the instructions/points given in the minutes of the said meeting and your office letter No. 640(1)/33-34 (2023-24) dated 18 November 2024, a field inspection was conducted by the concerned departmental representative on 20.12.2024.

This is being done. Therefore, the joint inspection report has been attached and respectfully sent for necessary action.

Joint inspection report attached.

Yours sincerely,



425 (Shyam Singh Rana)  
Additional Chief Executive Officer,  
Kedarnath Development Authority,  
Rudraprayag.

**Compliance report in O.A. No. 751/2024 in Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttarakhand**

This is in reference to the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal (NGT) order dated 04.10.2024 in O.A. No. 751/2024 Abhisht Kusum Gupta Vs State of Uttarakhand, read with National Mission for Clean Ganga letter No. Er- 12011/17/2017- Office o/dir (T-III) NMCG dt. 13.11.2024, where in detail report was asked from District Magistrate, Rudraprayag, Tourism department, Urban development department and Environment Department. In continuation of the above directions, a committee was constituted for site inspection and discussions with Professor of IIT, Roorkee.

The following committee members inspected the site on dated 20.12.2024 and discussions were held with Proff. Kazmi, IIT Roorkee.

- ACEO, KDA, Rudraprayag.
- Executive Engineer, PWD, Guptkashi
- Environment specialist, SMCG, Dehradun.
- Executive officer, Nagar Panchayat, Kedarnath
- Solid waste management consultant, Urban Development Directorate, Dehradun.
- Assistant engineer, Urban Development Directorate, Dehradun.
- District tourism development officer, Rudraprayag.
- Project manager, Jal Nigam, Srinagar.

**A. Hon'ble Tribunal in order dt. 04.10.2024 has stated that**

- a. **Para 08:** - *The above report clearly indicates that there is no STP in Kedarnath to treat the sewage. One STP of 600 KLD is under construction and annexure C to the report states that 60% of work is over and construction of STP will be completed by December 2024. No timeline has been provided for household connection to the STP. It also needs to be ascertained that 600 KLD of STP is adequate.*

**Response: -**

- i. Under Shri Kedarnath Dham Master plan, 84 buildings (total 862 modules) are being constructed or to be constructed in the temple island area. 04 persons per module cumulates to 3448 Residential/Permanent population. For STP design calculation, Residential/Permanent population was taken as 5000 along with 20,000 floating population. Per capita Water usage/sewage generation was taken as per National Building Code, Part-9 & Central Public Health & Environmental Engineering Organization Manual 1999. Due consideration was also given to cold climatic conditions at the Dham. Sewerage system with STP and DPR was vetted by Jamia Milia Islamia University, Delhi and CSIR-CBRI Roorkee. Copy of the vetted process design is enclosed as Annexure-I
- ii. In the design plan, there are branching sewerage channels in 3 major regions, along Saraswati edge, Mandakini edge and in the central street

(NCGA)  
04.10.2024  
E.O. Kedarnath

Page 1 of 1  
P.M. 4/27/24  
4/27/24

4/27/24

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4/27/24



area. Out of these, as the buildings to be constructed in the Master plan are completed or are in near completion along the Mandakini edge, the sewerage channel along this edge measuring 400 meters in length has been installed. As sewerage channel laying work is possible only after development /finalisation of surroundings and plinth level around the buildings, and the building construction works as per Master plan is ongoing on Saraswati edge and in the central street area, therefore the installation work of the sewerage channel is ongoing in these two regions. Post confluence of the sewerage channels from the three regions measuring 575 meters length is near completion (80%). Due to the ineffectiveness of welding in extreme cold climatic condition, cement setting issues and low availability of skilled labours, work progress in the month of December was hampered, however efforts are being made to complete the work in due time.

iii. The construction of 600 KLD STP is 80-85% complete. The remaining works like roof work, flooring work and internal installations which was due by December 2024, have been hampered, due to extreme cold temperature, snowfall, ineffectiveness of welding in extreme cold climatic conditions, cement setting issues and low availability of skilled labours along with other causes. Despite this, efforts are being made & work is in progress in prevailing harsh climate conditions for timely completion of STP so as to complete the STP. **Annexure-2- Photographs of the site.**

iv. The liquid waste management was designed for a population of 5000 residential and 20,000 floating population at Dham and regarding the higher numbers of pilgrims reported in the joint committee report dated August, 2024, it is to be clarified that higher numbers of pilgrims mentioned was effectively the number of pilgrims moving from Sonprayag to Kedarnath area and not more than the designed population stays at Kedarnath Dham in a given day. Further STPs (4 in number totalling 222 KLD) along with sewerage network and I&D of drains are under construction along the Kedarnath yatra trek/route at Gaurikund.

v. Currently, for pilgrims staying in the camps, 155 nos. of fixed toilets are in place based on soak pit systems. The joint committee highlighted seepage at few locations, however these have been rectified. Professor A.A. Kazmi has advised for installation of Johkasou System for management of sewage in such locations, in continuation of which proposal will be submitted for sanction/approval.

**B. Para 09:** - In respect of solid waste management, the committee has found that there is no waste processing plant established in Kedarnath for the management of solid and plastic waste which is estimated to be 1.667 TPD during the season.  
(Read with)

(NITRA)

*[Signature]*

*[Signature]*  
S.M. (WDD)

*[Signature]*  
AE WDD

Page 2 of 4

*[Signature]*  
27/12/24  
Drao/ky

*[Signature]*  
KCN/SP

*[Signature]*  
KED

*[Signature]*  
PUD



**Para 10:** - The observations of the committee is that waste management facilities needs to be enhanced.

**Response**

i. Currently the total solid waste generation was estimated to be 1.667 TPD and this is being managed with following resource.

**1. Status of Human Resource**

- |                                     |   |     |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----|
| a. Total number of Paryavaran Mitra | - | 190 |
| b. Environment Supervisor           | - | 07  |

**2. Status of SWM/PWM**

- |                                   |   |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| a. Solid Waste Collection Vehicle | - | 01 (mini tractor with trolley)   |
| b. Processing Facility            | - | 01 MRF and 01 (for segregation of dry waste) Bailing machine (Photograph attached -01) |

**3. Deposit Refund System (DRS) - New Initiative**

- Under this system all the plastic bottles of water or soft drinks are labelled with QR code. Every bottle is charged Rs. 10.00 extra on MRP. Post use the customer can deposit these bottles at multiple kiosks along the track and can get their Rs. 10.00 refunded.
- The initiative has engaged the local community and has promoted responsible waste disposal practices and environmental awareness.
- DRS Progress Status -
  - Total QR provided on plastic bottle/tetra pack is 1,72,100.
  - Out of above, 1,39,838 Bottles/Tetra Pack (81%) with QR have been returned by the customers for recycling. (Photograph attached-02)

**ii. Prospective Solid Waste Management Action Plan -**

- Solid Waste Management Action Plan/Detail Project Report costing Rs. 309.46 Lacs has been prepared and submitted to urban development (**Annexure-3**) that includes: -
  - For Dry Waste, Executive Officer Nagar Panchayat appraised that 01 TPD capacity Material Recovery Facility centre will be established in collaboration with the Heal Himalaya Foundation with equipments like Plastic Compactor, Shredder, Ballistic Separators, etc.
  - For Wet waste management an Organic Waste Composter of 500 Kg per day capacity is proposed at the MRF and additional 8 Organic Waste Composters with capacity of 50 kg per day are to

*(Signature)*

*(Signature)*

*(Signature)*  
S.M.A. (001)

*(Signature)*  
Page 3 of 4

*(Signature)*  
S.M.A. (001)

*(Signature)*  
S.M.A. (001)

*(Signature)*  
S.M.A. (001)

*(Signature)*  
S.M.A. (001)



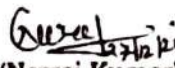
be established at 08 different locations for processing of Wet Waste generated in outer periphery/tent colony. Contour map of Dham area and the plan is annexed in **Annexure-4**

- c. As per suggestions of Dr./Prof. Kazmi, IIT Roorkee verification of the performance of above proposed organic waste compostor was needed with reference to low temperature areas and in continuation satisfactory performance reports issued by agencies, where these have been established have been received. **Annexure-5**


**C. Para 11:** - The joint committee during the visit found a lot of construction and demolition waste materials like iron rods/pipes and cemented broken bricks etc., lying in many places due to ongoing construction activities.

**Response: -**

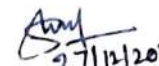
- i. As mentioned in the 1<sup>st</sup> para, buildings and other structures are being constructed as per the Master plan in Dham area. Demolition waste materials like Iron rods, pipes and cement blocks and excavated soil are being used for back filling/foundation filling of under construction buildings and also to construct approach.
- ii. In the year 2023-24, 10 old buildings were demolished, generating approximately 2400 cum of waste material, which was completely used in backfilling of Sangam Ghat, Arrival plaza and also in the foundation filling of under construction buildings.
- iii. The plan of Construction agency (PWD) is to utilise all the demolition waste for backfilling in low lying areas and also to strengthen such locations. As soon as the construction will be completed, the entire C&D waste will be utilised in such locations. **Annexure-6 (Photographs).**


  
(Nerraj Kumar)  
Executive Officer  
Nagar Panchayat,  
Kedarnath


  
(Vinay Jhinkwan)  
Executive Engineer  
PWD Guptkashi

  
(Akshay Kumar)  
Environment Specialist,  
SMCG, Dehradun

  
(Ravinder Singh)  
Project Manager  
Jal Nigam  
Srinagar

  
(Digvijay Semwal)  
SWM Consultant,  
Urban Development  
Directorate, Dehradun

  
(Bharat Singh Rawat)  
Assistant Engineer  
Urban Development  
Directorate, Dehradun

  
(Rahul Chaubey)  
DTDO  
Rudraprayag

  
(Shyam Singh Rana)  
ACEO, KDA  
Rudraprayag



**KEDARNATH RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT  
BASIC ENGINEERING PROCESS  
of  
SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT (600 KLD)**

**CLIENT  
GOVT. OF UTTRAKHAND**



**PROJECT MANAGEMENT CONSULTANT:  
INI DESIGN STUDIO**



**CONTRACTOR  
GAWAR CONSTRUCTIONS LTD.**

**STP VENDOR  
AV ENGINEERING**

*Verified*  
*Dr. Abid Ali Khan*  
Principal  
Deptt. of Civil Engineering  
Jamia Millia Islamia  
New Delhi - 110025

**VETTED BY  
DR. ABID ALI KHAN  
DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING  
JAMIA MILLIA ISLAMIA (A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)  
NEW DELHI INDIA - 110025**



*1*  
*(डॉ. विजय झिंक्वाण)*  
अधिसासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.वि.  
गुप्तकाशी

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(इं. विनय शिंक्वाण)  
अधिसासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.वि.  
शुफ्तकाशी



**Abbreviations**

- CPHEEO - Central Public Health & Environmental Engineering Organization.
- FB - Free Board.
- H - Height.
- HFL - High Flood Level.
- HR - Hours
- KLD - Kilo Liters Per Day.
- L - Length.
- LD - Liquid Depth.
- W - Width.

(इं. विनोद शिंक्वाण)  
अधिशसी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.वि.  
गुप्तकाशी



**SECTION I**  
**DESIGN CHARACTERISTICS**

  
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**Raw Sewage and Treated Sewage Characteristics of 600 KLD Sewage Treatment Plant at Kedarnath Dham, UK**

➤ **Treatment Capacity:**

The Sewage treatment plant is designed to treat 6,00,000 Litre per day of sewage generated from the site. The treated sewage can be used for agriculture, horticulture or can be discharged to public drain.

➤ **Characteristics of Raw & Treated Sewage:**

The Sewage characteristics considered for the design purpose of the plant are as mentioned below:-

| S. No. | Parameters                   | Raw Sewage                  | Treated Sewage | Treated Sewage for Discharge into Inland surface water as per CPHEEO Manual (Table 5.3) |
|--------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|---|
| 1.     | Daily average flow           | 600 KLD                     | 600 KLD        | -   |
| 2.     | Design temperature           | 15-25°C                     | 15-25°C        | -   |
| 3.     | pH                           | 6.5 – 8.5                   | 6.5 – 8.5      | 5.5 to 9.0  |
| 4.     | Total suspended solids (TSS) | 400 -450 mg/L               | < 10 mg/L      | 10 mg/L   |
| 5.     | Conductivity                 | 50 $\mu$ S                  | -              | -   |
| 6.     | Total BOD                    | 250 – 300 mg/L              | < 10 mg/L      | 10 mg/L   |
| 7.     | Total COD                    | 400 – 450 mg/L              | < 50mg/L       | 50 mg/L   |
| 8.     | Oil and grease               | <10 mg/Ltr                  | NIL            | NIL   |
| 9.     | Total ammoniacal nitrogen    | <25 mg/L                    | <5 mg/L        | 5.0 mg/L  |
| 10.    | Total Nitrogen               | <10 mg/L                    | <5 mg/L        | 10 mg/L   |
| 11.    | Total Phosphorous            | 5 – 12 mg/L                 | <2 mg/L        | -   |
| 12.    | Total coliform count         | 1x10 <sup>6</sup> MPN/100ml | <100 MPN/100ml | <100 MPN/100ml  |

➤ **Design & Peak Flow:**

- Design Flow : 600 KLD = 30Cum/hr.
- Working Hours: 20,
- Peak Load Factor: 2
- Peak Flow: 30 Cum/hr X 2 = 60Cum/hr.

➤ **The Design** of various units are as per CPHEEO manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems except Electrocoagulation reactors.



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**SECTION II**  
**PROCESS DESCRIPTION**



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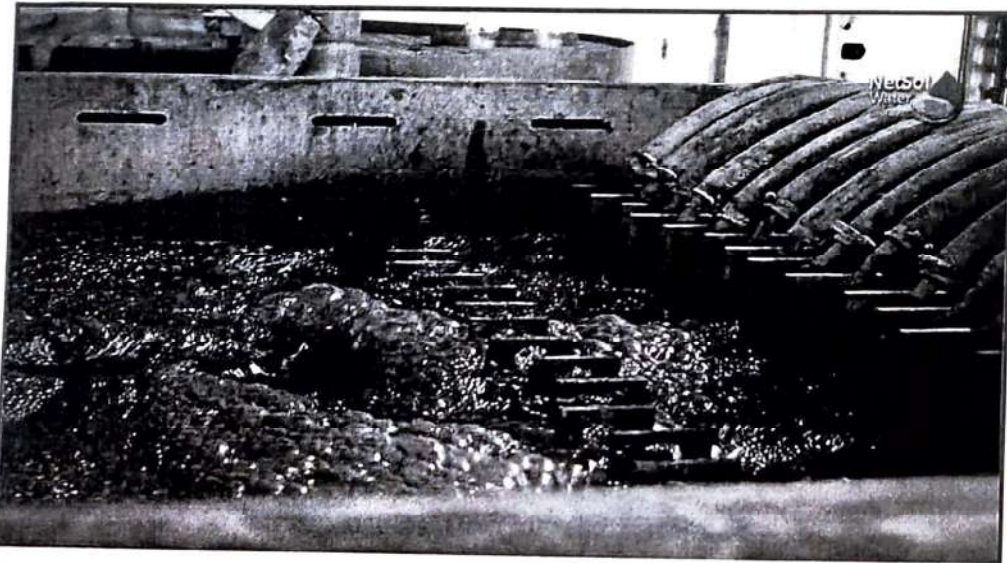
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### ELECTROCOAGULATION (EC) PROCESS DESCRIPTION

- Water is one of human being's most fundamental needs.
- **Globalization**, uncontrolled growth, and other causes are causing a lack of fresh water, and many countries are concerned about the problem. As a result, it's critical to consider water purifying processes that are both effective and affordable, as well as reusability.
- People are presently aware of a wide range of wastewater treatment options. With recent technological advancements in the **electrochemical** area, a new technique known as electrocoagulation has been introduced into the business.



The Process of Electrocoagulation in Sewage Treatment Plants

Ref. Science journal - Science Direct, Jan 26<sup>th</sup> 2021

- Here major goal is to focus on **electrocoagulation** process technique and applications!

#### Introduction of the process

- Filtration, air stripping, ion exchange, chemical precipitation, chemical oxidation, carbon adsorption, ultrafiltration, reverse osmosis, electro dialysis, volatilization, and gas stripping are the traditional physico-chemical treatment techniques utilized for wastewater treatment.
- Oxidation of Biological mass by aeration technique is widely used in treatment of sewage water. Aeration of the sewage generates aerobic bacteria which in turn destroys the disease-causing bacteria in the liquor. But this process is viable at ambient temperature because the growth of aerobic bacteria can only occur at the RT.
- The **electrocoagulation** process is the viable option for such conditions.
- The **electrocoagulation** process is a sophisticated electrochemical technology-based procedure. **Electrocoagulation** (EC), which involves sending an electric current through water to remove pollutants, has shown to be quite successful. Anode and cathode geometries such as plates, balls, fluidized bed spheres, wire mesh, rods, and tubes have been used in electrocoagulation systems for many years.
- Water containing foodstuff wastes, oil wastes, dyes, suspended particles, chemical and mechanical polishing waste, organic matter from landfill leachates, de-fluorination of water, synthetic detergent

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effluents, mine wastes, and heavy metal-containing solution have all been treated with it in recent decades. By decreasing electricity usage and miniaturizing the required power supply, EC has become one of the most cost-effective

- wastewater treatment systems in the world.

#### Parameters removed by EC

- EC removes metals, colloidal solids and particles, and soluble inorganic contaminants.
- EC treats a wide spectrum of waste streams comprising heavy metals, virus, bacteria, pesticides, arsenic, MTBE, cyanide, Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), Total dissolved solids (TDS), and Total suspended solids (TSS) using a specialized treatment chamber and electricity. It is used to treat wastewater from municipal, industrial, and commercial sources.

#### Methodology Involved

- For breaking stable emulsions and suspensions, EC is a viable alternative to metal salts, polymers, and polyelectrolyte addition.
- An electrolytic cell with one anode and one cathode makes up an EC reactor. The EC system is made up of two parallel pairs of conductive metal plates that operate as monopolar electrodes.
- The criteria for using EC are as follows:
  - A power source that uses direct current
  - Box of Resistance
  - Multimeter

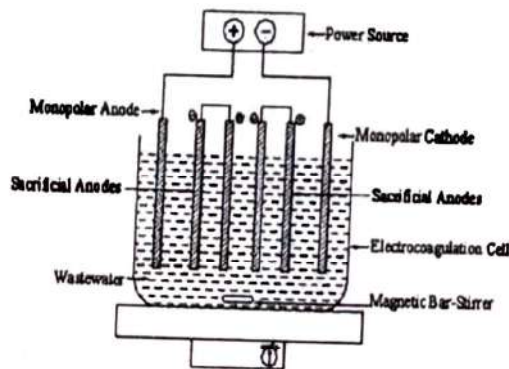
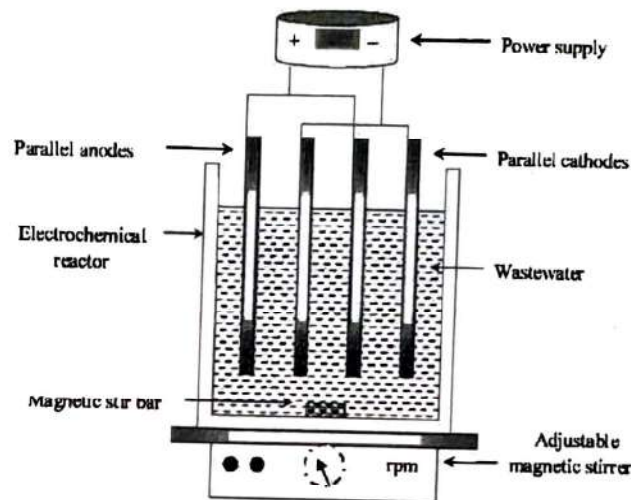


Fig 1: Bench-scale EC reactor with monopolar electrodes in series connection



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**Fig 2: Bench-scale EC reactor with monopolar electrodes in parallel connection**

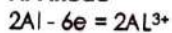
1. "Sacrificial electrodes" is a term used to describe the conductive metal plates. The sacrificial anode decreases the anode's dissolving potential and reduces the cathode's passivation. The materials used for the sacrificial anodes and cathodes might be the same or different.
2. The cells can be connected to monopolar electrodes in a series, or in parallel. The cells connected in series have higher resistance, so bigger potential difference is required for a given current to flow in a series cell configuration. The cells connected in parallel have lower resistance, so lesser potential difference is required for a given current to flow in a series cell configuration.

During electrolysis, anodic reactions occur on the positive side, whereas cathodic reactions occur on the negative side. The coagulation process will begin with released ions neutralizing the charges of the particles.

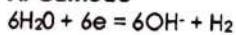
3. The released ions eliminate undesired impurities by forcing colloidal materials to agglomerate, which can then be removed by flotation. When water containing colloidal particles, oils, or other pollutants passes through an electric field, ionization, electrolysis, hydrolysis, and the generation of free radicals can occur, altering the physical and chemical characteristics of the water and contaminants. Contaminants are liberated from the water and destroyed or rendered less soluble due to the reactive and excited condition.

Reactions in an EC cell

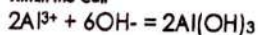
**At Anode**



**At Cathode**



**Within the Cell**



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**Conclusion**

- **Electrocoagulation** is capable of treating wide range of wastewaters. It is the technique of using a little amount of electrical current to destabilize suspended, emulsified, or dissolved pollutants in an aqueous media. As a result, the process's extra expenses are reduced.
- When it comes to the advantages, the EC method aids in the elimination of TSS by 95-99%, BOD by 50-99%, and bacteria by 95-99%. This shows that the technology is successful and dependable for a wide range of future uses, providing hope for everyone to have access to clean water.



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**SECTION III**  
**UNIT SIZING AND TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF**  
**VARIOUS UNITS**

  
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- 3.1 Inlet Chamber**
- |                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Quantity           | 1 No.  |
| MOC                | Civil  |
| Effective Volume   | 1.6M <sup>3</sup>                                      |
| HRT at normal flow | 3 minutes  |
| HRT at peak flow   | 1 minute, 30 seconds                                   |
| Dimensions in mm   | 900(L)X1800(W)X1500(LD)+300(FB)                        |
| Use                | Holding heavy material such as pebbles, metal lids etc |
- 3.2 Coarse Bar Screen Chamber**
- |                  |                                 |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Quantity         | 1 No.                           |
| MOC              | Civil                           |
| Effective Volume | 2.3M <sup>3</sup>               |
| Dimensions in mm | 2900(L)X800(W)X1500(LD)+450(FB) |
| Use              | Fixing of Coarse Screen         |
- 3.3 Fine Bar Screen Chamber**
- |                  |                                 |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| Quantity         | 1 No.                           |
| MOC              | Civil                           |
| Effective Volume | 2.3M <sup>3</sup>               |
| Dimensions in mm | 2900(L)X800(W)X1500(LD)+600(FB) |
| Use              | Fixing of Fine Screen           |
- 3.4 Coarse Screen**
- |                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Quantity                    | 1 working + 1 standby                          |
| MOC                         | SS 304   |
| Dimensions in mm            | 800 x 2000                                     |
| Slit or pore size of screen | 10 mm approx.                                  |
| Angle of Inclination        | 55° to 60°                                     |
| Head Loss                   | 150mm  |
| Use                         | Screening of large particulate from raw sewage |
- 3.5 Fine Screen**
- |                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Quantity             | 1 working + 1 standby                         |
| MOC                  | SS 304  |
| Dimensions in mm     | 800 x 2000                                    |
| Pore Size of screen  | 6mm approx.                                   |
| Angle of Inclination | 55° to 60°                                    |
| Head Loss            | 150mm   |
| Use                  | Screening of fine particulate from raw sewage |
- 3.6 Grit Chamber**
- |                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Quantity           | 1 No.  |
| MOC                | Civil  |
| Effective Volume   | 1.1M <sup>3</sup>  |
| HRT at normal flow | 120 seconds  |
| HRT at peak flow   | 60 seconds   |
| Dimensions in mm   | 900 x 900 x 1500   |
| Use                | Collection of particle that skips the fine screen (sand etc) |
- 3.7 Oil & Grease Chamber**
- |          |                                |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| Quantity | 1 No. (divided into two parts) |
| MOC      | Civil                          |



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- Effective Volume 7.5M3  
 HRT at normal flow 15 minutes  
 HRT at peak flow 7 minutes 30 seconds  
 Dimensions in mm 2900 x 1800 x 1500  
 Use Separation of oil and aqueous phase
- 3.8 **Oil Skimmer**  
 Quantity 1 No.  
 MOC Standard  
 Capacity Capable of extracting 50 lph of oil  
 Motor capacity 0.37KW, 3P, Geared motor  
 Belt size 1200 mm length and 15 mm width, MOC PP  
 Use Extraction of remaining oil from O & G trap
- 3.9 **Collection/Equalization Tank**  
 Quantity 1 No.  
 MOC Civil  
 Effective Volume 250M3  
 HRT for normal flow 8 Hrs and 30 minutes (Aerated thru Blowers)  
 HRT with peak load 7 Hrs  
 Dimensions in mm 9500 x 6030 x 4350 + 500mm FB  
 Use Collection and equalization of influent raw sewage
- 3.10 **Twin Lobe Air Blower**  
 Quantity 2 working + 1 standby  
 MOC Standard  
 Capacity 110M3/Hr at 0.6 bar pressure  
 Motor capacity 5.5KW, 3P  
 Make Everest, Model No. M44 or equiv.  
 Use Complete with MS base, antivibration pads, V belt, pulleys, NRV, pressure gauge, filling oil etc  
 Providing air to collection tank to maintain aseptic conditions, EC reactors, flash mixers, sludge holding tank etc. for agitation
- 3.11 **Air Grid In Collection Tank**  
 Quantity 1 set  
 Pipe MOC GI and CPVC of varied sizes as required for headers, manifolds and connections to diffusers Coarse diffusers 150 mm dia, EPDM disc type diffusers  
 Quantity of diffusers 1 set
- 3.12 **Raw Sewage Transfer Pumps**  
 Quantity 2 working + 1 standby  
 MOC Standard, submersible cutter pumps  
 Capacity 30M3/Hr, 15 M head, with low & high level sensors  
 Motor capacity 5.5KW, 3P  
 Make KBL, Model Eterna 5500CW or equiv  
 Use Complete with MS lowering & lifting frame, NRV, pressure gauge, valves etc.  
 Lifting of raw sewage from collection tank to EC reactors at desired flow and height
- 3.13 **Acid/Alkali Dosing system**  
 Dosing Pumps



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|--|---|
| Quantity                                     | 1 working + 1 standby   |
| MOC  | Standard, Electronic dosing pumps   |
| Capacity                                     | 0-10 lph, 4 M head (Dose Subject to the site condition)   |
| Motor capacity                               | 80 W, 1P  |
| Make   | Milton Roy (Asia LMI)   |
| Tanks  | Complete with PU flexible pipe, inlet & outlet NRV's Dosing   |
| Quantity                                     | 1 No  |
| MOC  | HDPE  |
| Capacity                                     | 100 Ltr   |
| Make   | Sintex  |
| Mixing                                       | Agitation by air  |
| Use  | The dosing system will be used to dose acid or alkali to the sewage to adjust pH to almost neutral if required    |
| <b>3.14 Electrolyte (NaCl) Dosing system</b> |   |
| Dosing Pumps                                 |   |
| Quantity                                     | 1 working + 1 standby   |
| MOC  | Standard, Electronic dosing pumps   |
| Capacity                                     | 0-10 lph, 4 M head (Dose Subject to the site condition)   |
| Motor capacity                               | 80 W, 1P  |
| Make   | Milton Roy (Asia LMI)   |
|  | Complete with PU flexible pipe, inlet & outlet NRV's  |
| Dosing Tanks                                 |   |
| Quantity                                     | 1 No.   |
| MOC  | HDPE  |
| Capacity                                     | 100 Ltr   |
| Make   | Sintex  |
| Mixing                                       | Agitation by air  |
| Use  | The dosing system will be used to dose electrolyte to the sewage to adjust conductivity to approx. 100uS if reqd. |
| <b>3.15 Electrocoagulation Reactors</b>      |   |
| Quantity                                     | 6 Nos, all working  |
| Effective volume                             | 3.6 M3  |
| Dimensions in mm                             | 3000 x 1000 x 1200 + 300 mm weir with EC treated water collection tank, complete with outlet weirs, valves etc    |
|  | MS FRP coated from inside and epoxy coated for outside  |
|  | 30 minutes minimum  |
| MOC of tanks                                 | 26 Nos  |
| HRT for each EC unit                         | Aluminium   |
| Number of Anodes                             | 800 x 700   |
| MOC of Anodes                                | 26 Nos  |
| Size of Anodes in mm                         | Iron  |
| Number of Cathodes                           | 800 x 700   |
| MOC of Cathodes                              | 12 V, DC  |
| Size of Cathodes in mm                       | 2 mA/cm <sup>2</sup>  |
| Voltage applied                              |   |
| Current density at each Electrode            |   |
| Electrode configuration                      | Parallel  |
| AC Step down transformer & DC Rectifier      | AC Transformer 240 V AC to 12 V AC<br>Rectifier 12V AC to 12V DC, 12 A, 3.5 KW                                    |
| <b>3.16 Flash Mixers</b>                     |   |
| Quantity                                     | 3 Nos.  |



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|------------------|--|
| MOC              | MS EP  |
| Effective Volume | 4.0M3  |
| HRT              | 20 minutes (Wastewater Engg, Metcalf & Eddy)       |
| Dimensions in mm | 1000 x 2000 x 2000                                 |
| Mixing           | Agitation by air                                   |
| Use              | Mixing of Poly electrolyte for coagulation process |
- 3.17 **Poly Electrolyte Dosing System**
- |                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Dosing Pumps   | 3 working + 3 standby   |
| Quantity       | Standard, Electronic dosing pumps   |
| MOC            | 0-10 lph, 4 M head (Dose Subject to the site condition)   |
| Capacity       | 80 W, 1P  |
| Motor capacity | Milton Roy (Asia LMI)   |
| Make           | Complete with PU flexible pipe, inlet & outlet NRV's  |
| Dosing Tanks   |   |
| Quantity       | 1 No.   |
| MOC            | HDPE  |
| Capacity       | 100 Ltr   |
| Make           | Sintex  |
| Mixing         | Agitation by air  |
| Use            | The dosing system will be used to dose polyelectrolyte to the EC treated sewage for floc formation of the sludge to ease the settling process |
- 3.18 **Tube Settlers**
- |                               |         |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Quantity                      | 3 Nos.  |
| MOC                           | MS EP   |
| Length of settler             | 2062 mm |
| Width of settler              | 1300 mm |
| Total Height of settler       | 3100 mm |
| Height of legs                | 500 mm  |
| Qty of tube deck media(TDM)   | 2M3     |
| Surface area available        | 22M2    |
| In tube deck media            |         |
| Angle for installation of TDM | 60°     |
- Use
- Dimensions in mm details dimensions in tube settler calculation sheet  
Gives the required surface area for settling of sludge
- 3.19 **Chlorine Dosing System**
- |                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Dosing Pumps   | 1 working + 1 standby                                   |
| Quantity       | Standard, Electronic dosing pumps                       |
| MOC            | 0-10 lph, 4 M head (Dose Subject to the site condition) |
| Capacity       | 80 W, 1P  |
| Motor capacity | Milton Roy (Asia LMI)                                   |
| Make           | Complete with PU flexible pipe, inlet & outlet NRV's    |
| Dosing Tanks   |   |
| Quantity       | 1 No.   |
| MOC            | HDPE  |
| Capacity       | 100 Ltr   |
| Make           | Sintex  |
| Mixing         | Agitation by air  |



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| Use   | Dosing of Sodium Hypochlorite in the Filter Feed/Chlorine Contact tank to attain 2ppm of residual free chlorine in treated water                               |
| <b>3.20 Filter Feed/Chlorine Contact Tank</b> |  |
| Quantity                                      | 1 No.  |
| MOC   | Civil  |
| Effective Volume                              | 52.4M3   |
| HRT   | 95 minutes   |
| Dimensions in mm                              | 4675 x 2800 x 4000 + 500mm FB  |
| Mixing  | Agitation by air   |
| Use   | This tank collects the treated water & act as a relay tank for water to be fed to the filters. It also acts as chlorine dosing tank.                           |
| <b>3.21 Filter Feed Pumps</b>                 |  |
| Quantity                                      | 2 working + 1 standby  |
| MOC   | Standard CI, Horizontal centrifugal pumps  |
| Capacity                                      | 30M3/Hr, 28 M head, with low & high level sensors  |
| Motor capacity                                | 5.5KW, 3P  |
| Make  | KBL, Model KDS/GMC 844+ or equiv   |
| Use   | Complete with MS base frame, antivibration pads, NRV, pressure gauge, valves etc.<br>Feeding of treated sewage to the PSF and ACF at desired flow and pressure |
| <b>3.22 Pressure Sand Filter</b>              |  |
| Quantity                                      | 1 No.  |
| Filtration velocity                           | 10M3/Hr  |
| MOC   | MS EP  |
| Dimensions in mm                              | 2000 dia x 1800 HOS, both side dish ends, 1 manhole and one hand hole  |
| MS sheet thickness in mm                      | HOS-6mm, dish ends-8mm, flanges-8mm  |
| Frontal Piping                                | MSEP/GI, 65NB,   |
| Valves  | 5Nos 63NB butterfly control valves, 1 No 1" air release valve  |
| Media   | Graded sand-3800 Kgs   |
| Filter vessel                                 | Fabricated   |
| Valves make                                   | Zoloto   |
| <b>3.23 Activated Carbon Filter</b>           |  |
| Quantity                                      | 1 No.  |
| Filtration velocity                           | 10M3/Hr  |
| MOC   | MS EP  |
| Dimensions in mm                              | 2000 dia x 1800 HOS, both side dish ends, 1 manhole and one hand hole  |
| MS sheet thickness in mm                      | HOS-6mm, dish ends-8mm, flanges-8mm  |
| Frontal Piping                                | MSEP/GI, 65NB,   |
| Valves  | 5Nos 63NB butterfly control valves, 1 No 1" air release valve  |
| Media   | Supporting media pebbles-500 kgs, Granular activated carbon-1600 Kgs   |
| Filter vessel                                 | Fabricated   |
| Valves make                                   | Zoloto   |
| <b>3.24 Filter Backwash Pumps</b>             |  |
| Quantity                                      | 1 working + 1 standby  |



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|------------------------------------|--|
| MOC                                | Standard CI, Submersible centrifugal pumps   |
| Capacity                           | 45M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, 15 M head, with low & high level sensors   |
| Motor capacity                     | 3.3KW, 3P  |
| Make                               | KBL, Model KDS/GMC 515+ or equiv   |
| Use                                | Complete with MS base frame, anti vibration pads, NRV, pressure gauge, valves etc.<br>Back washing of PSF and ACF at desired flow and pressure   |
| <b>3.25 UV Sterilizer Unit</b>     |  |
| Quantity                           | 1 No.  |
| MOC                                | SS-316   |
| Capacity                           | for water flow of 30M <sup>3</sup> /Hr   |
| UV Dose                            | 60,000 uW-sec/cm <sup>2</sup>  |
| UV Transmission per cm             | 80%  |
| Voltage                            | 220-240V   |
| Wattage                            | 1370W  |
| Make                               | Alfa   |
| Model                              | WL12   |
| <b>3.26 Filtered Water Tank</b>    |  |
| Quantity                           | 1 No.  |
| MOC                                | Civil  |
| Effective Volume                   | 86M <sup>3</sup>   |
| HRT                                | 2 hrs and 30 minutes   |
| Dimensions in mm                   | 5200 x 3800 x 4350 + 500mm FB  |
| Use                                | This tank collects the final treated & filtered to send to drain/re use/ horticulture etc, Chlorine is also dosed in this final water to achieve 2ppm of residual free chlorine in final treated water |
| <b>3.27 Sludge Transfer Pump</b>   |  |
| Quantity                           | 1 working + 1 standby  |
| MOC                                | Semi Open impeller pump  |
| Capacity                           | 15M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, 15 M head, with low & high level sensors   |
| Motor capacity                     | 5.5KW, 3P  |
| Make                               | KBL, Model SP1H or equiv   |
| Use                                | Complete with MS base frame, anti vibration pads, NRV, pressure gauge, valves etc.<br>Transfer of sludge from settlers to sludge holding tank  |
| <b>3.28 Sludge Holding Tank</b>    |  |
| Quantity                           | 1 No.  |
| MOC                                | Civil  |
| Effective Volume                   | 31M <sup>3</sup>   |
| HRT                                | 1 hrs  |
| Dimensions in mm                   | 2750 x 2800 x 4000 + 500mm FB  |
| Mixing                             | Agitation by air   |
| Use                                | This tank collects the sludge received from the settlers and is used as sludge thickner also, apart for feed tank to filter press  |
| <b>3.29 Filter Press Feed Pump</b> |  |
| Quantity                           | 1 working + 1 standby  |
| MOC                                | CI body, SS 304 shaft, Screw pump  |
| Capacity                           | 5M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, 50 M head   |
| Motor capacity                     | 3.3KW, 3P  |



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|  |   |
|--|---|
| Make   | Roto, Model RLAB541 or equiv  |
| Use  | Complete with MS base frame, anti vibration pads, NRV, pressure gauge, valves etc.<br>Screw type pump is suitable for transfer of semi solids, slurries etc and therefore it is used for feeding of sludge from sludge holding tank to filter press |
| <b>3.30 Filter Press</b>                           |   |
| Quantity   | 1 No.   |
| MOC  | CI mounting structure and PP recessed plates/plate frame  |
| Size of plates                                     | 24" x 24"   |
| No. of plates and frames                           | 23  |
| Type of operation                                  | Hydraulic   |
| Sludge Holding Capacity                            | 290 Ltrs in one load  |
| <b>Calculation for sludge generation:</b>          |   |
| BOD  | 300 mg/L  |
| Sludge generation in BOD x 0.5<br>Flow/Day         | 600 KLD<br>6,00,000 m <sup>3</sup> /Day   |
| BOD/Day  | 300 x 600000<br>180,00,000 mg<br>180 Kgs<br>180 x 0.8<br><b>144 Kgs/Day</b>   |
| <b>Sludge generated</b>                            | <b>144 Kgs/Day</b><br>Selected Filter press of capacity 290 Kgs per lot   |
| <b>3.31 Sludge Holding Area</b>                    |   |
| Quantity   | 1 No.   |
| MOC  | Civil   |
| Dimensions in mm                                   | 6000 x 2825 x 300, open space   |
| Use  | This space is meant for storing the wet cake of sludge from filter press till disposal, it can take 16 loads (290Ltr x 16 loads) of sludge output from filter press.  |
| <b>3.32 Platform for EC Reactors</b>               |   |
| Quantity   | 1 No.   |
| MOC  | Civil structure   |
| Dimensions in mm                                   | 12975 x 6530 at a height of 4500  |
| Use  | Civil structure for placing of EC reactors along with walking and working space   |
| <b>3.33 Platform for Flash Mixers and Settlers</b> |   |
| Quantity   | 1 No.   |
| MOC  | Civil structure   |
| Dimensions in mm                                   | 6000 x 6530 on a platform of 250mm height   |
| Use  | Civil structure for placing of flash mixers and settlers along with walking and working space   |
| <b>3.34 Electro Magnetic Flow Meter</b>            |   |
| Quantity   | 2 Nos.  |
| MOC  | Standard, Sensor SS   |
| Pipe connections                                   | 80mm, flange type   |
| Bore   | Full bore   |
| Power  | Battery operated  |



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|  |   |
|--|---|
| Type   | Flow Indicator, transmitter, flow totalizer, Backlit display, aluminium frame for glass mounting, factory calibrated Micro Flow   |
| Make   |   |
| <b>3.35 pH Meter</b>                           |   |
| Quantity                                       | 2 Nos.  |
| MOC  | Standard, Sensor glass  |
| Pipe connections                               | 20mm, threaded  |
| Power  | 240 V AC from the electrical control panel  |
| Type   | pH range 0-14, digital LED display, Online installation, factory calibrated   |
| Make   | Aster   |
| <b>3.36 Pressure Gauges</b>                    |   |
| Quantity                                       | Set   |
| MOC  | SS, glycerine filled  |
| Dial size                                      | 4"  |
| Range  | 0 - 7 kgs/cm <sup>2</sup>   |
| <b>3.37 Level Sensors/Controllers</b>          |   |
| Quantity                                       | Set   |
| MOC  | Standard  |
| Type   | Float Type NO/NC circuit  |
| Range  | low and high limits adjustable  |
| <b>3.38 Pipes, Fittings and Valves</b>         |   |
| Quantity                                       | Set   |
| MOC  | CPVC, GI and MSEP   |
| Size   | Variable sizes of pipes, fittings and valves will be used in the piping system depending upon the flow and pressure requirements at that point  |
| <b>3.39 Electrical Control Panel</b>           |   |
| Quantity                                       | 1 Set   |
|  | IP 55 LT panel with all incoming and outgoing feeders as per the capacity of the instruments.   |
|  | All feeders shall have overload, short circuit and phase reversal protection. Required PLC and starters etc will be the part of the panel. Incomer feeders shall multifunctional meters, CT's, push buttons and indicating lamps.                             |
|  | Panel shall be supplied as per specifications and requirements for auto operation of the sewage treatment plant with manual over rides. Earthing shall be provided for each electrical instrument with GI strip or GI wire as required at the specific place. |
|  | All power and control panels (from panel to the individual electrical instrument, termination of cables and cable trays (inside the STP) are considered in this item. All cables wires etc will be wrapped with PP/PU Insulation sheets.                      |
| <b>3.40 Antifreeze Flexible Heating Cables</b> |   |
|  | Antifreeze flexible heating cables will be installed with the CPVC piping system tied by PP cable ties  |



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**SECTION IV**  
**DESIGN CALCULATIONS**

  
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## 4.1 Calculation for Coarse Screen

## No. of Bars In bar Screen

|                                     |                        |                      |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Width of Bar Screen                 | 800                    | mm                   |
| Effective Length of bar screen      | 1300                   | mm                   |
| Bar spacing                         | 10                     | mm                   |
| Bar width                           | 40                     | mm                   |
| Total width used by each bar        | 50                     | mm                   |
| Total Nos. of bars                  | 16                     | mm                   |
| Available spacing width wise        | 150                    | mm                   |
| Total area available for water flow | 195000 mm <sup>2</sup> | 0.195 m <sup>2</sup> |

## Approach Velocity at Bar Screen

A = Flow/Velocity

Peak Flow of water

60 M<sup>3</sup>/Hr  
0.017 M<sup>3</sup>/Sec

Min. Req'd Approach velocity

0.3 M/Sec

Cross section req'd for desired approach velocity

0.056 M<sup>2</sup>

Channel dimensions before bar screen:

1800mm (L) X 200mm (W) x 300 mm(H)

Length of the channel is less due to space constraint

## Head loss thru the screens

$$h = .0729(V^2 - v^2)$$

h

Head loss in metre

V

flow velocity thru the screen in m/s

Factor

0.0729

v

0.3 m/s

V<sup>2</sup>

0.09

v

0.017 m/s

v<sup>2</sup>

0.000289

V<sup>2</sup> - v<sup>2</sup>

0.09

H

0.01 m &lt; 150 mm hence Ok

Head Loss taken is 150mm as standard practice as per CPHEEO, Chapter 5, Section 5.6.1.8 &amp; 5.6.1.9

## 4.2 Calculation for Fine Screen

$$h = (1/2g)(Q/CA)^2$$

Discharge Flow in M/sec Q

0.017 M<sup>3</sup>/sec

Coefficient of discharge C

0.6

Effective submerged open area A

0.4M x 0.6M

0.24

M<sup>2</sup>

Gravity

9.8

M/Sec<sup>2</sup>

2g

9.8 x 2

19.6

1/2g

0.05

CA

0.144

Q/CA

0.12

(Q/CA)<sup>2</sup>

0.014

Head Loss H

0.0007

Head Loss taken is 150mm as standard practice as per CPHEEO, Chapter 5, Section 5.6.1.9



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### 4.3 Calculation for Grit Chamber

Settling Velocity

$$V_s = \frac{g}{18} \frac{(S_s - 1) d^2}{\mu}$$

|                                |             |       |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------|
| Gravity g                      | 9.8         |       |
| Specific Gravity of grit $S_s$ | 2.65        |       |
| Particle size of grit d        | 0.15        | mm    |
|                                | 0.00015     | M     |
| $g/18$                         | 0.544444444 |       |
| $S_s - 1$                      | 1.65        |       |
| $d^2$                          | 2.25E-08    |       |
| Viscosity                      | 0.00000114  |       |
| $d^2/\mu$                      | 0.019736842 |       |
| $V_s$                          | 0.017730263 | M/sec |

Reynolds Number  $R = V_s \times d/\mu$  2.332929363  
 $2.3 > 0.5$  Hence Stoke law doe not apply

Applying transition law for  $0.5 < R < 103$

$$V_s = [0.707 \times (S_s - 1) d^{1.6} - v - 0.6] / 0.714$$

0.0168 M/sec 1451.52

Computation of Surface Overflow rate

Surface overflow rate for 100% removal  
 Efficiency in an ideal Grit Chamber =  
 Settling velocity of minimum size of  
 particle

Convert  $V_s$  to M/day 1451.52 M<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>/day

Determine actual overflow rate

$$n = 1 - \{1 + nV_s/Q/A\}^{-1/n}$$

Assuming  $\eta = 0.75$  and  $n = 1/8$  then

$$Q = V_s n$$

959 M<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup>/day

$$A = (1 - \eta)^{-n} - 1$$

Flow per day 600 KLD

flow per hour/60 minutes Q

Determine of Dimension of grit chamber 30 M<sup>3</sup>/Hr

Plan area of grit chamber = Q 0.031282586 M<sup>2</sup>

Q/A

**Proposed a grit chamber of dimensions 900mm x 900mm x 1500mm**

As per CPHEEO manual page No. A-112 critical



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displacement velocity for above parameters Vc      0.161              m/sec

As per CPHEEO manual Horizontal velocity Vh  
should < Vc

assuming depth of 900mm Vh                              1.20689E-06

Ref: CPHEEO manual appendix 2, page No. A-111 to A-113

#### 4.4 Calculation for Oil & Grease Trap

|  |            |           |
|--|------------|-----------|
| Flow per day   | 600        | KLD       |
| Effective working Hours                              | 20         | HRS       |
| flow per hour/60 minutes                             | 30         | M3/HR     |
| Retention time for removal of oil and grease         | 15         | MINUTES   |
| <b>Min. Volume of oil &amp; grease trap required</b> | <b>7.5</b> | <b>M3</b> |

#### 4.5 Calculation sheet for Equalization/Collection tank

|  |     |       |
|--|-----|-------|
| Flow per day                                     | 600 | KLD   |
| Effective working Hours                          | 20  | HRS   |
| flow per hour/60 minutes                         | 30  | M3/HR |
| Peak load flow (2 times of normal flow in M3/Hr) | 60  | M3/HR |
| Retention time for collection tank               | 8   | HRS   |
| Min. Volume of collection tank required          | 240 | M3    |

Ref: Wastewater Engg. Metcalf & Eddy, CPHEEO Manual.  
5,Sec. 5.6.3

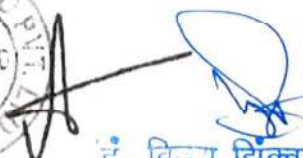
#### 4.6 Calculations for EC Reactor

##### Electro Coagulation Calculator by Faradays Law

$$m = \frac{E \times i \times t}{96485} \quad \text{or} \quad i = \frac{m \times 96485}{E \times t} \quad \text{or} \quad \text{Watts } W = \frac{m \times 96485 \times \text{Voltage } V}{E \times t}$$

|   | Anode<br>Aluminium |           | Cathode<br>Iron |         |
|---|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------|
| Flow per cell   | 100                | KLD       | 100             | KLD     |
|   | 100000             | LPD       | 100000          | LPD     |
| Working Hrs   | 20                 | Hrs       | 20              | Hrs     |
| flow per Hr   | 5000               | LPH       | 5000            | LPH     |
| HRT per cell  | 30                 | Minutes   | 30              | Minutes |
|   | 1800               | Seconds   | 1800            | Seconds |
| Flow per cell in 30 minutes                           | 2500               | LPH       | 2500            | LPH     |
|   | 2.5                | KL        | 2.5             | KL      |
| Equivalent Wt of Anode material                       | 27                 | Aluminium | 56              | Iron    |
| Mass of substance dissolved per Ltr                   | 15                 | mg/Ltr    | 15              | mg/Ltr  |
| Mass of substance dissolved/cell in 30 minute (2500L) | 37500              | mg        | 37500           | mg      |
|   | 37.5               | gms       | 37.5            | gms     |
|   | 0.0375             | kgs       | 0.0375          | kgs     |
| Mass of substance dissolved/cell in a day (100KL)     | 1.5                | kgs       | 1.5             | kgs     |
| Number of days for replacement of suicidal electrode  | 120                | days      | 120             | days    |



  
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|   | Anode<br>Aluminium |                      | Cathode<br>Iron |                      |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Mass of substance dissolved/cell in above days)         | 180                | kgs                  | 180             | kgs                  |
| Faraday Number  | 96485              |                      | 96485           |                      |
| Min. Current required for dissolution of anode          | 0.074              | Amp                  | 0.074448        | Amp                  |
|   | 74                 | mA                   | 74              | mA                   |
| Voltage applied   | 12                 | Volts                | 12              | Volts                |
| Min. Power required per cell                            | 0.89               | Watts                | 0.89338         | Watts                |
| Electrode Area to Volume ratio, A/V, (100-1000)         | 156                | cm <sup>2</sup> /Ltr | 156             | cm <sup>2</sup> /Ltr |
| Area of Electrode material required/cell with A/V ratio | 29034.84           | cm <sup>2</sup>      | 29034.84        | cm <sup>2</sup>      |
|   | 29.03              | m <sup>2</sup>       | 29.03484        | m <sup>2</sup>       |
| Number of electrodes/cell                               | 52                 | Pairs                | 52              | Pairs                |
| Area per electrode                                      | 0.56               | M <sup>2</sup>       | 0.558362        | M <sup>2</sup>       |
|   | 5583.62            | cm                   | 5583.623        | cm                   |
| Thickness of electrode                                  | 5                  | mm                   | 3               | mm                   |
|   | 0.00005            | M                    |                 | M                    |
| Length of electrode                                     | 0.8                | M                    | 0.8             | M                    |
| Width of electrode                                      | 0.7                | M                    | 0.7             | M                    |
| Distance between 2 electrodes                           | 2                  | cm                   | 2               | cm                   |
| Depth of cell   | 1.5                | M                    | 1.5             | M                    |
| Free board  | 300                | mm                   | 300             | mm                   |
| Width of cell   | 1                  | M                    | 1               | M                    |
| Length of cell  | 3                  | M                    | 3               | M                    |
| Specific gravity of Material                            | 2.7                | Al                   | 7.87            | Fe                   |
| Weight per electrode ( L x W x Thickness x sp.gravity)  | 7.56               | kgs                  | 13.22           | Kgs                  |
| Min. Current density required/electrode                 | 2                  | mA/cm <sup>2</sup>   | 2               | mA/cm <sup>2</sup>   |
| Actual current required per cell (parallel connections) | 11167.25           | mA                   | 11167.25        | mA                   |
|   | 11.17              | Amp                  | 11.17           | Amp                  |
| Voltage applied   | 12                 | Volts                | 12              | Volts                |
| Power per cell  | 134.01             | Watts                | 134.01          | Watts                |
|   | 0.13               | KW                   | 0.13            | KW                   |

#### 4.7 Calculations for Flash Mixer

##### Calculation sheet for Flash mixers

|  |            |                      |
|--|------------|----------------------|
| Flow per day                               | 600        | kld                  |
| No. of Flash mixers in parallel            | 3          | Nos                  |
| Flow in each mixer                         | 200        | kld                  |
| Effective working Hours                    | 20         | Hrs                  |
| flow per hour/60 minutes                   | 10         | M <sup>3</sup> /Hr   |
| Mixing time required for mixer             | 20         | minutes              |
| <b>Min. Volume of flash mixer required</b> | <b>3.3</b> | <b>M<sup>3</sup></b> |

Ref: Wastewater Engineering, Metcalf & Eddy  
CPHEEO, Chapter 5, Section 5.7.3.2



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4.8 **Calculation for Tube Settler**  
**Calculation for Tube Settler**

|   |       |                    |   |
|---|-------|--------------------|---|
| Flow per day                            | 200   | KLD                |   |
| Flow of effluent/Hr.                    | 10    | M <sup>3</sup> /Hr | Q |
| Settling Velocity of effluent           | 10    | M/Hr               | V |
| Angle of inclination                    | 60    | degree             |   |
| Area in per M <sup>3</sup> of Tube deck | 11    | M <sup>2</sup>     |   |
| Factor for Tube deck media              | 19    |                    |   |
| M <sup>3</sup> of Tube deck media       | 1.727 | M <sup>3</sup>     |   |
| Add 10% extra                           | 1.90  | M <sup>3</sup>     |   |
| Tube deck Media required in L           |       |                    |   |
| Ht of Tube deck media                   | 1.00  | M                  |   |

Length & Width required for fixing Tube deck media

|                  |      |   |
|------------------|------|---|
| Width of settler | 1.30 | M |
| Length required  | 1.46 | M |

Size required for fixing tube deck media 1.5 x 1.3 x 1 LWH in M

|  |             |           |
|--|-------------|-----------|
| Height of settler                            |             |           |
| Free port top                                | 500         | mm        |
| Inlet Chamber                                | 800         | mm        |
| Free port bottom                             | 300         | mm        |
| Height of Chamber                            | 1500        | mm        |
| Height of cone                               | 500         | mm        |
| Height of legs                               | 500         | mm        |
| <b>Total Height of Tube settler</b>          | <b>3600</b> | <b>mm</b> |
| Difference in ht of Inlet and outlet chamber | 300         | mm        |

Length of components of settler

|                                |                |           |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| Inlet chamber                  | 300            | mm        |
| Outlet chamber                 | 300            | mm        |
| Length of media chamber & cone | 1461.54        | mm        |
| <b>Total Length of Settler</b> | <b>2061.54</b> | <b>mm</b> |

Width of components of settler

|                               |             |           |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Inlet chamber                 | 1300        | mm        |
| outlet chamber                | 1300        | mm        |
| Cone                          | 1300        | mm        |
| Main body                     | 1300        | mm        |
| <b>Total width of settler</b> | <b>1300</b> | <b>mm</b> |

Technical Data Sheet for Tube deck media attached in section VIII, 8.11



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## 4.9 Calculations for DMF and ACF vessels

## Calculation sheet for DMF and ACF

## Flanged Vessels

|                                | Nos |                 | 3.14xDiaxDia/4x250               |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Flow Rate in M3/Hr.            |     | 30              |                                  |
| Velocity, M/Hr                 |     | 10              |                                  |
|                                |     | 3.821656        |                                  |
| Vessel dia.                    |     | <b>1.954906</b> | Mtr                              |
| Shell Thickness                |     | 5               | mm                               |
| Shell Height                   |     | 1.8             | m Media Ht 1000 mm               |
| Shell Wt.                      |     | 433.6782        | Kgs Shell Vol. 5400 Ltrs         |
| Dish end Dia.                  |     | 2.736868        | Vol of media 3000                |
| Dish end Thickness             |     | 8               | mm                               |
| Top Dish End Wt.               |     | 369.264         | Kgs Sand Vol. 1950 Ltrs          |
| Bottom Dish End Wt.            |     | 369.264         | Kgs                              |
| Outer Dia of Flange            |     | 2.054906        | m Pebbles Vol. 450 Ltrs          |
| Inner Dia of Flange            |     | 1.954906        | m Total sand 2400 Ltrs           |
| Thickness of Flange            |     | 8               | mm Wt.of sand & pebbles 4320 Kgs |
|                                |     | 208.1676        | Kgs Anthracite Vol. 600 Ltrs     |
|                                |     | 188.4           | Kgs Wt of Anthracite 300 Kgs     |
| Flanges Wt. Bottom/top         | 1   | 39.53514        | Kgs                              |
| Thickness of Strainer Plate    |     | 8               | mm                               |
| Strainer plates Wt. bottom/Top | 1   | 208.1676        | Kgs                              |
| Wt. of Manhole                 | 1   | 75              | Kgs                              |
| Wt of handhole                 | 1   | 25              | Kgs                              |
| Wt of Legs                     | 4   | 80              | Kgs                              |
| Wt of Hooks                    | 2   | 10              | Kgs                              |
| Wt of Nozzles & Flanges        |     | 30              | Kgs                              |
| Wt of Funnel                   |     | 10              | Kgs                              |
| <b>Total Wt. of Vessel</b>     |     | <b>1649.909</b> | <b>Kgs</b>                       |
| No of Strainers,Top            |     | 0               | Nos                              |
| No of Strainers,Bottom         |     | 147             | Nos                              |



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**SECTION V**  
**ELECTRICAL LOAD, AUTOMATION**  
**LOGIC, EQUIPMENT WEIGHTS**



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## 5.1 Electrical Load

## Electrical Load Data Sheet

| S.No.                                  | Equipment name           | Qty In Nos | KW per unit | Total Electrical Load in KW |
|--|--------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 1                                      | Oil Skimmer              | 2          | 0.37        | 0.74                        |
| 2                                      | Air Blowers              | 3          | 5.5         | 16.5                        |
| 3                                      | Sewage Transfer Pumps    | 3          | 5.5         | 16.5                        |
| 4                                      | Dosing Pump for Acid     | 2          | 0.08        | 0.16                        |
| 5                                      | Dosing Pump for NaOH     | 2          | 0.08        | 0.16                        |
| 6                                      | Dosing Pump for NaCl     | 2          | 0.08        | 0.16                        |
| 7                                      | Electro coagulation unit | 6          | 3.5         | 21                          |
| 8                                      | Poly Dosing System       | 6          | 0.08        | 0.48                        |
| 9                                      | Chlorine Dosing System   | 2          | 0.08        | 0.16                        |
| 10                                     | Filter Feed Pump         | 2          | 5.5         | 11                          |
| 11                                     | Filter Backwash Pump     | 2          | 3.7         | 7.4                         |
| 12                                     | Screw pump               | 2          | 2.2         | 4.40                        |
| 13                                     | Filter press, Hydraulic  | 1          | 3.7         | 3.7                         |
| <b>Total Connected Electrical Load</b> |                          |            |             | <b>82.36</b>                |

## 5.2 Automation Logic

## 1. Collection tank

- The Sewage transfer pumps will stop if the level in the collection tank is low and will restart as soon as the level reaches high.
- The blower will continue working even at low level. Needs to be stopped manually

## 2. Electrolysis Reactors

- The DC Circuit will trip as soon as the level in the reactor tank gets low and will restart when the level reaches high.
- Low level in the reactor tank will also trigger the sewage transfer pump to start if the level in the collection tank is sufficient.
- Low level in Reactors will also stop agitation in flash mixers.

## 3. Filter Feed Tank

- Filter feed pump will trip if water in the filter feed tank is low and will restart on sensing high level.

## 4. Treated Water Tank

- In case level in the Treated Water Tank is sensed high, whole plant will stop including the DC power supply of the Electrolysis reactors and the Dosing system.
- The blower will continue working. Plant will restart at low level in Treated water tank.

## 5. Manual Overrides

- Manual override will be provided for all the automation. In case the plant is run in manual mode all automation systems will cease to work.
- All working and standby equipment have a selector switch to manually switchover to the desired equipment if required.
- An emergency switch will be provided in the panel to completely cut off power supply to the complete unit.

28



(इं. विनय झिंक्वाण)  
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एतदाशी



## 5.3 Mechanical Weights of Equipment

Weights of SS, MS FRP and MS EP Fabricated Instruments

| S.No. | Equipment name              | Qty | Unit | Wt./unit In Kgs | Total Wt. In Kgs | Total Wt. In Kgs with Water |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----|------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1     | Bar Screen                  | 2   | Nos  | 103             | 206              | 206                         |
| 2     | EC Reactors                 | 6   | Nos  | 897             | 5382             | 35586                       |
|       | Wt of Anodes/reactor        | 1   | set  | 190             | 1140             |                             |
|       | Wt of cathodes/reactor      | 1   | set  | 344             | 2064             |                             |
|       | Wt of water per EC Reactor  |     |      | 4500            | 27000            |                             |
| 3     | Settling tanks              | 3   | Nos  | 2270            | 6810             | 66810                       |
|       | Wt of water per Settler     |     |      | 20000           | 60000            |                             |
| 4     | Pressure Sand Filter Vessel | 1   | No   | 1870            | 1870             | 10170                       |
|       | Wt of media                 |     |      | 4800            | 4800             |                             |
|       | Wt of water In PSF Vessel   |     |      | 3500            | 3500             |                             |
| 5     | Activated Carbon Filter     | 1   | No   | 1870            | 1870             | 8570                        |
|       | Wt of media                 |     |      | 3200            | 3200             |                             |
|       | Wt of water In ACF Vessel   |     |      | 3500            | 3500             |                             |

*Verified*

Dr. Abid ...  
Principal ...  
Dept of ...  
Jamsh ...  
New ... - 110025

29



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गुप्तकाशी



## 5.3 Mechanical Weights of Equipment

Weights of SS, MS FRP and MS EP Fabricated Instruments

| S.No. | Equipment name              | Qty | Unit | Wt./unit In Kgs | Total Wt. In Kgs | Total Wt. In Kgs with Water |
|-------|-----------------------------|-----|------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1     | Bar Screen                  | 2   | Nos  | 103             | 206              | 206                         |
| 2     | EC Reactors                 | 6   | Nos  | 897             | 5382             | 35586                       |
|       | Wt of Anodes/reactor        | 1   | set  | 190             | 1140             |                             |
|       | Wt of cathodes/reactor      | 1   | set  | 344             | 2064             |                             |
|       | Wt of water per EC Reactor  |     |      | 4500            | 27000            |                             |
| 3     | Settling tanks              | 3   | Nos  | 2270            | 6810             | 66810                       |
|       | Wt of water per Settler     |     |      | 20000           | 60000            |                             |
| 4     | Pressure Sand Filter Vessel | 1   | No   | 1870            | 1870             | 10170                       |
|       | Wt of media                 |     |      | 4800            | 4800             |                             |
|       | Wt of water In PSF Vessel   |     |      | 3500            | 3500             |                             |
| 5     | Activated Carbon Filter     | 1   | No   | 1870            | 1870             | 8570                        |
|       | Wt of media                 |     |      | 3200            | 3200             |                             |
|       | Wt of water In ACF Vessel   |     |      | 3500            | 3500             |                             |

*Verified*  
*Abid*

Dr. Abid Ali Khan  
Principal Engineer  
Deptt. of Civil Engineering  
Jamia Millia Islamia  
New Delhi - 110025

29



(इं. विजय झिंक्वाण)  
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**SECTION VI**  
**DRAWINGS (ANNEXURE - A)**



*Verified*  
*[Signature]*

Dr. Abid  
Principal  
Deptt. of  
Jamia  
New Delhi - 110025

*[Signature]*  
(इं. विजय झिंक्वाण)  
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निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.वि.  
मुफ्तकाशी



PROJECTS FOR HPCL  
STP



DRAWING LIST PACKAGE - 01

| Drawing Code | Description              | Date       |
|--------------|--------------------------|------------|
| 04           | HPCL                     |            |
| 04-01        | WASTE TREATMENT PLANT    |            |
| 04-01-01     | CONTR SHEET              | 30-09-2022 |
| 04-01-02     | LOCATION IN MASTER PLAN  | 30-09-2022 |
| 04-01-03     | MAST PLAN                | 30-09-2022 |
| 04-01-04     | REINFORCING WALL SECTION | 30-09-2022 |
| 04-01-05     | REINFORCING WALL SECTION | 30-09-2022 |
| 04-01-06     | W.C. LAYOUT              | 30-09-2022 |
| 04-01-07     | W.C. LAYOUT              | 30-09-2022 |
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| 04-01-99     | W.C. LAYOUT              | 30-09-2022 |
| 04-01-100    | W.C. LAYOUT              | 30-09-2022 |

*Handwritten signature*  
 Dr. Abid Ali Khan  
 Principal Engineer  
 Deptt. of Civil  
 Jammu (Muz) - 181025  
 New P.O. - 181025



(इं. विनय शिंक्वाण)  
 अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
 निर्माण खण्ड, लो. नि. वि.  
 गुप्तकाशी

Drawn by: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Checked by: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION



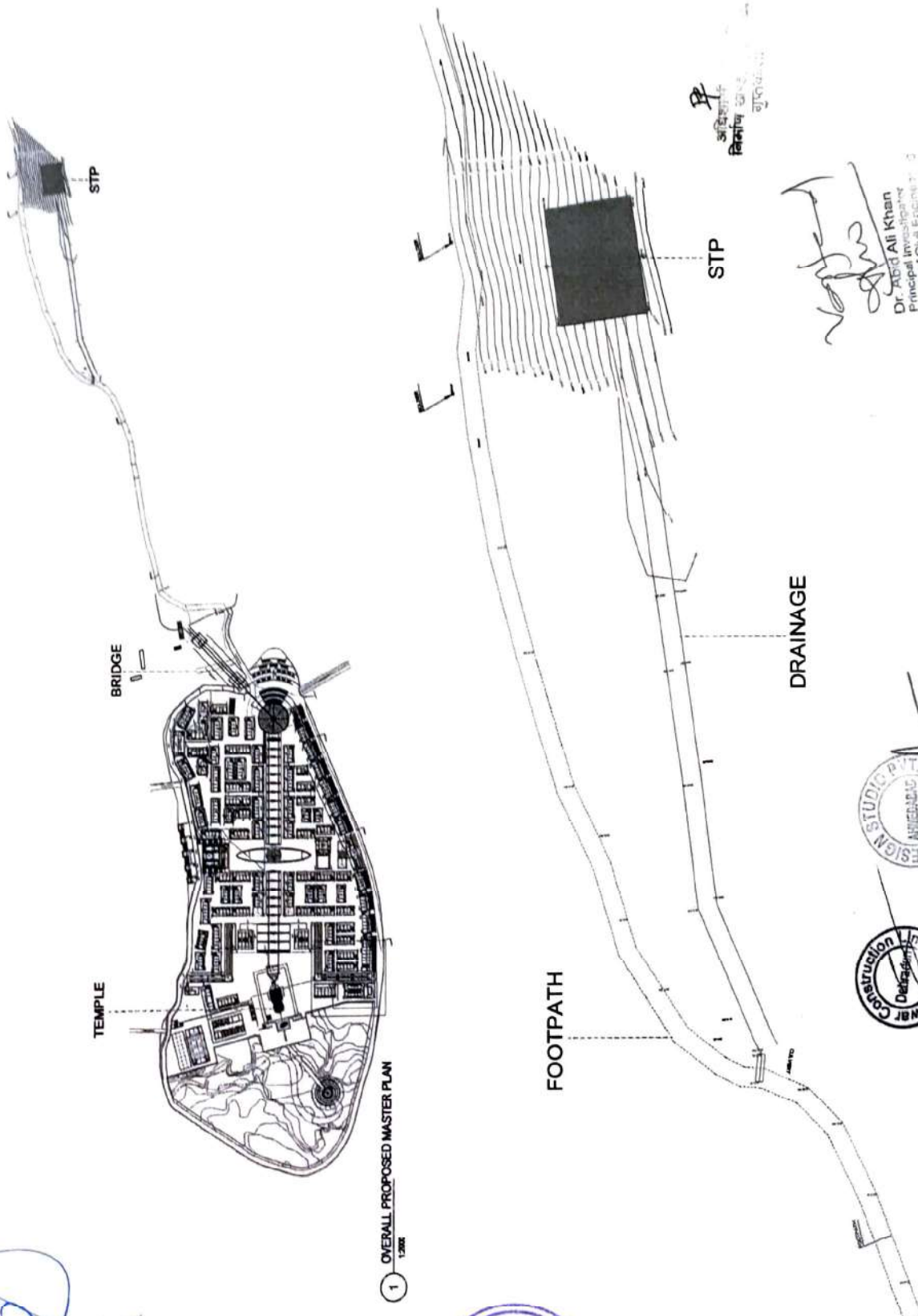
RESEARCH, RESTORATION  
 AND REDEVELOPMENT  
 GOVERNMENT OF  
 UTTARAKHAND



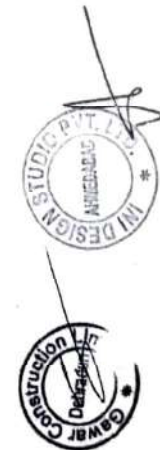
PROJECT NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
 SHEET NO. \_\_\_\_\_

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| Sheet No.    |    |
| Date         |    |
| Drawn by     |    |
| Checked by   |    |
| Approved by  |    |
| Project Name |    |
| Location     |    |
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| Project No.  |    |
| Sheet No.    |    |
| Date         |    |
| Drawn by     |    |
| Checked by   |    |
| Approved by  |    |
| Project Name |    |
| Location     |    |

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
|   |             |
| GOVERNMENT OF UTTAR PRADESH<br>DEPARTMENT OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT<br>U.P. STATE ENGINEERING CORPORATION<br>Lucknow |             |
| MASTER PLAN<br>NO. 100/2004   |             |
| SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT<br>LOCATION IN MASTER PLAN   |             |
| Project No.   | Date        |
| Scale   | Drawing No. |
| Author  | Checker     |
| Designer  | Approver    |
| Date  | Location    |
| Project Name  | Sheet No.   |
| Drawing Title   | Drawing No. |



Dr. Abd Ali Khan  
 Principal Investigator  
 Deptt. of Civil Engineering  
 Jamia Millia Islamia  
 New Delhi - 110025

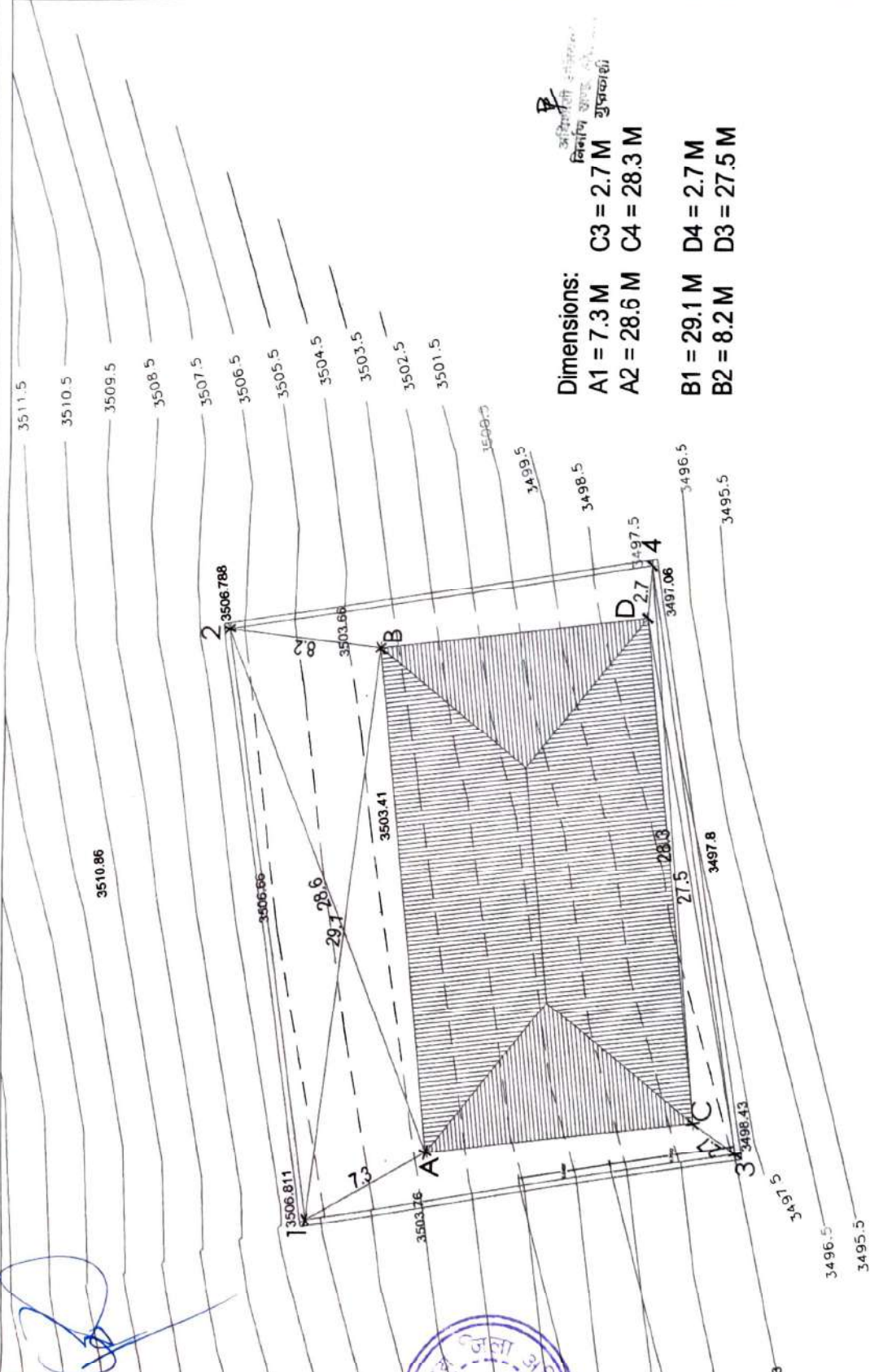


इं. विनय द्विवेदी  
 अधिशासी अभियंता  
 निर्माण खण्ड, लो. नि. वि.  
 ग़ज़ीपुरा



**General Note**  
 1. The site plan is prepared as per the Master Plan.  
 2. The site plan is prepared as per the Master Plan.  
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|   |  |
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| GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION                   |  |
| Key Plan                                |  |
| KEDARBATH RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT |  |
| GOVERNMENT OF UTTARANCHAL               |  |
| MASTER PLAN                             |  |
| GEMINI CONSULTANTS PVT. LTD. CHANDIGARH |  |
| SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT MARKING PLAN     |  |
| KPS-STP-C-102                           |  |
| 18/11/2022 2:38:58 PM                   |  |



**Dimensions:**  
 A1 = 7.3 M    C3 = 2.7 M    B1 = 29.1 M    D4 = 2.7 M  
 A2 = 28.6 M    C4 = 28.3 M    B2 = 8.2 M    D3 = 27.5 M

अभिजीत इंजीनियरिंग  
 प्राइमरी ड्राफ्टिंग ऑफिस  
 गुप्तकाशी

(इं. विनय शिववाण)  
 अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
 निर्माण खण्ड, लो.वि.दि.  
 गुप्तकाशी



**General Notes**

1. The contractor shall be responsible for obtaining all necessary permissions and clearances from the concerned authorities.
2. The contractor shall maintain the existing ground level throughout the construction.
3. The contractor shall ensure that the construction does not affect the stability of the existing ground.
4. The contractor shall provide adequate drainage facilities to prevent waterlogging.
5. The contractor shall use good quality materials and workmanship.
6. The contractor shall maintain the site clean and free from debris.
7. The contractor shall ensure the safety of the workers and the public.
8. The contractor shall provide adequate lighting and safety barriers.
9. The contractor shall ensure that the construction does not affect the surrounding environment.
10. The contractor shall provide adequate access for the fire and other emergency services.
11. The contractor shall ensure that the construction does not affect the existing utilities.
12. The contractor shall provide adequate ventilation and air circulation.
13. The contractor shall ensure that the construction does not affect the existing structures.
14. The contractor shall provide adequate protection for the existing structures.
15. The contractor shall ensure that the construction does not affect the existing roads.
16. The contractor shall provide adequate drainage for the existing roads.
17. The contractor shall ensure that the construction does not affect the existing water supply.
18. The contractor shall provide adequate protection for the existing water supply.
19. The contractor shall ensure that the construction does not affect the existing sewerage system.
20. The contractor shall provide adequate protection for the existing sewerage system.

| Sl. No. | Description | Quantity | Unit |
|---------|-------------|----------|------|
| 1       | Excavation  |          |      |
| 2       | Concrete    |          |      |
| 3       | Brickwork   |          |      |
| 4       | Plaster     |          |      |
| 5       | Paint       |          |      |
| 6       | Ironwork    |          |      |
| 7       | Roofing     |          |      |
| 8       | Sanitary    |          |      |
| 9       | Electrical  |          |      |
| 10      | Other       |          |      |

**GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION**

Key Plan

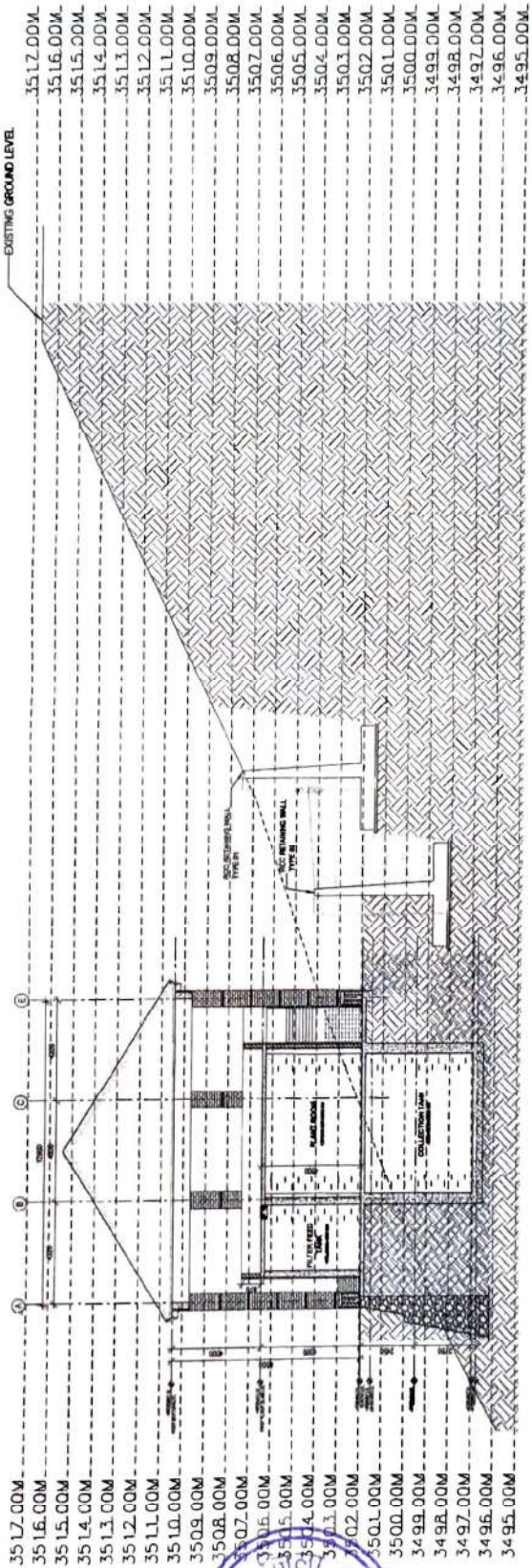
**KERALA RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT**

**GOVERNMENT OF UTTARAKHAND**

**SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT**

**RETAINING WALL SECTION**

|             |               |
|-------------|---------------|
| Scale       | 1:100         |
| Sheet No.   | A2            |
| Project No. | KR-STP-C-102A |
| Date        | 10/11/2020    |



सिद्धि  
विनय शर्मा, इन्जीनियर  
मुन्बराही

1 SECTION A  
1:100



इ. विनय शर्मा  
अधिकासी अभियन्ता  
मान्य खण्ड, लोन्जि  
फतकाशी





General Note  
1. All dimensions are in millimeters unless otherwise specified.  
2. The contractor shall be responsible for the accuracy of the dimensions and levels shown on this drawing.  
3. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the specifications and standards mentioned in the contract documents.  
4. The contractor shall provide all necessary formwork, scaffolding, and other temporary works required for the execution of the work.  
5. The contractor shall ensure that the work is completed within the specified time schedule.  
6. The contractor shall maintain a neat and tidy work site at all times.  
7. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in a safe and sound manner.  
8. The contractor shall provide all necessary safety measures for the workers.  
9. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the environmental regulations.  
10. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the fire safety regulations.  
11. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the health and safety regulations.  
12. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the quality control regulations.  
13. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the inspection and testing regulations.  
14. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the record keeping regulations.  
15. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the communication regulations.  
16. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the reporting regulations.  
17. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the documentation regulations.  
18. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the archiving regulations.  
19. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the disposal regulations.  
20. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the recycling regulations.



|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Project Name       |  |
| Client Name        |  |
| Project Location   |  |
| Project Start Date |  |
| Project End Date   |  |
| Project Status     |  |
| Project Manager    |  |
| Project Engineer   |  |
| Project Designer   |  |
| Project Checker    |  |
| Project Approver   |  |

GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION

REDAWTH RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT

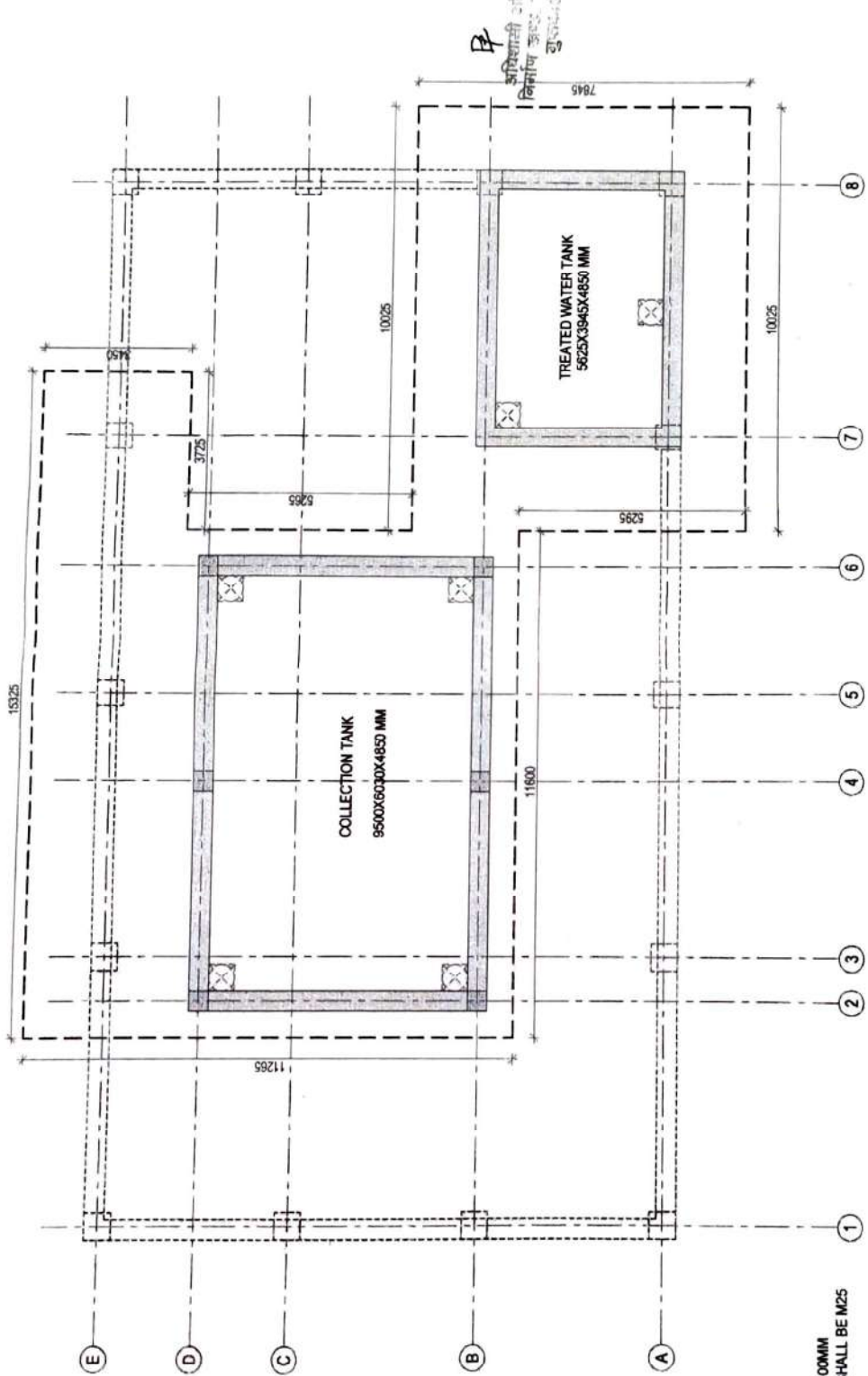
GOVERNMENT OF UTTARAKHAND

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

PCC LAYOUT

MR-STP-C103

SCALE: 1:50



PCC THICKNESS - 100MM  
GRADE FOR PCC SHALL BE M25

1 PCC LAYOUT  
1:50



(इं. बिनय झिंक्वाण)  
अधिसासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो.जि.जी.  
पुस्तकार्णी



STUDIO PVT. LTD. ENGINEERING DESIGN

GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION

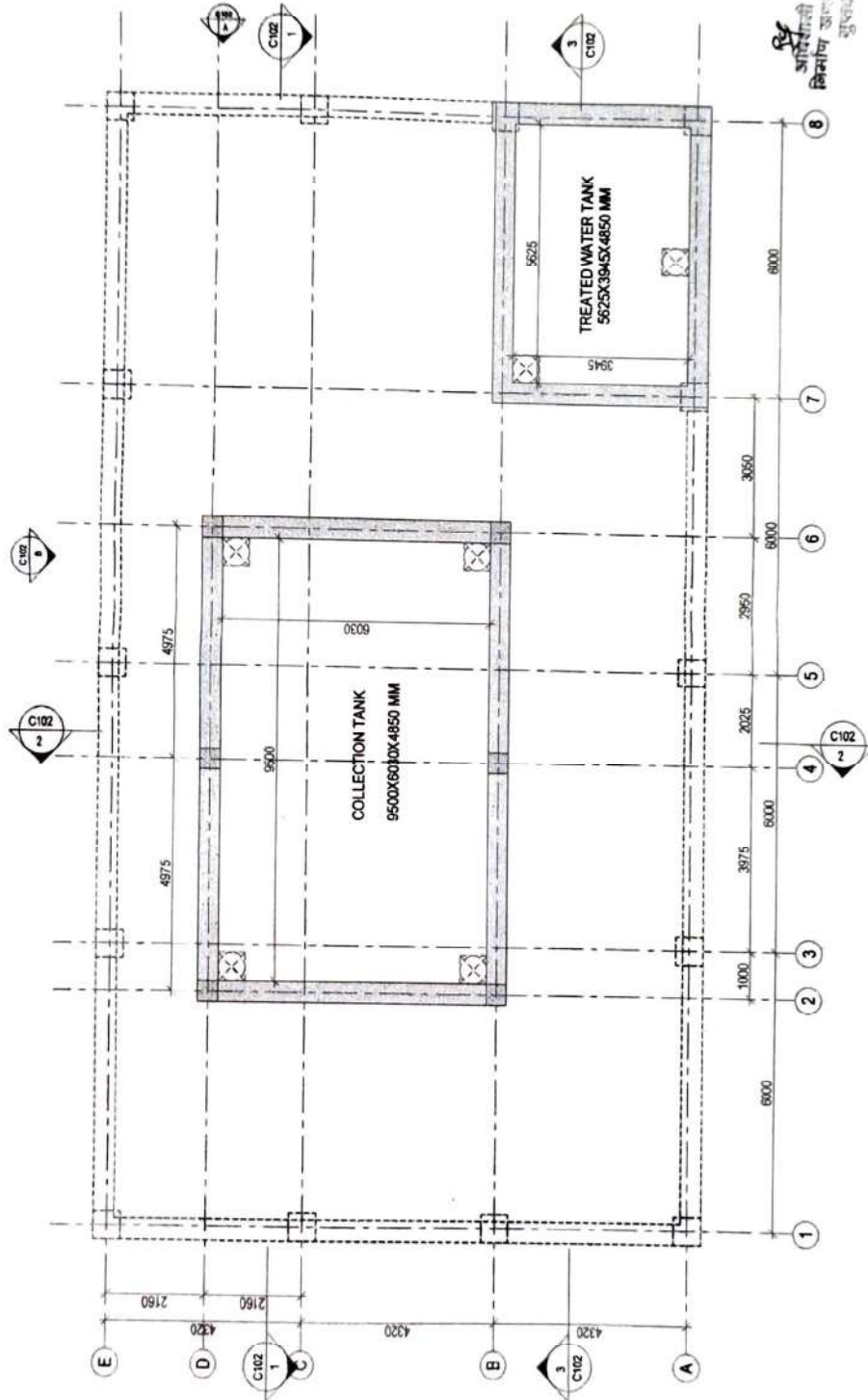
Key Plan

REKAWATH RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT

GOVERNMENT OF UTTARANCHAL

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT FLOOR PLAN AT -3000 MM LEVEL

NR. SITE CUM WATER TREATING



1 PLAN AT -3000MM FROM GROUNDLEVEL

1:50

इ. विनय शिंद्याप  
अधिशाली अभियंता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो. नि.  
मुफ्तकाशी



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| No. | Revision | Date |
|-----|----------|------|
|     |          |      |
|     |          |      |

GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION  
 Key Plan



ENGINEERING RESTORATION  
 AND REDEVELOPMENT



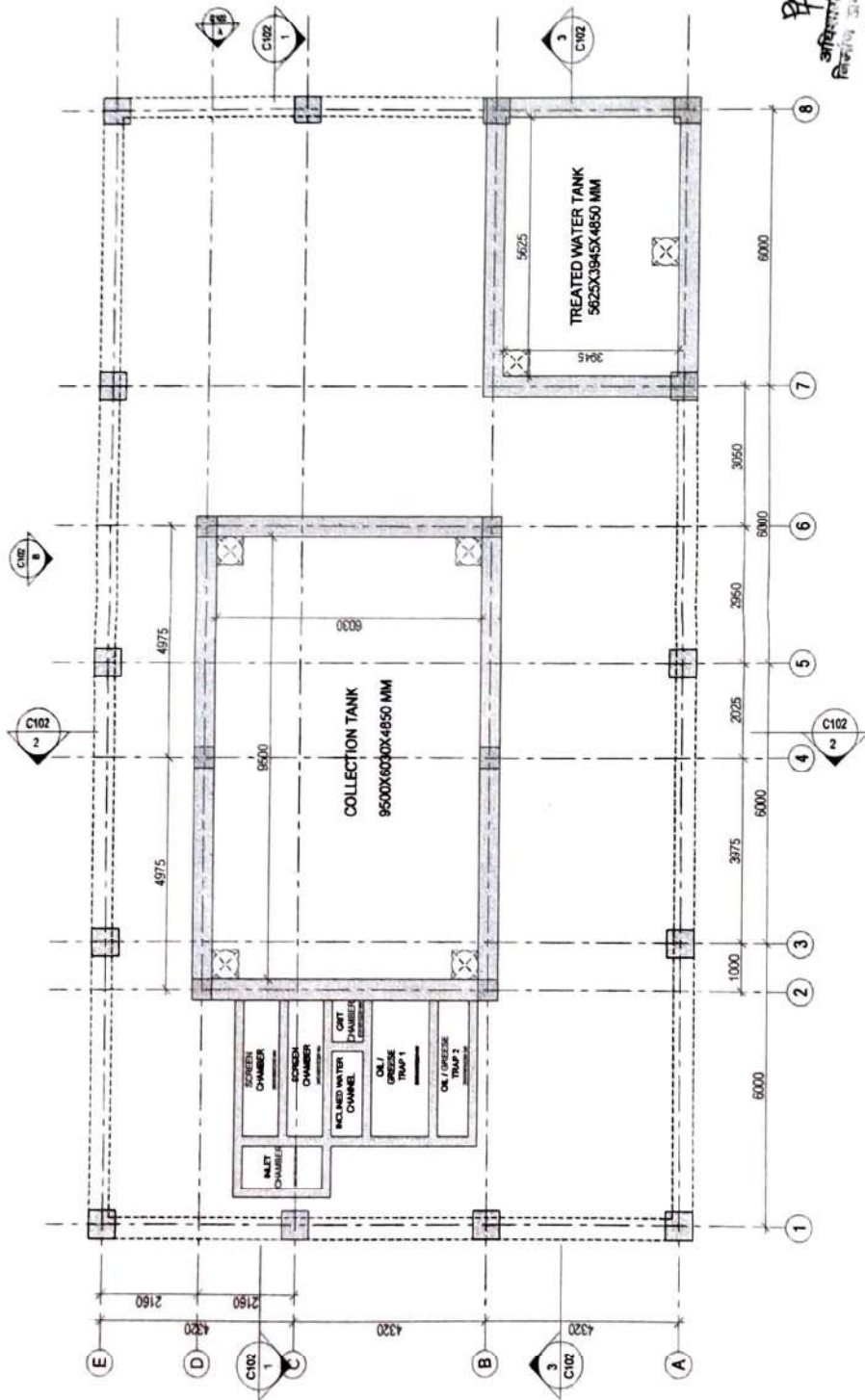
GOVERNMENT OF  
 UTTARAKHAND



ENGINEERING DESIGN STUDIO PVT. LTD.  
 PUNJAB

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT  
 FLOOR PLAN  
 AT 600MM LEVEL

|             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| Scale       | A2          |
| Sheet No.   | 40          |
| Project No. | KR-STP-C105 |
| Date        | 05/07/2019  |



1 PLAN AT 600MM FROM GROUND LEVEL  
 150

(इं. विनय झिंवाण,  
 अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
 निर्माण खण्ड, सोनभद्र  
 प्रखण्ड)



271

**General Note**

1. All dimensions are in millimeters unless otherwise specified.
2. The contractor shall be responsible for the correct placement and orientation of all components.
3. The contractor shall ensure that all materials used are of good quality and conform to the specifications.
4. The contractor shall ensure that all work is done in accordance with the approved drawings and specifications.
5. The contractor shall ensure that all safety measures are followed during the construction.
6. The contractor shall ensure that the site is kept clean and free from debris.
7. The contractor shall ensure that all necessary permits and approvals are obtained before starting the work.
8. The contractor shall ensure that the work is completed within the specified time frame.
9. The contractor shall ensure that the final work is inspected and approved by the relevant authorities.
10. The contractor shall ensure that all necessary records are maintained throughout the project.



| NO. | REVISION | DATE |
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GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION

Key Plan

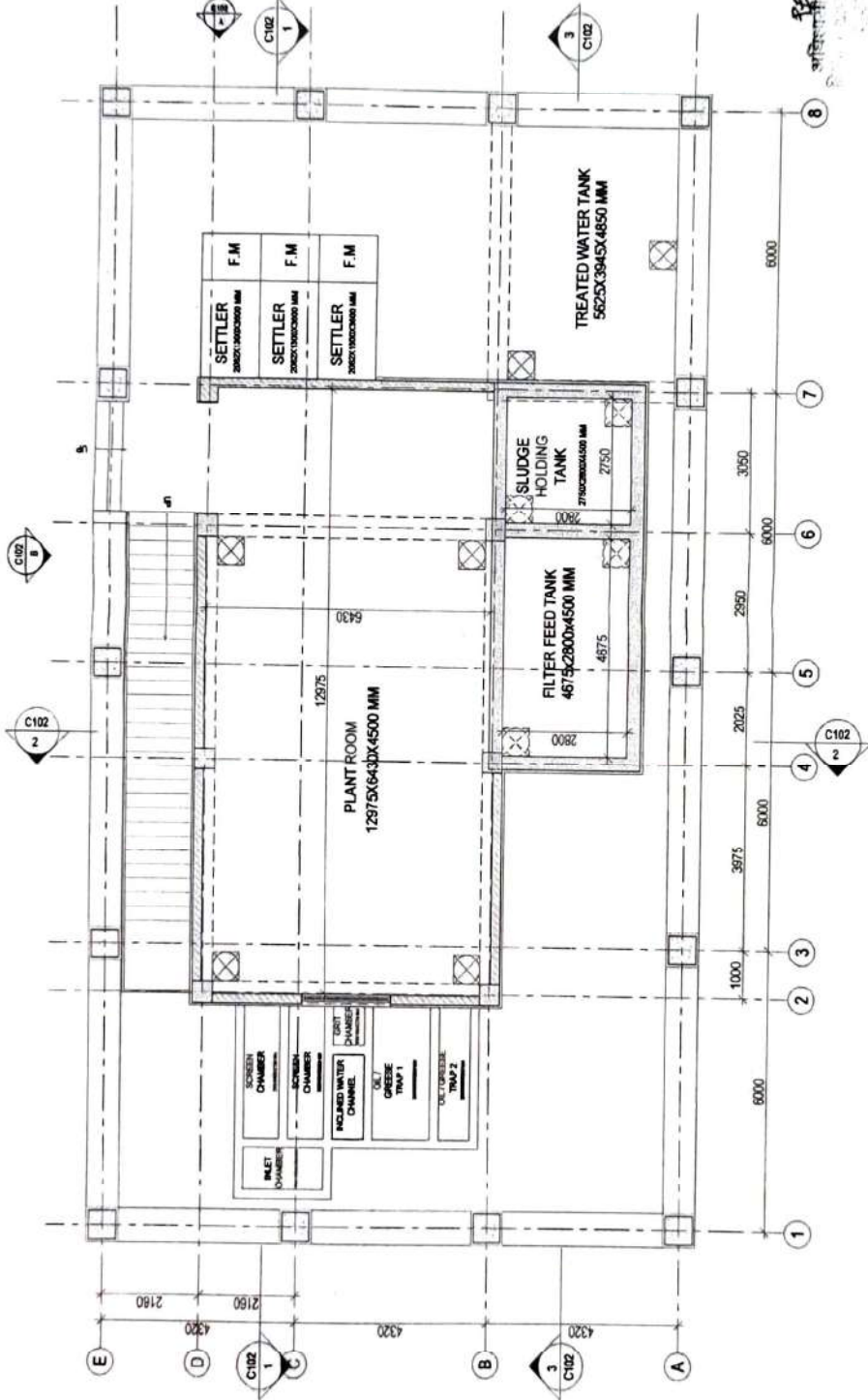
KEDARNATH RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT

GOVERNMENT OF UTTARAKHAND

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT  
SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT  
FLOOR PLAN  
AT +1200 MM LEVEL

MR-STP-C06  
12/07/2023

| NO. | REVISION | DATE |
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1 PLAN AT +1200MM FROM GROUND LEVEL  
1:50

इं. विनय शिक्वाण,  
अधिष्ठापनी अभियन्ता,  
सामाजिक प्रकल्प, लो.नि.प.  
प्रकाशी





General Note  
1. All dimensions are in meters unless otherwise specified.  
2. The contractor shall be responsible for the accuracy of the dimensions and levels shown on this drawing.  
3. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the specifications and standards of the Government of Uttarakhand.  
4. The contractor shall provide all necessary safety measures during the construction of the roof.  
5. The contractor shall ensure that the roof is watertight and free from leaks.  
6. The contractor shall provide a detailed report of the construction work to the Engineer-in-Charge.  
7. The contractor shall be responsible for the removal of all waste and debris from the site.  
8. The contractor shall ensure that the work is completed within the specified time frame.  
9. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in a safe and sound manner.  
10. The contractor shall ensure that the work is carried out in accordance with the approved drawings and specifications.



GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION

Noted



REKARNATH RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT



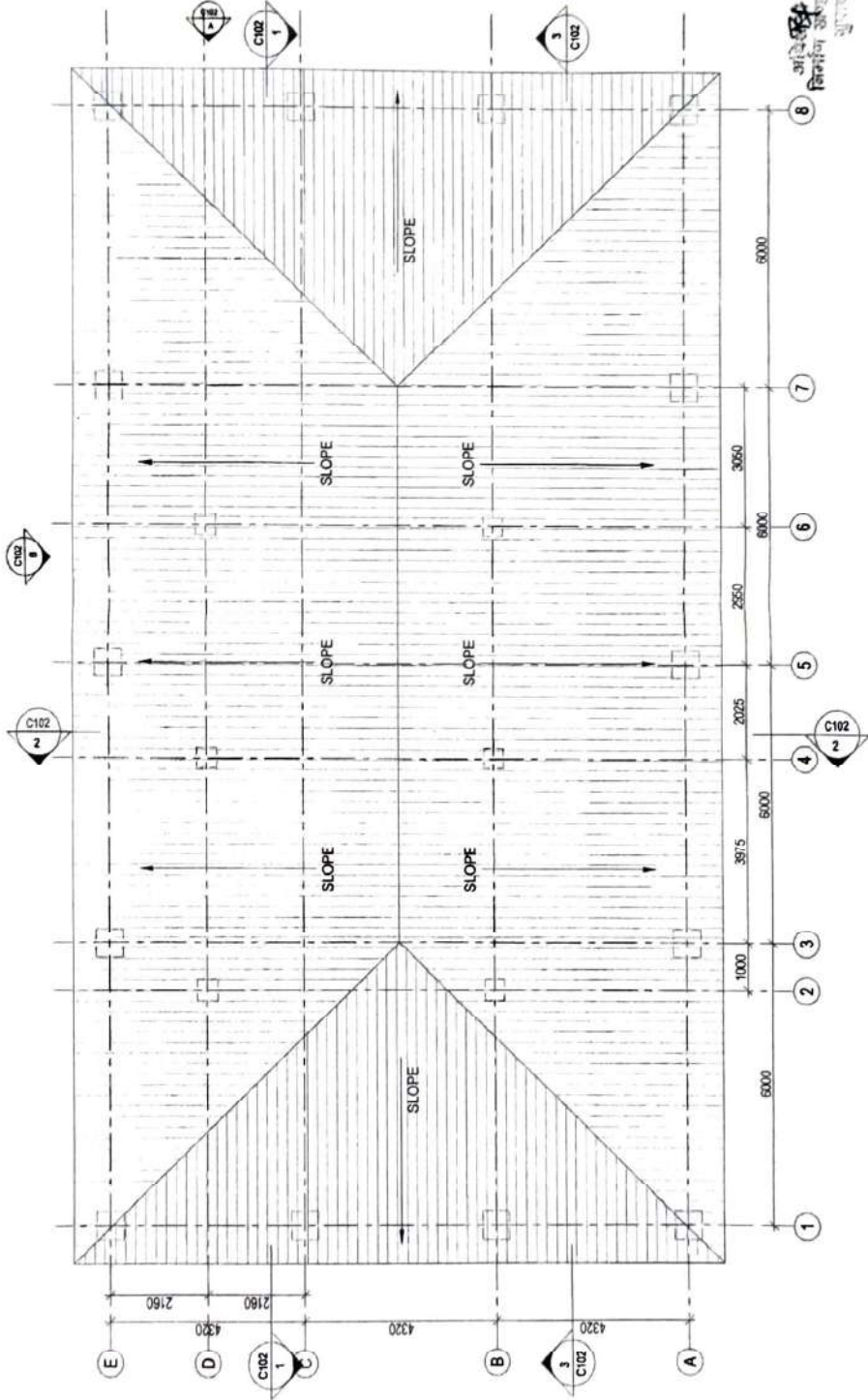
GOVERNMENT OF UTTARAKHAND

CONSTRUCTION

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

ROOF PLAN

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| NO. | REV. | DATE | BY | CHKD. |
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अधिकांश संशोधन  
निर्माण कार्य, नगर, उत्तराखण्ड



1 ROOF PLAN 150

(इ. वि. इं. वि. इं. वि.)  
अधिकांश अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लोजिस्टिक्स  
फ्लोरिंग





General Note  
1. All dimensions are in millimeters unless otherwise specified.  
2. All work shall be done in accordance with the latest edition of the Indian Standards Code of Practice for Sewerage and Wastewater Treatment.  
3. The contractor shall be responsible for obtaining all necessary permits and approvals from the relevant authorities.  
4. The contractor shall ensure that all work is completed within the stipulated time frame and budget.  
5. The contractor shall maintain a detailed record of all materials used and labor hours spent on the project.  
6. The contractor shall ensure that all safety measures are strictly followed during the construction process.  
7. The contractor shall ensure that the site is kept clean and free from any debris or waste at all times.  
8. The contractor shall ensure that all workers are provided with necessary safety gear and training.  
9. The contractor shall ensure that all work is done in accordance with the approved drawings and specifications.  
10. The contractor shall ensure that all work is completed to the satisfaction of the client and the relevant authorities.

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| NO. | REVISION | DATE |
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GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION



REDEVELOPMENT AND RECONSTRUCTION

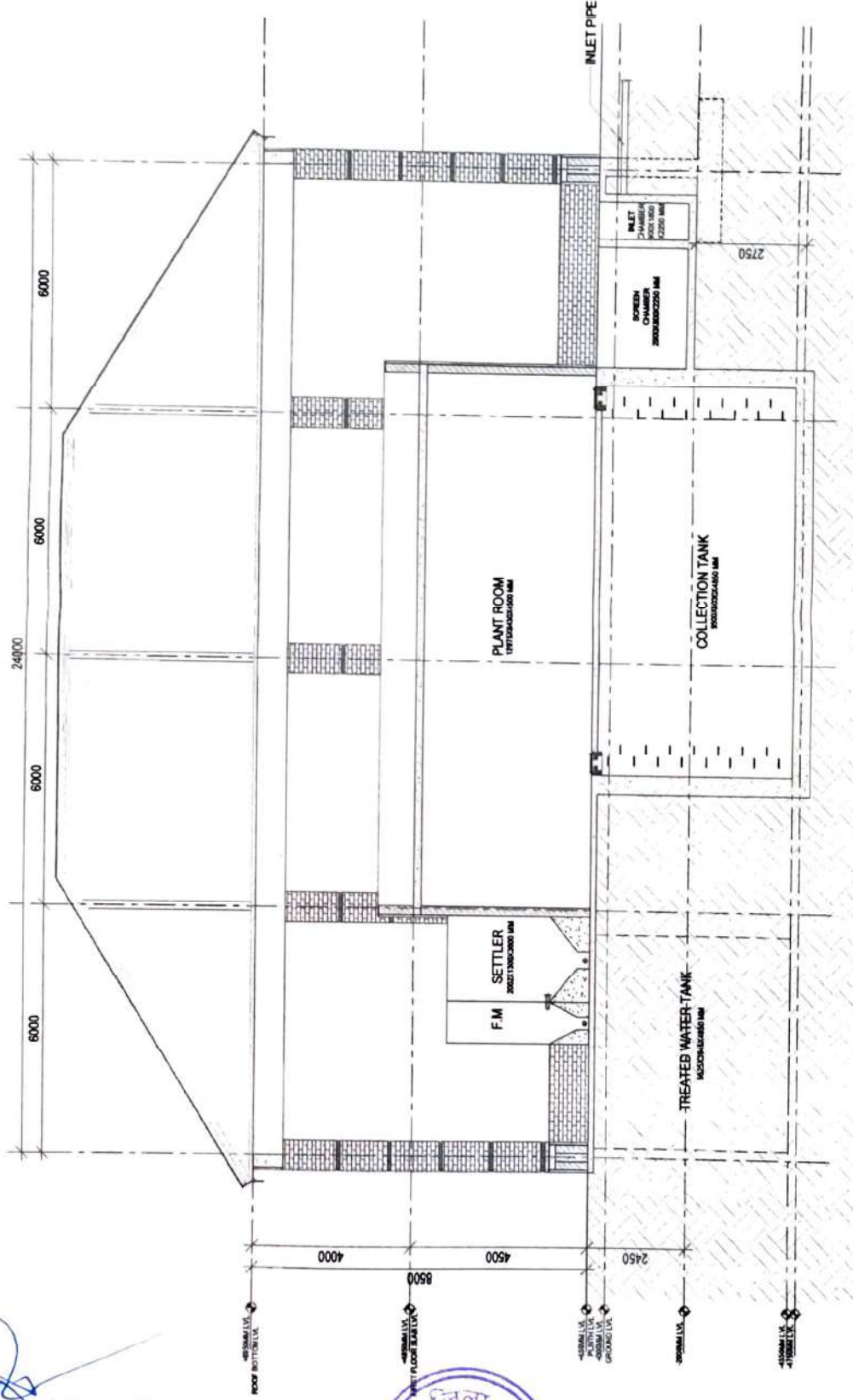
GOVERNMENT OF GUJARAT



SEWERAGE TREATMENT PLANT SECTION-1

PROJECT NO. 14/2024/4

DATE: 14/02/2024



સર્જિત સંસ્થા  
વિનિર્માણ સંસ્થા

(ઇ. વિજયે ઝિંકવાણ)  
અધિશાંસી અભિયંત્ર  
નિર્માણ યજ્ઞ, લો.નિ.સિ.  
પુસ્તકાશી



SECTION - 1  
1:50

KS STP-C109  
DATE: 14/02/2024

275

**General Notes**


1. The work shall be executed in accordance with the specifications of the Government of Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow.
2. The work shall be executed in accordance with the specifications of the Government of Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow.
3. The work shall be executed in accordance with the specifications of the Government of Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow.
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GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION

Key Plan



REGRANITH RESTORATION  
AND REDEVELOPMENT



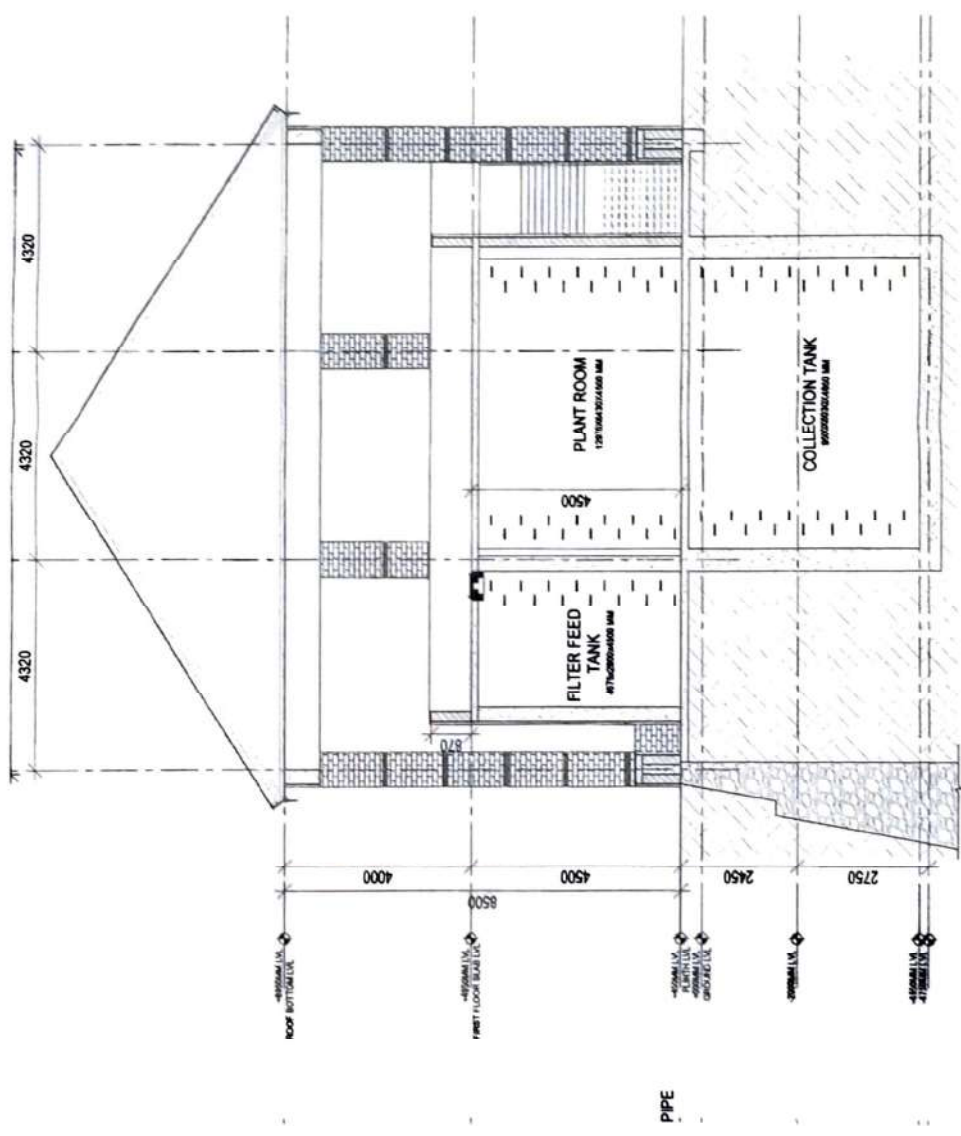
GOVERNMENT OF  
UTTAR PRADESH

PROJECT NO. 1/2022/1/11  
DATE OF PREPARATION: 10/11/2022  
SCALE: 1:50

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT  
SECTION-2

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KS-SIP-C110  
SECTION - 2



अभिषेक अभियन्ता  
निर्माण विभाग

(इं. विनय झिक्वाण)  
अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लोनिदि.  
मुफ्तकाशी



SECTION - 2  
1 150



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| NO.         |  |
| DATE        |  |
| DESCRIPTION |  |
| APPROVED BY |  |
| CHECKED BY  |  |
| DRAWN BY    |  |
| SCALE       |  |

GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION

Site Plan

REDAWNATH ASSOCIATION AND REDEVELOPMENT

GOVERNMENT OF UTTARANCHAL

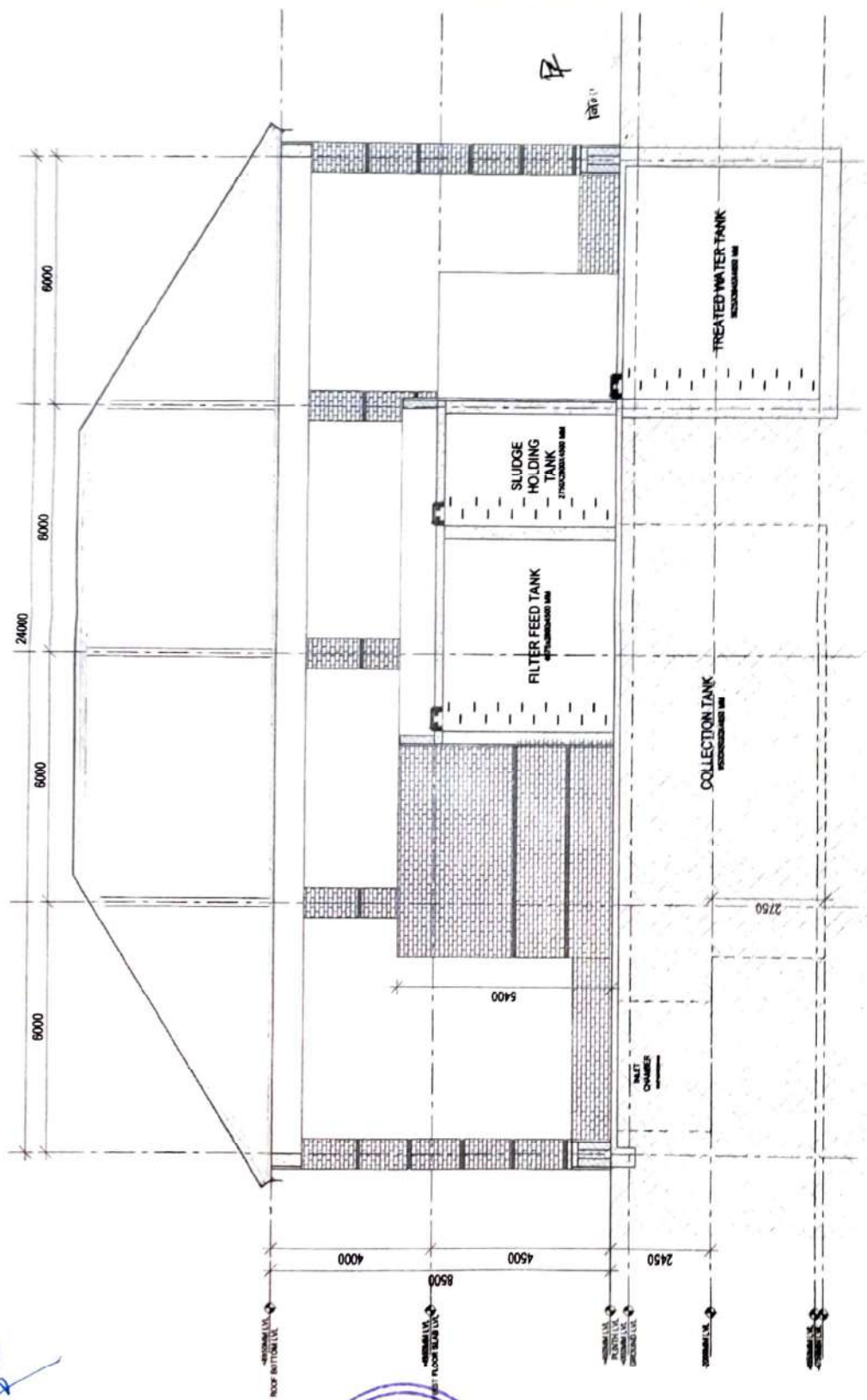
SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT  
SECTION-3

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

SCALE: \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT NO: \_\_\_\_\_

SHEET NO: \_\_\_\_\_



SECTION - 3  
1 1:50

(इं. विनय झिंक्वाण)  
अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.दि.  
फतकाशी





| Sl. No. | Description | Quantity | Unit | Remarks |
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**GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION**

**REDAKSHAT RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT**

**GOVERNMENT OF UTTARAKHAND**

**SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT**

**FLOOR PLAN AT +1200 MM LEVEL**

**REFLECTED CEILING PLAN**

**LIGHTING INTENT**

**KR-STP-C112**

**12000004**

**1:50**

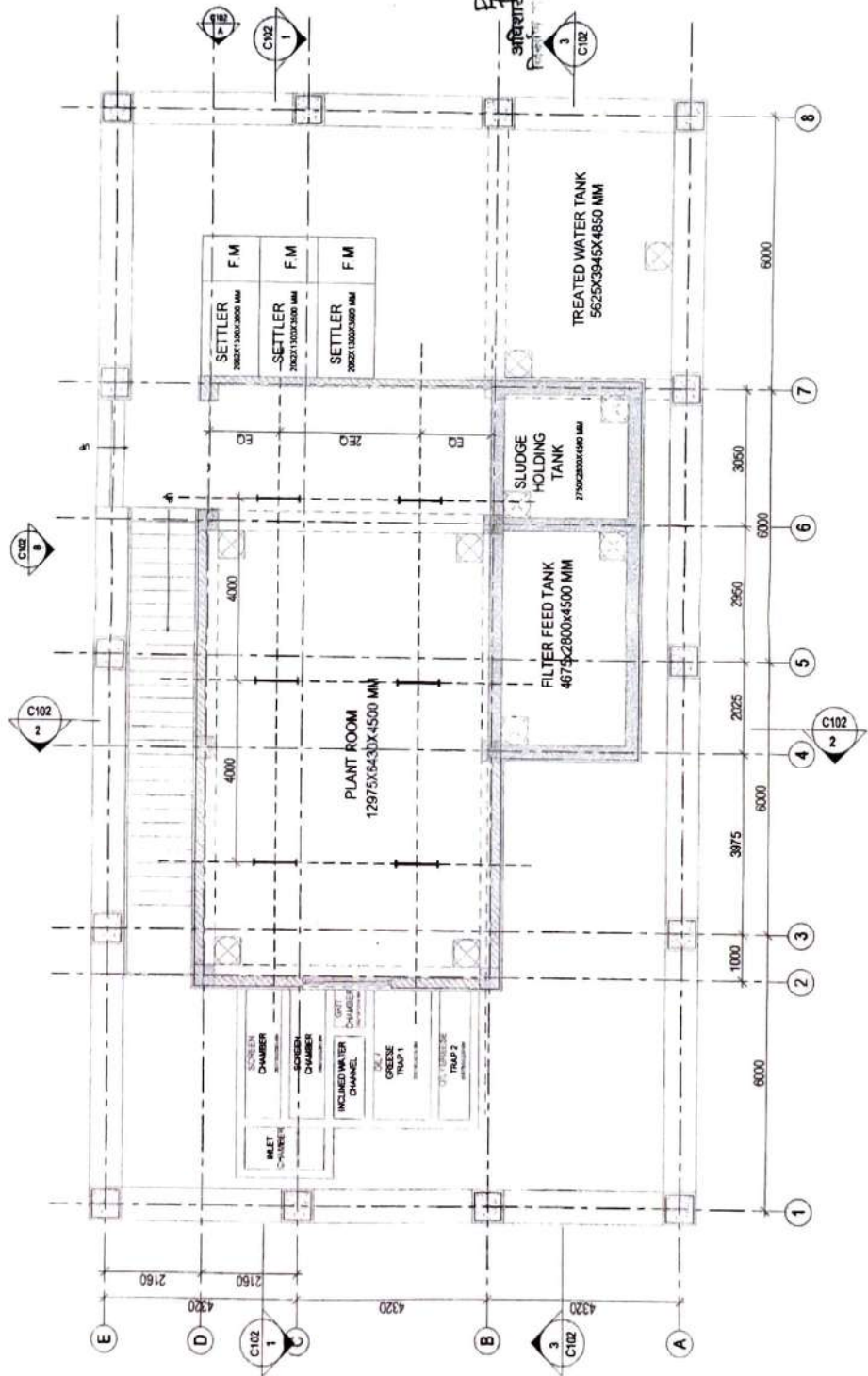
**1**

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**A2**

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CEILING MOUNTED LED TUBE LIGHT



**FLOOR PLAN AT +1200 MM LEVEL**

**REFLECTED CEILING PLAN - LIGHTING INTENT**

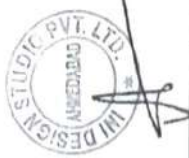
**SCALE 1:50**

**1**

*(Handwritten signature)*  
**(इं. विनय शिंक्वाण)**  
**अधिशाली अभियन्ता**  
**निर्माण खण्ड, लोनिगा**  
**पतवारी**



**Contract Note**  
 1. The contractor shall be responsible for the design and construction of the works shown on the drawings.  
 2. The contractor shall be responsible for the safety of the works and the public.  
 3. The contractor shall be responsible for the protection of the existing structures and services.  
 4. The contractor shall be responsible for the removal of the waste materials.  
 5. The contractor shall be responsible for the completion of the works within the stipulated time.  
 6. The contractor shall be responsible for the maintenance of the works during the construction period.  
 7. The contractor shall be responsible for the payment of the taxes and duties.  
 8. The contractor shall be responsible for the insurance of the works.  
 9. The contractor shall be responsible for the supply of the materials and labor.  
 10. The contractor shall be responsible for the execution of the works in accordance with the drawings and specifications.



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| NO. | REVISION | DATE |
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GOOD FOR CONSTRUCTION

अधिकासी अभियन्ता  
 निर्माण खण्ड, लोजि.पि.  
 प्रकाशी

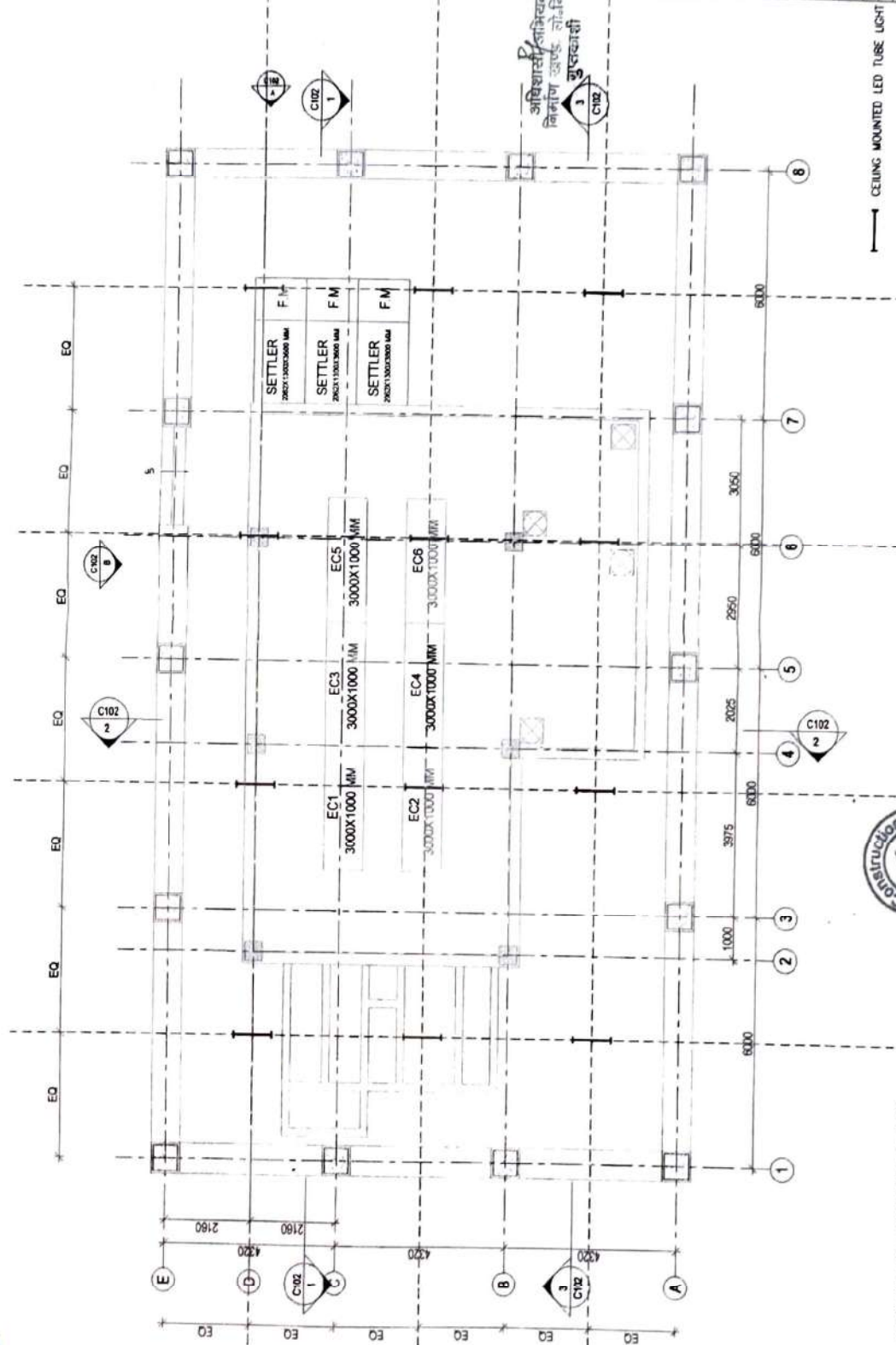
RENEWAL RESTORATION  
 AND REDEVELOPMENT

GOVERNMENT OF  
 UTTARAKHAND



SEWAGE TREATMENT PLAN  
 FLOOR PLAN AT +6000 MM LEVEL  
 REFLECTED CEILING PLAN  
 LIGHTING INTENT

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| NO. | REVISION | DATE |
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FLOOR PLAN AT +6000 MM LEVEL  
 REFLECTED CEILING PLAN - LIGHTING INTENT  
 SCALE 1:50



(इं. विनय झिक्वाण)  
 अधिकासी अभियन्ता  
 निर्माण खण्ड, लोजि.पि.  
 प्रकाशी







General Notes

|                |   |
|----------------|---|
| Page No. of 10 | 1 |
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REHMANI RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT

GOVERNMENT OF UTTARAKHAND

GENERAL CONTRACTORS PVT. LTD.

GENSTRU

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

6000 STP-ELECTROLYSS TECHNOLOGY

UTTRAKHAND

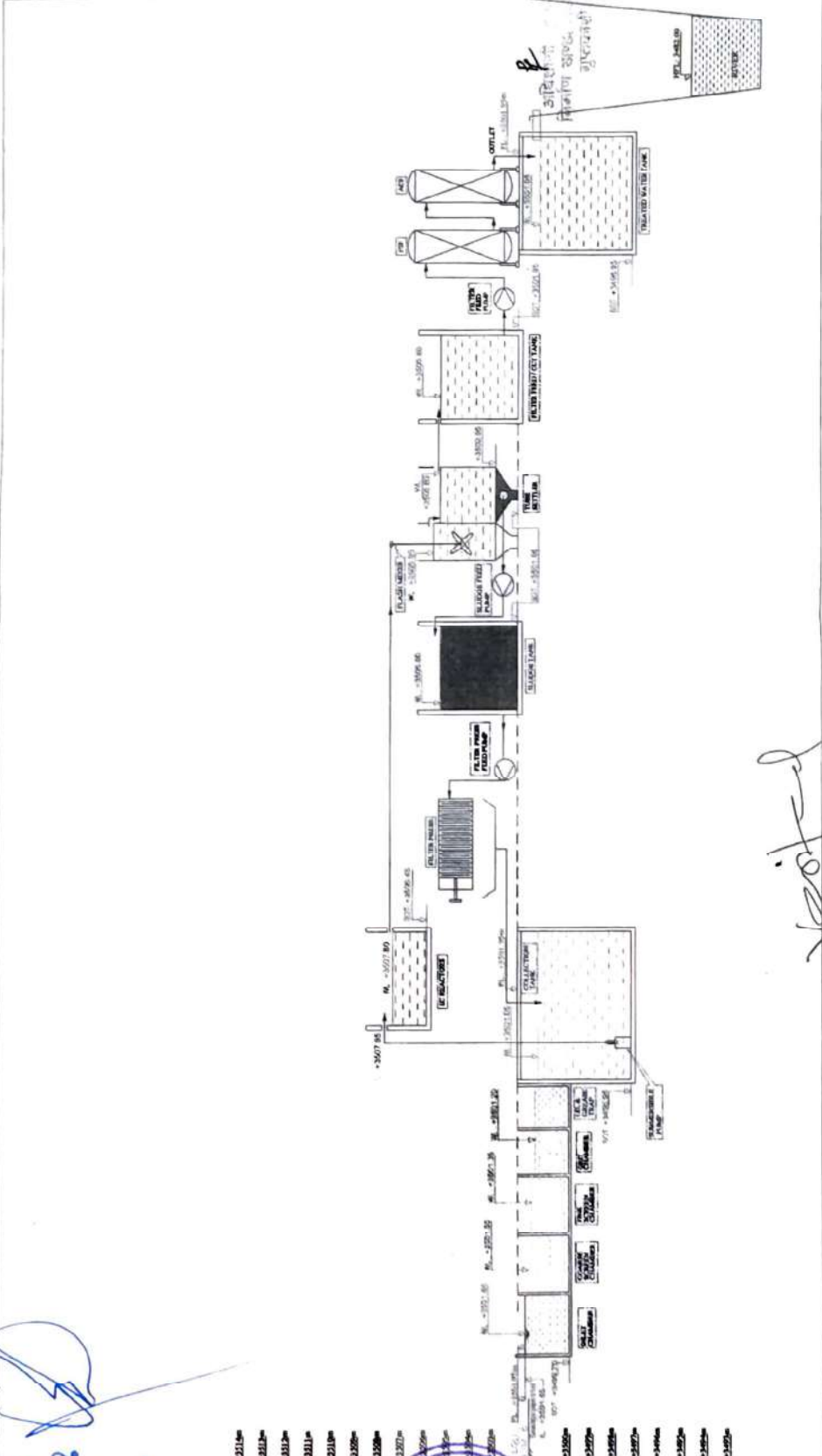
600 KLD STP

HYDRAULIC FLOW DIAGRAM

DATE: 11/03/25

SCALE: AS SHOWN

PROJECT NO: STP/600KLD/UTR/2024/0006



| ABBREVIATION |                       |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| GL           | EXISTING GROUND LEVEL |
| FL           | FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL  |
| LD           | LOAD DEPTH            |
| WL           | WATER LEVEL           |
| TOW          | TOP OF WALL           |
| BOU          | BOTTOM OF UNIT        |

| ABBREVIATION |                       |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| GL           | EXISTING GROUND LEVEL |
| FL           | FINISHED FLOOR LEVEL  |
| LD           | LOAD DEPTH            |
| WL           | WATER LEVEL           |
| TOW          | TOP OF WALL           |
| BOU          | BOTTOM OF UNIT        |

| REFERENCE DRAWINGS & DOCUMENTS DATE |                                  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1                                   | ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CALCULATION |
| 2                                   | HEAD LOSS CALCULATION            |

*Verified*

Dr. Abid Ali Khan  
Principal Investigator  
Deptt. of Environmental Engineering  
Jamia Millia Islamia  
New Delhi - 110025

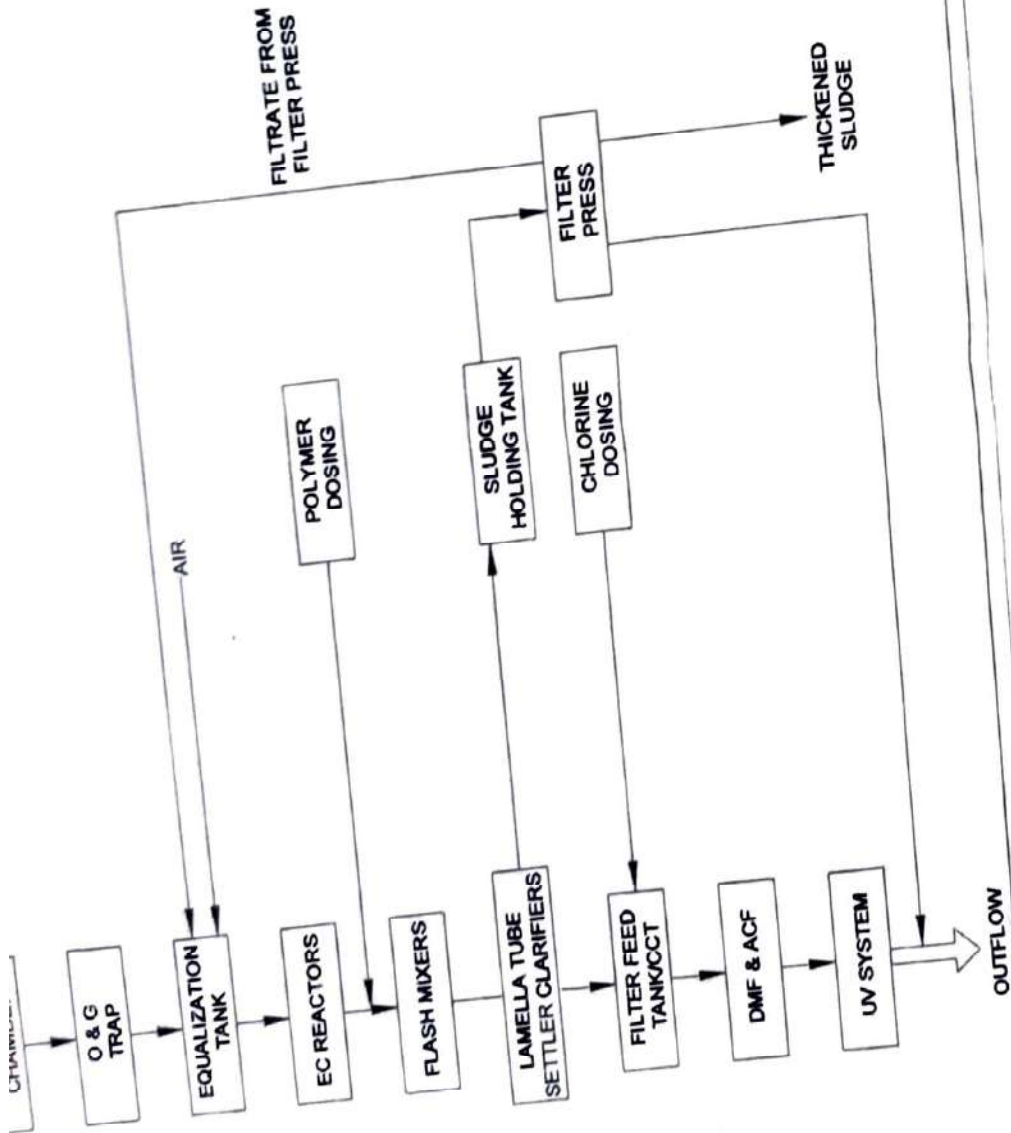


(इं. विनय झिंक्वाण)  
अधिसासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लौ.वि.दि.  
पुतकाशी



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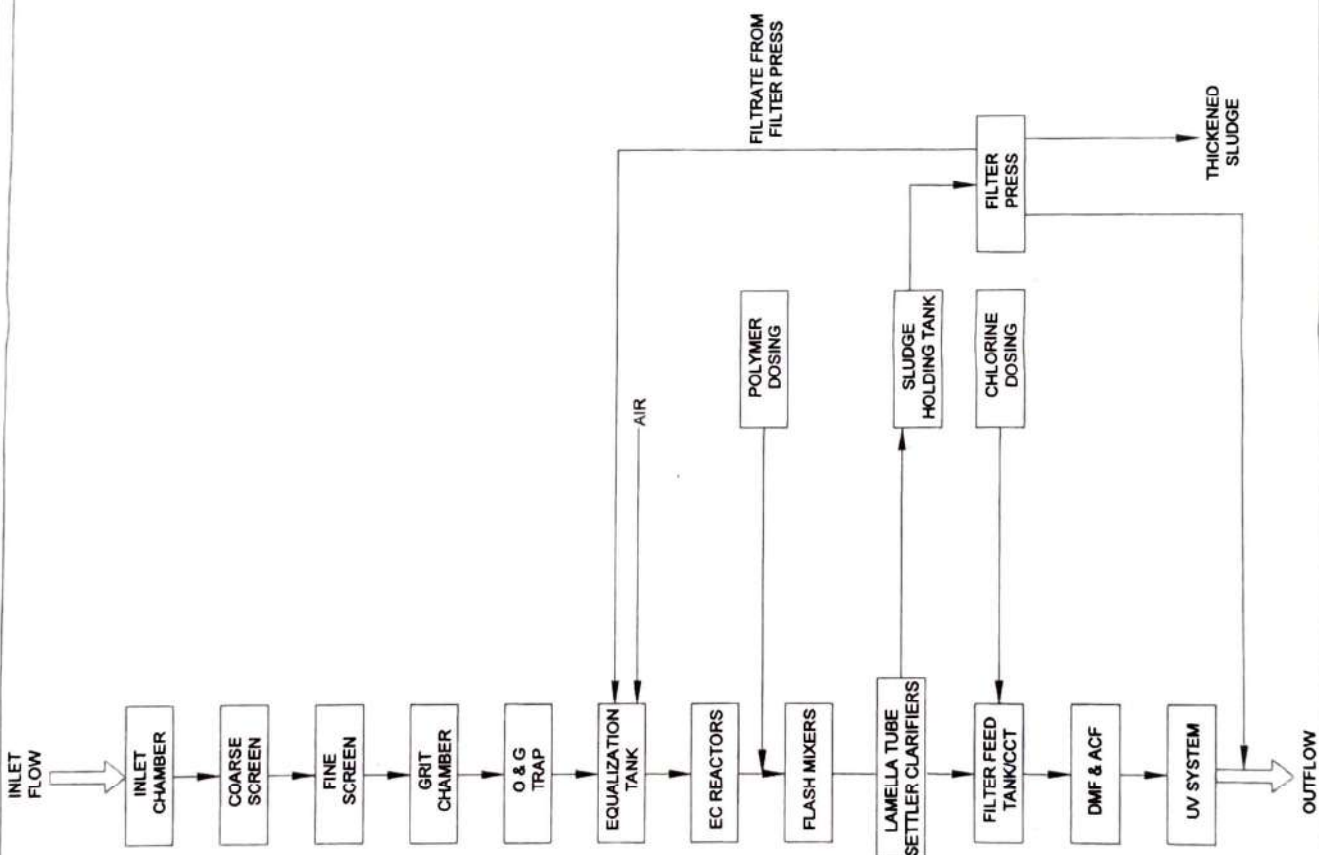
*[Handwritten Signature]*  
Dr. Feroz Ali Khan  
Principal Investigator  
Deptt. of Civil E.  
Jamia Millia Islamia  
New Delhi - 11





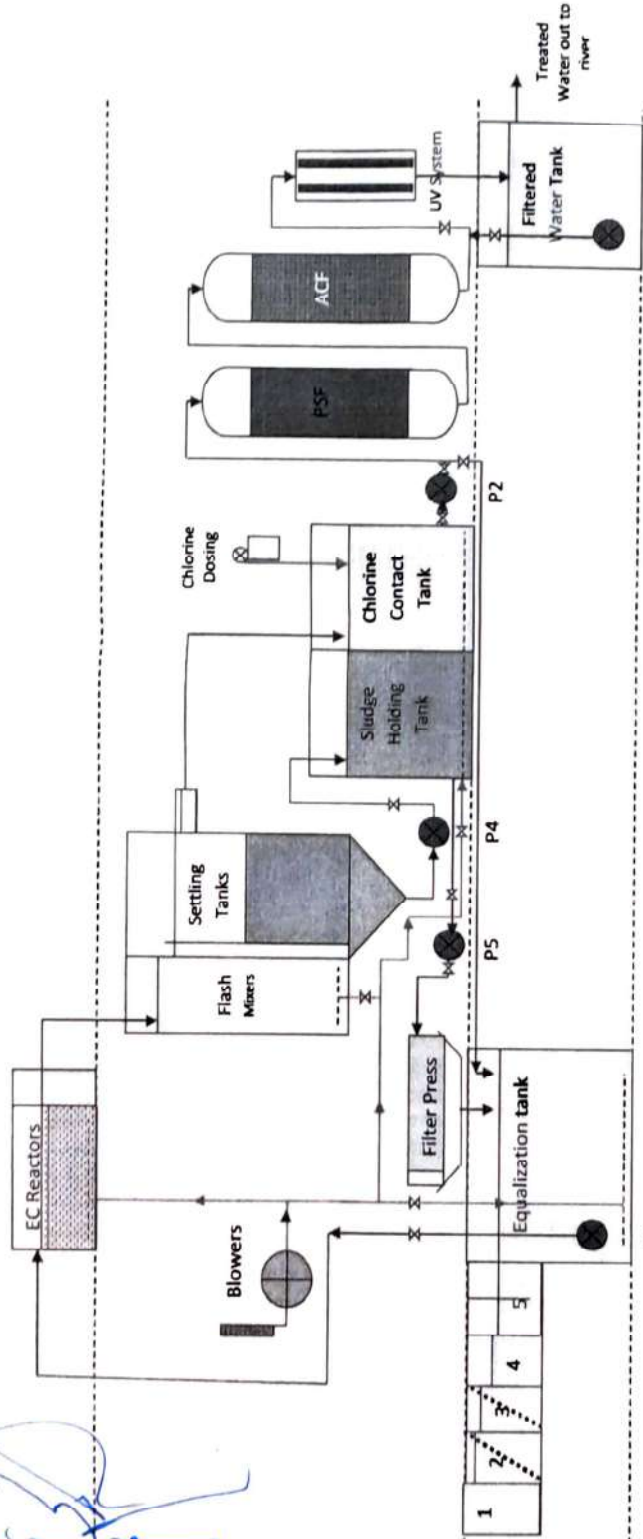
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| KDMATH RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT<br>GOVERNMENT OF UTTARAKHAND  |  |
| SANGHVI CONSULTANTS PVT. LTD.<br>G-10/1, Sector 10, Connaught Place, New Delhi - 110028  |  |
| SWAGE TREATMENT PLANT<br>BOND SR-ELECTROLYSIS TECHNOLOGY,<br>UTTARAKHAND<br>200 KLD STP<br>PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM<br>SHEET NO. A2<br>STP0000LUTRKHNDKYN006 |  |

Dr. Anil Kumar  
 Principal Investigator  
 Deptt. of Civil E.  
 Jamia Millia Islamia  
 New Delhi - 110028



(इं. विनय झिंक्वाण)  
 अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
 निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.रि.  
 राप्तकाशी





By  
अभिशासी अभियन्ता  
विनायक खन्डे  
मुम्बई

*Handwritten signature*  
Dr. Arshad Ali Khan  
Principal Investigator  
Dept. of Civil Engineering  
Jamia Millia Islamia  
New Delhi-110025



| Item Name                         | Description  | Qty   |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------|
| 1 Inlet Chamber                   | Civil Size: 900x1800x1500mm  | 1 Nos |
| 2 Coarse Screen Chamber           | Civil Size: 2900x800x1500mm  | 1 Nos |
| 3 Coarse Screen                   | SS Size 800x2000mm, with frame, 10mm slit/hole size, angle of inclination 60 degree    | 2 Nos |
| 4 Fine Screen Chamber             | Civil Size: 2900x800x1500mm  | 1 Nos |
| 5 Fine Screen                     | SS Size: 800x2000mm, with frame, 5mm hole size, angle of inclination 60 degree         | 2 Nos |
| 6 Grit Chamber                    | Civil Size: 900x900x1500mm   | 1 Nos |
| 7 Oil & Grease Chamber            | Civil Size: 900x1800x1500mm  | 1 Nos |
| 8 Equalization tank               | Civil Size: 9500x6000x4350-500mm FB, HRT 1.47  | 1 Nos |
| 9 Sewage Transfer Pumps           | Submersible cutter Pump, 30M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, 1.5M head, 5.5 KW, KBL                  | 3 Nos |
| 10 pH Correction System           | Dosing pump, 0 to 10 lph, 4 bar, Dosing tank 100 Ltr, HDPE, Asia IMI                   | 2 Nos |
| 11 Electrolytic Dosing System     | Dosing pump, 0 to 10 lph, 4 bar, Dosing tank 100 Ltr, HDPE, Asia IMI                   | 2 Nos |
| 12 Electrocoagulation Reactors    | MSEPP inside, MSEPP outside, size: 2000x1000x1800mm, No. of electrodes 52 Nos, 12V, DC | 6 Nos |
| 13 Flash Mixer                    | MSEPP Size: 1000x1000x2000mm, application free air                                     | 3 Nos |
| 14 Poly Electrolyte Dosing System | Dosing pump, 0 to 10 lph, 4 bar, Dosing tank 100 Ltr, HDPE, Asia IMI                   | 6 Nos |
| 15 Settling Tanks                 | MSEPP Size: 2000x2000x1900-1800 slant+500mm FB, Surface Area 16.8M <sup>2</sup>        | 3 Nos |
| 16 Chlorine Dosing System         | Dosing pump, 0 to 10 lph, 4 bar, Dosing tank 100 Ltr, HDPE, Asia IMI                   | 2 Nos |
| 17 Filter Feed/Cl2 Contact Tank   | Civil Size: 4015x2800x4000-500mm FB, HRT 95 minutes                                    | 1 Nos |

|    |                         |  |       |
|----|-------------------------|--|-------|
| P2 | Filter Feed Pumps       | Horizontal Centrifugal, 30M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, 28M head, 3.5KW, KBL                 | 3 Nos |
|    | Pressure Sand Filter    | MSEPP, Size, NOS 1800x600x2000mm, Media quantity 3800 Kgs, approx., graded sand    | 1 Nos |
|    | Activated Carbon Filter | MSEPP, Size, NOS 1800x600x2000mm, Media quantity 1600 Kgs, approx., GAC            | 1 Nos |
| P3 | Filter Backwash Pumps   | Submersible Pump, 45M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, 1.5M head, 3.7KW, KBL                      | 2 Nos |
|    | UV sterilizer Unit      | SS-316, 30M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, UV Dose 60000UW-sec/cm <sup>2</sup> , 200V AC, 1150W | 1 Nos |
|    | Filtered Water Tank     | Civil Size: 5x25x925x4350-500mm FB, HRT 2hrs 30minutes                             | 1 Nos |
| P4 | Sludge Transfer Pump    | Open Impeller Pump, 15M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, 1.5M head, 3.7KW, KBL                    | 2 Nos |
| P5 | Sludge Holding Tank     | Civil Size: 2750x2800x4000-500mm FB, HRT 1 hour                                    | 1 Nos |
|    | Filter Press Feed Pump  | Screw Pump, 5M <sup>3</sup> /Hr, 50M head, SS shaft, 3.3 KW, PTO                   | 2 Nos |
|    | Filter Press            | PP Reversed plates, 24"x24"x23 Nos, Sludge Holding capacity 990 Ltr, Hydraulic     | 1 Nos |
|    | Valves                  | Varied types, varied sizes depending upon the use, pipe size etc.                  | 1 Nos |

इं. विनायक खन्डे  
अभिशासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण ग्रुप, लोनिचि,  
मुम्बई



KEYMATHS RESTORATION AND REDEVELOPMENT

GOVERNMENT OF UTTARAKHAND

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT  
BODDLO STP-ELECTROLYSIS TECHNOLOGY  
UTTARAKHAND  
BODDLO STP  
PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM

DATE: 11/11/2021

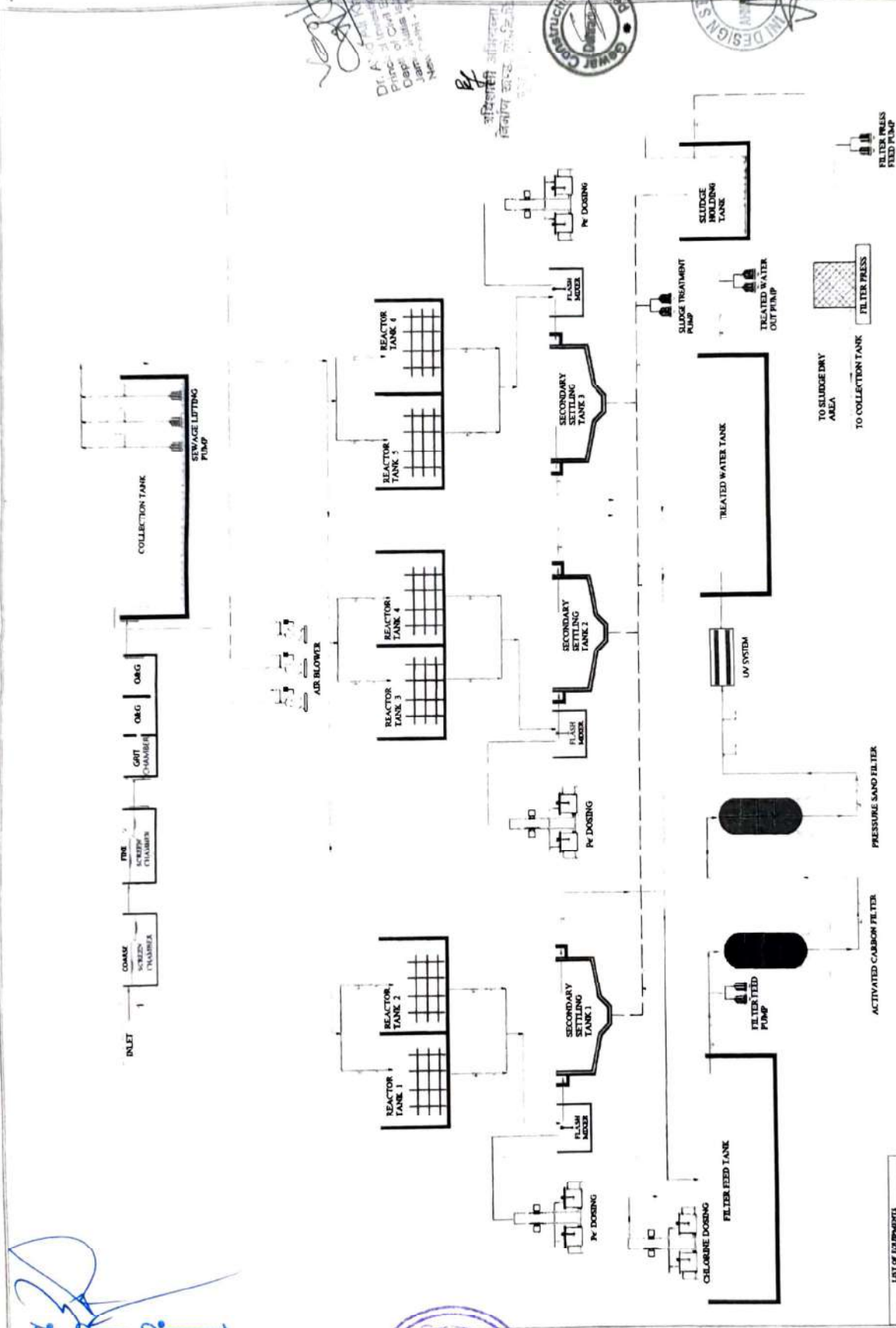
SCALE: AS SHOWN

PROJECT NO: 11/0025

Dr. A. Vinay Singhania  
 Principal Engineer  
 Dept. of Civil Engrs  
 Jammu, Ph.D. No. 11/2025  
 Date: 10/11/2025



अभिज्ञान अभियन्ता  
 विनय खन्ना, ए.सी.ई.



|            |                            |             |                        |
|------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| PROJECT    | WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT |             |                        |
| SCALE      | P & I DRAWING              |             |                        |
| DATE       | 10/11/2025                 | DRAWN BY    | DR. A. VINAY SINGHANIA |
| CHECKED BY | DR. A. VINAY SINGHANIA     | APPROVED BY | DR. A. VINAY SINGHANIA |
| NO.        | 285                        | SHEET NO.   | 01                     |

PROCESS & INSTRUMENTATION DRAWING

| LIST OF EQUIPMENTS |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|
| SYMBOL             | DESCRIPTION      |
| 1                  | MUFFLE VALVE     |
| 2                  | NON-RETURN VALVE |
| 3                  | RETURN VALVE     |
| 4                  | FLANGE           |
| 5                  | FLANGE           |
| 6                  | FLANGE           |
| 7                  | FLANGE           |

NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROVISION OF THE EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROVISION OF THE EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROVISION OF THE EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS.

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**SECTION VII**  
**CATALOGUES AND BROCHURES**




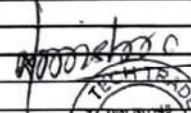


*Verified*  
*[Signature]*

Dr. Abid Ali Khan  
Principal Investigator  
Deptt. of Civil Engineering  
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## 7.1 Oil Skimmer

|  <b>UNIVERSAL TECH TRADE PVT. LTD.</b>   |   |
|---|---|
| TEST CERTIFICATE  |   |
| Product : Oil Skimmer   | INVOICE NO. : UTT/0573/21-22            |
|   | DATE : 25-09-21                         |
|   | CLIENT : Meridian Micro Technology      |
| <b>S.NO</b>   | <b>Description</b>                      |
| 1   | Make Universal                          |
| 2   | Model/Size UTT-OS100                    |
| 3   | Quantity 1Nos.                          |
| 4   | Size of Belt 4"x 2400 M End Less        |
| 5   | MOC Roller In GI & Other Parts in MS.   |
| 6   | RPM 48                                  |
| 7   | Type Horizontal Type Gear               |
| 8   | Motor 0.18kw/1450Rpm/Flanged            |
| 9   | Power Supply 3 Phase/415Volts           |
| 10  | Motor Make CG                           |
| 11  | Oil Removal Capacity 50 lph in pure oil |
| 12  | Connection Size: 1"                     |
| <br>        |   |
|   |   |
| Deals in : Water Supply Pump, Sewage Pump, Screw Pump, Dosing Pump, Filter Press, Centrifuge, Oil-Skimmer, U.V. System, Bio-Pac Media, Tube Deck Media, Air Diffusers & Agitator etc. |   |
| Regd. Office : G-12/6, Laxmi Park, Nangloi, New Delhi - 110043      Works : G-335, Adhyspak Nagar, Nangloi, New Delhi - 110043  |   |
| Ph. : 011-83089300 Mob. : 9973373288, 9910572578 E-mail : universaltechtrade@gmail.com www.universaltechtrade.com   |   |



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**ROOTS BLOWERS**
**AIR COOLED SERIES**



### EVEREST TWIN LOBE ROTARY AIR COMPRESSORS

*A complete range of Standard Blowers is available for flow rates from 25 m<sup>3</sup>/hr through 7,000 m<sup>3</sup>/hr in single stage and upto any capacity in parallel configurations, for working pressures upto 1 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>. They are available as total package units, ready to install or as bare blower units for replacement.*

Our technology is so flexible, we can custom manufacture "Special Air Blowers" by altering and cross fitting diverse designs to suit individual requirements and import substitutes.

#### STANDARD DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION FEATURES

- 100% oil free air delivery.
- Factory engineered, factory guaranteed, superior product.
- Alloy steel hardened and ground timing gears.
- Anti-friction bearings.
- Rotary oil sealings.
- Rigid one piece CI casing and side plates.
- Horizontal and vertical configurations available.
- Easy rotor timing setting.
- No vanes, valves or rings to wear.
- Large inlet and outlet connections for minimum loss.
- Improved volumetric efficiency and reduced operating temperatures.
- Alloy steel toughened shafts ground to close tolerances.

#### APPLICATIONS

- *Water Treatment Plants* For backwashing of filter/mixed beds.
- *Effluent Treatment Plants* For diffused aeration and agitation of effluent.
- *Cement Plants* For blending, Aeration, Fluidization, Conveying.
- *Aquaculture* For maintaining the dissolved Oxygen level.
- *Chemical Plants* For supplying of process air.
- *Electroplating Plants* For Oil Free air agitation of electrolyte.
- *Paper Plants* Knife edge coating, Drying, Conveying, Vacuum pickup.
- *Yarn Drying* Vacuum/Pressure Drying of Yarn.
- *Vacuum Moulding* For creating quick vacuum.
- *Polyester Chip Conveying & drying* For transfer of polyester Chips and other similar materials.
- *Bag Filters* For reverse cleaning of Filter bags.
- *Pneumatic Conveying* Vacuum, Pressure and Combination Conveying of cereals, cement, husk, bagasse, granules, powders and other similar material.
- *Regeneration of Dryers & Molecular Sieves.*





#### THE EVEREST ADVANTAGE

*Retain your advantage with factory genuine replacement parts.*

- All parts meet original manufacturing specifications and tolerances for guaranteed fit and function.
- Pre-packaged overall kits with detailed service manuals are available on request.

**WE JUST DON'T OFFER BLOWERS. WE OFFER SOLUTIONS!**

PRODUCT RANGE  
Air Movers—Water Cooled Blowers—Gas Blowers—Vacuums, Booster Pumps—Aspiratic Heads & Blowers—Dry Unit Pumps



**EVEREST** INDIAN MANUFACTURE

  
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7.3 Sewage Transfer Pump

KIRLOSKAR PUMPS

**ETERNA CW**

SEWAGE DE-WATERING SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS

| TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION   |   | FEATURES  |
|---|---|---|
| Head Range  | : Up to 78 Metres                           | <b>High Efficiency and Energy Saving Design</b><br>Innovative design manufactured at state of art plant, delivers optimum efficiency at lower energy consumption resulting in significant cost savings. |
| Discharge Range   | : Up to 4800 LPM                            |   |
| Power Rating  | : 0.75 to 18 kW (1 to 20 HP)                |   |
| Voltage Range   | : 380 to 440 Volts (Three phase)            |   |
| PH Value  | : 6.5 to 7.5                                |   |
| Medium Density  | : < 1000 kg/m <sup>3</sup>                  | <b>Easy Maintenance Features</b><br>Easy maintainable design and better interchangeability of components so that pump can be serviced even at remote locations by semi-skilled technicians.             |
| Protection  | : IP 68                                     |   |
| Consistency of Medium   | : < 1.2 x 10 <sup>6</sup> kg/m <sup>3</sup> | <b>Robust Construction</b><br>Heavy duty construction made from graded cast iron, carbon + silicon cast-steel mechanical and makes the pump suitable for sewage and sludge.                             |
| Mediums Ambient Temperature   | : 40 °C                                     |   |
| Insulation  | : T8/ T2 Class                              | <b>Replaceable Wearing Parts</b><br>All wearings parts within the pump are easily accessible and replaceable which facilitates ease of maintenance thereby extending the life of the pump.              |
| <b>MATERIAL OF CONSTRUCTION</b>   |   |   |
| Impeller  | : Cast Iron                                 |   |
| Delivery Casing   | : Cast Iron                                 | <b>Primarily Balanced Rotating Parts</b><br>Minimum vibrations protect components from damages during the operations, thus ensuring consistent performance as consistency is maintained.                |
| Motor Body  | : Cast Iron                                 |   |
| Pump Head   | : Carbon Steel                              |   |
| <b>APPLICATIONS</b>   |   |   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sewage pumping</li> <li>• Discharge from basements, multi-storys, shopping malls, godowns</li> <li>• Construction site</li> <li>• Discharge from ditches, trenches and pits</li> <li>• Flood water handling</li> </ul> |   |   |

**PERFORMANCE DATA OF 4800 LPM SEWAGE SUBMERSIBLE PUMPS, AT 400V 50HZ THREE PHASE AC POWER SUPPLY**

| S. No. | Pump Model | Power Rating |     | Flow (LPM) | Head (m) | TOTAL HEAD IN METERS |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | Min. Sub. Press. (m) |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|--------|------------|--------------|-----|------------|----------|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|        |            | kW           | HP  |            |          | 1                    | 2   | 3   | 4   | 5   | 6   | 7   | 8   | 9   | 10  |     |     |     |                      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|        |            | 1.0          | 1.5 |            |          | 2.0                  | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 7.0 |     |     |                      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 1      | TEW07      | 0.75         | 1   | 60         | 6000     | 00                   | -   | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400                  | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 |     |
| 2      | TEW07      | 1.5          | 2   | 120        | 3000     | 00                   | -   | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375                  | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 |
| 3      | TEW07      | 2.2          | 3   | 180        | 2000     | 00                   | -   | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350                  | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 |
| 4      | TEW07      | 3.0          | 4   | 240        | 1500     | 00                   | -   | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325                  | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 | 325 |
| 5      | TEW07      | 4.5          | 6   | 360        | 1000     | 00                   | -   | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300                  | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| 6      | TEW07      | 7.5          | 10  | 540        | 750      | 00                   | -   | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275                  | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 |
| 7      | TEW07-400  | 11           | 15  | 810        | 540      | 00                   | -   | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250                  | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 |
| 8      | TEW07-400  | 15           | 20  | 1080       | 400      | 00                   | -   | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225                  | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 | 225 |
| 9      | TEW07-400  | 22           | 30  | 1620       | 300      | 00                   | -   | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200                  | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| 10     | TEW07-400  | 30           | 40  | 2160       | 225      | 00                   | -   | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175                  | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 | 175 |
| 11     | TEW07-400  | 41           | 55  | 2880       | 160      | 00                   | -   | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150                  | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| 12     | TEW07-400  | 55           | 75  | 3800       | 120      | 00                   | -   | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125                  | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 |
| 13     | TEW07-400  | 75           | 100 | 5100       | 90       | 00                   | -   | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100                  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 14     | TEW07-400  | 11           | 15  | 1800       | 75       | 00                   | -   | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75                   | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  | 75  |

*Note: Performance applicable to liquid of specific gravity 1 and viscosity as at table.*



**KIRLOSKAR BROTHERS LIMITED**  
A Kirloskar Group Company  
Established 1885

Service Toll-Free No.  
**1800 103 4443**

Registered Office & Global Headquarters: 7, Namurji, Survey No. 95/10/1, Plot No. 3, Baram, Pune 411 045, State Maharashtra, India.  
Tel: +91 (20) 272 17 11, Fax: +91 (20) 6211050, Email: info@kirloskar.com, Web: www.kirloskarpumps.com, C.N. No. 1251/3P/11920PLC000670

  
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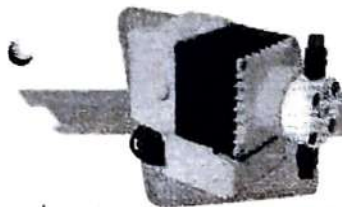
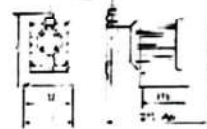
7.4 Dosing Pump

SERIES B



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

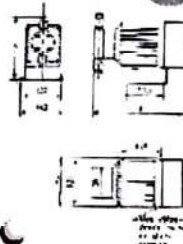
| PUMP MODEL      | CAPACITY  |         | MAX. INJ. PRESS. KG/CM <sup>2</sup> | DIAPHRAGM SIZE (Sq. In.) | DIMENSION DETAILS | SIZE OF TUBING OD x ID | NET WEIGHT  |
|-----------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---|
|                 | MIN CC/HR | MAX LPH |                                     |                          |                   |                        |   |
| B-11, B-71, B91 | 60        | 6.0     | 10.0                                | 0.9                      | 210               | 3/8" x 1/4"            | Plastic Liquid end 5.5 kg<br>Metallic Liquid end 6.0 kg |
| B-12, B-72, B92 | 95        | 9.5     | 7.0                                 | 0.9                      | 210               | 1/2" x 3/8"            |   |
| B-13, B-73, B93 | 170       | 17.0    | 3.5                                 | 1.8                      | 210               | 1/2" x 3/8"            |   |



SERIES D

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

| PUMP MODEL   | CAPACITY  |         | MAX. INJ. PRESS. KG/CM <sup>2</sup> | DIAPHRAGM SIZE (Sq. In.) | DIMENSION DETAILS |     | SIZE OF TUBING OD x ID | NET WEIGHT |         |
|--------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----|------------------------|------------|---------|
|              | MIN CC/HR | MAX LPH |                                     |                          | A                 | B   |                        | Metallic   | Plastic |
| D-10D-70D-90 | 50        | 5.0     | 10.0                                | 0.9                      | 210               | 278 | 1/2" x 3/8"            | 8.5 kg     | 9.0 kg  |
| D-11D-71D-91 | 100       | 12.0    | 9.0                                 | .8                       |                   |     |                        |            |         |
| D-12D-72D-92 | 150       | 17.0    | 7.0                                 | 1.8                      |                   |     |                        |            |         |
| D-13D-73D-93 | 250       | 25.0    | 4.0                                 | 3.0                      |                   |     |                        |            |         |
| D-14D-74D-94 | 600       | 90.0    | 1.5                                 | 6.0                      | 235               | 295 | 1/2" x 3/8"            | 9.0 kg     | 10.5 kg |



MATERIAL OF CONSTRUCTION


| PART                      | MATERIAL                |                         |                         |                         |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                           | PP                      | PVC                     | PVC                     | CFBM                    |
| HEAD                      | PP                      | PVC                     | PVC                     | CFBM                    |
| DIAPHRAGM                 | TEFLON FACED<br>HYPALON | TEFLON FACED<br>HYPALON | TEFLON FACED<br>HYPALON | TEFLON FACED<br>HYPALON |
| BALL                      | CERAMIC                 | CERAMIC                 | CERAMIC                 | CERAMIC                 |
| RINGS SEAL                | TEFLON                  | TEFLON                  | TEFLON                  | TEFLON                  |
| SUCTION / DISCHARGE VALVE | PVC                     | PVC                     | PVC                     | SS-316                  |
| ANTI-SIPHON VALVE         | PVC                     | PVC                     | PVC                     | SS-316                  |
| FOOT VALVE                | PVC                     | PVC                     | PVC                     | SS-316                  |
| TUBING                    | LDPE                    | LDPE                    | LDPE                    | LDPE                    |



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7.5 Filter Feed Pump



**Kanching Livera**

**KDS+**  
Three Phase Motorless Pumps


**KDT+**  
Motorless Pumps

Approximate performance of KDT+/KDS+/-, 3 Poles, Motorless Pumps, acrated voltage, 50 Hz, Three Phase A.C. Power Supply

| PUMP MODEL | POWER RATING | PIPE SIZE |     | TOTAL HEAD IN METRES          |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     | RAISED VOLTAGE (VOLTS) |     |     |     |
|------------|--------------|-----------|-----|-------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
|            |              | I/W       | O/D | CAPACITY IN LITRES PER SECOND |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     |     |
|            |              |           |     | 20                            | 22   | 24   | 26   | 28   | 30   | 32   | 34   | 36   | 38  | 40  | 42  | 44  | 46  | 48  | 50  |                        |     |     |     |
| KDT-544+   | 3.7          | 5.0       | 88  | 89                            | 8.8  | 8.2  | 7.6  | 7.0  | 6.5  | 6.0  | 5.5  | 5.0  | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.0                    | 0.5 | 0.0 | 400 |
| KDS-550+   | 5.7          | 6.0       | 50  | 49                            |      |      | 4.3  | 3.7  | 3.3  | 2.7  | 2.0  |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 400 |
| KDT-558+   | 3.7          | 6.0       | 80  | 49                            |      |      | 4.3  | 4.0  | 3.7  | 3.4  | 3.0  | 2.6  | 2.0 | 1.0 |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 400 |
| KDS-544+   | 5.8          | 7.5       | 88  | 88                            | 10.3 | 9.6  | 8.4  | 7.1  | 6.7  |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 400 |
| KDT-644+   | 6.8          | 7.5       | 89  | 88                            | 11.8 | 10.8 | 10.0 | 9.0  | 7.5  |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 400 |
| KDS-682+   | 5.5          | 7.5       | 65  | 50                            |      |      | 8.6  | 8.1  | 7.5  | 6.8  | 5.9  | 4.8  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 400 |
| KDT-654+   | 5.5          | 7.5       | 88  | 88                            |      |      | 7.3  | 7.0  | 6.5  | 6.0  | 5.5  | 5.0  | 4.2 | 2.7 |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 400 |
| KDS-1050+  | 7.5          | 10.0      | 88  | 88                            | 12.5 | 12.0 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 9.9  | 9.1  | 8.0  |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDT-1050+  | 7.5          | 10        | 80  | 86                            | 13.6 | 13.2 | 12.4 | 11.5 | 10.5 | 9.2  | 8.0  |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-1085+  | 7.5          | 10.0      | 88  | 50                            |      |      | 7.8  | 7.4  | 6.8  | 6.4  | 5.8  | 5.1  | 4.3 | 3.0 |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDT-1078+  | 7.5          | 10.0      | 88  | 50                            |      |      | 8.2  | 8.0  | 7.8  | 7.5  | 7.1  | 6.7  | 6.2 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 3.0 |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-1248+  | 9.3          | 12.5      | 80  | 88                            | 14.7 | 14.3 | 13.6 | 12.8 | 11.8 | 10.5 |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-1260   | 8.30         | 12        | 88  | 80                            | 12.3 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 11.0 | 10.0 | 9.0  | 8.0  |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDT-1272+  | 9.3          | 12.5      | 88  | 88                            |      |      | 11.5 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 9.8  | 9.2  | 8.0  | 7.8 | 7.2 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 2.5 |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDT-1288+  | 9.3          | 12.5      | 88  | 50                            |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-1555+  | 11.0         | 15.0      | 80  | 88                            |      |      | 16.2 | 15.5 | 14.8 | 14.0 | 13.2 |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-1570+  | 11           | 16        | 88  | 80                            |      |      | 13.0 | 12.7 | 12.5 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 10.7 | 9.7 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 6.5 |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-1575+  | 11.0         | 15.0      | 88  | 50                            |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDT-1580+  | 11.0         | 15.0      | 88  | 88                            |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDT-1598+  | 11.0         | 15.0      | 88  | 50                            |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-2050+  | 15.0         | 20.0      | 100 | 80                            | 20.4 | 20.0 | 19   | 18.0 | 17.0 | 16.4 | 15.0 |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDT-2070+  | 15.0         | 20.0      | 80  | 88                            |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDT-2085+  | 15.0         | 20.0      | 88  | 88                            |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-2560+  | 18.7         | 25.0      | 100 | 80                            |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |
| KDS-3060+  | 23.0         | 30.0      | 100 | 80                            |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |                        |     |     | 415 |

Note: KDT+/- pumps are KDT-544+, KDT-644+, KDT-1078+, KDT-1272+, KDT-1598+, KDT-2070+, KDT-2085+, KDT-2560+, KDT-3060+.  
KDS+/- pumps are KDS-550+, KDS-1050+, KDS-1085+, KDS-1260+, KDS-1555+, KDS-1570+, KDS-1575+, KDS-2050+, KDS-2560+, KDS-3060+.  
Ratings are approximate and subject to change without notice.



  
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 पुस्तकाशी





7.7 Filter Press & Screw Pump

# WASTE WATER TREATMENT EQUIPMENT



## POLYPROPYLENE FILTER PRESS

(Sizes - 12" - 30" Manual & Hydraulic Type)  
MAKE: UNIVERSAL

| Model      | Plate Detail Size | No. | MOC | Cake Holding Cap. | Filtration Area | Operating Pres. Bar | Tightening Mechanism |
|------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| UTFP-12X12 | 12"x12"           | 11  | PP  | 24 Ltrs.          | 1.62 M2         | 3.0 - 4.0           | Manual/Hydraulic     |
| UTFP-18X18 | 18"x18"           | 17  | PP  | 120 Ltrs.         | 8.20 M2         | 4.0 - 5.0           | Manual/Hydraulic     |
| UTFP-18X24 | 18"x24"           | 23  | PP  | 160 Ltrs.         | 8.26 M2         | 4.0 - 5.0           | Manual/Hydraulic     |
| UTFP-24X24 | 24"x24"           | 23  | PP  | 290 Ltrs.         | 15.58 M2        | 4.0 - 5.0           | Manual/Hydraulic     |
| UTFP-30X30 | 30"x30"           | 29  | PP  | 530 Ltrs.         | 31.10 M2        | 5.0 - 6.0           | Manual/Hydraulic     |

## SCREW PUMP



PROGRESSIVE CAVITY (Screw) PUMPS

FLOW RANGE : UP TO 100M<sup>3</sup>/H  
HOUSING : CI (IS 210FG 220)  
ROTOR : SS -AISI 316/410  
SHAFT : SS -AISI 316/410  
STATOR : Nitrile Black  
MAKE: Roto

## WATER & WASTE WATER PUMPS



Horizontal/Vertical Multistage Pump : MOC - SS 304/SS 316  
Flow Range : Up to 180 M<sup>3</sup>/h  
Head : Up to 240 Meter  
Sewage/ Drainage Pump :  
MOC - CI Impeller/Body & SS Shaft/ Solid - Up to 100MM  
MAKE: Wilo / Lea / Kirloskar

## UV SYSTEM



APPLICATION : Clear Water & Waste Water Treatment  
UV Lamp Type : Low pressure, high-performance quartz lamps  
RECOMMENDED UV LAMP LIFE : Up to 8500 Hours.  
BALLAST : Matched high frequency electronic ballasts.  
INPUT POWER : 230-240V AC, 50-60 Hz.  
UV CHAMBER : Electro-polished SS316L  
LAMP FAIL ALARM : Audiovisual  
MAKE : SUNRUT / UNIVERSAL



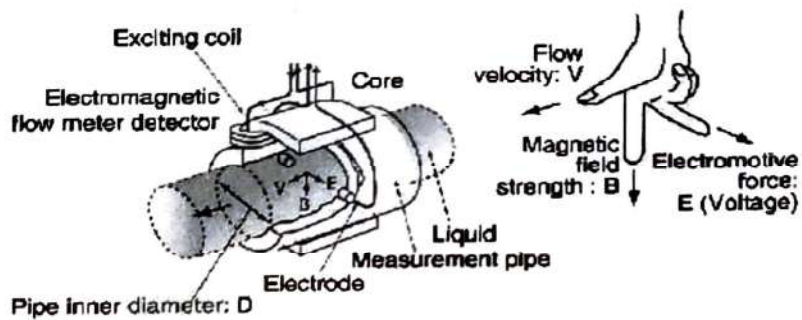
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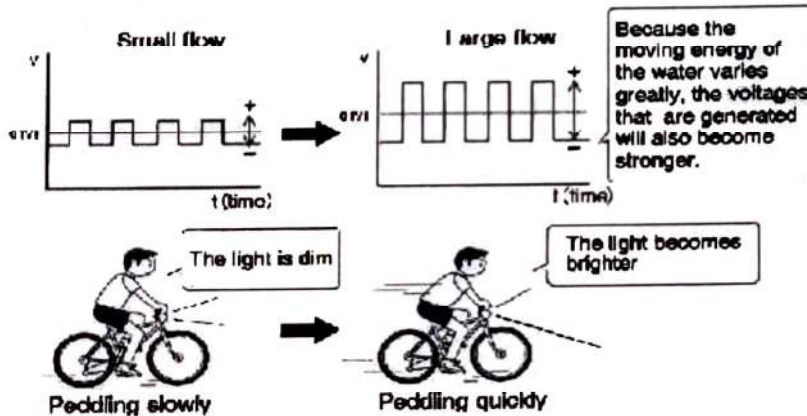
7.8 Electromagnetic Flowmeter

**PRINCIPLES**

Electromagnetic flow meters detect flow by using Faraday's Law of induction. Inside an electromagnetic flow meter, there is an electromagnetic coil that generates a magnetic field, and electrodes that capture electromotive force (voltage). Due to this, although it may appear as if there is nothing inside the flow pipe of an electromagnetic flow meter, flow can be measured. Under Faraday's law of induction, moving conductive liquids inside of a magnetic field generates an electromotive force (voltage) in which the pipe inner diameter, magnetic field strength, and average flow velocity are all proportional. In other words, the flow velocity of liquid moving in a magnetic field is converted into electricity. (E is proportional to  $V \times B \times D$ )



As the flow changes, the electromotive force (voltage) captured by the electrodes changes as follows.



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7.9 pH Meter

**pH/ORP METER** 

pH is the measure of the hydrogen ion concentration in a liquid. pH measures the acidity or alkalinity of a liquid. The pH scale is logarithmic and runs from 0.0 to 14.0 with 7.0 being neutral. Readings less than 7.0 indicate acidic solutions, while higher readings indicate alkaline or base solutions.

Chlorine and Ozone are the most common disinfectants used in the water and waste water treatment industry. Oxidation-reduction potential (ORP) is the parameter commonly used to measure REDOX reactions and is the only practical method we have to electronically monitor disinfectant effectiveness.



PO 650 pH/ORP



PO 650 pH/ORP with LCD




**WHY CHOOSE THIS METER**

- **TRACEABILITY?** to NABL/ BRL standards
- **PUSH BUTTON FRONT KEYS** for easy set up
- **INDIVIDUAL HIGH & LOW SET POINT RELAY** for alarm or signal to PLC or can be used for proportional acid/alkali dosing
- **PROGRAMMABLE CONTROL DELAY TIME TO PREVENT CHATTERING**
- **HYSTERISIS TO PREVENT RELAY CHATTERING**  
Hysteresis is the percentage of set point below which relay will reset after getting energized
- **IN-BUILT DIAGNOSTICS** for wrong calibration or sensor error
- **IN-BUILT ALARM ANNUNCIATOR** it's a facility to acknowledge high/low fault condition and reset relays by pressing the acknowledge key
- **MANUAL/AUTOMATIC** relay reset options

**ADVANCED OPTIONS AVAILABLE:**

- **AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION**
- **DUAL LINE BACKLIT LCD** which displays temperature and pH/ORP along with relay status
- **RS 485** for online monitoring/ data logging
- **ISOLATED 4-20 mA OUTPUT** with normal/inverse function and in-built current simulator

**APPLICATIONS**

|   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mineral Water<br>Plants   | Beverage<br>Industry  | Liquid Waste<br>Management  | Pharma &<br>Chemical  | Pulp & Paper<br>Industry  | Swimming<br>Pool  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

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35/1, Ganga Ghat, Bhat, Bhat, Akar, Wazir, Noida, U.P. India. Tel: 011-261-9911, 261-9912, 261-9913, 261-9914, 261-9915, 261-9916, 261-9917, 261-9918, 261-9919, 261-9920, 261-9921, 261-9922, 261-9923, 261-9924, 261-9925, 261-9926, 261-9927, 261-9928, 261-9929, 261-9930, 261-9931, 261-9932, 261-9933, 261-9934, 261-9935, 261-9936, 261-9937, 261-9938, 261-9939, 261-9940, 261-9941, 261-9942, 261-9943, 261-9944, 261-9945, 261-9946, 261-9947, 261-9948, 261-9949, 261-9950, 261-9951, 261-9952, 261-9953, 261-9954, 261-9955, 261-9956, 261-9957, 261-9958, 261-9959, 261-9960, 261-9961, 261-9962, 261-9963, 261-9964, 261-9965, 261-9966, 261-9967, 261-9968, 261-9969, 261-9970, 261-9971, 261-9972, 261-9973, 261-9974, 261-9975, 261-9976, 261-9977, 261-9978, 261-9979, 261-9980, 261-9981, 261-9982, 261-9983, 261-9984, 261-9985, 261-9986, 261-9987, 261-9988, 261-9989, 261-9990, 261-9991, 261-9992, 261-9993, 261-9994, 261-9995, 261-9996, 261-9997, 261-9998, 261-9999, 261-10000.



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## 7.10 UV Sterilizer

ACE HYGIENE PRODUCTS PVT. LTD.



## Alfa UV Technical Specifications Sheet

|            |                                      |                                  |
|------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Sizing     | Model                                | WL12                             |
|            | Flow Rate                            | 30.0 m <sup>3</sup> /hr          |
|            | UV Dose                              | 60,000 uW-sec/cm <sup>2</sup>    |
|            | UV Transmission (per cm)             | 99%                              |
| Electrical | Voltage                              | 220-240V / 50-60Hz               |
|            | Maximum Power Consumption (W)        | 1370 W                           |
|            | Number of Lamps                      | 12                               |
|            | Max. Lamp Cable Length (meters)      | 4.5                              |
|            | Ballast Type                         | Electronic with Programmed Start |
| Reactor    | MOC                                  | Stainless Steel 316L             |
|            | End Connections                      | 3" BSP (M)                       |
|            | Max. Operating Pressure              | 90 psi                           |
|            | Max. Operating Temperature           | 45 degrees C                     |
|            | Max. Sanitization Temperature        | 90 degrees C (lamps turned off)  |
|            | Quartz Jacket MOC                    | High Purity Quartz (UVT > 95%)   |
| Features   | Lamp Status Indicator                | Yes                              |
|            | Lamp Running Hour Counter            | Yes                              |
|            | UV Intensity Meter w/ 4-20 mA Output | Optional (UVM710)                |

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Lower Panel (W), Mumbai 400012, India.  
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## 7.11 Tube Deck Media

**TECHNICAL DATA SHEET FOR TUBE SETTLER MEDIA**



| MODEL                                 | R-T-V                   |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| PLAN SETTLING AREA OF MEDIA           | 12 MPMP (60° SLOPE)     |
| LAYING ANGLE                          | 60 DEG. FROM HORIZONTAL |
| STRUCTURE                             | HEXAGONAL CHEVRON       |
| STRAIGHT HEIGHT OF MEDIA              | 750 MM & 1000 MM        |
| MOC OF MEDIA                          | PVC                     |
| THICKNESS                             | 3.8 MM                  |
| FITTING ARRANGEMENT                   | TONGUE & GROOVE         |
| CROSS SECTIONAL AREA                  | 76 MM X 60 MM           |
| MAX CONTINUOUS OPERATING TEMPERATURE  | 60° CELSIUS             |
| ACTUAL PLAN AREA OF EACH TUBE SETTLER | 68.72 MP                |
| COLOUR                                | BLACK                   |
| SETTLING VELOCITY                     | 0.80 m/min              |
| SLR                                   | 1.70 MPMP/HK            |
| ANGLE CORRECTION                      | 0.43 M                  |
| WIDTH OF INLET LAUNDER                | 0.30 M                  |
| HOPPER SLOPE                          | 60.0 DEGREES            |
| TOTAL NO. OF HOOPERS                  | 4                       |
| HOPPER DEPTH                          | 1.66 M                  |
| WEIR LOADING RATE                     | 138 MPMP/DAY            |
| TOTAL WEIR LENGTH                     | 14.67 M                 |

5



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**SECTION VIII**

**VETTED DOCUMENT OF**  
**ELECTROCOAGULATION**  
**TECHNOLOGY**

**STP IN UTTARAKHAND FOR REFERENCE**  
**(ANNEXURE – B)**



A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be "Vinit Singh".

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**Dr. Vivek Kumar**  
Associate Professor

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**INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY DELHI**  
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E-mail : vivekk@iitd.ac.in

RefNo: IITD/CRDT/E-18732

03/07/2018

KK Rastogi  
General Manager  
Office of General Manager, Construction Circle (Ganga)  
Uttarakhand Pey Jal Nigam, Haridwar (U.K.)

Dear Sir,

This is with reference to the vetting of 18 EC technology based STPs of Uttarakhand. Earlier we had sent 18 reports excluding the performance of EC Reactor. Now we are ready with 10 days performance analysis report of the pilot plant we had installed at IIT Delhi. Plant performance is now satisfactory and consistent. Find enclosed herewith vetting of Electrocoagulation technology for sewage treatment.

Thanking You,

Sincerely Yours,

Vivek Kumar



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### Introduction

A pilot scale electro-coagulation plant has been installed at the IIT Delhi premises for the purpose of performance analysis and process optimization. 1 m<sup>3</sup>/hr plant is installed at micro-model premises near an open unconstructed (Kachha Nala) drain. Drain carries the domestic waste water of Katwaria Sarai village, and IIT Delhi's staff colony. Units of the plant were transported from Coimbatore (M/s Confident Engineering) and installed on a concrete platform. A flowchart of the pilot scale plant shown in fig 1.

The primary focus of the study was to analyze performance of the plant with respect to selected parameters and further optimize the performance as per the targeted values of the selected parameters. Targeted values of the various parameters are shown in table 1. These values are the discharge norms as per the DNIT and Contract.

**Table 1: Treated water parameters as per contract**

| S. No. | Parameter                                    | Values  |
|--------|--|---------|
| 1.     | pH   | 6.7-7.0 |
| 2.     | TSS, mg/L                                    | <10     |
| 3.     | BOD, mg/L                                    | <10     |
| 4.     | COD, mg/L                                    | <50     |
| 5.     | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (as N) mg/L          | <10     |
| 6.     | Ammonia Nitrogen (as N) mg/L                 | <5      |
| 7.     | Total Phosphorous (as PO <sub>4</sub> ) mg/L | <2      |
| 8.     | Fecal Coliform Count (MPN)                   | <100    |

Before the installation of plant, survey of drain and sampling of wastewater was carried out at various point and time to observe variation in parameters to ease the plant operation. Based on the study it is found that peak flow and pollutant load occur at two times in a day, 8:00-10:00 AM in the morning and 8:00-10:00 PM in the evening. Sampling at Nala was done for 24 hours at the interval of 2 hours. Wastewater parameters were analyzed in CRDT, IIT Delhi following standard methods (table 2). The characteristics of wastewater flowing in the drain is shown in table 3. For the treatment purpose wastewater is being pumped from kaccha Nala, upstream (u/s)



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(about 20-30 m from the plant) to 3000 L storage tank by a 1 HP pump having 14 m<sup>3</sup>/hr rated capacity and 8 m head. Pump is placed at the bank of the Nala. From the collection tank wastewater flows through the treatment plant by gravity and pump. Finally treated water is being used for gardening purposes. Pilot scale plant is being run at various daytimes on batch basis from morning 6 am to evening 10 pm to study the impact of variation in the flow and pollution load rate on the treatment performance of the plant. The treatment plant based on electrocoagulation technology consisted of EC reactor, followed by online ozone dosing, lamella clarifier, MGF, and ACF. Detailed design parameters of the pilot plant after modification are presented from tables 4a to table 4c.

**Table 2: Methods and reference used for wastewater parameters**

| Parameters                             | Method                              | Procedure Reference |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| pH                                     | Used a Labman scientific instrument | -                   |
| COD (mg/L)                             | Closed Reflux method                | 5220 B              |
| BOD (mg/L)                             | Winkler method                      | 5210 B              |
| TSS (mg/L)                             | Filtration method                   | 2540 D              |
| Total phosphorus (as PO <sub>4</sub> ) | Colorimetric test                   | 4500-PD             |
| Fecal Coliform (MPN)                   | -                                   | 9221 B-C            |

**Table 4: Analysis of Drain wastewater**

| Parameters           | Range (Average)                                      |
|----------------------|--|
| pH                   | 6.5-7.2 (6.85)                                       |
| COD (mg/L)           | 190-362 (332)  |
| TSS (mg/L)           | 170-400 (310)  |
| TDS (mg/L)           | 800-1100 (1030)                                      |
| EC (μs)              | 1330-1650 (1200)                                     |
| Fecal coliform (MPN) | 5.60-9.80 × 10 <sup>4</sup> (820 × 10 <sup>4</sup> ) |

**Table 4 (a): Equalization tank**

| Descriptions                                       | Parameters         |
|--|--------------------|
| Volume of the tank                                 | 0.5 m <sup>3</sup> |
| Retention time Actual/design @ 1 m <sup>3</sup> /h | 30 min             |
| Retention time peak (Assuming peaking factor 3)    | 10 min             |
| Ozone applied in equalization tank                 |                    |
| Rate of Ozone dosing                               | 3 g/m <sup>3</sup> |



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Table 4 (b): Electro-Coagulation tank detailed description

| Description                                  | Value  |
|--|--|
| Design flow                                  | 1 m <sup>3</sup> /h                                      |
| Peak flow (Assuming peaking factor 3)        | 3 m <sup>3</sup> /h                                      |
| Dimension (L*W*d) of the EC tank (meter)     | 0.465*0.390*0.903  |
| EC tank Volume                               | 0.1637 m <sup>3</sup>                                    |
| One plate Dimensions (L*W*thickness) (meter) | 0.6*0.3*0.004  |
| One plate one side surface area              | 0.18 m <sup>2</sup>                                      |
| Total one plate surface area                 | 0.36 m <sup>2</sup>                                      |
| Total number of electrodes                   | 53 No's  |
| Gaps between two electrodes                  | 5 mm   |
| Total volume occupied by electrodes          | 0.03816 m <sup>3</sup>                                   |
| EC tank effective volume                     | 0.12554 m <sup>3</sup>                                   |
| Current                                      | 6 amp  |
| Optimum power range                          | 300-500 watts  |
| Optimum energy density range                 | 15.72 – 26.20 (watts/total surface area m <sup>2</sup> ) |
| Total plates surface area                    | 19.08 m <sup>2</sup>                                     |
| Retention time Design                        | 7.5324 min   |
| Retention time Peak                          | 2.51 min   |
| Maximum electrodes consumption               | 10 g/ m <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> of sewage )         |

Table 4 (c): Other Pilot scale plant unit's capacities

| Descriptions                      | Parameters                        |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Flash Mixer Tank Dimension Volume | 0.6*0.54*0.7                      |
| Flash Mixer Tank Volume           | 0.2268 m <sup>3</sup>             |
| Lamella Tube settler dimensions   | 4.18 m <sup>3</sup>               |
| Area                              | 3.05 m <sup>2</sup>               |
| Angle                             | 55                                |
| MGF and ACF Dimensions            | 1.450 m Height and 0.5 m diameter |
| Area                              | 0.196 m <sup>2</sup>              |

## Methodology:

After initial performance analysis on the basis of COD, SS, and TDA it was found that plant was neither stable nor performing as per the set targets. Further detailed design of the plant was



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studied and after discussion with M/s Confident Engineering, process optimization study was carried out to achieve discharge norms and stable performance of the plant. Parameters chosen for, optimization study were Power density, gaps between electrodes, location of ozone treatment, change in the angle of Tube settler media.

### Results and Discussion:

Electro coagulation unit was run at 6 Amp constant current using iron electrodes plates with varying power density 13.10-26.20 (watts/ m<sup>2</sup>). Tube settler media was adjusted at different angles varying from 45-60°. Angle 55° is found more suitable for proper particle settlement, the same is described in literature also. Location of ozone treatment has a significant impact on pollutant removal efficiency, ozone treatment was tried at two different locations keeping dosing rate constant, (i) after tertiary treatment (MGF and ACF) and (ii) before EC treatment. Ozone treatment before EC reactor has shown significant pollution reduction efficiency, therefore ozone treatment was continued before EC reactor for further work. The gap between two electrodes was varied -4 mm gap (58 No's plates), 5 mm gap (53 No's plates), 6 mm and 10 mm gap (39 No's & 24 No's plates) and uniformity of space electrodes was also maintained. 5 mm gap was found suitable as it enhance contact between wastewater and electrodes, which leads high performance. Lesser gap was not found suitable probably due to the fact that very low gap creates problems in cleaning which leads low performance. Higher gap is not found suitable too, probably it results in poor contact between wastewater and electrodes. After optimization of all the above variables, electrode gap was fixed at 5 mm, Tube settler media at 55°, and Ozone-treatment location at before EC and then optimization of power density was carried out by varying it from 13.10-26.20 (watts/ total surface area m<sup>2</sup>) keeping current constant at 6 amp. Range of power density 15.72 - 26.20 watts/total surface area m<sup>2</sup> was found achieving almost similar result. At the optimum conditions outlet parameters were found under target limits. After optimization study plant performance was studied for 10 days continuously and the results are presented in table 5. It is clear from the results that now plant is performing well and achieving treated water quality targets shown in table 1.



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Table 5: Analyzed parameters of pilot scale EC plant

| Parameter                              | Inlet Range (Average)                                 | Outlet range (Average) |
|--|---|------------------------|
| pH                                     | 7.15-7.34 (6.85)                                      | 7.25-7.39 (7.3)        |
| COD (mg/L)                             | 190-362 (332)   | 28-48 (36)             |
| BOD (mg/L)                             | 70-270 (240)  | 8-9.7 (8.6)            |
| TSS (mg/L)                             | 170-360 (290)   | 7.5-13.5 (9.5)         |
| Total phosphorus (as PO <sub>4</sub> ) | 4.6-5.8   | 0.9-1.7 (1.5)          |
| Fecal Coliform (MPN)                   | 5.60-9.80 × 10 <sup>4</sup> (8.20 × 10 <sup>4</sup> ) | 80-95 (84)             |

**Recommendation:**

Following are the recommendation for the implementation in all the 18 plants to be installed:

1. Ozone treatment should be done before EC reactor
2. Plate spacing in EC reactors should be kept at 5 mm.
3. EC plants need to be operated at the energy density range from 16-26 Watt/total plate surface area m<sup>2</sup>.
4. Angle of the media in lamella clarifier should be kept around 55°
5. Polishing treatment

**Conclusion:** The EC based treatment plant in IIT Delhi is performing consistently now. The retention time of EC reactor is much lower than any biological reactor with better plant performance. Therefore the foot print of EC based treatment system will be much lower than conventional treatment system. The treatment system also reduces fecal coliform significantly due to the ozone addition. It is also reported in the literature that ozone is a better option for disinfection as compare to conventional disinfection treatment technologies.



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निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.दि.  
फ्तकाशी

*Vivek*  
Dr. Vivek Kumar  
Associate Professor  
Centre for Rural Development & Technology  
Indian Institute of Technology Delhi  
Hauz Khas, New Delhi-110016, INDIA



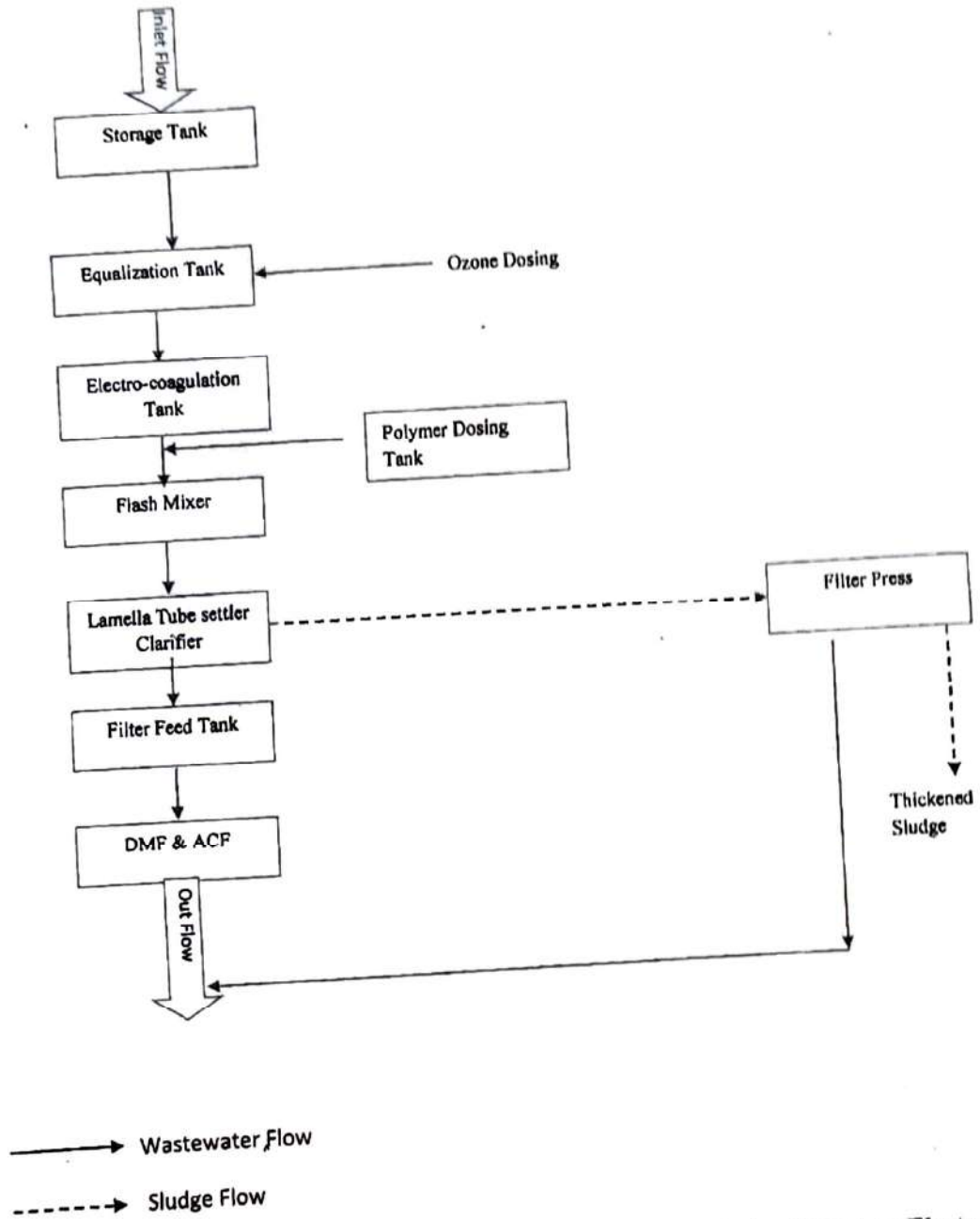


Figure 1: Schematic flow chart of pilot scale sewage treatment plant based on Electro-coagulation in IIT Delhi

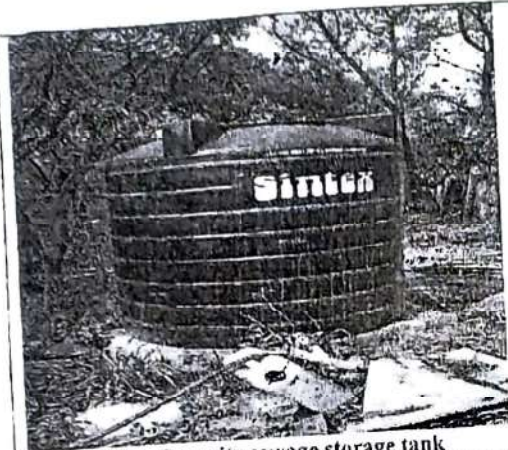


  
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Photos and Video of pilot scale plant installed in IIT Delhi



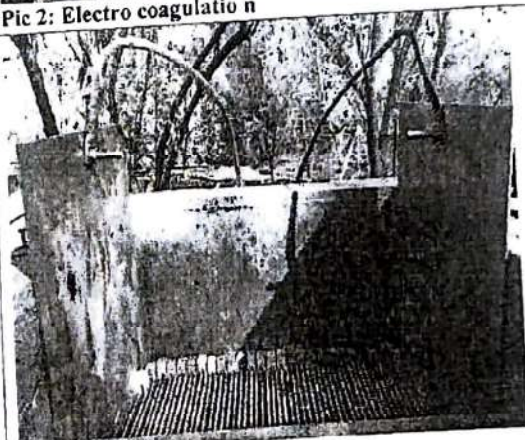
Pic 1: 3000 L Capacity sewage storage tank



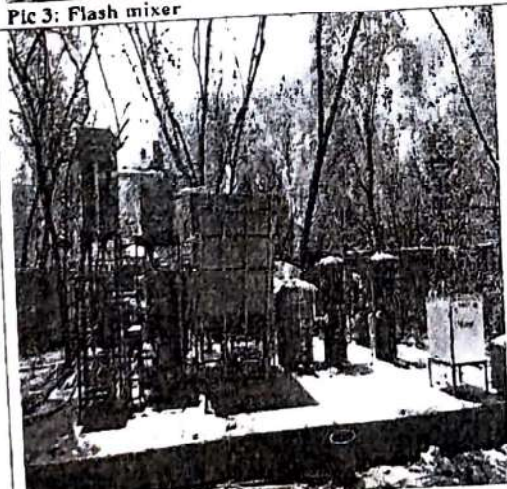
Pic 2: Electro coagulation



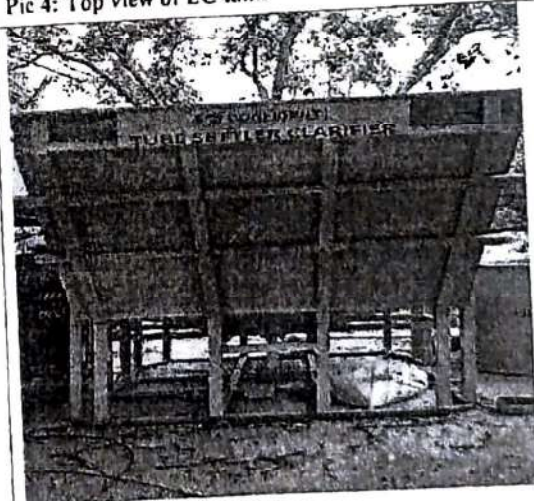
Pic 3: Flash mixer



Pic 4: Top view of EC tank



Pic 5: Pilot scale plant



Pic 6: Lamella tube settler



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Indian Institute of Technology Delhi  
Hauz Khas, New Delhi-110016, INDIA



**Design criteria on  
STP-1, 75KLD, ANOOP NEGI SCHOOL,  
RUDRAPRAYAG,  
Distt. - Rudraprayag (Uttarakhand)**

**SUBMITTED TO:**

Project Manager  
Uttarakhand Peyjal Nigam  
Dehradun

**SUBMITTED BY:**

TECHNICAL CONSULTANCY SERVICES  
14-C, ARAWALI ENCLAVE, GMS ROAD, DEHRADUN  
Phone:- (0135) - 2720017, 2720018 (FAX), 9997093344  
E-mail: tcsdoon@yahoo.com, fcsdoon@gmail.com



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निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.दि.  
पुस्तकाशी



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एतकाशी



**1. Introduction:-**

This report concerns with the design assumptions considered while designing proposed various STP buildings in Uttarakhand. This report includes design philosophy and various loadings taken into account while modeling and designing different structural members. The substructure and upto plinth level the building is of RCC and above it the building is of structural steel. For fast construction the contractor has agreed to procure steel tanks for various treatment processes.

**2. Design philosophy and modeling:-**

The building had been designed as framed structure and modeling had been done using finite element based software ETABS v9.7.4. Column and beam elements had been modeled as frame elements while slab had been modeled as shell element. Foundation had been considered fixed at least 1.2m below stilt for foundation resting on soil and at least 300mm for footing resting on rock. To incorporate the cracked section properties of concrete members the following property modifiers had been considered while modelling:  
 Column - 0.7; beam - 0.35 and slab - 0.25.

Since the building is in earthquake prone area, ductile detailing as per IS-13920 had been followed.

**3. Soil:**

Safe bearing capacity of soil has been considered as per the concerned building soil report.

**4. Material Properties:**

Concrete: M-25;  $E_c = 25000 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ; Density =  $25 \text{ kN/m}^3$ .  
 Steel: Fe500D;  $E_s = 2.0E+5 \text{ MPa}$ ; Density =  $78 \text{ kN/m}^3$ .  
 Structural steel - E250 (BR); Bolt grade - 10.9;  
 Welding electrode (As/ IS 814) - EX41XX with a ultimate stress of 410-510 MPa and a min yield stress of 330 MPa;  
 Steel deck - 6mm thk chequered plate.

**5. Loadings:**

This section includes various loading applied on the structure to design various elements.

**5.1. Live loads:**

|              |   |                     |
|--------------|---|---------------------|
| STP tank     | - | 30kN/m <sup>2</sup> |
| Machine area | - | 5kN/m <sup>2</sup>  |

**5.2 Super Imposed dead loads (SIDL):**

Decking is of steel chequered plate only painting shall be done to protect from corrosion. Weight of steel deck has been taken while modelling.



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 विभागीय अफिस, लखनौ  
 उत्तरांचल प्रदेश



### 5.3 Earthquake loads:

Following parameters has been considered for earthquake loading:

Zone IV; Z = 0.24; Soil type: II; R = 4 (Steel building with ordinary braced frame);

Importance factor = 1.0; Damping ( $\zeta$ ) = 2%.

Calculation of base shear:

$$T_b = 0.085 * h^{0.75};$$

Percentage of live load considered for seismic weight is 50%.

### 5.4 Wind loads:

$V_b = 47 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $V_z = k_1 * k_2 * k_3 * V_b$ ; Terrain category - 2; Building class - B

Maximum force =  $C_f * A * P_z$ .

### 6. Load combinations:

The following load combinations have been considered for designing structural elements:

A) Limit state of serviceability:

DL + LL

DL + EQ

DL + 0.8 LL + 0.8 EQ

B) Limit state of collapse:

1.5 DL + 1.5 LL

1.5 DL + 1.5 EQ

0.9 DL + 1.5 EQ

1.2 DL + 1.2 LL + 1.2 EQ

Where, DL is dead load, LL is live load and EQ is earthquake loads.

### 7. Special notes:

- Since the steel structure is not showing any signs of uplift, 16 diameter holding down bolts have been used.
- Bracing shall be provided to at least two adjacent edges of building.

Vetted

&

Rajib Choudhury

Assistant Prof.

Department of Civil Engineering

Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur

Kolkata-721302, West Bengal



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इंजीनियरिंग  
इंजीनियरिंग

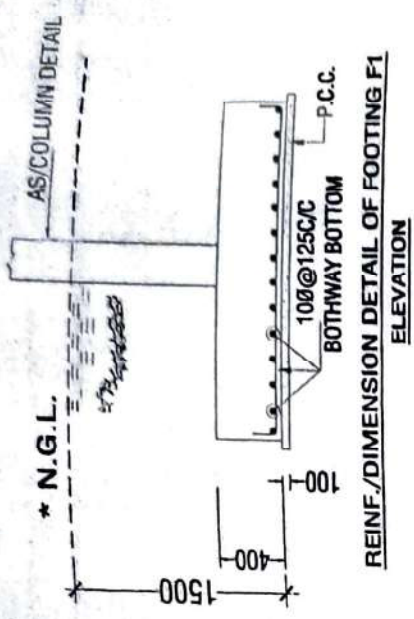


313



**\* NOTES:-**

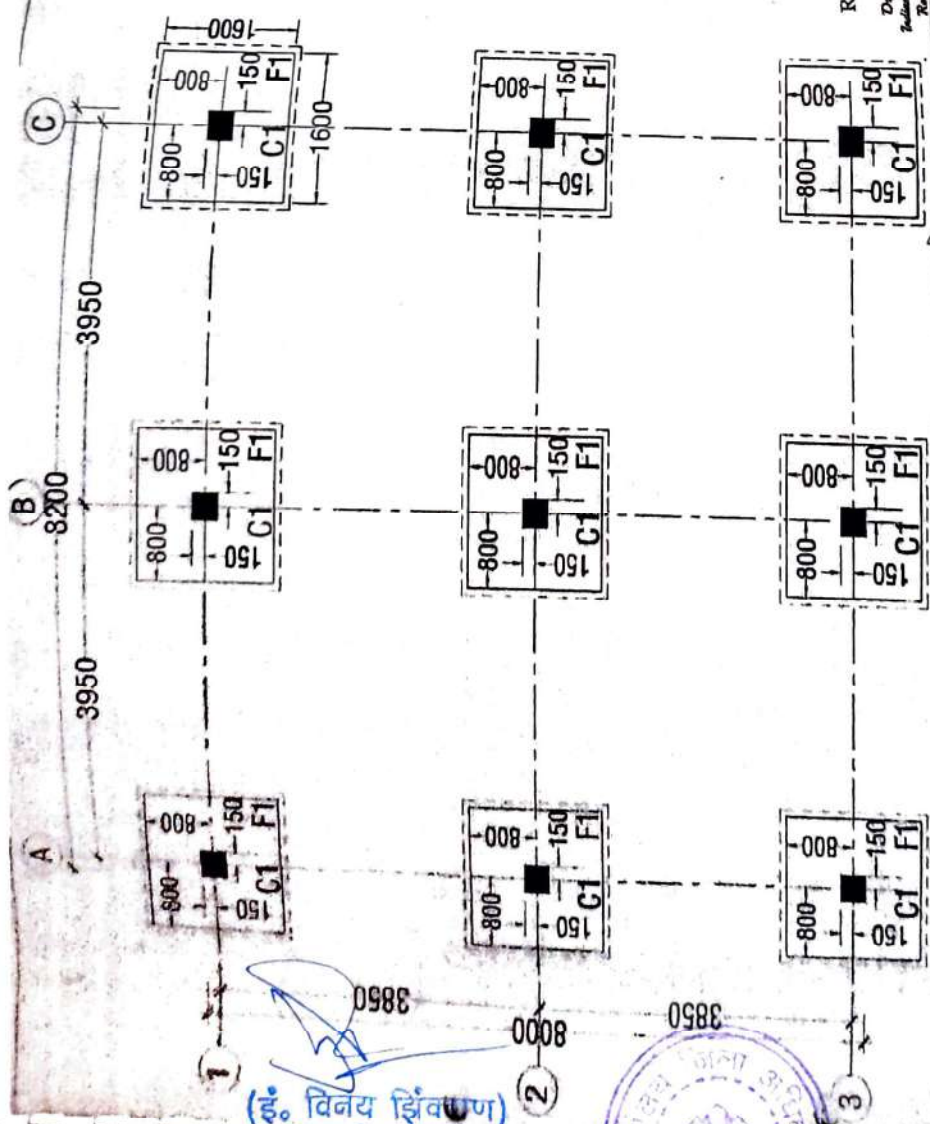
- ALL FOUNDATION ARE ON RIVER BANK.
- NGL SHALL BE CONFIRMED DURING EXCAVATION.
- THE BEAMS SHALL BE PROVIDED AFTER EVERY 2.00m CLEAR SPACING. ADDITIONAL TE BEAMS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO SATISFY THE SPACING OF TE BEAM.



NOTE: FOR NOTES REFER DRAWING Nos. - 3003

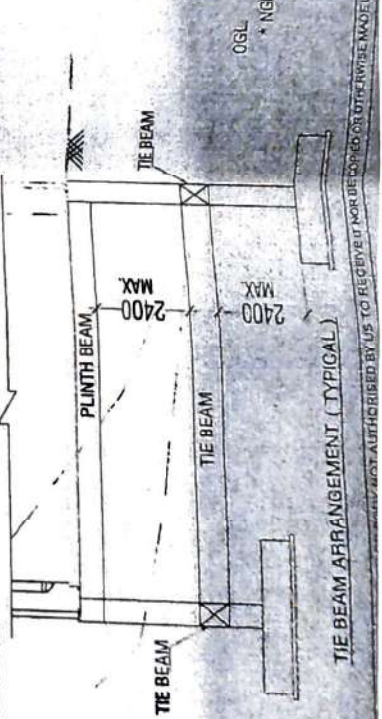
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|--------------------------------|--|
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| <b>CLIENT:</b>                 | THE UTTARAKHAND PVTAL NIGAM, DEHRADUN        |
| <b>TITLE:</b>                  | FOUNDATION & COLUMN DETAIL                   |
| <b>PROJ. NO.:</b>              | 323/1/102                                    |
| <b>DATE:</b>                   | 16-04-2018                                   |
| <b>SCALE:</b>                  | AS/ COLUMN DETAIL                            |
| <b>DRAWN BY:</b>               | RAJIB  |
| <b>DESIGN BY:</b>              | RAJIB  |
| <b>CHECKED BY:</b>             | RJ   |
| <b>REVISIONS:</b>              | REVISION - 1<br>REVISION - 2<br>REVISION - 3 |
| <b>DRAWING RELEASED FOR:</b>   | TENDER APPROVAL                              |
| <b>CONTRACTOR:</b>             | JV - DBN - CEPL                              |
| <b>HO OF N.G.L.:</b>           | VILLAGARAPOLLA                               |
| <b>SIGD POST:</b>              | ANIM, SHIMLA                                 |
| <b>STRUCTURAL CONSULTANTS:</b> | RAJIB CHOWDHURY                              |

|                                 |             |          |               |
|---------------------------------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| FOUNDATION LEVEL TO GROUND LVL. | NO. OF BAR  |          | COLUMN RING.  |
|                                 | 8-160       |          |               |
| RING                            | H2          | 80@150CC | COLUMN DETAIL |
|                                 | H1          | 80@100CC |               |
|                                 | COLUMN SIZE | 800X800  |               |
|                                 | COLUMN NO.  | 01       |               |



Vetted

**Rajib Chowdhury**  
*Registered Professional Engineer*  
 Department of Civil Engineering  
 Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee  
 Roorkee-241687, Uttarakhand



3850  
 8000  
 3850  
 300 2-160  
 450  
 80@200c/cmid  
 & 2@150c/c end  
 2-160  
 TIE BEAM(300X450)

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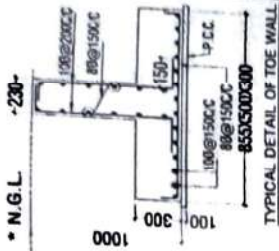
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| MEMBER DETAIL | 15MB-100 | 15MB-200 | 15MB-300 | 15MB-400 | 15MB-450 |
|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|               |          |          |          |          |          |



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*Handwritten notes:*  
 27/05/2018  
 28/05/2018  
 29/05/2018  
 30/05/2018  
 31/05/2018

NOTE: - FOR NOTES REFER DRAWING Nos. 1000

PROJECT: **STP 1 TOILET AND PIPES SCHOOL, RAIBHAT/PAVAG**

CLIENT: THE UTTARAKHAND PVT. TEL. SOCIETY DEHRADUN

TITLE: **STEEL COLUMN/LABOR PLUM**

DATE: **31-05-2018** SCALE DRAWN BY: **DEEPAK P. KUMAR**

DESIGNED BY: **R.I.**

REVISION (DATE): DATED: **DETAILS OF DESIGN**

REVISION - 1: **ISSUED COLUMN SECTION**

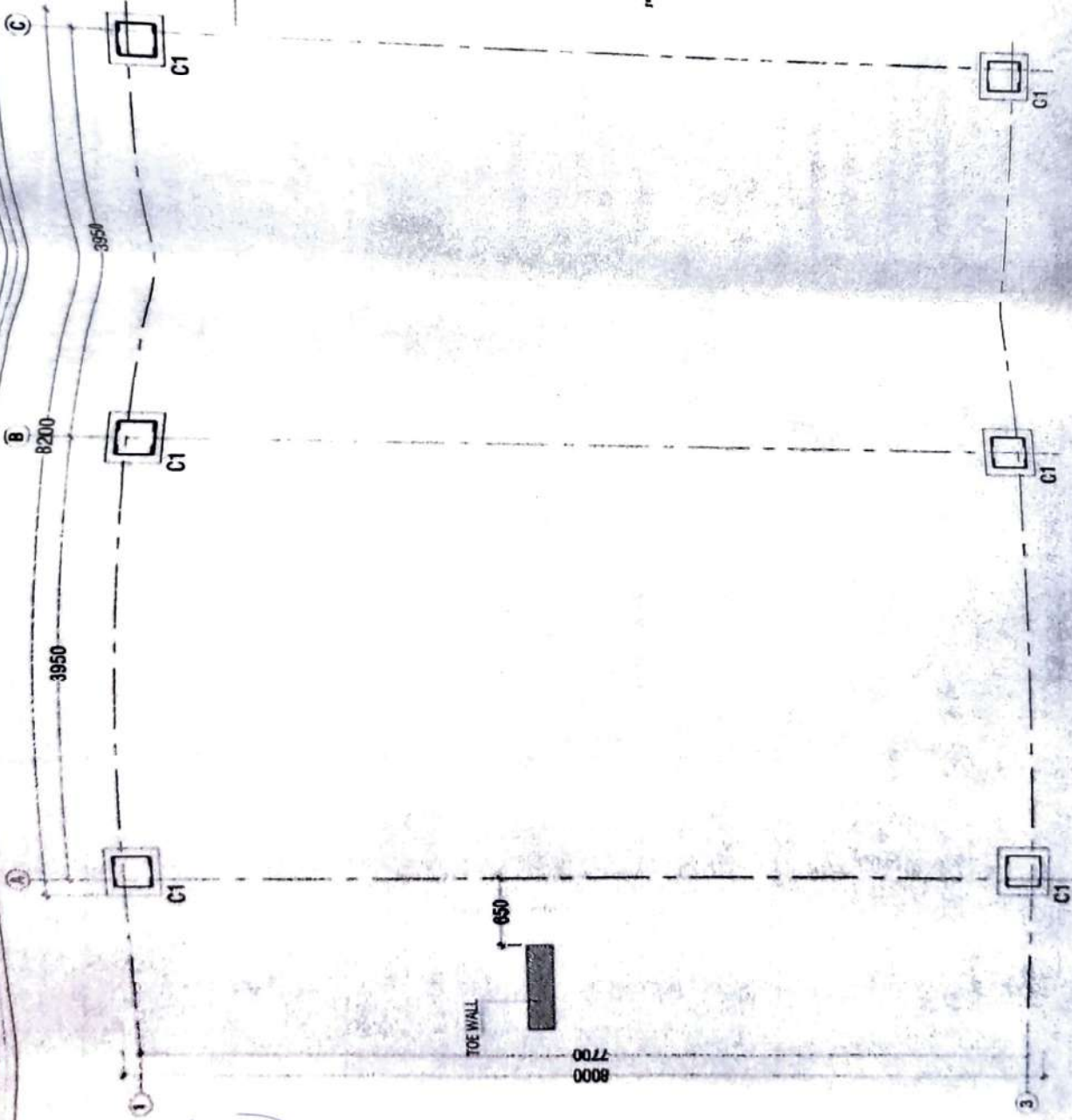
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REVISION - 3: **FOR: O.T.C**

DRAWING RELEASED APPROVAL: **FOR: O.T.C**

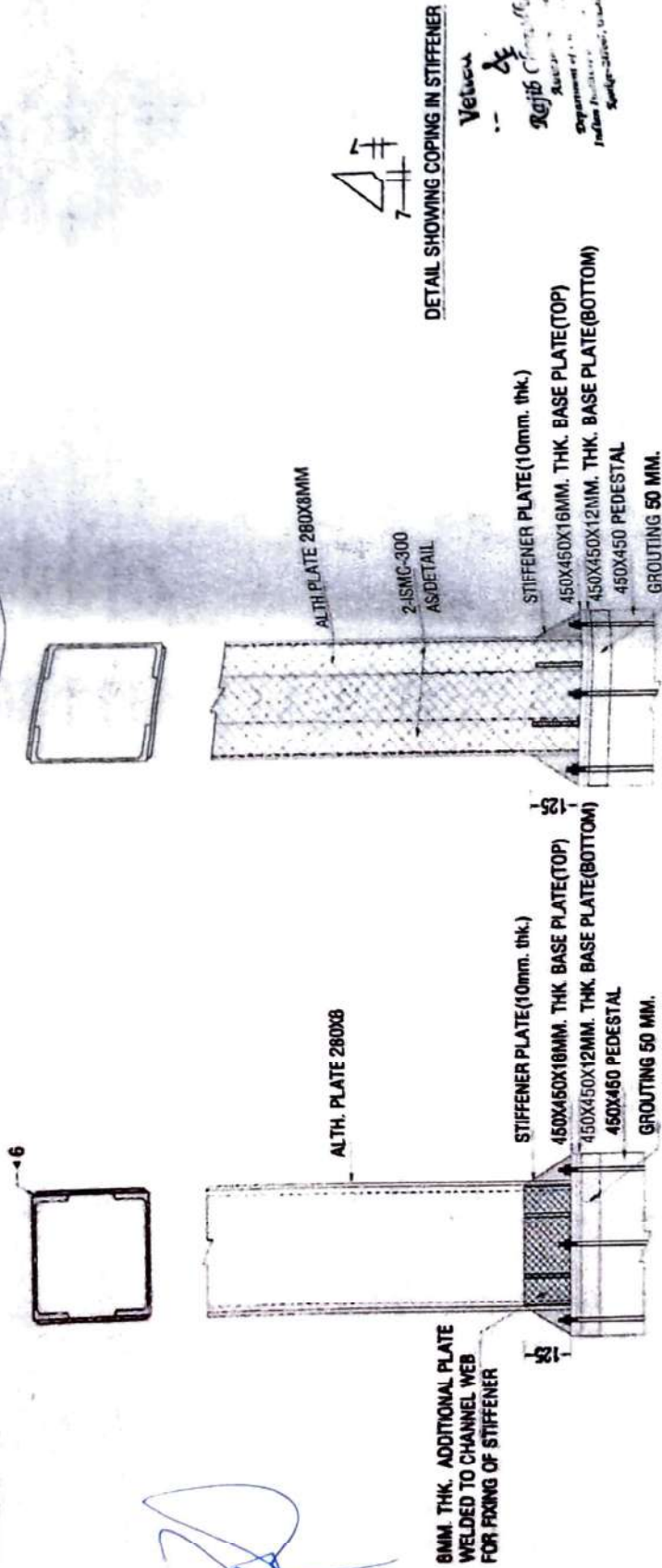
CONTRACTOR: **JVI - (JVI - CEPA)**

10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100



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DETAIL SHOWING COPING IN STIFFENER



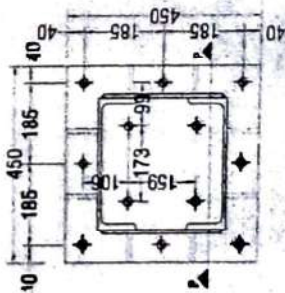
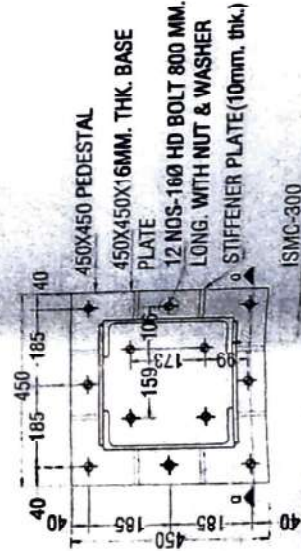
Vertical

STIFFENER PLATE (10mm. thk.)  
450X450X16MM. THK. BASE PLATE (TOP)  
450X450X12MM. THK. BASE PLATE (BOTTOM)  
450X450 PEDESTAL  
GROUTING 50 MM.

STIFFENER PLATE (10mm. thk.)  
450X450X16MM. THK. BASE PLATE (TOP)  
450X450X12MM. THK. BASE PLATE (BOTTOM)  
450X450 PEDESTAL  
GROUTING 50 MM.

SECTION AT Q-Q  
(ELEVATION)

SECTION AT P-P  
(ELEVATION)



DETAIL OF BASE PLATE  
(TOP PLAN)

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निर्माण समूह, लो.वि.वि.  
पुस्तकाशी



NOTE: FOR HOTEL REPAIR DRAWING No. 0888

PROJECT: **STEEL BUILD, STEEL BRIDGE, RUDRA PRAYAG**

CLIENT: THE UTTARAKHAND PRYAL NIGAM, DEHRADUN

TITLE: COLUMN DETAIL

DATE: 31-05-2018

CHECKED BY: R.L.

REVISION - 1: REVISION DRG. DATED. DETAILS OF REVISION

REVISION - 2: REVISION - 2

REVISION - 3: REVISION - 3

DRAWING RELEASED APPROVAL FOR: G.P.C.

CONTRACTOR: JV - (JBM - CEIPA)

NO. 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

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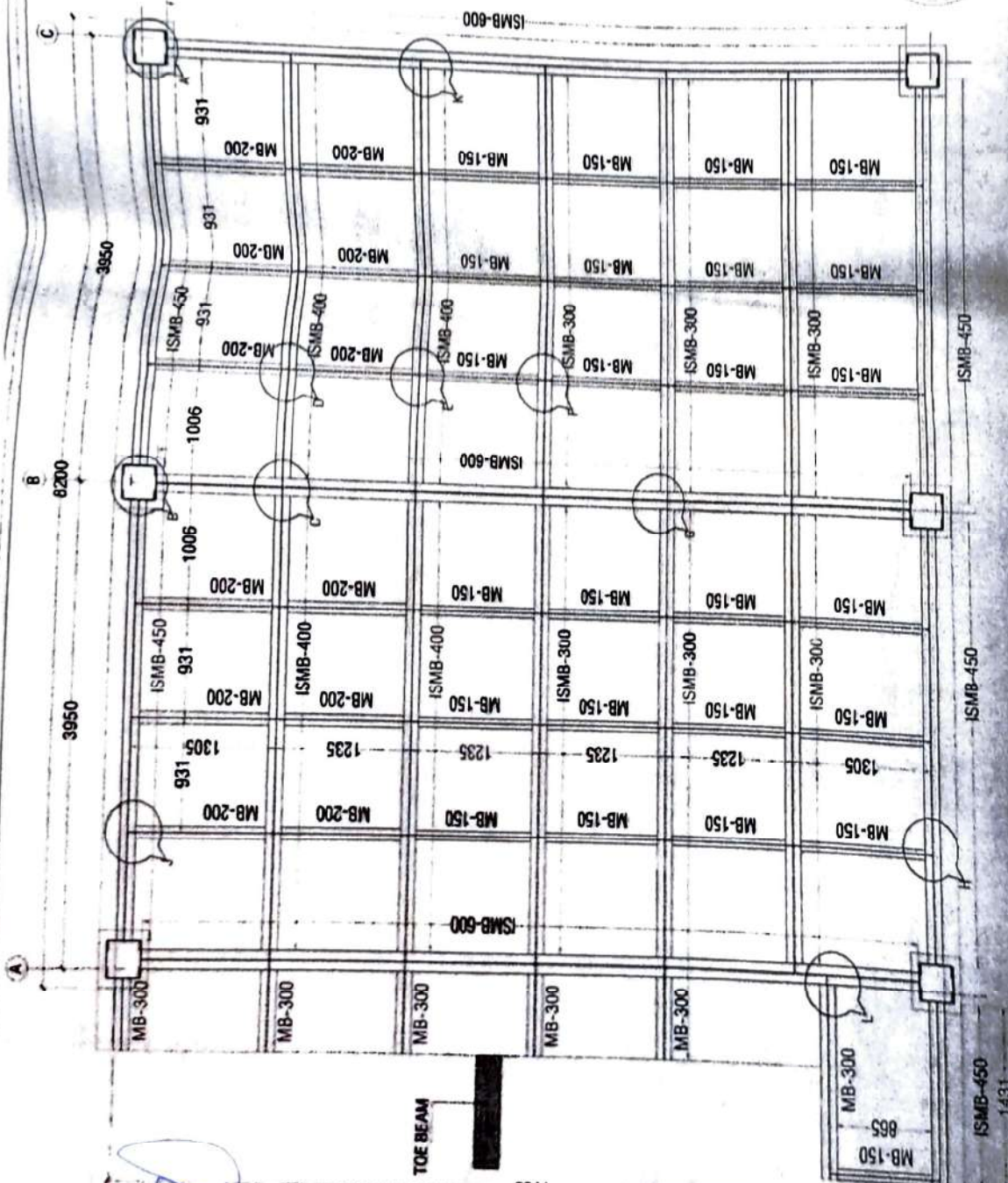
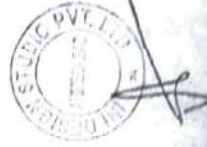


MEMBER DETAIL

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| ISMB 300 | ISMB 150 | ISMB 200 | ISMB 200 | ISMB 400 | ISMB 450 |
|          |          |          |          |          |          |

Vertical

PROJECT: ...  
 CLIENT: THE UTTARAKHAND PETROL NEGAL ...  
 CHECKED BY: ...  
 CONTRACTOR: JVI - (JBM - CEBA)



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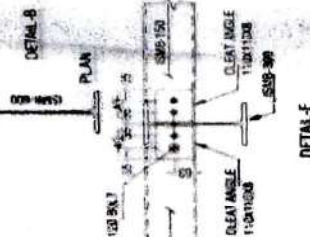
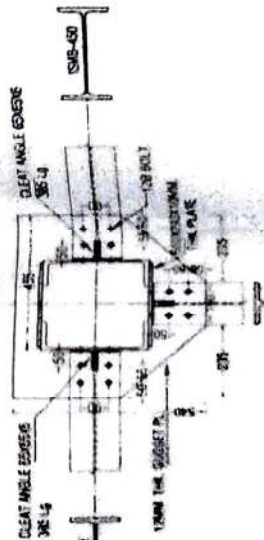
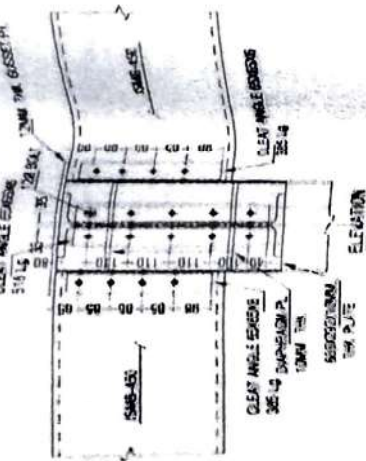
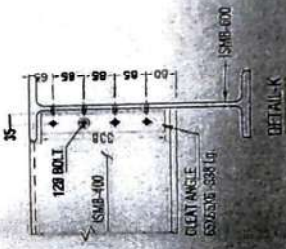
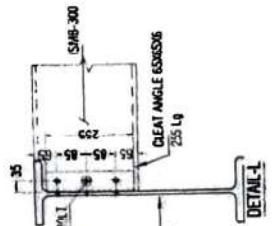
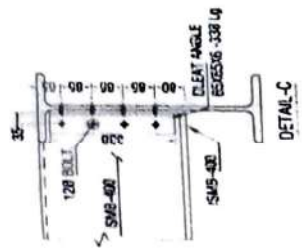
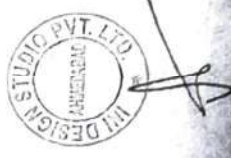


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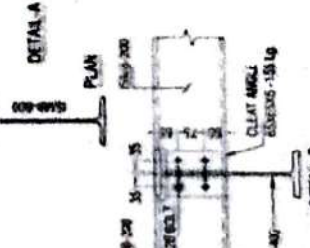
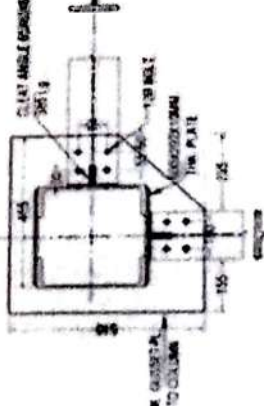
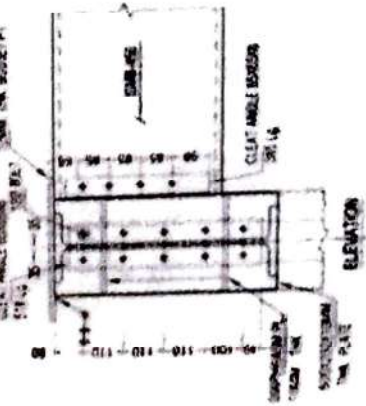
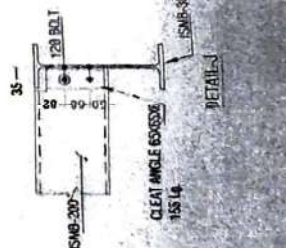


Ventrac & Refit

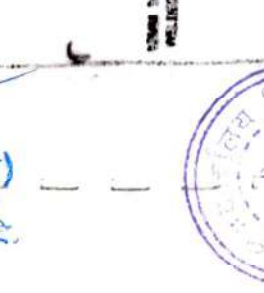
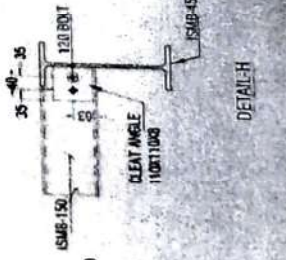
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| CLIENT: THE TITAKARAND PITAL NIGAM, DEHRADUN   |
| TITLE: JAMBUTAL  |
| DATE: 26-04-2018   |
| SCALE: DRAWN BY: R.J.  |
| DESIGN BY: RAJESH K. SINGH   |
| PRIMEEN: RAJESH K. SINGH   |
| REVISION -1  |
| REVISION -2  |
| REVISION -3  |
| CHECKED BY: R.J.   |
| REVISION DRS. DATED: DETAILS OF REVISION   |
| DRAWING RELEASED APPROVAL FOR: G.F.C   |
| TENDER FOR: G.F.C  |
| CONTRACTOR: JM - (JIM - CEPR)  |
| RD-37 NO. 21, 1ST FLOOR, VILLAGE: MARIYAN, ROAD: SIDKUN PAST, COIMBATORE-641 014, K.A.N. |



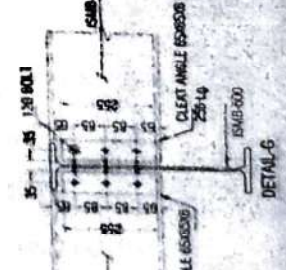
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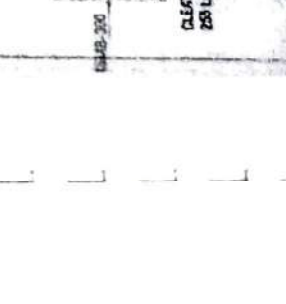
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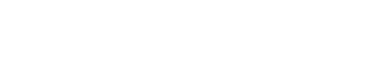
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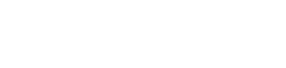
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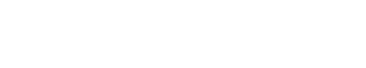
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DETAIL-S



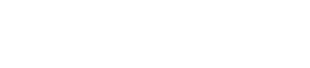
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DETAIL-V



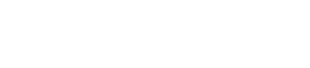
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DETAIL-X



DETAIL-Y



DETAIL-Z

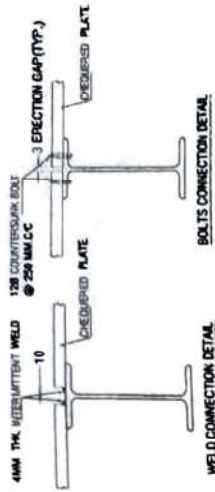


(इं. विनय इंदिवान) अधिशासी अभियन्ता निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.दि. एतकाशी

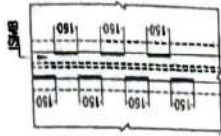


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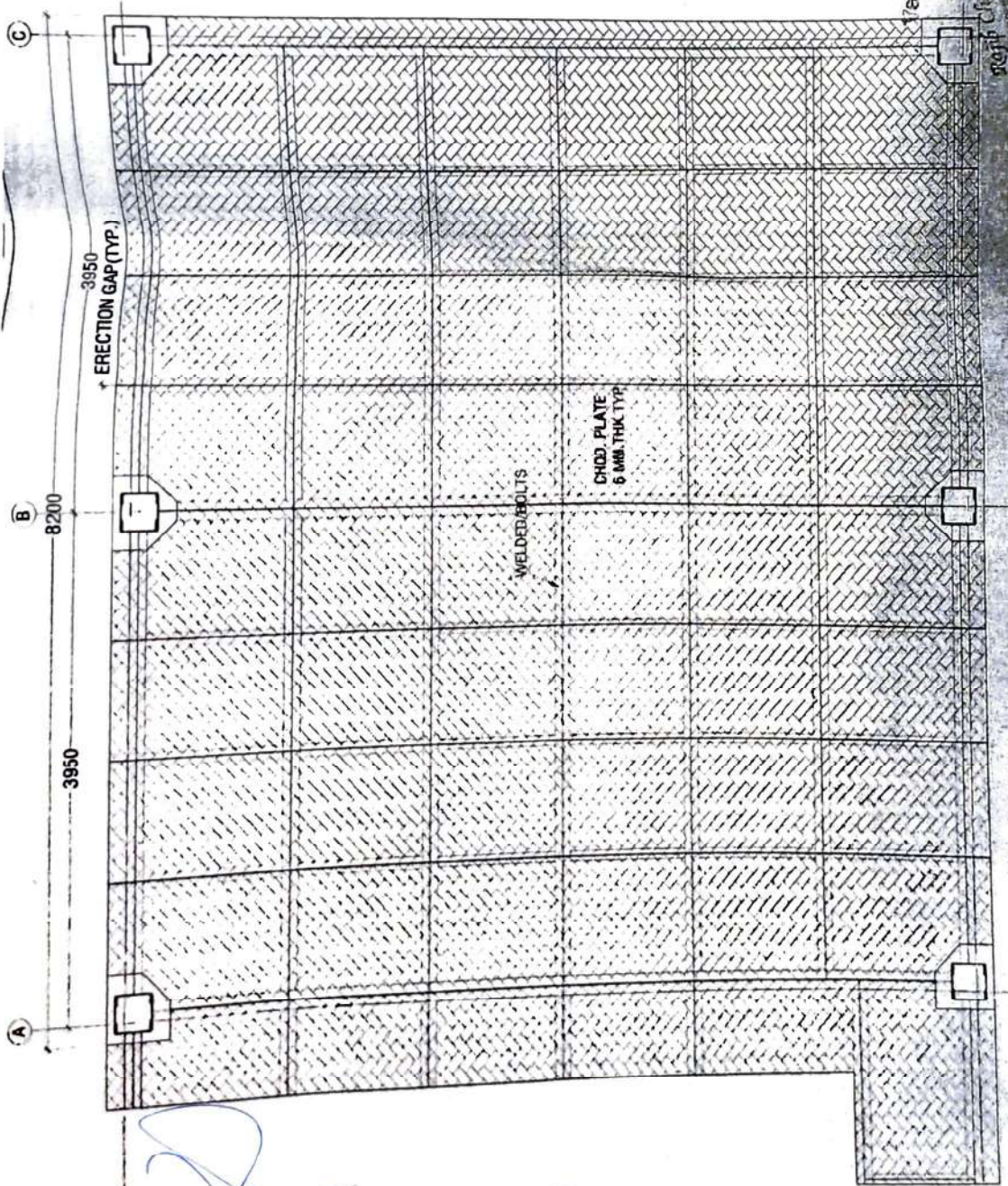
320



CHEQUERED PLATE JOINT DETAIL  
ETHER OF BOLT OR WELDING CAN BE DONE



DETAIL OF INTERMITTENT WELD  
PLAN



NOTES: FOR NOTES REFER DRAWING Nos. 108/03

PROJECT:-  
STP 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

CLIENT:- THE UTTARAKHAND PEYAL NIGAM,  
DEERDARIN

TITLE:-  
STP 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

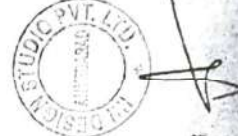
DATE: 31-05-2016, N.T.S. DRAWN BY: PRAVEEN KAPRALIA  
SCALE: 1:50

CHECKED BY: R.L.  
DESIGN BY: PRAVEEN KAPRALIA

REVISION DATED: 31-05-2016  
REVISION - 1: BENCH COLUMN SIZE 150x150  
REVISION - 2: BENCH COLUMN SIZE 150x150  
REVISION - 3: BENCH COLUMN SIZE 150x150

DRAWING RELEASED FOR: TENDER APPROVAL  
G.F.E.

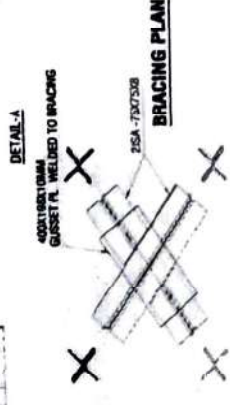
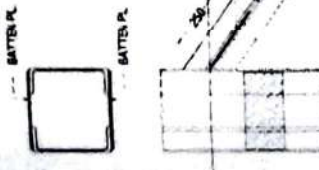
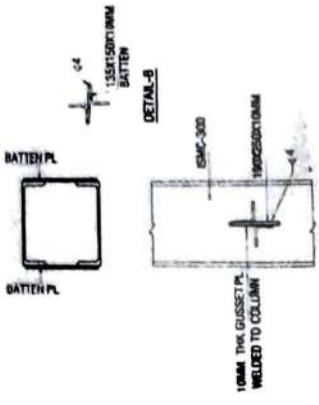
CONTRACTOR: JY - (JRM - CEIRJ)  
HOUSE NO. 10, LAKSHMI VILLAGE, WAZIRPUR, DELHI  
STREET NO. 1, CHANDI ENCLAVE, PHASE 1, NEW DELHI



(इ. विनय शिक्वाण)  
अधिशायी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो.वि.वि.  
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**BRACING CAN BE FIXED AT ANY TWO ADJACENT SIDES.**

NOTE: FOR NOTES REFER DRAWING NO. - 100003

PROJECT: **STEP 1, WELDED ANCHOR NEEL SCHOOL, BUDHAPRAYAG**

CLIENT: **THE UTTARAKHAND PEYAL NIGAM, DEHRADUN**

TITLE: **BRACING DETAIL** PROJ No. - 159 1000 DED No. - 1000

DATE: **31-05-2018** N.T.S. | DRAWN BY: **PRABEN KAPRIJAL** DESIGN BY: **PRABEN KAPRIJAL**

CHECKED BY: **R.L.**

REVISION DRG. DATED: **DETAILS OF REVISION**

REVISION - 1: **80x250x10 COLUMN SIZE REUSE**

REVISION - 2:

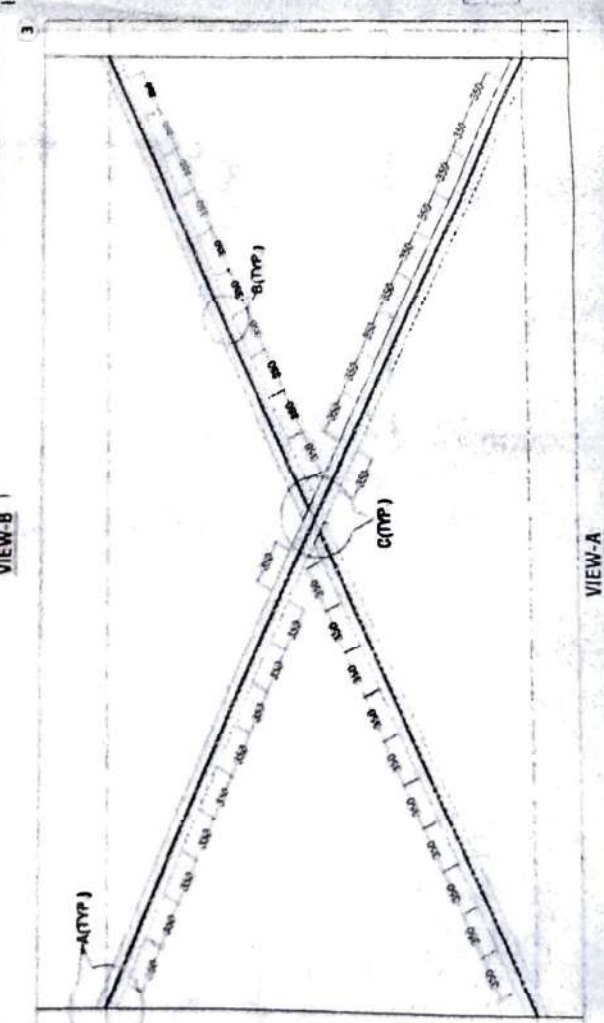
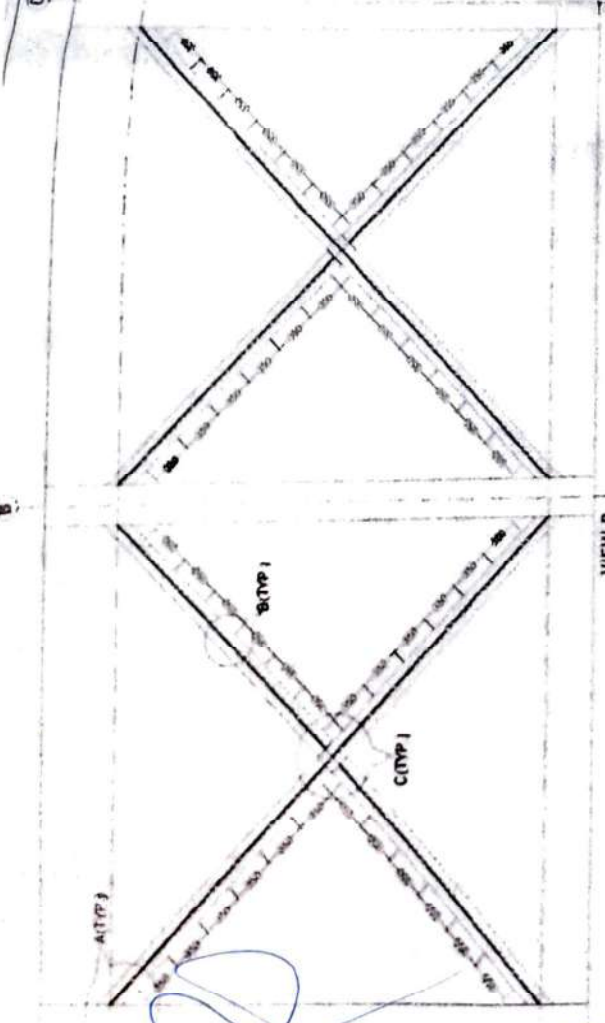
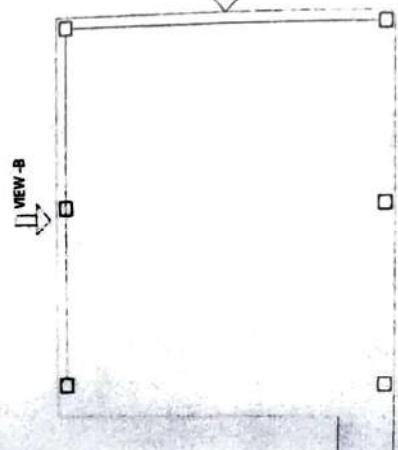
REVISION - 3:

DRAWING RELEASED FOR: **TENDER APPROVAL** G.F.C.

CONTRACTOR: **JY - (JRM - CEPTA)**

NO. 37 NO. 63 LAHORE ROAD, SURATKOTA, INDIA

STRUCTURAL CONSULTANTS



(इं. विनय द्विवेदान)  
अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.वि.  
पुनकाशी

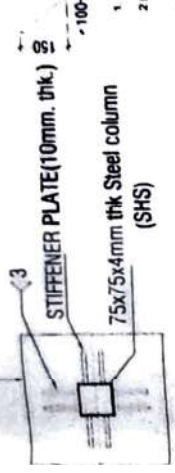


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(APPLICABLE TO ALL DRAWINGS)

- 1 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND LEVELS IN METERS
- 2 DIMENSIONS ARE NOT TO BE SCALED ONLY WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE FOLLOWED
- 3 STEENERS & BRACING - STEEL GRADE E QUALITY AS PER COMFORMING TO IS 2002:2011
- 4 BOLTS SHALL BE OF GRADE 8.8
- 5 ALL BOLTS SHALL BE FULLY CONFORM TO LATEST VERSION OF IS 1903 & IS 197 IS 344 IS 2027 IS 802 AND IS 802AS APPROPRIATE
- 6 DURING WELDING POSITION OF MEMBERS AND ASSEMBLY SHOULD BE SUCH THAT OVERHEAD WELDING SHOULD BE AVOIDED
- 7 WELDING STICKS SHALL BE OF DESIGNATION EXACT WITH ULTIMATE STRESS OF 410/510 MPa & MIN YIELD STRESS OF 200 MPa COMFORMING TO IS 814:2004
- 8 WELDING SHALL BE DONE AT FABRICATION SHOP
- 9 BEFORE FABRICATION WELDING PROCEDURE SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER IN CHARGE
- 10 GALVANIZED MEMBER SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WASHED WITH 1% PHOSPHORUS ACID SOLUTION TO REMOVE ALL LOOSE SCALE AND RUST WITH WIRE BRUSHING AND WELD THICK SHALL BE AS PER DETAILS GIVEN
- 11 WELD THICK SHALL BE AS PER DETAILS GIVEN
- 12 FABRICATION & WELDING SHALL BE DONE AS PER IS 916 & IS 918
- 13 ALL BUTT Joints CUTTING SHOULD BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH IS 916 & IS 918
- 14 PAINTING SHALL BE AS PER TENDER SPECIFICATIONS

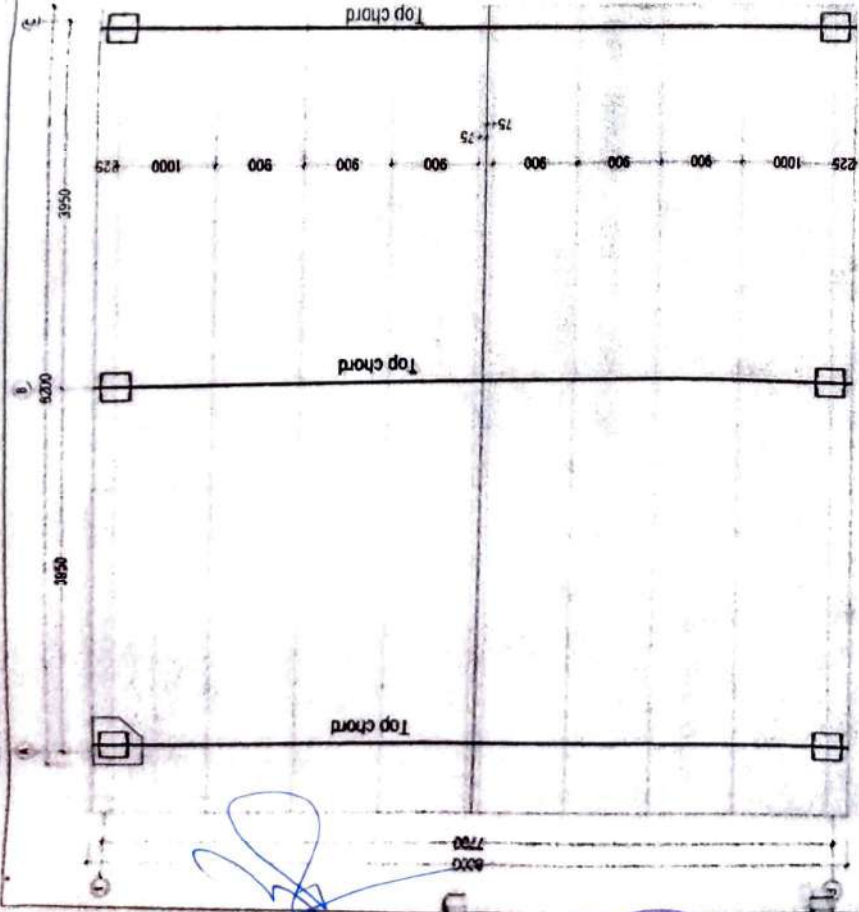
AS/ GUSSET PL. DETAIL



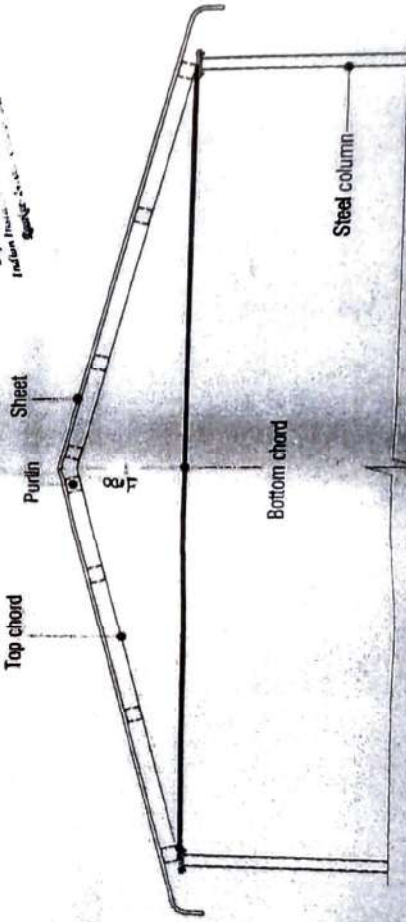
STEEL COLUMN (TOP PLAN)

- LEGENDS**
1. 125 x 125 x 4.5 mm SHS BOTTOM CHORD
  2. 75 x 75 x 4mm SHS STEEL COLUMN
  3. 100 x 100 x 4 mm SHS TOP CHORD
  4. 90 x 90 x 4.5mm SHS PURLIN
- SHS-Square hollow section

By Rajib Choudhury  
 Assistant Engineer  
 Department of Public Works  
 Indian State of Assam  
 Guwahati



TRUSS PLAN (R/C/F)



TRUSS ELEVATION

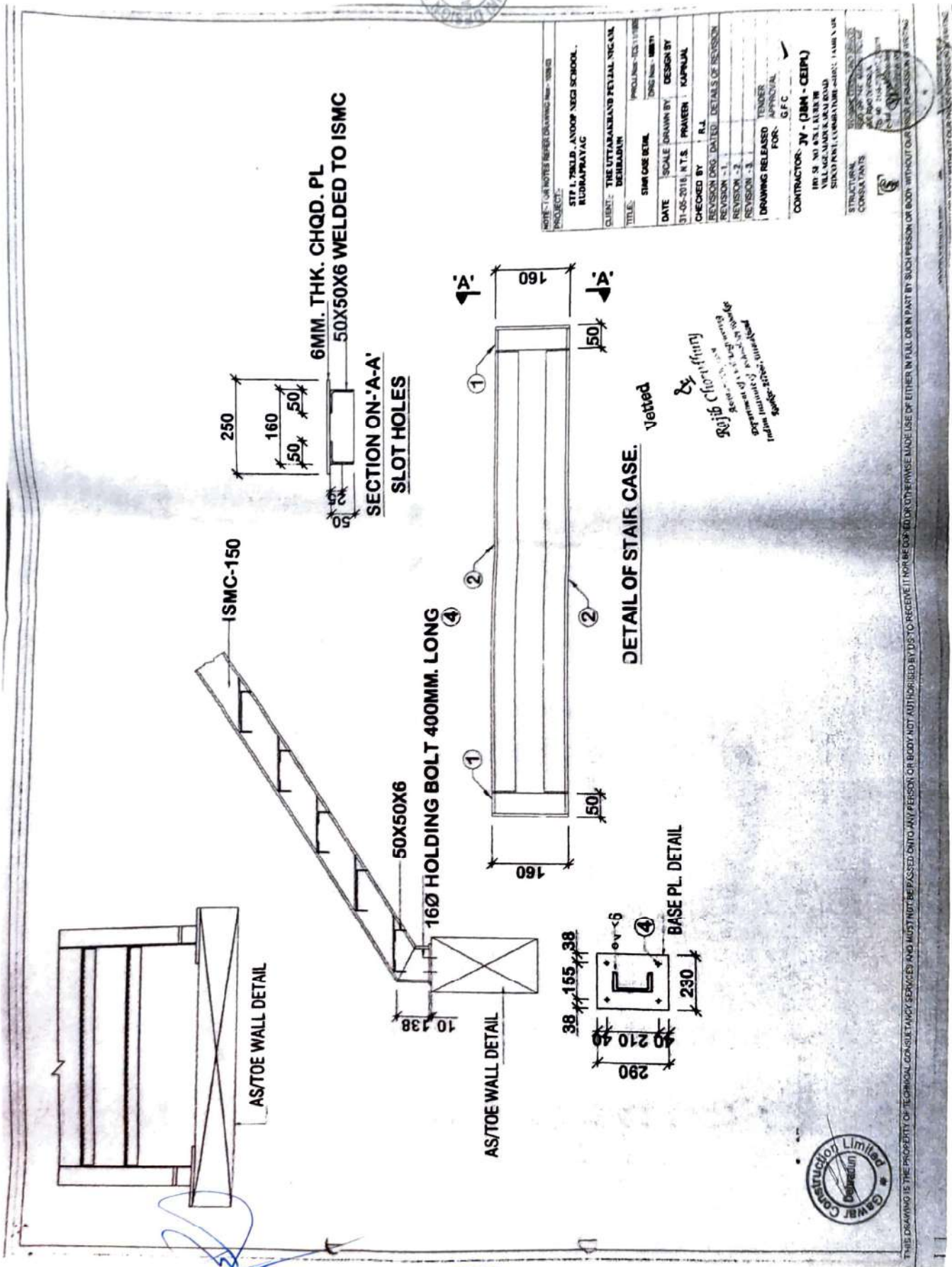
|   |  |
|---|--|
| PROJECT: STP 1, TKELD, ANOOP NEGI SCHOOL, RUDRAPATYAC |  |
| CLIENT: THE UTTARAKHAND PVTAL NIGAM DEHRADUN          |  |
| TITLE: TRUSS DETAIL                                   | PROJ. No. - 10/2018                                |
| DATE: 31-05-2018                                      | SCALE: DRAWN BY: DESIGN BY: N.T.S. PRAVEEN KAPURAJ |
| CHECKED BY: I.R.J.                                    | REVISION DRC: DATED: DETAILS OF REVISION           |
| REVISION - 1  | REVISION - 2                                       |
| REVISION - 3  | REVISION - 4                                       |
| DRAWING RELEASED FOR: TENDER APPROVAL                 | FOR: GFC   |
| CONTRACTOR: JV - (JRM - CEPL)                         |  |
| 10/25 NO. 10/2018                                     |  |
| 11/24/2018  |  |
| SICU PVT. CONSULTANTS                                 |  |

NOTE: FOR NOTES REFER DRAWING No. - 10/2018

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 निर्माण खण्ड, लो.वि.दि.  
 प्लक.श्री





NOTE: SEE NOTES REFER DRAWING Nos - 10843

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| PROJECT:              | SIT 1, 788LD, ANOOP NEGI SCHOOL, BUDHAPATYAC |
| CLIENT:               | THE UTTARAKHAND PVTAL NIGAM, DEHRADUN        |
| TITLE:                | STAIR CASE DETAIL                            |
| DATE:                 | 31-05-2018, N.T.S.                           |
| CHECKED BY:           | R.J.   |
| DESIGNER:             | KAPURJAL                                     |
| REVISION 1:           | DATE: 31-05-2018, DETAILS OF REVISION        |
| REVISION 2:           |  |
| REVISION 3:           |  |
| DRAWING RELEASED FOR: | TENDER APPROVAL                              |
| G.F.C.                |  |

CONTRACTOR: JV - (JRM - CEPL)

100, 92, NO 821, 828, 829, VALLABH, MADHUKAR ROAD, SHIKO PAST, LUMBARATI - 241001, UTTARAKHAND

STRUCTURAL CONSULTANTS

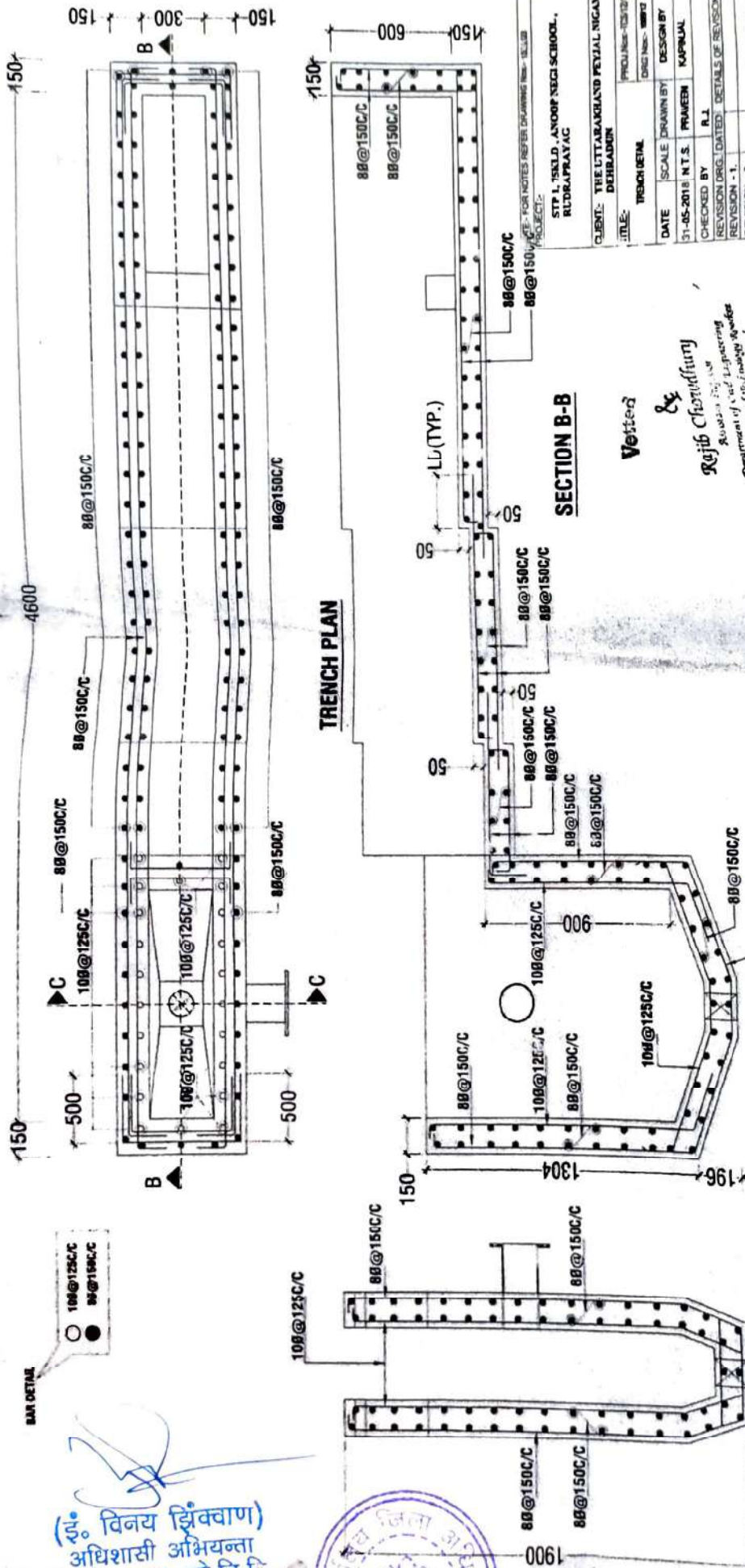
*Rajib Chatterjee*  
 Rajib Chatterjee  
 Senior Lecturer  
 Department of Civil Engineering  
 Indian Institute of Technology  
 Kharagpur



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 निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.वि.  
 पत्रवाशी



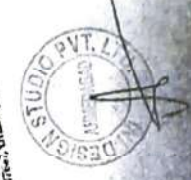


रूप. विनय झिंक्वाण)  
अधिशायी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण सफ्ट, लो.नि.दि.  
पत्रवाशी



|   |  |
|---|--|
| PROJECT: THE LITTLE ANGLO INDIAN SCHOOL, HODDAPRATYAC, DEHRAADUN                    |  |
| CLIENT: THE LITTLE ANGLO INDIAN SCHOOL, HODDAPRATYAC, DEHRAADUN                     | PROJECT: THE LITTLE ANGLO INDIAN SCHOOL, HODDAPRATYAC, DEHRAADUN |
| DATE: 31-05-2018  | SCALE: DRAWN BY: PRAVEEN KAPRIAL                                 |
| CHECKED BY: R.L.  | DESIGN BY: PRAVEEN KAPRIAL                                       |
| REVISION DRG. DATED: DETAILS OF REVISION  | REVISION - 1   |
| REVISION - 2  | REVISION - 3   |
| DRAWING RELEASED FOR: TENDER APPROVAL   | G.F.C.   |
| CONTRACTOR: JV - (JBM - CEIP)   |  |
| PLOT NO. 67, L. K. ROAD, VILLAGEL, GOREGAON, SIKOPPOSTI, COMARATREASTRI, 148 V.V.R. |  |

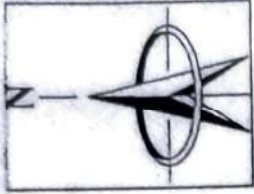
Verified & Rejib Choudhary  
B.Sc. in Civil Engineering  
Department of Civil Engineering  
Indian Institute of Technology  
Space: 2017, 11/20/2017



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325



PROJECT: C-1044 PTA, ZOLAR NEAR, ANDHRA PRADESH

CLIENT: THE VITAMIL ANDHRA PRADESH UNIVERSITY

LAN. NO: 603/2017 DATED 28.08.17

REF. NO: C-1044/2017

SHEET TITLE: SITE LAYOUT PLAN

DRAWN BY: NAGAN

CHECKED BY: SURESH KUMAR

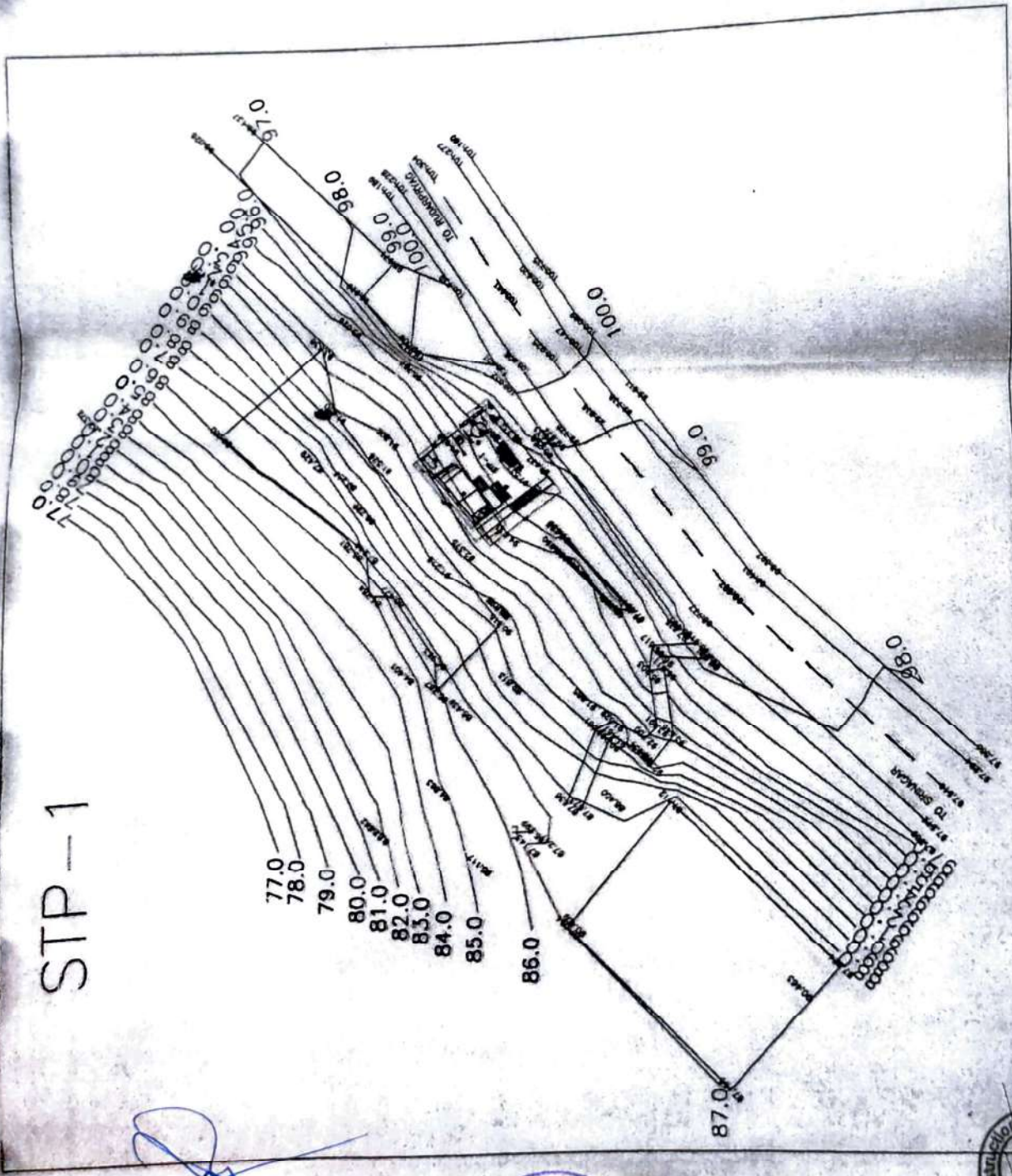
APPROVED BY: C. S. RAO

SCALE: AS SHOWN

SHEET NO: 1

STRUCTURAL DESIGN BY: (JRM - GEPRI)

S.F.NO: 6781, Kuntal Village, Madakurri Road, Kuntal, Guntur District, Andhra Pradesh



STP-1

(इ. विमय झिंक्वाण)  
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 निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.वि.  
 पुस्तकाशी

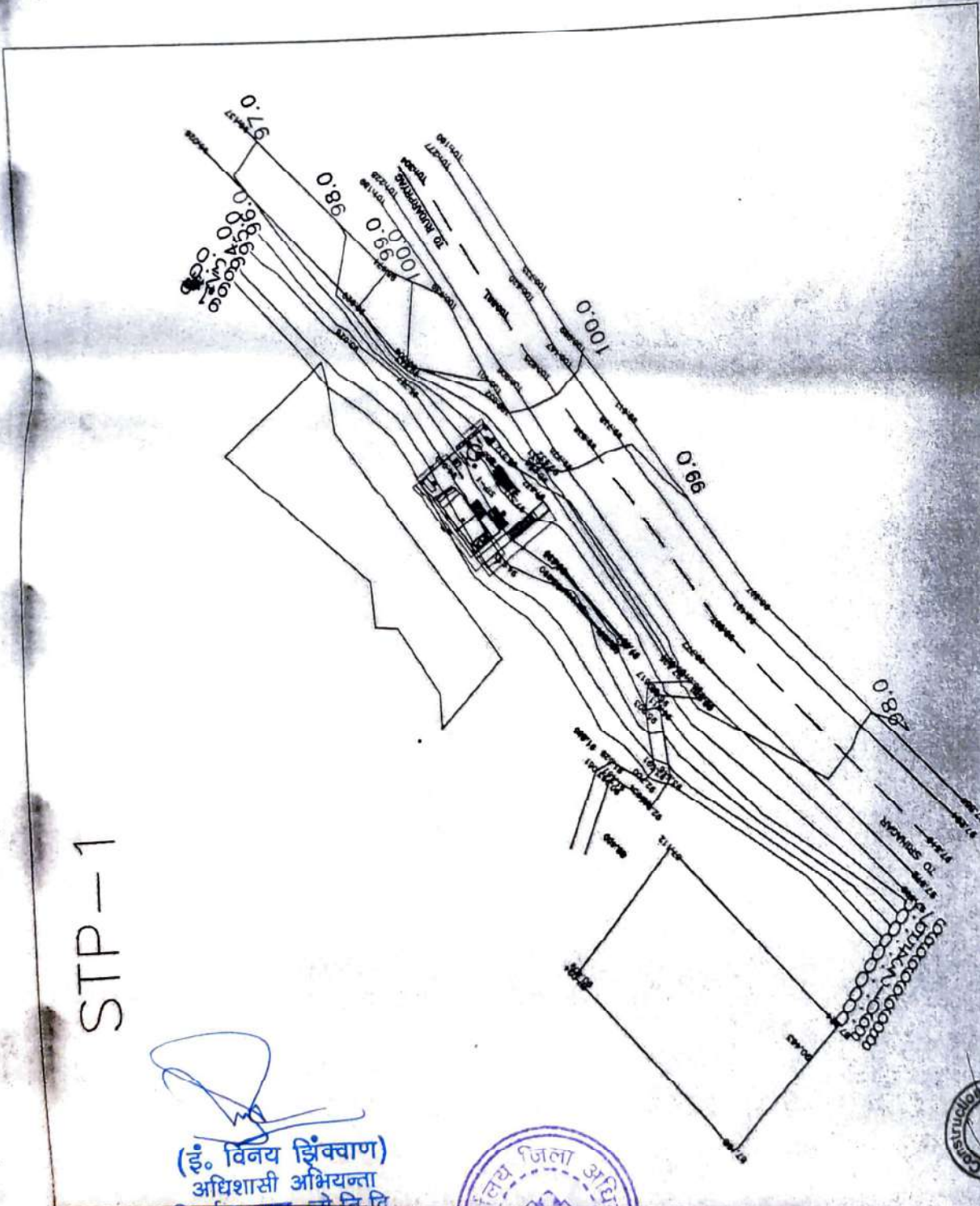
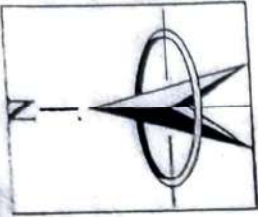




PROJECT: CAPACITY: 10000. NEAR ANOOP NIGDI SCHOOL  
 CLIENT: THE UTTARAKHAND PLYWOOD INDUSTRIES DEVELOPMENT  
 LDA. NO: 663/2017-18/187 DATED 25.11.17  
 REF. NO: CB-15624/2017-2018

SHEET TITLE: KEY PLAN  
 DRAWN BY: HILLMAN  
 CHECKED BY: S.R.M & T.M.R  
 DESIGN BY:  
 APPROVED BY:  
 SCALE: R/S  
 SHEET NO:

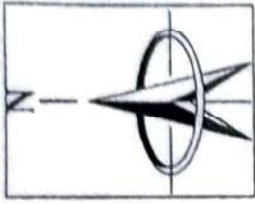
NATIONAL CAP  
 MANUFACTURED BY: S.F. NO: 678/L, Kanchi Village,  
 Manufactured Board,  
 CORPORATION, 40101  
 PUNJAB, INDIA



STP-1

(इं. विनय झिंक्वाण)  
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 निर्माण खण्ड, लोन्गिदि  
 पतकाशी

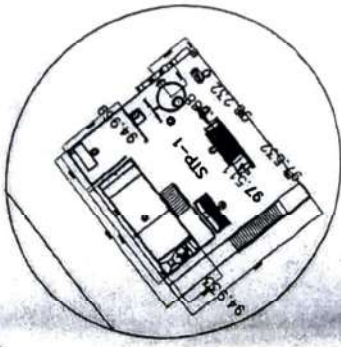
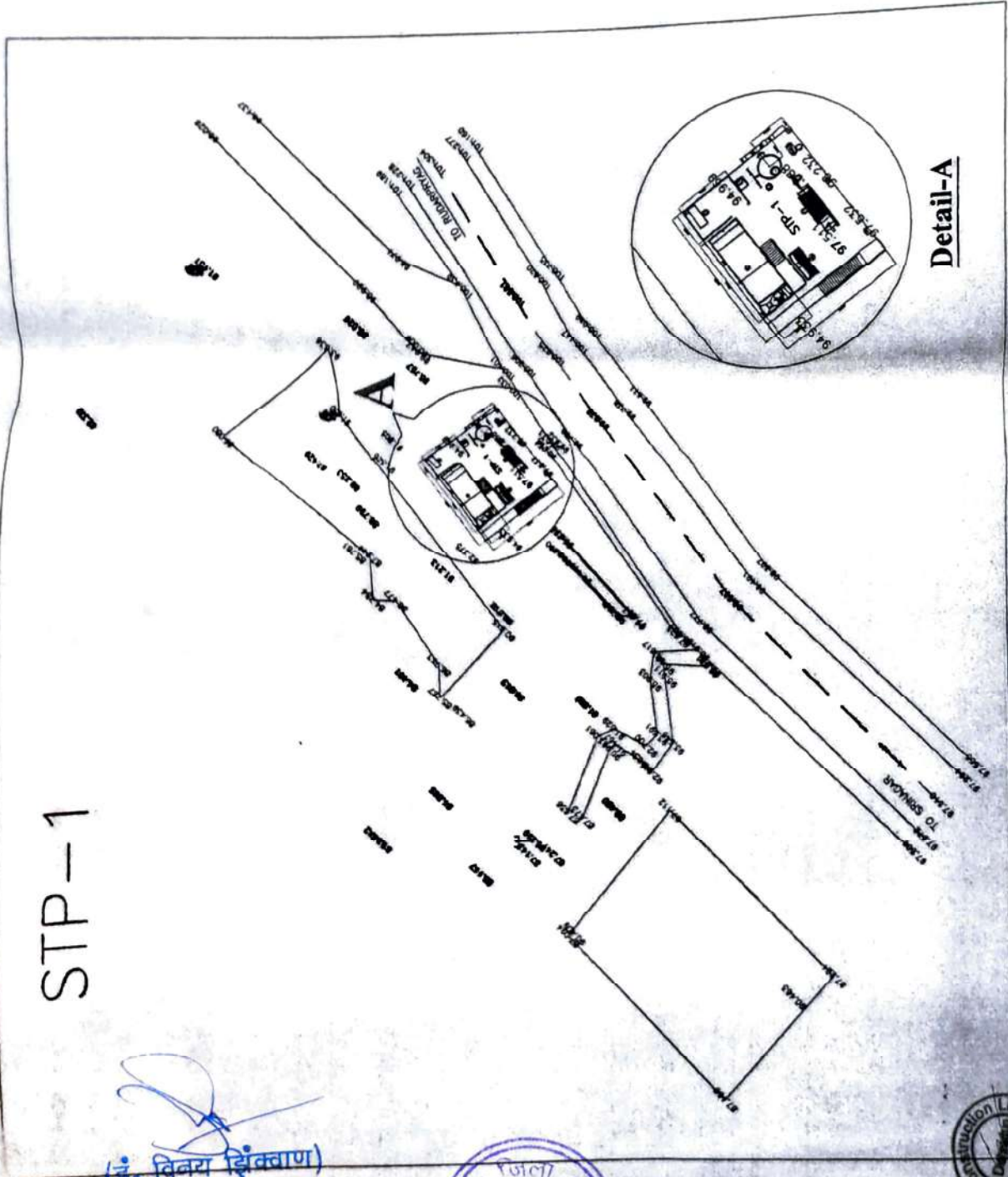




PROJECT: CAPACITY BUILDING AND AMBUSH FREE ZONE  
 CLIENT: THE UTTAR PRADESH GOVT. HIGHWAY CORPORATION  
 LOCAL AUTHORITY: UPRHTD DISTRICT OFFICE  
 REF. NO: CP-146/2017-2018

SHEET TITLE: SITE PLAN  
 DRAWN BY: MEHAN  
 CHECKED BY: ANIL K. SHARMA  
 APPROVED BY: C. B. A.  
 SCALE: AS SHOWN  
 SHEET NO: 1

STRUCTURAL DESIGN  
 J.V. (JBM - CEPA)  
 S.F. NO. 8781, Kurshi Village,  
 Industrial Road,  
 Lucknow - 226002



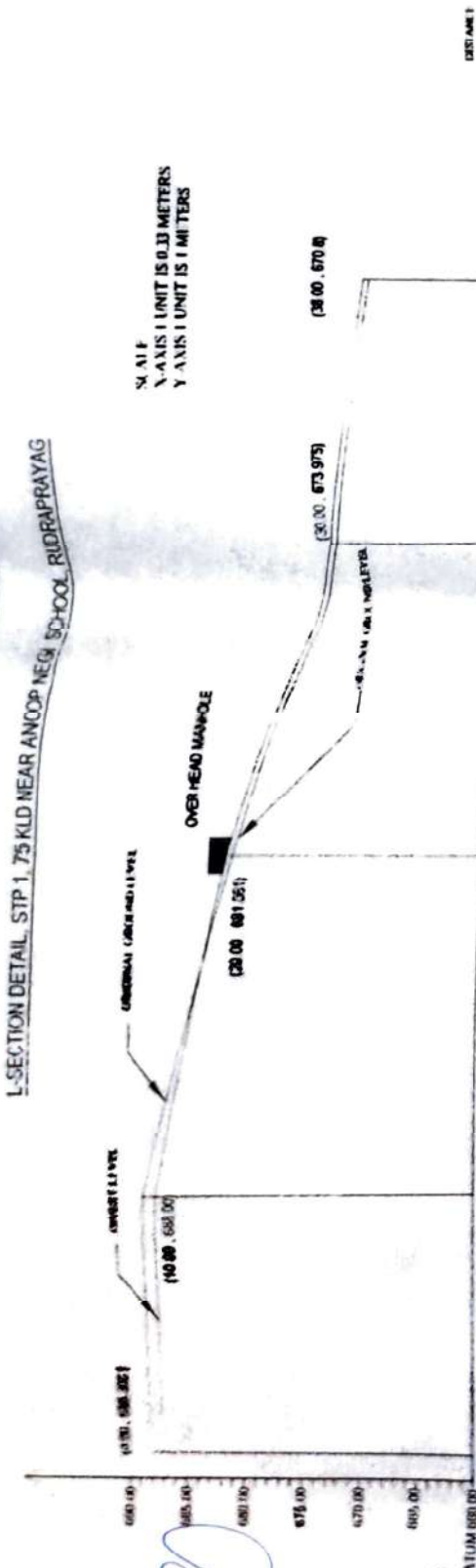
STP-1

(इं. विनय शंकराण)  
 अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
 निर्माण खण्ड, लो.नि.दि.  
 प्रताकाशी





|             |                                     |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| PROJECT NO. | 118/14                              |
| DATE        | 10/08/2024                          |
| CLIENT      | M/S. BHARAT SANGRAHALAYA, NEW DELHI |
| SCALE       | 1:1000                              |
| DRAWN BY    | ...                                 |
| CHECKED BY  | ...                                 |



SCALE  
X-AXIS 1 UNIT IS 0.33 METERS  
Y-AXIS 1 UNIT IS 1 METERS

L-SECTION DETAIL, STP 1, 75 KLD NEAR ANOOP NEGI SCHOOL, RIDRAPRAYAG

| DEPTH               | CLASS | PIPE DIA | SLOPE | START | END    | LENGTH |
|---------------------|-------|----------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| -1.1                |       | 150      | 1:1   | 0+00  | 0+30   | 30.00  |
| -0.5                |       | 150      | 1:1   | 0+30  | 0+50   | 20.00  |
| +0.5                |       | 150      | 1:1   | 0+50  | 0+70.8 | 20.80  |
| DI PIPE, DIA 150 mm |       |          |       |       |        |        |
|                     |       |          | 1:1   | 0+00  | 0+30   | 1.19   |
|                     |       |          | 1:1   | 0+30  | 0+50   | 12.52  |

SEE ORIGINAL GROUNDLEVEL  
IN DRAWING VII  
M/S. BHARAT SANGRAHALAYA

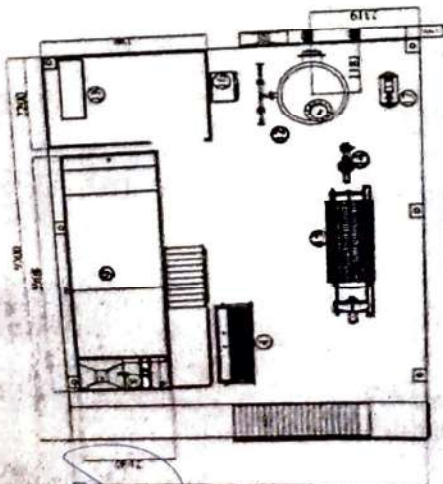


(इं० विनय झिंक्वाण)  
अधिशासी अभियन्ता  
निर्माण खण्ड, लो०नि०  
पुस्तकाशी

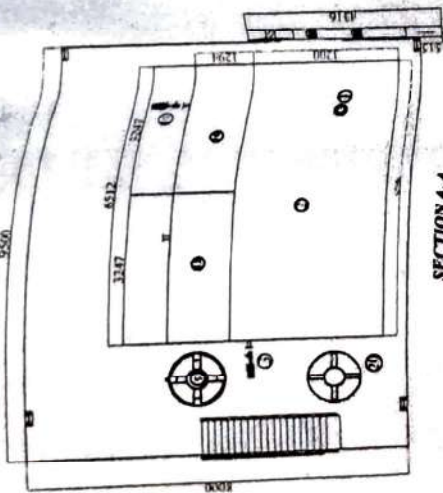




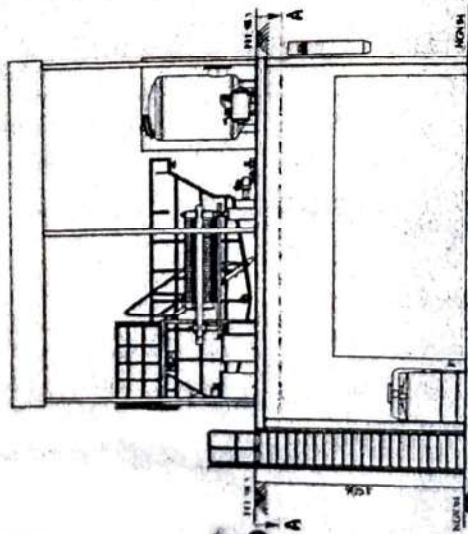
STP I, 75KLD, ANOOP NEGI SCHOOL, RUDRAPRAYAG



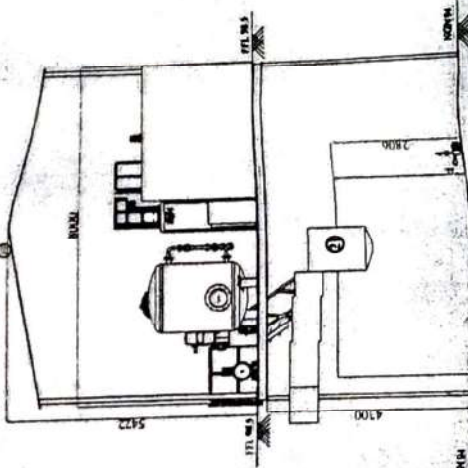
TOP VIEW



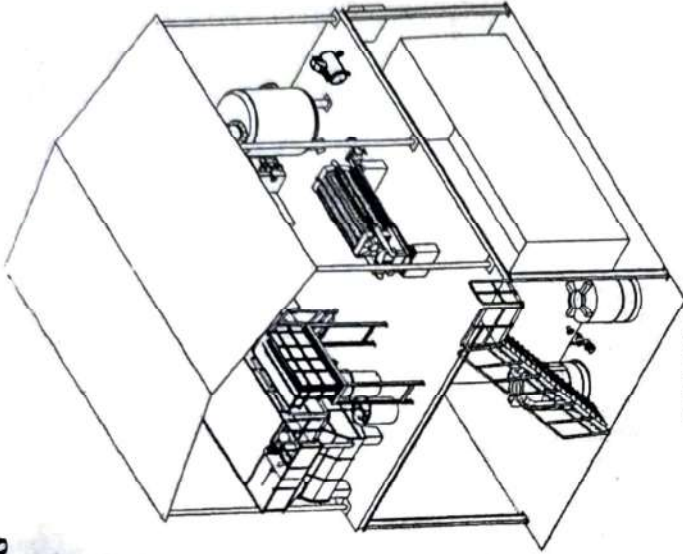
SECTION A-A



FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEW



ISOMETRIC VIEW

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

| NO. | DESCRIPTION    | CAPACITY | QTY | UNIT |
|-----|----------------|----------|-----|------|
| 1   | 400 PUMP/POWER | 300 LPM  | 1   | NO.  |
| 2   | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 3   | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 4   | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 5   | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 6   | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 7   | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 8   | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 9   | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 10  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 11  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 12  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 13  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 14  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 15  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 16  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 17  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 18  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 19  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 20  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 21  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 22  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 23  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 24  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |
| 25  | 1000 LTR TANK  | 1000 LTR | 1   | NO.  |

NOTE: Plant at Fencing work with Barbed wire chain (10/2.4m) etc. & M/S Gate  
 TOTAL AREA REQUIRED: 9.5m x 6m = 76 sq. m  
 EQUIPMENT AND TANK LOAD DETAILS WITH MATERIALS  
 (10/2.4m) etc. & M/S GATES

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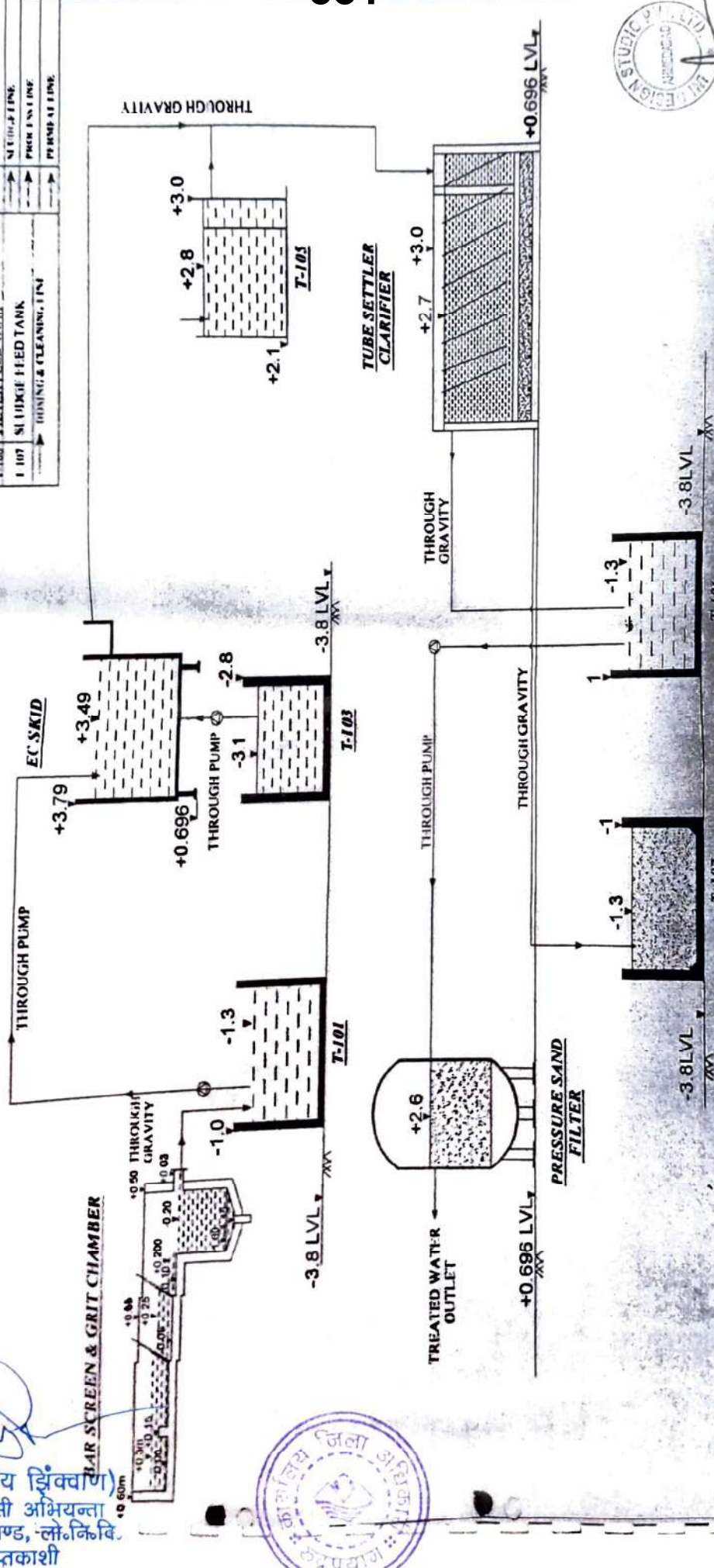




**STP 1 75 KLD NEAR ANOOP NEGI SCHOOL, RUDRAPRAYAG**

| LEGEND |                         |
|--------|-------------------------|
| T-100  | COLLECTOR TANK          |
| T-101  | CLEANING TANK           |
| T-104  | WASH MIXER              |
| T-106  | JULK FILL TANK          |
| T-107  | SILK FILL TANK          |
|        | HOUSING & CLEANING TANK |
| ⊕      | IN PUMP, PUMP           |
| ⊙      | IMP                     |
| →      | SLUICING LINE           |
| →      | POWER LINE              |
| →      | PERM LINE               |

ALL LEVELS ARE IN METERS



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|  |             |                                      |              |                       |  |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| TITLE: STP 1 75 KLD NEAR ANOOP NEGI SCHOOL |             | CLIENT: THE UTTARAKHAND PRAJALINIGAM |              | DRG. NO. - EK R/101/1 |  |
| LOCATION: RUDRAPRAYAG, ANOOP SCHOOL        |             | DESIGNED BY: DEHRADUN                |              | DATE: 22.02.18        |  |
| APPROVED BY:                               | CHECKED BY: | DESIGN BY:                           | APPROVED BY: | REV. 01               |  |
| SCALE:                                     | DATE:       | BY:                                  | DATE:        |                       |  |





**SECTION IX**  
**REFERENCE OF**  
**ELECTROCOAGULATION**  
**TECHNOLOGY**  
**(ANNEXURE – C)**



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## Electrocoagulation of municipal wastewater – a pilot-scale test

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### ABSTRACT

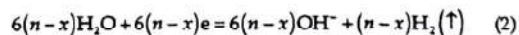
In this study, a pilot test of electrocoagulation (EC with aluminium electrodes) of natural municipal wastewater was performed. In view of the obtained results and the unique and innovative nature of the proposed procedures and solutions, EC can be regarded not only as a preliminary purification step, but also as a comprehensive alternative to other wastewater treatment methods. Electrocoagulation was conducted at constant current, and changes in voltage were registered continuously to control and calculate energy consumption. After 2 h (7200 s of EC + 1800 s of additional sludge settling), initial colour (2140–2570 mg/L) was removed in 86–99.5%, turbidity (87.5–149 mg/L) – in 100%, suspended solids (250–340 mg/L) – in 88.5–91%, COD (609–737 mg/L) – in 60.8–63.5%, and phosphorus (10.0–10.7 mg/L) – in 94.5–96%. As expected, a higher electrocoagulant dose at higher energy consumption improved the efficiency of wastewater treatment, but energy consumption was not directly proportional to the treatment efficiencies of electrocoagulated municipal wastewater. The obtained results of sewage purification seem to be promising both economically and technologically. They fulfil Polish standards of effluent quality, except for COD where higher efficiency is required. EC poses a viable alternative to other wastewater treatment methods and should be considered as an initial step in municipal wastewater treatment.

**Keywords:** Electrocoagulation EC; Al-electrodes; Energy consumption; Sewage

### 1. Introduction

Biological treatment of wastewater, the most popular sewage treatment method, is characterized by very low efficiency at low temperatures [1–3]. At low temperatures (5–10°C), the efficiency of most biological processes decreases considerably, and the effectiveness of suspended solids, COD and phosphorus removal is reduced significantly. Therefore, a biological purification of wastewater, in cold regions, should be supported such as chemical coagulation or, alternatively, electrocoagulation, which will significantly reduce the loading to biological stages.

Electrocoagulation (EC) is easy to control, which is an important consideration in wastewater treatment systems for single houses and portable water treatment units [4,5]. When aluminium electrodes are used, the formation of the aluminium coagulant can be described with the use of the following equations representing the main electrode reactions:

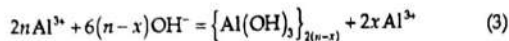


The formation of a positively-charged, colloidal aluminium electro-coagulant is described by the following reaction equation:

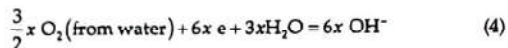
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The above reactions are accompanied by minor oxygen polarization of the cathode (the value of  $n$  in the above equations is significantly higher than the value of  $x$ ), which induces a minor increase in the pH of electrocoagulated wastewater:



EC poses an alternative to chemical treatment [6,7], in particular with regard to low transportation costs of Al from Al-electrodes which is nearly 10 times lighter than Al from  $\text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3 \cdot 18\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The availability of cheap electricity and/or the addition of seawater to wastewater treated by EC could reduce the costs associated with this method [8–10]. Such an approach has already been tested in Norway by Foyen [11]. Surprisingly, Al-Zuhair et al. [12] noted a 10–15% increase in EC efficiency when the temperature of treated wastewater was decreased by 15°C, which may suggest that this method is more suitable for cold climate regions. Similarly to coagulation, the main stages of EC are destabilization and flocculation of the colloidal system [13–15]. Electrochemical treatment of sewage [16–19] and other types of wastewater, such as baker's yeast [20], chips [21], pulp and paper [22,23], has been widely researched. Under these conditions, wastewater disinfection [24] also by chlorine evolution at the anode [10,19] may be an important part of the electrocoagulation process. During laboratory experiments, a variety of practical improvements have been suggested for the EC process to lower the coagulant dose, including: a) wastewater recirculation [25], b) the use of electrodes that are specifically shaped to account for the unique parameters of treated wastewater and c) changes in the direction of current flow [26] for electrode self-cleaning [27].

In this study, selected innovative solutions for sewage EC, which had been previously tested only in a laboratory setting, were analysed in semi-industrial conditions. The following unique solutions were applied in a pilot experiment: a) sewage flow during recirculating EC was enforced by the shape of the electrodes and the electrolyser, and the electrolyser can be easily adapted to process large quantities of wastewater, b) electrode self-cleaning was induced by changes in the direction of current flow on the electrodes, c) the optimized frequency of changes in the direction of current flow on the electrodes (every 256 s) was sufficient for electrode polarization. In view of the unique and innovative nature of the proposed procedures and solutions, EC can be regarded not only as a preliminary purification step, but also as a comprehensive alternative to other wastewater treatment methods.

## 2. Materials and methods

Sewage from Reszel (Poland, 5000pe) was used in this pilot test. Raw sewage was characterized by the following average parameters: pH = 6.89–6.97; Turbidity TU = 87.5–149 mg/L; Suspended Solids SS = 250–340 mg/L; Chemical Oxygen Demand COD = 609–737 mg/L; Total Phosphorus P = 10.0–10.7 mg/L. A pilot system for EC of municipal

wastewater, equipped with Al-electrodes, was designed and constructed specifically for this test. The diagram of a recirculation system for sewage EC is shown in Fig. 1.

550 g NaCl was dissolved in 100 L of sewage to increase its specific conductance  $\kappa$  to  $2.2 \cdot 10^{-3} \Omega^{-1} \cdot \text{cm}^{-1}$ . Then, 26 mL of concentrated HCl (36%) was added to decrease pH and dissolve the passive layer of the anode [28]. According to some researchers [10,19,24], disinfectant chlorine can be generated electrochemically under the above conditions. Next, 100 L of sewage was recirculated at 200 L/h between the small electrolyser and the large container for 1 h (Fig. 5) or 2 h (Figs. 3 and 4). Nine Al-electrodes with the width of 46 cm, height of 16 cm and thickness of 0.3 cm each, spaced at 2.3 cm, were installed in the glass chamber. This unique arrangement contributed to maximum contact between the electrodes and wastewater (Fig. 1, "6"). The pH in the container was maintained at 6.0 by adding small amounts (14–19 mL) of concentrated (36%) HCl during the process.

EC was conducted at constant current. Changes in voltage were registered continuously (Fig. 2), and the mean value of  $U$  was determined for controlling and calculating energy consumption. Programmable power supply for the electro-coagulator and the microcomputer controlling the system (10 and 11 in Fig. 1) changed the direction of the current on the electrodes every 256 seconds (based on the results of previous laboratory tests [27]) to: a) facilitate "sophisticated" self-cleaning of the cathode which became a soluble anode after every 256 s, b) minimize polarization loss. The electro-coagulant dose was proportional to the time of electrolysis according to Faraday's law,

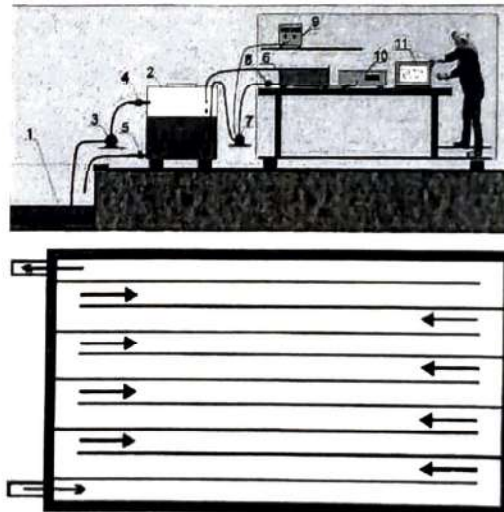


Fig. 1. Diagram of a recirculation system for sewage EC. 1 – wastewater reservoir, 2 – treated sewage tank, 3 – pump for filling the tank, 4 – volume counter, 5 – valve for draining the tank, 6 – electro-coagulator (including the top view), 7 – recirculation pump, 8 – volume counter, 9 – power supply for the recirculation pump, 10 – programmable power supply for the electro-coagulator, 11 – microcomputer controlling the system.



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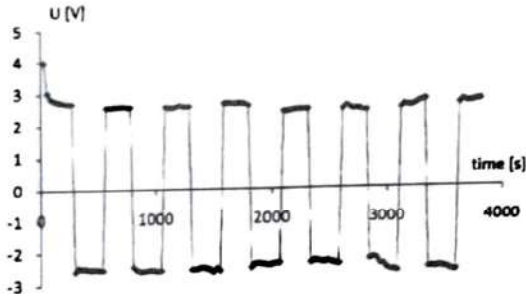


Fig. 2. Example of registration of changes in voltage.

$m = k \cdot i \cdot t$ , where the electrochemical equivalent of aluminium is  $k = 27 / (96500 \cdot 3) = 9.3 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ g} \cdot \text{A}^{-1} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ , although previous research [29] demonstrated that it could be higher. Samples for analysis were collected from the supernatant every 10 min. Colour, turbidity (TU), suspended solids (SS), total phosphorus and COD were measured in the DR 2800 HACH-Dr Lange system, and pH was controlled with the Hanna Instruments HI 8424 pH-meter. After EC, treated sewage was sedimented for 30 min, and three final samples were collected from the supernatant for analysis. The mean values of parameters describing treated wastewater are given in Figs. 3–5, and the percent error ( $\pm \%$ ) of SS, P and COD values is presented in Table 1. In Polish wastewater treatment plants, the maximum concentration of phosphorus in purified wastewater is 5 mg/L. Initial phosphorus concentration in the analysed sewage was close to 10 mg/L. Therefore, the common denominator for comparing the obtained purification results was the removal of 50% P.

3. Results and discussion

The purification of re-circulated sewage treated by EC with Al-electrodes is shown in Figs. 3–6 as the following relationship:

$$\text{impurity removal [\%]} = f(\text{time of electrolysis})$$

The first run of EC was performed at  $I = 10 \text{ A}$  during  $t = 2 \text{ h}$  (Fig. 3).

During EC, aluminium ions formed by electrolytic dissolution of the aluminium anode are transferred to wastewater [Eq. (1)]. Positively-charged colloidal  $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$  in sewage [Eq. (3)] is gradually bound to wastewater impurities (responsible for the values of TU, SS, P and COD). After aggregation, agglomeration, flocculation and sedimentation of the sewage sludge, the liquid phase of treated wastewater is gradually separated from impurities expressed by the values of TU, SS, P and COD. After 2 h of EC, the initial colour (2520) was finally removed in 70.2%, turbidity (148) – in 98%, suspended solids (350) – in 74.3%, and phosphorus (10.0 mg/L) – in 79.1%. The electro-coagulant dose required to achieve the above results was:

$$m = 9.3 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ g} \cdot \text{A}^{-1} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \cdot 10 \text{ A} \cdot 7200 \text{ s} = 6.7 \text{ g Al} / 100 \text{ L} \quad (5)$$

According to the data in Fig. 3, less Al (approx. 62.5 mg Al/L) was required ( $t = 6720 \text{ s}$ ) to meet the Polish sewage treatment standards with regard to (–50%) phosphorus removal. Unfortunately, the final COD of 289 mg/L (up to 60.8%) did not conform to the Polish requirements, i.e. 150 mg/L. The energy consumption associated with the introduction of 6.7 g of Al to 100 L of treated sewage was:

$$E = 2.65 \text{ V} \cdot 10 \text{ A} \cdot 2 \text{ h} = 53 \text{ Wh} / 100 \text{ L} \\ = 0.53 \text{ kWh per tonne of sewage} \quad (6)$$

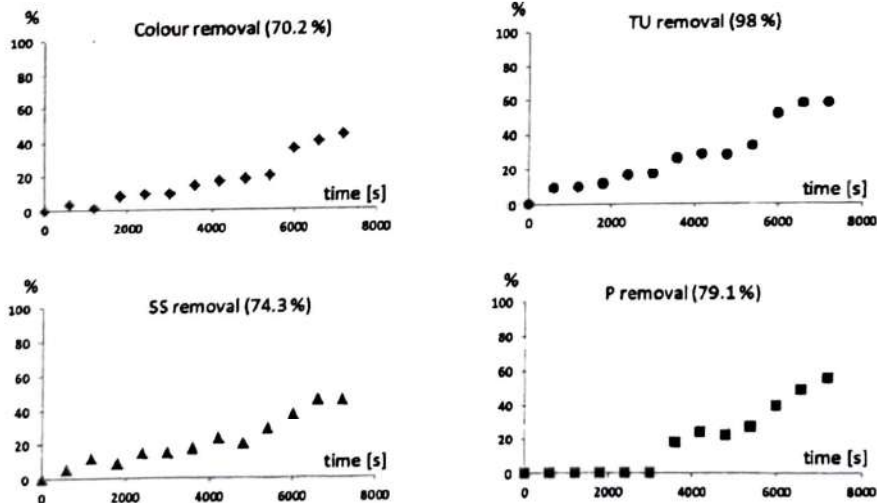


Fig. 3. Purification of sewage treated by EC at  $I = 10 \text{ A}$ ,  $U = 2.65 \text{ V}$ ,  $t = 7200 \text{ s}$ ,  $\text{pH}_0 = 6.93 + 15 \text{ mL HCl}$ ,  $\text{P}_0 = 10.0$ ,  $\text{Colour}_0 = 2520$ ,  $\text{TU}_0 = 148$ ,  $\text{SS}_0 = 350$ ,  $\text{COD}_0 \rightarrow \text{COD}_t = 609 \rightarrow 326 \text{ mg/L} (-46.5\%)$ .



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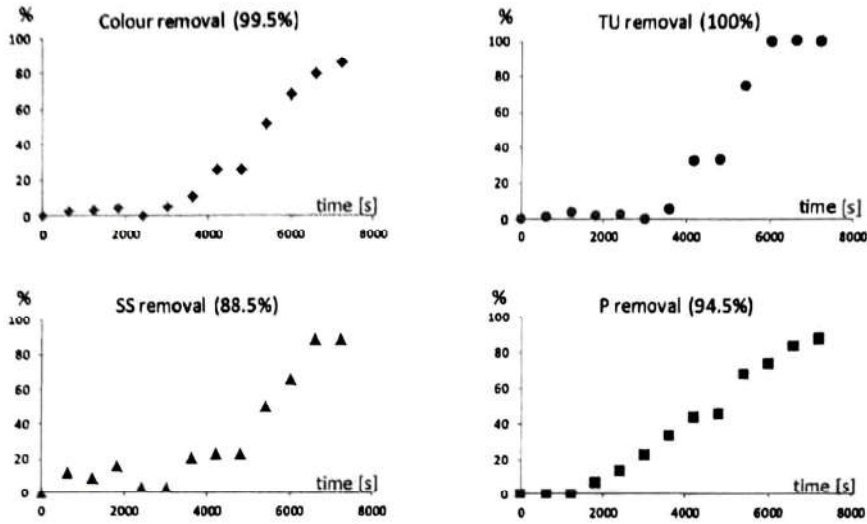


Fig. 4. Purification of sewage treated by EC at  $I = 13$  A,  $U = 2.8$  V,  $t = 7200$  s,  $pH_0 = 6.92 + 14$  mL HCl,  $P_0 = 10.7$ ,  $Colour_0 = 2140$ ,  $TU_0 = 87.5$ ,  $SS_0 = 260$ ,  $COD_0 \rightarrow COD_1 = 737 \rightarrow 289$  mg/L (-60.8%).

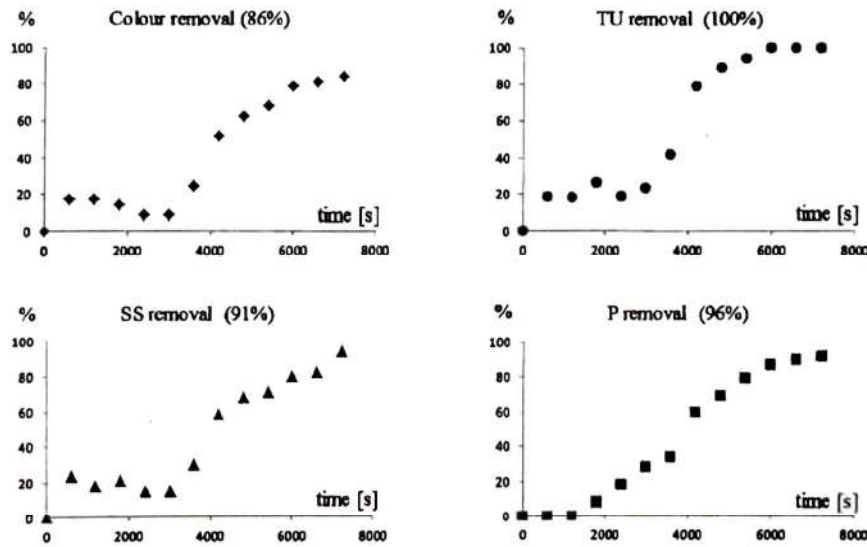


Fig. 5. Purification of sewage treated by EC at  $I = 15$  A,  $U = 3.2$  V,  $t = 7200$  s,  $pH_0 = 6.89 + 15$  mL HCl,  $P_0 = 10.7$ ,  $Colour_0 = 2570$ ,  $TU_0 = 149$ ,  $SS_0 = 340$ ,  $COD_0 \rightarrow COD_1 = 737 \rightarrow 269$  mg/L (-63.5%).

Table 1  
Parameters and results of pilot EC of municipal wastewater

| No. of run | Al-dose<br>g/tonne | Energy consumption<br>kWh/tonne | SS<br>[%] removal | P          | COD        |
|------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|
| 1          | 67                 | 0.530                           | 74.3 ± 1.2        | 79.1 ± 4.4 | 46.5 ± 5.0 |
| 2          | 87                 | 0.728                           | 88.5 ± 1.5        | 94.5 ± 4.5 | 60.8 ± 5.5 |
| 3          | 100                | 0.960                           | 91.0 ± 1.7        | 96.0 ± 4.3 | 63.5 ± 1.6 |



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Therefore, energy consumption required to remove 50% of P was 0.49 kWh per tonne of sewage (62.5 mg Al/L was consumed). Al-anode dissolution and energy consumption are the main costs associated with EC maintenance.

The second run of EC was performed at  $I = 13$  A during  $t = 2$  h (Fig. 4). Those parameters ( $I$  and  $t$ ) were selected based on numerous laboratory experiments and trials [29–31].

After 2 h of EC, the initial colour (2140) was removed in 99.5%, turbidity (87.5) in 100%, suspended solids (250) – in 88.5%, and phosphorus (10.7 mg/L) in 94.5%. The electro-coagulant dose required to achieve the above results was:

$$m = 9.3 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ g} \cdot \text{A}^{-1} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \cdot 13 \text{ A} \cdot 7200 \text{ s} = 8.7 \text{ g Al} / 100 \text{ L} \quad (7)$$

According to the data in Fig. 4, less Al (approx. 58.6 mg Al/L) was required ( $t = 4850$  s) to meet the Polish sewage treatment standards with regard to (~50%) phosphorus removal. Unfortunately, the final COD = 289 mg/L (60.8% removal) did not conform to the requirements, i.e. 150 mg/L. The energy consumption associated with the introduction of 8.7 g of Al to 100 L of treated sewage was:

$$E = 2.8 \text{ V} \cdot 13 \text{ A} \cdot 2 \text{ h} = 72.8 \text{ Wh} / 100 \text{ L} \\ = 0.728 \text{ kWh per tonne of sewage} \quad (8)$$

Therefore, energy consumption required to remove 50% of P at 58.6 mg Al/L was 0.49 kWh per tonne of sewage. It means that energy consumption required to remove 50% of P is the same at  $I = 13$  A and  $I = 10$  A, although less Al was consumed at  $I = 13$  A.

In the third run of EC (Fig. 5), current was increased to  $I = 15$  A.

After 2 h of EC, the initial colour (2570) was removed in 86%, turbidity (149) – in 100%, suspended solids (340) – in 91%, and phosphorus (10.4 mg/L) – in 96%. Due to higher  $I = 15$  A, the electro-coagulant dose required to achieve the above results was:

$$m = 9.3 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ g} \cdot \text{A}^{-1} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \cdot 15 \text{ A} \cdot 7200 \text{ s} = 10 \text{ g Al} / 100 \text{ L} \quad (9)$$

According to the data in Fig. 5 and according to expectations (Figs. 3 and 4), less Al (approx. 55.5 mg Al/L) was required to meet the sewage treatment standards with regard to (~50%) phosphorus removal. However, the final COD of 269 mg/L (up to 63.5% removal after EC) did not fulfil the Polish requirements. Similar or even worse results were obtained in numerous laboratory experiments and trials [29–31]. The energy consumption associated with the introduction of 10 g of Al to 100 L of treated sewage was:

$$E = 3.2 \text{ V} \cdot 15 \text{ A} \cdot 2 \text{ h} = 96 \text{ Wh} / 100 \text{ L} \\ = 0.96 \text{ kWh per tonne of sewage} \quad (10)$$

Therefore, energy consumption required to remove 50% of P (at 55.5 mg Al/L) was 0.53 kWh per tonne of sewage. It means that energy consumption required to remove 50% of P at  $I = 15$  A was slightly higher than at  $I = 10$  A and  $I = 13$ , but less Al was consumed at  $I = 15$  A. Considering the final results of purification (final removal of Colour, TU, SS and P, Fig. 5), a compromise between Al-anode dissolution and energy consumption has to be reached.

As expected, a higher electrocoagulant dose at higher energy consumption improved the efficiency of wastewater purification. The data presented in Table 1 indicate that the improvement in the purification degree of electrocoagulated waste may not be cost-effective in practice. When energy consumption is increased by 45% and aluminium consumption (Al electrodes) is increased by 33%, the corresponding increase in removal efficiency (SS, P and COD) is only around 17%. However, operating costs (consumption of Al electrodes and energy) can be adapted to local needs and requirements. One of the greatest advantages of the proposed EC method is that it is easy to control by changing the current flowing through the electrolyser.

As mentioned in the Introduction, EC and chemical coagulation involve the aggregation, agglomeration and flocculation of impurities with colloidal particles of aluminium hydroxide and other aluminium compounds in the system after the hydrolysis of aluminium cations [32].

The diagram in Fig. 6 presents a simple model for the aggregation and flocculation of phosphates and COD with colloidal  $(\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3)_n$ . From the physicochemical point of view, this process involves bridging of positively-charged, colloidal  $(\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3)_n$  adsorbents by negatively-charged sewage impurities, and the adsorption of other wastewater impurities (such as phosphate anions) by colloidal  $(\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3)_n$  adsorbents [30]. In industrial practice, this aggregation mechanism is known as sweep flocculation [15,32]. Sewage impurities are agglomerated in sludge, and sludge is separated to produce treated wastewater.

In the fourth run (Fig. 7), in order to validate the data from purification trials 1, 2 and 3, the duration of the experiment was reduced to 1 h of EC at the current of  $I = 15$  A (Fig. 5).

After 1 h of EC, the initial colour (2170) was removed in 63%, turbidity (102) – in 100%, suspended solids (270) – in 71%, and phosphorus (10.7 mg/L) – in 51%. Since the fourth run of EC was twice shorter, the electro-coagulant dose required to achieve the above results was also twofold lower (50 mg Al/L). In such conditions purification results were not satisfactory, except for the final removal of P after 0.5 h of additional sludge settling. Therefore, EC has to last longer under practical conditions.

The results obtained during EC of municipal wastewater indicate that EC can pose a viable alternative to other wastewater treatment methods and can be seriously considered as an initial process of municipal wastewater purification.

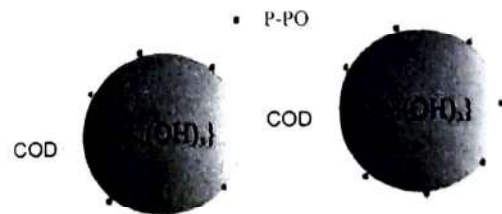


Fig. 6. Aggregation and flocculation of phosphates and COD in wastewater electrocoagulated with Al electrodes.



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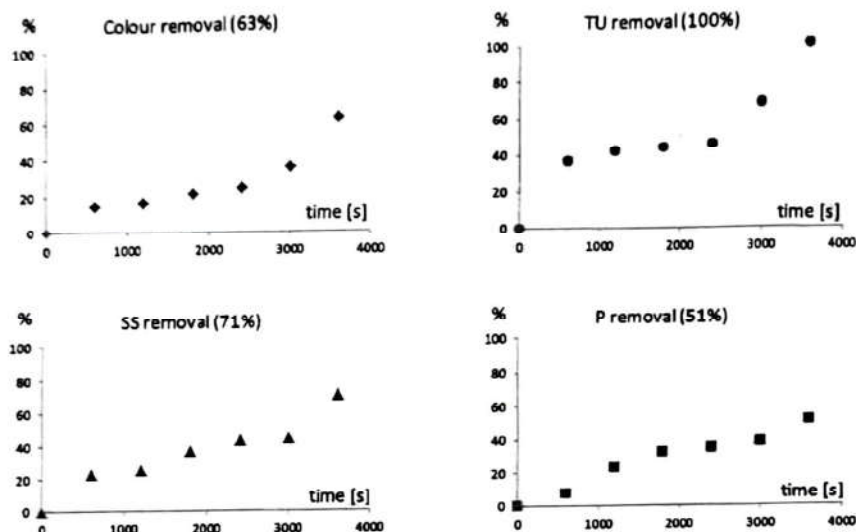


Fig. 7. Purification of sewage treated by EC at  $I = 15$  A,  $U = 3.0$  V,  $t = 3600$  s,  $pH_0 = 6.97 + 19$  mL HCl,  $P_0 = 10.7$ ,  $Colour_0 = 2170$ ,  $TU_0 = 102$ ,  $SS_0 = 270$ ,  $COD_0 = 737 \rightarrow 304$  mg/L (-58.7%).

#### 4. Conclusions

Municipal wastewater treated by the pilot electrocoagulation method (EC) is purified equally or more effectively than sewage treated in a laboratory. The costs of the main components of the EC system are determined by the prices of aluminium and energy. Therefore, a certain compromise has to be reached to match the specific requirements of a wastewater treatment plant. In the described pilot test: a) the maximum energy consumption associated with 55.5 mg Al/L was 0.53 kWh per tonne of sewage and b) the minimum energy consumption associated with 62.5 mg Al/L was 0.49 kWh per tonne of sewage. Sewage purification results seem promising, and they fulfil Polish effluent quality standards, excluding COD where higher efficiency is required, which is caused by the dissolved fractions. Electrocoagulation alone can pose a viable alternative to other wastewater treatment methods in most cases and will be an important initial step, where biological processes are required to remove dissolved COD during municipal wastewater purification.

#### Acknowledgement

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## Electrocoagulation -A Promising Technology for Sewage Treatment

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**Abstract** — Treatment of sewage wastewater has become an absolute necessity because sewage is main point source pollutant on global scale. An innovative, cheap and effective method of purifying and cleaning wastewater before discharging into any other water system is needed. Wide ranges of wastewater treatment techniques are known which include biological process and physicochemical process. Study has been made to replace the biological treatment of sewage by electrochemical process with consideration to achieve desired water quality. Present study was conducted to investigate the applicability of the electro-coagulation technique for the treatment of sewage wastewater. In this study lab-scale electro-coagulation was carried out for the treatment of raw sewage wastewater at different operating time i.e 15min, 20min, 25min, 30min using Aluminum as Cathode and Mild steel as a Anode, with 15mm and 10 mm electrode spacing, supplying 24v and 10amp. It is observed that the batch which is operated at 10Amp for 30 min has maximum removal efficiency of COD & S.S i.e. 95% & 86% respectively at optimum pH 8.3.

**Keywords:** Sewage, Electro-Coagulation, COD removal

### I. INTRODUCTION

Sewage is the main point source pollutant on a global scale [5]. So, direct discharge of raw or improperly treated sewage into the water body is one of the main sources of pollution [5]. Sewage normally consists of biological, chemical and physical constituents which usually high in Bio-chemical Oxygen demand (BOD), Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) and Suspended Solids (SS). There are two main objectives of wastewater treatment, one is protecting the environment and other is conserving fresh water resources [1].

Nowadays, many treatment plants use the biological process in treating sewage water but there are also disadvantages for that process. Besides, this Conventional biological treatment needs aeration for days and growth of bacteria. To enhance the removal efficiency of Suspended Solids (SS) in conventional treatment, chemical coagulant such as alum, ferric chloride, ferric sulfate and lime are usually used resulting in suspended solid removal efficiency ranging between 80% to 90%. The major disadvantages of chemical precipitation process for the removal of SS and COD are that it involves the addition of chemicals which can be costly and result in the increase of Total Dissolve solids (TDS). Research in the past few decades, have shown that the Electro-Coagulation is a promising treatment method and have potential to treat variety type of wastewater including sewage.

Electro-coagulation treatment offers an alternative to the use of chemical coagulant such as metal salts or polymer for

breaking the pollutants because during the Electro-coagulation process, the electrode can generate the metal hydroxides that destabilized and aggregate the suspended particles and precipitates. It is a complex process involving chemical and physical mechanism operating simultaneously to remove the organics from the sewage wastewater. It involves 3 successive stages

- 1) Formation of coagulants by Electrolytic oxidation of the sacrificial electrode such as mild steel.
- 2) Destabilization of contaminants, particulate suspension and breaking of emulsion.
- 3) Aggregation of destabilized phase to floc formation. (Mollah et al., 2014)

Main aim of the study is to investigate the potential of Electro-Coagulation process using Mild Steel electrodes in the removal of COD and SS from Domestic wastewater. The effect of electrolysis time, inter electrode distance for the removal of parameters are discussed.

### II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

#### A. Sewage Water Samples

Raw sewage wastewater samples were collected from the Pirana 106 MLD sewage treatment plant located in Ahmedabad, Gujarat. The composition of sewage wastewater then characterized to identify the pH, SS, COD, TDS.

#### B. Experimental Set-up

The batch experimental set-up shown in Fig. 1. The Electrochemical unit consists of an Electrocoagulation cell, a DC power supply and the electrodes (4 Aluminum as cathode and 3 Mild Steel as anode). A Monopolar electrode having same dimensions (230mm X 170 mm X 3mm) as an anode and cathode which spacing of 10mm and 15 mm (depending on the experiment) between each other. The total effective area of electrode was 78200 mm<sup>2</sup>. All the electrodes were washed with dilute HCl before every experiment conducted.

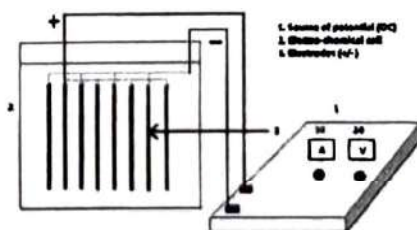


Fig. 1: Schematic diagram of experimental set-up



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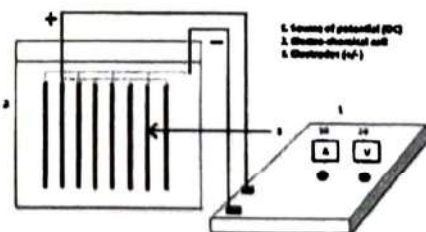


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C. Specifications of lab-scale model

| Sr No | Physical Features          | Dimensions                      |
|-------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1     | Reactor Dimensions         | 380 X 235 X 255 mm <sup>3</sup> |
| 2     | Liquid Depth               | 210mm                           |
| 3     | Width of Baffle            | 50mm                            |
| 4     | Volume of Reactor          | 22L                             |
| 5     | No of Electrode            | 4 Al + 3 MS                     |
| 6     | Electrode Dimensions       | 230mm x 170mm                   |
| 7     | Electrode Area             | 78200mm <sup>2</sup>            |
| 8     | Thickness of Electrode     | 3mm                             |
| 9     | Distance between Electrode | 15 mm & 10mm                    |

Table 1: SPECIFICATION OF LAB-SCALE REACTOR

D. Electrodes for Lab-scale Model

In the present work Aluminum used as Cathode and Mild steel used as Anode. Electrode design is one of the most important factor that affects the Electro-coagulation process. Electrode design affects the release of coagulants in the solution and the bubble type.

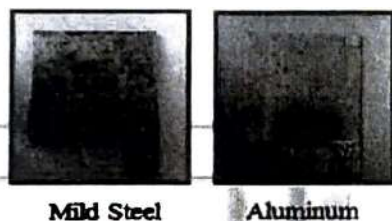


Fig. 2: Electrode Material

E. Experimental procedure

The experiments were carried out in a batch mode. Monopolar electrodes used with electrode distance 15mm and 10 mm. 10 Ampere and 24 volt are fixed in power supply unit. Each run was carried out at time interval of 15min, 20min, 25 min, and 30 min, once the DC power supply was started. Experiments were carried out to Determine the effect of electrode material, Electrocoagulation time, interelectrode distance and initial pH. After the experiment 500ml treated sample was taken from each plate and then kept undisturbed for 60 min in order to allow the flocs to settle. Subsequently after settling the sample of supernatant was collected to perform the analysis of TDS, SS and COD.

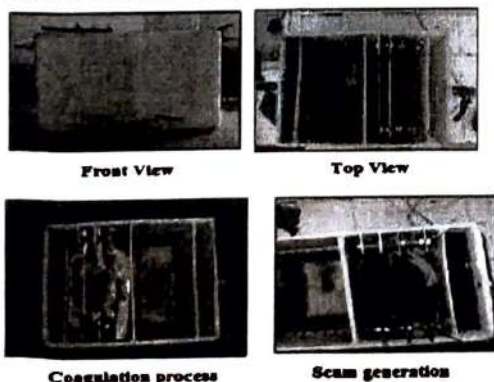


Fig. 3: Electrocoagulation Process

III. RESULTS AND CONCLUSION

A. Characteristics of raw sewage water

| Parameter | Avg Value |
|-----------|-----------|
| COD(mg/L) | 506       |
| SS(mg/L)  | 182       |
| TDS(mg/L) | 847       |
| pH        | 7.1       |

Table 2: Average raw sewage characteristics of 106 MLD, Pirana, Ahmedabad

| Parameter | Avg Value |
|-----------|-----------|
| COD(mg/L) | 506       |
| SS(mg/L)  | 182       |
| TDS(mg/L) | 847       |
| pH        | 7.1       |

B. Effect of electrolysis time

As shown in fig 4 as the time of electrolysis increase comparable changes in the removal efficiency of COD, SS, TDS and pH are observed. Reactive time also influence the treatment efficiency of Electrocoagulation Process because the more time consume the more production rate of hydroxyle and metal ions are produced on the electrodes.

| Parameter                               | Raw   | 15 min | 20min | 25min | 30min |
|---|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| COD(Mg/L)                               | 457.6 | 52     | 31.2  | 26    | 20.8  |
| %removal                                | -     | 88     | 93    | 94    | 95    |
| SS(Mg/L)                                | 440   | 120    | 120   | 60    | 60    |
| %removal                                | -     | 72     | 72    | 86    | 86    |
| TDS(Mg/L)                               | 790   | 755    | 748   | 742   | 734   |
| %removal                                | -     | 44     | 53    | 60    | 70    |
| pH                                      | 7.6   | 8.0    | 8.1   | 8.1   | 8.3   |
| Energy consumption(kwh/m <sup>3</sup> ) |       | 6.31   | 8.42  | 10.52 | 12.6  |

Table 3: Effect of Electrocoagulation time on parameters

C. Effect of interelectrode distance

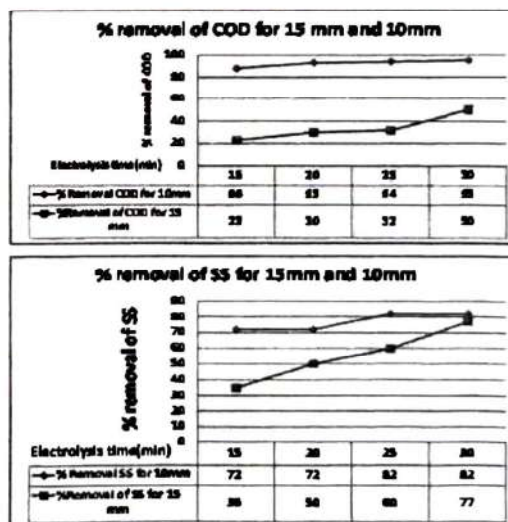


Fig. 4: Effect of inter electrode distance on COD



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and SS removal using MS and Al electrode, current density 42A/m<sup>2</sup> and for 15 min, 20min, 25min, 30min Ec time.

The effect of interelectrode distance shows a significant result in this experiment.

| Electrolysis time(min) | COD(% removal) |      | SS(%removal) |      |
|------------------------|----------------|------|--------------|------|
|                        | 15mm           | 10mm | 15mm         | 10mm |
| 15                     | 23             | 88   | 35           | 72   |
| 20                     | 30             | 93   | 50           | 72   |
| 25                     | 32             | 94   | 60           | 86   |
| 30                     | 50             | 95   | 77           | 86   |

Table 4: Effect of electrolysis time on COD and SS removal

As shown in fig 4, when interelectrode distance increases the efficiency of COD and SS removal decreases slightly because the rate of electron transfer is become slower. Variations of the percentage removal with inter electrode distance is shown in figure below.

#### IV. CONCLUSION

In this study the EC process was found to be an effective method for the treatment of Domestic wastewater. The effect of operational conditions such as electrolysis time, pH and inter electrode distance on removal of COD and SS was examined. The result showed that the removal of COD and SS increase with increase electrolysis time except for pH and inter electrode distance. The highest removal efficiency of COD by 95%, SS by 82% occurred at 42A/m<sup>2</sup> current density, 10mm electrode distance and pH 8.3 in 30min of operating time by Mild Steel electrode.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

It is indeed a great pleasure for me to express my deep and profound gratitude to Dr. N. S. Varandani, Head of Environmental Engineering Department, LDCE for providing me an opportunity to work on the Dissertation titled "Comparative Study of Electro-Coagulation and Electro-Oxidation for Oxidation of Organics from Sewage". Their faith in my abilities has led me to a path of confidence and determination. I express my deep gratitude to Prof. Minarva pandya, Prof.Huma Syed and Prof. Dimpshi shah and Mrs Varsha for their stimulating support in various ways. I am also thankful to Sandip Parmar Student of L.D college of Engg who helped me in all way possible to conduct the study and all staff members of AMC 106MLD and 126MLD who helped me a lot for collecting fresh sewage whenever I needed. I equally Thanks to my Family members, to all my friends specially Prashant Thakkar, Monika panchani and other classmates i.e Nilesh, Harshit , Huzaifa, Dharmesh, Ketan, mitul for helping me to complete my work. Last but not the least; I am deeply thankful to all the known and unknown persons who have helped me a little or more towards completion of my task.To those I am sure to miss out, my sincerest apologies.

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## Studying the effectiveness of treating waste water using the electro coagulation process at Sewage Treatment Plants

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### Abstract

Sewage has become a major point-source pollutant on a global scale. The management and treatment of wastewater is important to ensure that it is processed to a safe quality before re-use or disposal. The purpose of this study is to investigate the effectiveness of the electrocoagulation process in treating wastewater as an alternative to conventional methods to treat sewage. A 2 litre batch electrocoagulation unit was set up consisting of 4 monopolar electrodes connected to a DC power supply and the process was investigated for chemical oxygen demand, ammonia, and phosphates reduction. Iron and aluminium were comparatively used as the treatment electrodes, and effects of operating conditions like applied voltage and treatment time were investigated. Voltage was varied from 5V, 10V and 15V for 30 and 60 minutes treatment duration and aluminium gave better results than iron. The optimum conditions were experimentally determined to be 15V at 30 minutes treatment using aluminium, to give 92% COD removal, 100% phosphate removal and 61% ammonia removal using DC current converted to alternating pulse current by use of a circuit. The experimental results showed electrocoagulation to be a feasible process in the treatment of wastewater.

**Keywords:** electrocoagulation; wastewater treatment; applied voltage; COD removal; phosphate removal; ammonia removal; monopolar electrodes.



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## INTRODUCTION

Sewage is the main point-source pollutant on a global scale [1]. The biological and chemical composition of sewage is usually high in Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD), Suspended Solid (SS) and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD). So, direct discharge of raw or improper treated sewage into the water body is one of the main sources of pollution on a global scale [1]. Wastewater treatment serves two main objectives, protecting the environment and conserving fresh water resources [2].

Treated municipal wastewater is considered, in many major cities of the world, as a supplementary water source for several uses such as agricultural irrigation, landscaping, industrial activities (cooling and process needs), groundwater recharge, recreational and other uses. The continued dependence on treated municipal wastewater for the previously mentioned uses coupled with emerging stricter policies/guidelines for such uses prompted scientists and researchers to concentrate in improving current treatment technologies and to come up with innovative ideas to treat municipal wastewater in an efficient and cost effective manner [3].

The most common conventional methods of treating sewage include Activated Sludge Process, Aerated Lagoons (Oxidation Ponds), Biological Trickle Filtration systems and Anaerobic Digesters. The major disadvantages of most of the conventional methods is that they consume a lot of space and require long periods to process sewage. Simple and efficient sewage water treatment systems are urgently needed in developing countries [4].

Electrocoagulation is one of a simple method to treat wastewater efficiently [5]. Electrocoagulation (EC) is an emerging technology that combines the functions and advantages of conventional coagulation, flotation, and electrochemistry in water and wastewater treatment [6]. It is a complex process involving chemical and physical mechanisms operating simultaneously to remove pollutants from wastewaters [2]. Therefore the potential of electrocoagulation to treat multiple contaminants must be studied. Wastewater is the main cause for irreversible damages to the environment and also contributes to the reduction of fresh water reserves, creating threats to the next generation [7]. Sewage treatment plants are then setup to manage wastewater disposal from the sewer systems and processing this wastewater to safe quality before re-use or disposal.

The purpose of this study is to investigate the treatment of wastewater using electrocoagulation and study its effectiveness as an alternative treatment system to already existing methods. Eyvaz et al. (2014) states that electrocoagulation (EC) has gained many interest due to providing simple, reliable and cost effective operation for the treatment of wastewaters without and need for additional chemicals, and thus the secondary pollution [8].

Research, in the past few decades, have shown that electrocoagulation is a promising



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treatment method and effectively potential to treat variety type of wastewaters including dyes wastewater, tannery wastewater, restaurant wastewater, palm oil mill effluent, food wastewater, potato chip manufacturing wastewater, urban wastewater, and removing heavy metals [9-10]. Hence a multiple contaminant treatment system could prove very beneficial for municipalities and this could lead to advancement in water treatment technology.

### METHODS AND MATERIALS

A schematic diagram of the experimental set-up is depicted in Figure 1. The electrochemical circuit unit consists of an electrocoagulation cell, a D.C power supply and the electrodes (aluminum and iron) and is shown in Figure 2. A magnetic stirrer was put in place to keep the composition the sample homogeneous throughout the treatment and set at 100 rpm. All the electrodes were washed with 5% HCl before every experiments conducted. At the beginning of each experiment, 2000 mL of Municipal wastewater was fed into the electrocoagulation cell and current was applied to the circuit for 60 min. The amount of voltage that were applied to the system were 5, 10 and 15 V with maximum treatment time of 60 minutes. Every experiment was performed at room temperature and experimental samples were taken at 5 minute intervals of each run for COD, phosphate and ammonia measurements. Reagent grade of chemicals were used without further purification in every experiment. The pH value was determined by a pH meter (HACH HQ11d). The COD values were measured using a Double Beam UV/VIS Spectrophotometer (PERKIN – ELMER). Conductivity measurements were obtained using a Conductivity meter (Eutech CON 5100). Phosphates and ammonia measurements were obtained using a Single Beam Ultra-Violet Visible Spectrophotometer (HACH-LANGE DR 6000). The system's current was provided by a regulated D.C power with maximum 30V and 3A output volume and current respectively with a 2cm gap between them.

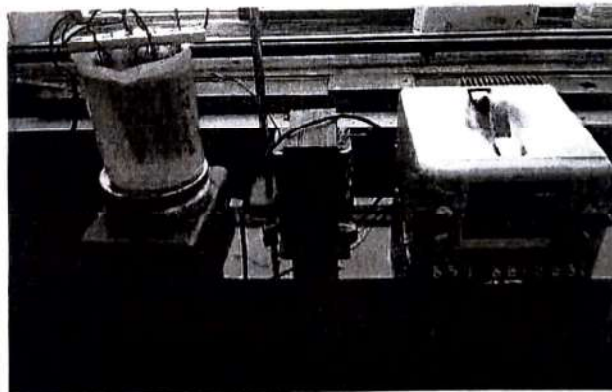


Figure 1: Electrocoagulation unit setup



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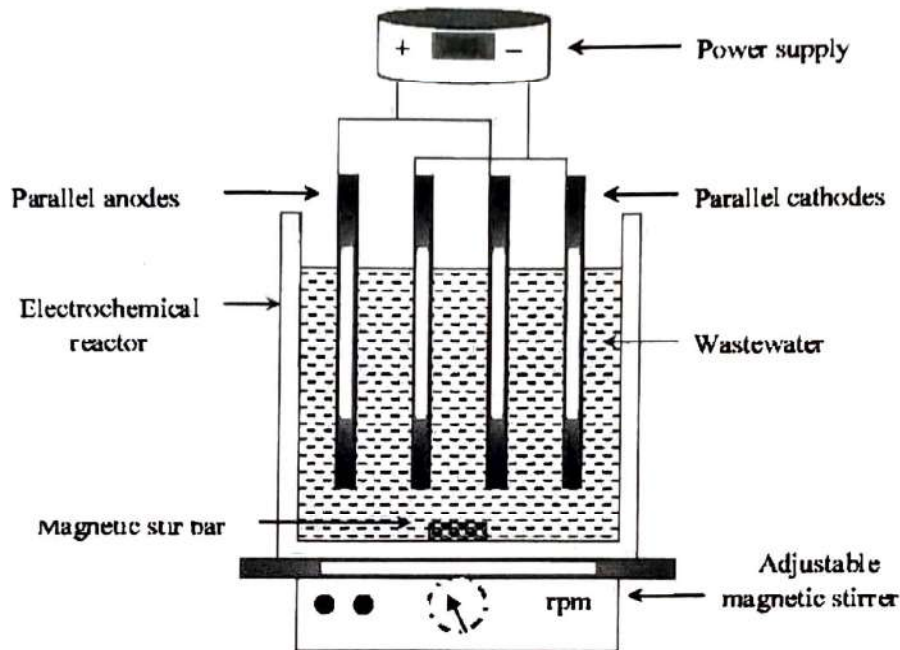


Figure 2: Circuit diagram of electrocoagulation reactor setup

#### Effect of electrode material

Aluminium and iron were compared for their treatment efficiency. The varied parameters were voltage and treatment time for each electrode.

#### Effect of Applied Voltage

Voltage was varied from 5V, 10V to 15V. Each voltage was run on a fresh sewage sample. The electrodes were washed with 5% HCl and rinsed with water before and after each treatment in order to remove all dirt from the electrodes [11-12].

#### Effect of treatment time

50 ml samples were taken after 30 minutes and 60 minutes treatment time. These were filtered and preserved with concentrated  $H_2SO_4$  at  $4^\circ C$  for analysis. The amount of electrode material used up in the treatment was determined using Faraday's Law

$$W = \frac{itM}{zF}$$



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**RESULTS AND DISCUSSION****pH and conductivity**

The effect of pH and conductivity were not subjects of this study, but were analyzed before treatment was carried out to ensure that their values could suffice electrocoagulation. From literature near neutral pH and conductivity in the range >50mS/cm was adequate for electrocoagulation. Domestic wastewater has a fairly good concentration of dissolved salts like NaCl which enable the conduction of current.

**Treatment using iron**

The EC process was first applied using iron electrodes and the results shown in Table 1.

**Table 1:** Characteristics of raw and treated wastewater for iron at 5, 10 and 15 volts

| 5 VOLTS           | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
|-------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| COD (mg/L)        | 346           | 242.2      | 215        |
| Phosphates (mg/L) | 10.8          | 1.3        | 0.11       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)    | 56.4          | 50.1       | 49.3       |
| 10 VOLTS          | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
| COD (mg/L)        | 470           | 222        | 153        |
| Phosphates (mg/L) | 7.51          | 0.12       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)    | 58.6          | 37.4       | 30.8       |
| 15 VOLTS          | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
| COD (mg/L)        | 481           | 154        | 96.1       |
| Phosphates (mg/L) | 10.33         | 0.00       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)    | 41.7          | 23.2       | 19.13      |

Removal Efficiency was calculated from equation 1:

Taking COD at 5 Volts, Removal efficiency (R %) was calculated from equation 1:

$$R\% (30\text{minutes}) = \frac{346 - 242.2}{346} \times 100 \quad (1)$$

$$= 30\%$$

(Tables showing Removal efficiencies are in the Appendix)

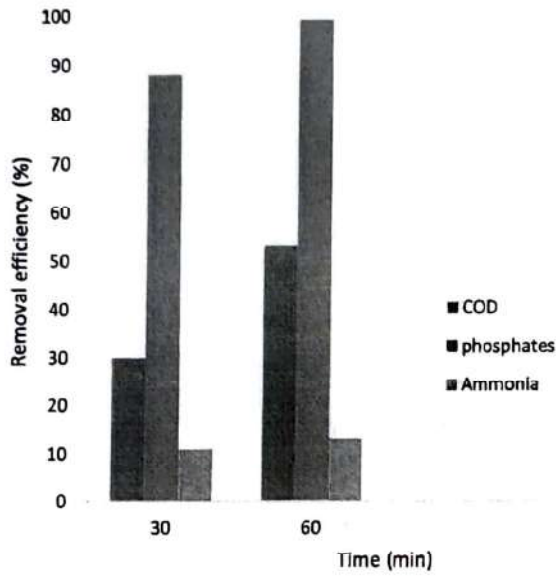


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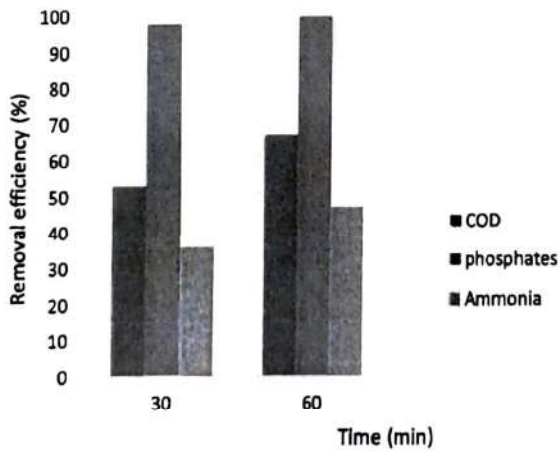


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**Effect of Time :**



**Figure 3:** Effect of time at on removal efficiency at 5 volts



**Figure 4:** Effect of time on removal efficiency at 10 volts



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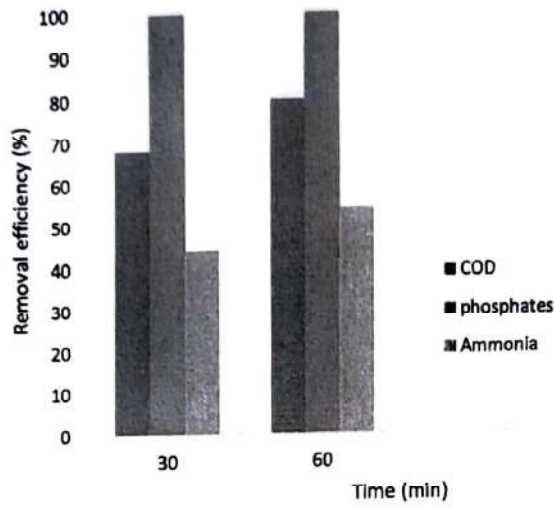


Figure 5: Effect of time on removal efficiency at 15 volts

Effect of Applied Voltage :

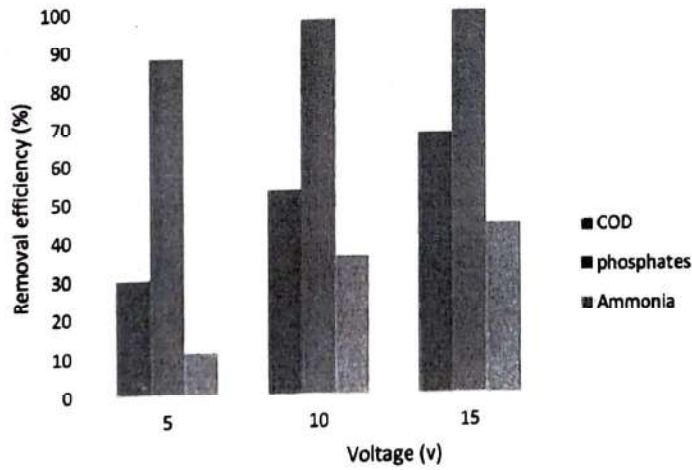


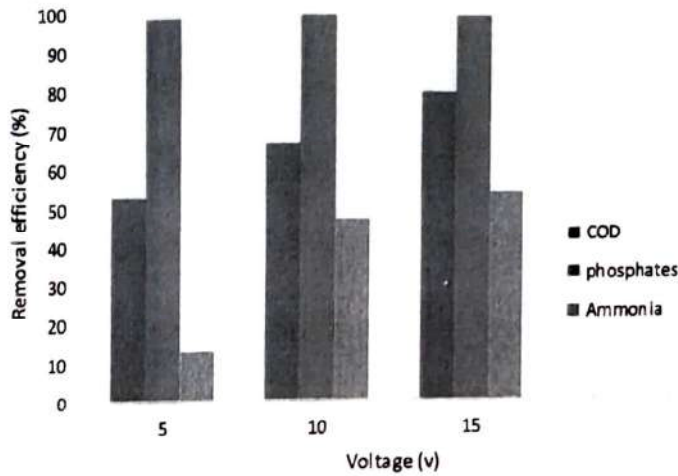
Figure 6: Effect of applied voltage on removal efficiency after 30 minutes treatment



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**Figure 7:** Effect of applied voltage on removal efficiency after 60 minutes treatment

Table 1 shows the results obtained for iron at different voltages and different treatment times. The best result was obtained at 15 volts after 60 minutes treatment. COD, phosphates and ammonia were reduced from 481 mg/L, 10.33 mg/L, and 41.7 mg/L to 96 mg/L, 0.00 mg/L and 19.13 mg/L. Conversely, the lowest result was obtained at 5 volts. Figures 3 to 5 show that increasing treatment time increases removal and Figures 6 and 7 show that increasing voltage had a positive effect on removal efficiency of all pollutants because of the increase in anode dissolution per unit time. 80%, 100% and 54% removal efficiencies were obtained for COD, phosphates and ammonia respectively.

Using iron electrodes, the treating solution began to change into a greenish color after 5 minutes and then switched into brownish color a few minutes later during treatment. These particles are extremely fine and very hard to precipitate, the color was also hard to wash from the vessels. Therefore all subsequent treatments were carried out using aluminum.

**TREATMENT USING ALUMINUM**

Because of the problems associated with using iron, the results are associated with aluminium



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**Table 2:** Characteristics of raw and treated water at 5 volts

| Experiment 1     | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| COD (mg/L)       | 431           | 243.3      | 231.7      |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 5.82          | 0.33       | 0.01       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 41.82         | 32.46      | 32.10      |
| Experiment 2     | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
| COD (mg/L)       | 300           | 178        | 162        |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 15.3          | 0.8        | 0.01       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 59.9          | 48         | 46         |
| Experiment 3     | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
| COD (mg/L)       | 365           | 207        | 197        |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 6.71          | 0.3        | 0.02       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 41.34         | 32.35      | 31.20      |

**Table 3:** Characteristics of raw and treated water at 10 volts

| Experiment 1     | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| COD (mg/L)       | 315.1         | 98.3       | 52.7       |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 5.65          | 0.13       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 6.37          | 3.81       | 2.35       |
| Experiment 2     | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
| COD (mg/L)       | 537           | 197        | 95.4       |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 10.34         | 0.00       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 3.99          | 2.47       | 1.56       |
| COD (mg/L)       | 481           | 168.3      | 60.2       |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 7.6           | 0.00       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 45.7          | 27.42      | 20.15      |

**Table 4:** Characteristics raw and treated wastewater at 15 volts

| Experiment 1     | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| COD (mg/L)       | 360           | 21.6       | 2.2        |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 3.70          | 0.00       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia(mg/L)    | 2.75          | 2.11       | 1          |
| Experiment 2     | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
| COD (mg/L)       | 438           | 24.6       | 14.6       |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 8.60          | 0.00       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 38.2          | 22.50      | 15.10      |
| Experiment 3     | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
| COD (mg/L)       | 273.3         | 17.3       | 0.00       |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 13.1          | 0.00       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 11.4          | 6.56       | 4.22       |

The tables show that initial concentration is also an important factor to be considered in electrocoagulation. From Table 2, comparing COD removal, it can be seen that a higher initial COD loading meant a relatively higher COD loading in the final treated

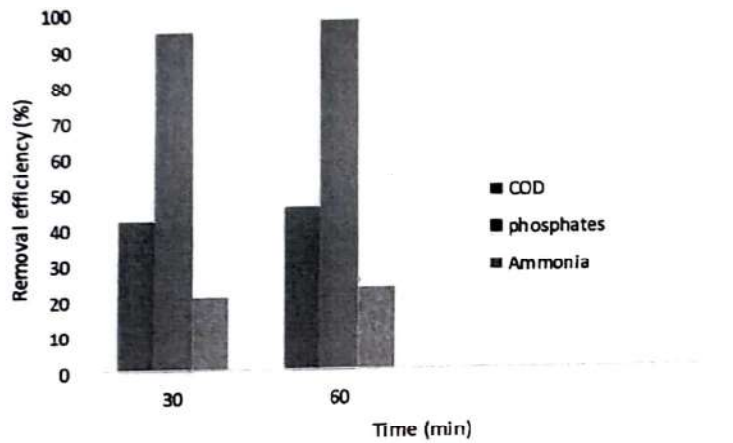


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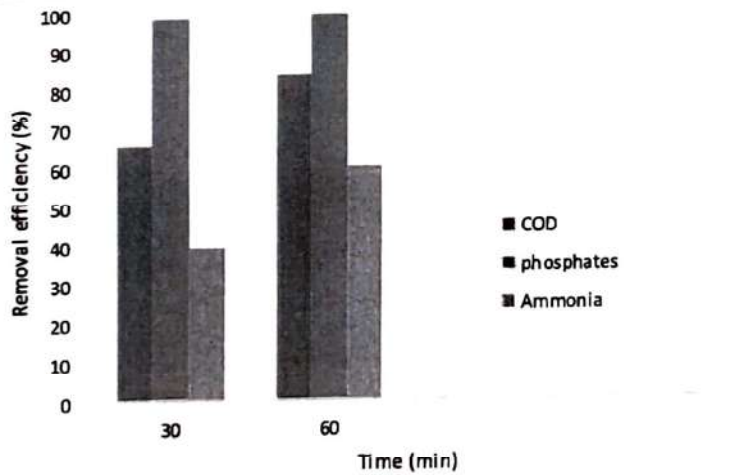
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solution. The same is true with ammonia, which exhibits the same trend as COD. Phosphate conversely did not seem to be affected by this factor. COD was in the blue zone, ammonia red and phosphate blue according after 60 minutes treatment at 15 volts. 30 minutes treatment produced similar results.

**Effect of Time:**



**Figure 8: Effect of treatment time on removal efficiency at 5 volts**



**Figure 9: Effect of treatment time on removal efficiency at 10 volts**



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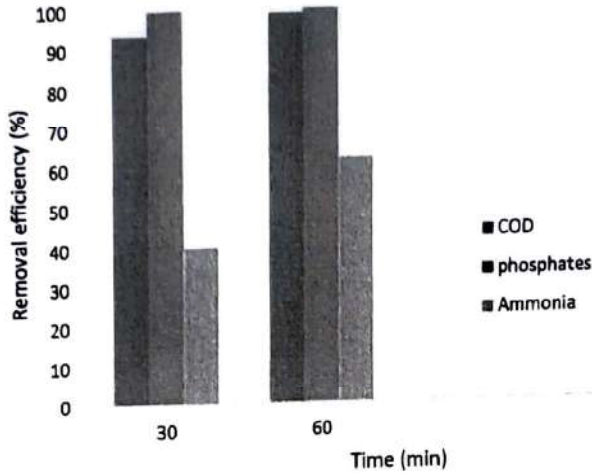


Figure 10: Effect of treatment time on removal efficiency at 15 volts

Figures 8-10 show pollutant reduction to be a function of time. An increase in treatment time results in a subsequent increase in removal efficiency. The best COD reduction was observed after 60 minutes. The same is true with ammonia. 100% phosphate removal efficiency just after 30 minutes at 15 volts, and at all voltages, excellent phosphate removal was observed after 30 minutes.

Effect of Applied Voltage

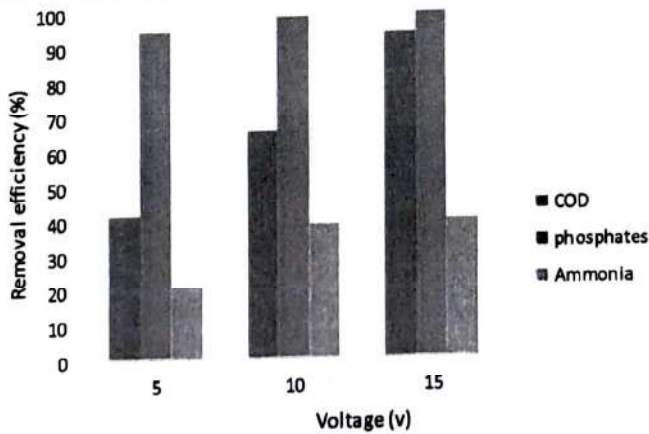


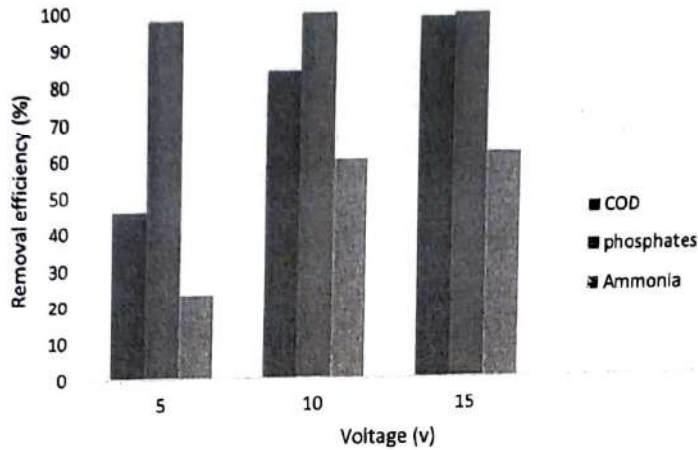
Figure 11: Effect of applied voltage after on removal efficiency 30 minutes treatment



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**Figure 12:** Effect of applied voltage on removal efficiency after 60 minutes treatment

Pollutant removal is observed to also be in accordance with Faraday’s law in terms of increase in voltage. Removal efficiencies reached 46%, 84%, 99% for COD at 5 Volts in 60 minutes respectively. High removal efficiency for phosphate was obtained at 5 volts reaching 98% in 60 minutes and 100% at 10 and 15 volts respectively. 23%, 60% and 63% removal efficiencies were obtained for ammonia at 5, 10 and 15 volts.

**Effect of passivation**

The effects of electrode passivation started developing after the electrodes were used for several different treatments. The effect of the formation of a passive layer was not initially considered but was only noted as after repeating the experiments three or more times.

**Table 5:** Characteristics of wastewater before and after treatment using passivized aluminium electrodes

| 5 VOLTS          | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| COD (mg/L)       | 631.7         | 554.9      | 534.9      |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 5.72          | 0.34       | 0.10       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 40.5          | 39.3       | 36.2       |
| 10 VOLTS         | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
| COD (mg/L)       | 691           | 550.9      | 500.1      |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 5.53          | 0.13       | 0.00       |



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| 15 VOLTS         | Pre-Treatment | 30-Minutes | 60-Minutes |
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 39.2          | 36.5       | 34.5       |
| COD (mg/L)       | 722.7         | 543.5      | 466.7      |
| Phosphates(mg/L) | 6.82          | 0.06       | 0.00       |
| Ammonia (mg/L)   | 41.3          | 32.2       | 31.4       |

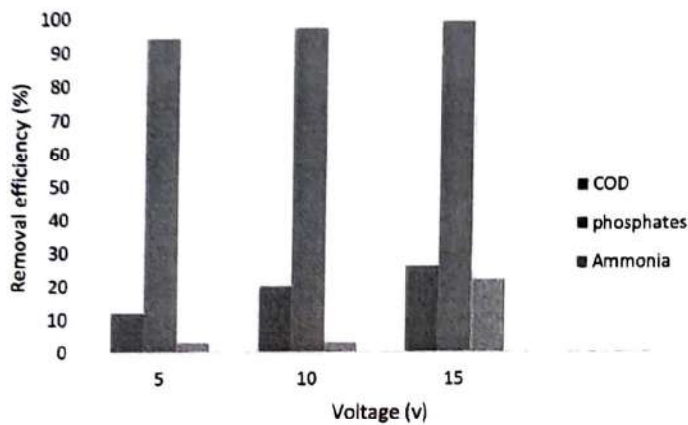


Figure 13: Effect of passivation on removal efficiency after 30 minutes with varying voltage

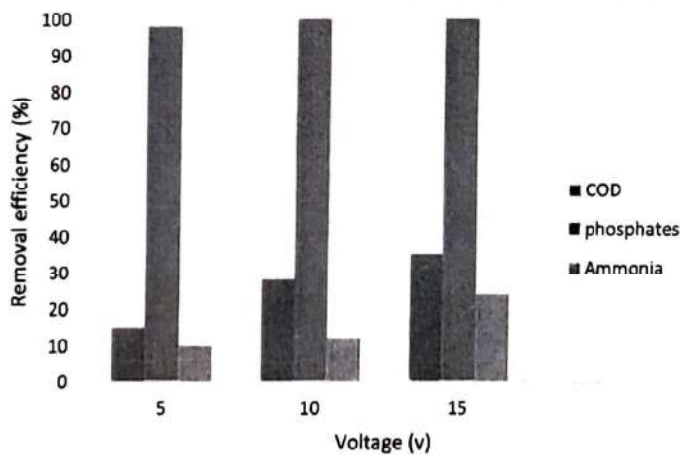


Figure 14: Effect of passivation on removal efficiency after 60 minutes with varying voltage



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A decrease in removal efficiency was observed over time as seen in Table 5 and represents the final results using the passivized electrodes. Figures 13 and 14 show that the lowest removal for COD was 12% at 5 volts after 30 minutes treatment and the highest was 24% after 60 minutes treatment for COD. Ammonia removal reduction was also significantly affected by passivation recording such low removal efficiencies as 22% at 5 volts after 30 minutes and 24% was the highest at 15 volts after 60 minutes. Phosphate removal was unaffected by passivation and high removal of 100% was still maintained.

This passivation phenomenon occurred during the process and impeded the oxidation/reduction reactions. The oxide layer reduced the ionic transfer between the anode and the cathode directly, hindering the metal dissolution and indirectly preventing metal hydroxide formation [8].

#### Application of alternating pulse current

Note should be taken that this method of analyzing the effects of passivation is a novel process. Conductivity of the electrodes is decreased by the formation of the oxide layer, which increases the resistance to the flow of current in the cell.

**Table 6:** Analysis of conductivity of aluminium before and after treatment using an APC system

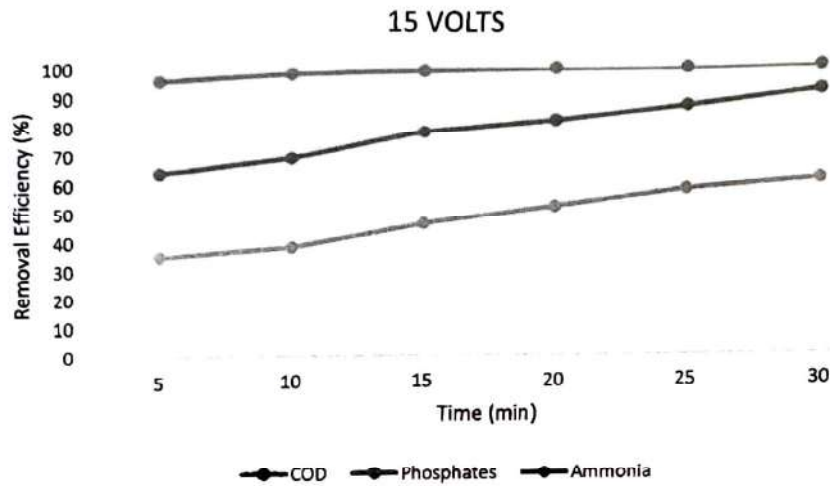
| Before Treatment |         | After Treatment |         |
|------------------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| VOLTAGE          | CURRENT | VOLTAGE         | CURRENT |
| 2                | 0.01    | 2               | 0.1     |
| 3                | 0.03    | 3               | 0.3     |
| 4                | 0.04    | 4               | 0.4     |
| 5                | 0.05    | 5               | 0.5     |

The notion of application of alternating pulsed current was brought about to reverse the effects of passivation. At first, manual changing of polarity of electrodes was done after 30 minutes of treatment. From literature passivation must decrease the electrodes' current conductivity, and this is observed in Table 6, the electrodes used had lower conductivity before APC was applied to them. They had a little passivation owing to the treatments they had performed. However, after electrocoagulation with APC their conductivity was observed to increase.



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**Figure 15:** Effect of electrocoagulation on wastewater at 15 volts for 30 minutes using alternating pulse current

According to Figure 15 the rate of pollutant removal is high in the first 5 minutes and the rate decreases as time progresses. As time approaches 30 minutes, rate of pollutant removal decreases and reaches a monotonic state. This may be due to existence of excess colloids for adsorption

### CONCLUSION

Electro coagulation was successfully applied for the treatment of municipal wastewater. The study was performed to evaluate the influence of different operational parameters on the reduction of COD, phosphates and ammonia in wastewater. Effects of type of electrode material, treatment time and applied voltage were investigated and the following observations were made:

- Aluminium and Iron were compared and Aluminium gave better results. Aluminium gave 99%, 100% and 62% removal efficiencies for COD, ammonia and phosphates respectively while Iron gave 80%, 100% and 54% removal efficiencies for the same parameters after 60 minutes treatment at 15 volts.
- Applied voltage was varied between 5, 10, 15 Volts. Pollutant removal increased with increasing voltage because of the increased coagulant generation per unit time. 15 Volts gave the best results
- Application of alternating pulsed current was effective in reducing the effects



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passivation, with the conductivity of the already passivised electrodes increasing after applying alternated pulsed current. This also had the effect of increasing ammonia removal. At 15 volts, 30 minutes without the automated alternating pulsed gave 40% removal while after alternating pulsed current system gave 62% removal at the same time

- Phosphate was the most efficiently reduced pollutant, with 100% reduction being recorded at all voltages, then COD 99% and ammonia 63% at 15 volts.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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### APPENDIX

Removal Efficiency Tables:

**A1: Removal efficiencies of COD, phosphates and ammonia using Iron at 5, 10, 15 volts**

| IRON       |            | 5 VOLTS | 10 VOLTS | 15 VOLTS |
|------------|------------|---------|----------|----------|
| 30 Minutes | COD        | 30      | 53       | 68       |
|            | Phosphates | 88      | 98       | 100      |
|            | Ammonia    | 11      | 36       | 44       |
| 60 Minutes | COD        | 53      | 67       | 80       |
|            | Phosphates | 99      | 100      | 100      |
|            | Ammonia    | 13      | 47       | 54       |

**A2: Removal efficiencies of COD, phosphates and ammonia at 5 volts with varying treatment time**

| 5 VOLTS    |            | Experiment 1 | Experiment 2 | Experiment 3 | Average |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| 30 Minutes | COD        | 43           | 41           | 43           | 42      |
|            | Phosphates | 94           | 95           | 96           | 95      |
|            | Ammonia    | 22           | 20           | 21           | 21      |
| 60 Minutes | COD        | 46           | 46           | 46           | 46      |
|            | Phosphates | 99           | 95           | 100          | 98      |
|            | Ammonia    | 23           | 23           | 24           | 23      |



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842 Stuart Sibanda, Bothwell Nyoni, Clever Mpofu, Bobby Naidoo, Haleden & Chiririwa

**A3: Removal efficiencies of COD, phosphates and ammonia at 10 volts with varying treatment time**

| 10 VOLTS   |            | Experiment 1 | Experiment 2 | Experiment 3 | Average |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| 30 Minutes | COD        | 69           | 63           | 65           | 66      |
|            | Phosphates | 98           | 100          | 100          | 99      |
|            | Ammonia    | 40           | 38           | 40           | 39      |
| 60 Minutes | COD        | 83           | 82           | 87           | 84      |
|            | Phosphates | 100          | 100          | 100          | 100     |
|            | Ammonia    | 63           | 60           | 56           | 60      |

**A4: Removal efficiencies of COD, phosphates and ammonia at 15 volts with varying treatment time**

| 15 VOLTS   |            | Experiment 1 | Experiment 2 | Experiment 3 | Average |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| 30 Minutes | COD        | 94           | 94           | 94           | 94      |
|            | Phosphates | 100          | 100          | 100          | 100     |
|            | Ammonia    | 38           | 41           | 42           | 40      |
| 60 Minutes | COD        | 99           | 97           | 100          | 99      |
|            | Phosphates | 100          | 100          | 100          | 100     |
|            | Ammonia    | 63           | 60           | 63           | 62      |

**A5: Removal efficiencies of COD, phosphates and ammonia after treatment using passivized electrodes**

|            |            | 5 VOLTS | 10 VOLTS | 15 VOLTS |
|------------|------------|---------|----------|----------|
| 30 Minutes | COD        | 12      | 20       | 26       |
|            | Phosphates | 94      | 97       | 99       |
|            | Ammonia    | 3       | 3        | 22       |
| 60 Minutes | COD        | 15      | 28       | 35       |
|            | Phosphates | 98      | 100      | 100      |
|            | Ammonia    | 10      | 12       | 24       |



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Studying the effectiveness of treating waste water using the electro coagulation process... 843

**A6: Removal efficiencies of COD, phosphates and ammonia with varying time during time optimization experiment**

|            | 5Minutes | 10Minutes | 15Minutes | 20Minutes | 25Minutes | 30Minutes |
|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| COD        | 64       | 69        | 78        | 82        | 87        | 92        |
| Phosphates | 96       | 98        | 99        | 100       | 100       | 100       |
| Ammonia    | 35       | 38        | 46        | 52        | 58        | 61        |



*(Handwritten signature in blue ink)*



ಶ್ರೀ. ವಿಜಯ್ ಕುಮಾರ್  
ಅಧಿಕಾರಿ ಅಭಿಯಂತರ  
ಜರ್ಮನ್ ಖಂಡ, ಲೋ.ವಿ.ರಿ  
ಪ್ರಾಂತ್ಯ


| Sr.No. | Description   | Total Population | Diversity Factor | Diversified Population | Water Requirement per person per Day as per NBC (TR) Footing Population: (NBC PART-9 TABLE-1) Permanent Population: (NBC PART-9 Clause no. 4.1.1) |          |       | Total Water Requirement per Day (KL) |               |               | Total Sewage Generation per Day in KLD (80% of Domestic+Flushing) | STP Capacity (KLD) | Total Recycle water Generation (90%) (KLD) | Solid Waste Generation as per NBC |                                       |  |
|--------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------------|---|----------|-------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---|--------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|        |   |                  |                  |                        | Domestic  | Flushing | Total | Domestic                             | Flushing      | Total         |   |                    |  | Solid Waste/ Person/ Day (KG)     | Total Solid Waste Generation (KG/day) |  |
| 1      | Footing Population - Pilgrims   | 20000            | 85%              | 17000                  | 5   | 10       | 15    | 85.00                                | 170.00        | 255.00        | 238.00  |                    |  | 0.15                              | 2550.00                               |  |
| 2      | Permanent Staff including Hospital  | 6000             |                  | 5000                   | 60  | 30       | 90    | 300.00                               | 150.00        | 450.00        | 390.00  |                    |  | 0.30                              | 1,500.00                              |  |
| 3      | Hospital: Nos of Bed  |                  |                  | 26                     |   | 110      | 340   | 5.98                                 | 2.86          | 8.84          | 7.64  |                    |  | 0.30                              | 7.80                                  |  |
|        | <b>Total KLD</b>  |                  |                  |                        |   |          |       | <b>390.98</b>                        | <b>322.86</b> | <b>713.84</b> | <b>635.64</b>   |                    |  |                                   | <b>4,058</b>                          |  |
|        | Srr. KLD  |                  |                  |                        |   |          |       | <b>391</b>                           | <b>323</b>    | <b>714</b>    | <b>635</b>  |                    |  |                                   |                                       |  |
| 1      | Summary   |                  | Unit             |                        |   |          |       |                                      |               |               |   |                    |  |                                   |                                       |  |
| a      | Total Water Demand  | 714              | KLD              |                        |   |          |       |                                      |               |               |   |                    |  |                                   |                                       |  |
| b      | Total Domestic Water Demand   | 391              | KLD              |                        |   |          |       |                                      |               |               |   |                    |  |                                   |                                       |  |
| c      | Total Flushing Water Demand   | 323              | KLD              |                        |   |          |       |                                      |               |               |   |                    |  |                                   |                                       |  |
| e      | Total Waste Water Generation  | 635              | KLD              |                        |   |          |       |                                      |               |               |   |                    |  |                                   |                                       |  |
| f      | Total Solid Waste Generation  | 4,058            | KG/DAY           |                        |   |          |       |                                      |               |               |   |                    |  |                                   |                                       |  |
| G      | Total Organic Solid Waste Generation (approximate 40% of Total Solid Waste) | 1,502            | KG/DAY           |                        |   |          |       |                                      |               |               |   |                    |  |                                   |                                       |  |

  
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Confirmed that structural design & Drawing has been checked & found safe depending upon the data furnished with the drawings.  
  
Dr. Ajay Chaturastha  
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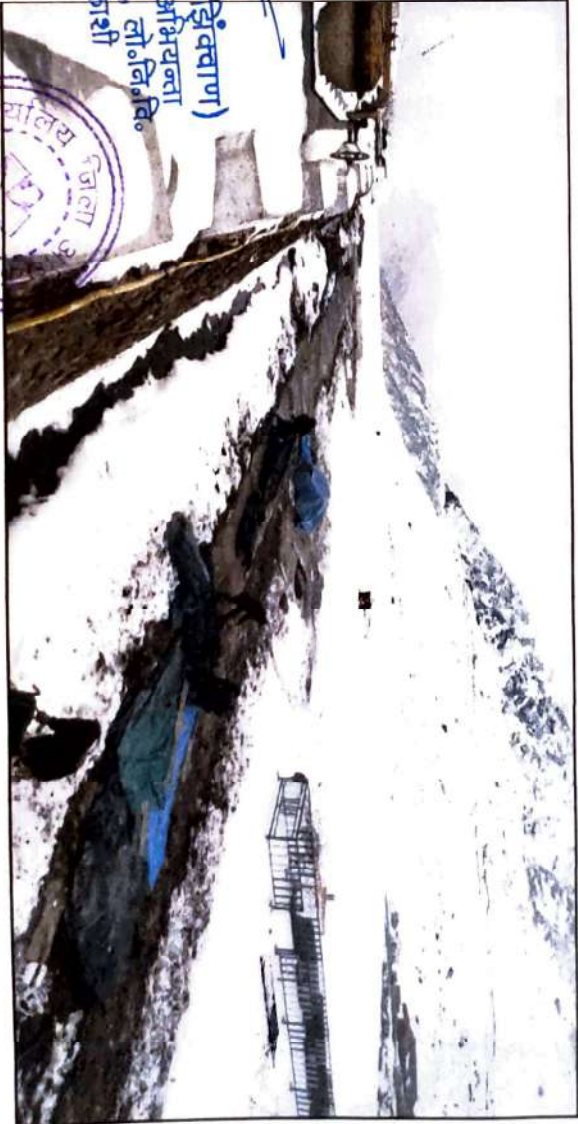
  
(M/S. DS)

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Annexure -2

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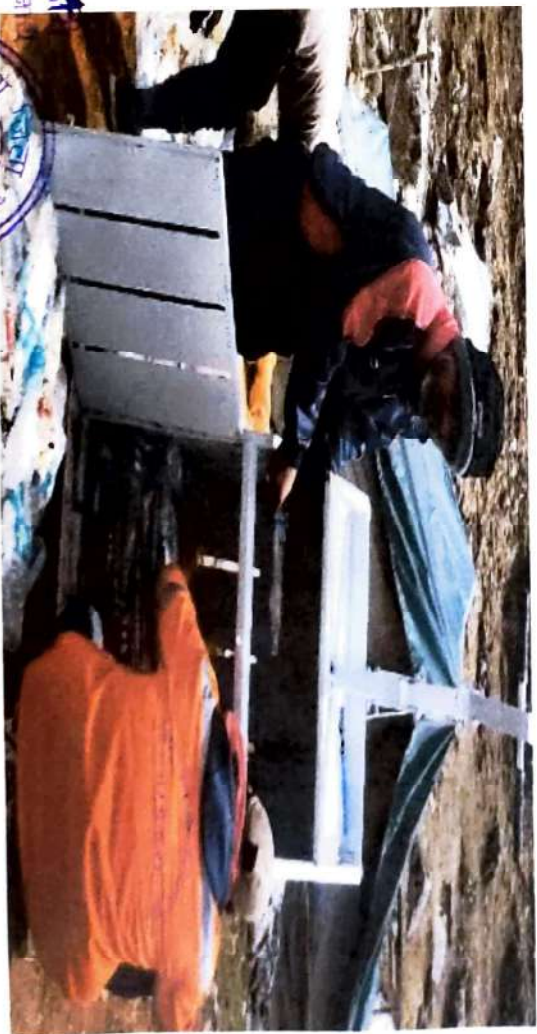


Annexure - 2

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Plastic bailing machine, Kedarnath



MRF (Material Recovery Facility)

( Photograph -01)



( Photograph -02)

DRS project established RVM machine in Kedar Nath.

## Plastic bottle collection at Kedar triples from last year

Tannayee Tyagi@timesgroup.com

**Dehradun:** Plastic waste management has continued to plague Char Dham shrines, but officials claim improvement in PET bottle collection this year compared to 2022. They attributed the success to increased awareness campaigns and the introduction of QR codes. Shriners to claim a Rs 10 refund by scanning a QR code on the wrapper of a plastic bottle implemented by the Rudrapur-based administrator with a Hyderabad-based e-waste startup Recykal.

The campaign was also launched in Chopta in Yamunotri and Gangotri this year. According to data obtained by TOI, the distribution of codes at Kedar Nath increased from 3.15 lakh in 2022 to 6.35 lakh this year, also rose from 1.63 lakh to 4.1 lakh.

SDM Jhendra Verma said, "When we include the non-DRS bottles, the amount of plastic collected has almost tripled in one year. Over the last several years, the locals along the route and the localists do away with the need for collection centres and make it a no-waste shrine. In the next phase of the project, we will move on to multi-layered plastic bottles, wrappers and business houses and are engaged to install e-waste machines along



the yatra route to facilitate responsible waste management. This strategy aims to reduce the need for transportation and preserve resources. Deeshanda, founder and CEO of DRS, said, "Our goal is to target 100% collection and ensure zero environmental impact while promoting sustainable tourism in the region. The success of DRS and its expansion has been remarkable and made possible by the support of local administrators, shopkeepers, distributors, and the local administrations." and the local administrators.

A company spokesperson mentioned that a total of 16 lakh codes were distributed this year, resulting in the collection of 13.5 lakh bottles across Gangotri, Yamunotri, Kedar Nath, and Chopta. The ultimate goal is 100% collection with zero environmental impact. The success of the Digital Refund System and its expansion has been attributed to the support of natives, shopkeepers, distributors, and local administrators. With a record 642 DRS points visited, the Char Dham shrine this year, significantly emphasizes the need for large-scale initiatives for source segregation of plastic waste.

श्री विशाला खाम्बहानी  
श्री पंचायत केदारनाथ



Solid Waste Management Action  
Plan/ Detailed Project Report of  
Sri Kedarnath/Nagar Panchayat  
Kedarnath

Solid Waste Management

Cost of DPR: Rs. ₹ 309.46 Lakhs

*General*  
27/12/24

अधिसाक्षी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

Urban Development Directorate, Uttarakhand



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## Introduction:

## Waste Management in Kedarnath

Kedarnath, a renowned pilgrimage site nestled in the Himalayan region of Uttarakhand, attracts millions of devotees and tourists annually. With its resident population of 612 (Census 2011) and a floating population averaging 9,334 per day (2024), the town faces significant challenges in managing municipal solid waste. The influx of visitors during peak pilgrimage seasons increases daily waste generation, necessitating robust and sustainable waste management systems.

Currently, the total waste generated in Kedarnath is estimated at 0.147 TPD on average basis while on the basis of highest footfall of 38682 on a single day it may reach upto 1.191 TPD in 2024, projected to rise to 3.049 TPD by 2050 due to population growth and increasing tourist activity. Approximately 60% of the waste is wet (organic), while 40% is dry (recyclables and inert), with varying moisture content impacting processing efficiency.

To address these challenges, a Material Recovery Facility (MRF) has been designed, optimized for the region's limited space and hilly terrain. This facility, spread across 160 m<sup>2</sup> of ground area incorporates advanced waste segregation and processing systems to handle the wet and dry waste streams effectively. The MRF aims to process wet waste through composting and potential biogas generation, while dry waste is segregated into recyclables like plastics, paper, metals, and glass for further recycling.

This initiative represents a critical step towards sustainable waste management in Kedarnath, promoting environmental conservation and enhancing the town's capacity to handle the demands of its growing population and tourism. The facility's design ensures scalability and integration of innovative waste-to-energy solutions for a cleaner and greener Kedarnath.

## General Information

- ULB - Nagar Panchayat - Kedarnath
- Current Population - 612
- Floating Population - 9334 Per day average (Total 1652076 tourist visited till 03-11-2024 in current tourism session with highest footfall of 38682 on 21-05-2024)

## Status of Human Resource

- Total number of Paryavaran Mitra - 50
- Permanent Paryavaran Mitra - 01
- Environment Supervisor - 01

## Status of SWM/PWM

- Total processed plastic waste - 8.6 tonne(approx.)
- Total income by selling plastic - Rs. 0.51 Lacs
- Solid Waste Collection Vehicle - 01 (mini tractor with trolley)
- Processing Facility - 01 MRF and 01 Bailing machine

(for segregation of dry waste)

## Status of Sanitation/Toilets

- 22 (20 + 02 Smart Toilets Newly Constructed)
- 02 smart toilets (6 female seat and 6 male seat) have been constructed by Kedarnath Development Authority within Nagar Panchayat Kedarnath area.
- Construction work of 20-Seater and 22-seater public toilets is also in progress.

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- Disposal Mechanism- 20 toilets with Soak Pits and 02 Toilets with Soak pit as well as with septic tank.
- Operation and Maintenance- All toilets are maintained by Sulabh International and 04 Paryavaranmitra are deployed for the cleaning of all 20 toilets in 04 location/cluster.

#### Status of New Initiatives Deposit Refund System (DRS)

The town is a famous tourist spot with high footfall every year. The demographic consists of a significant number of tourists and local businesses, making it an ideal location for implementing innovative waste management solutions like the digital DRS.

Focusing on this urban locality, digital DRS aims to address the waste management challenges in a rapidly growing city. It ensures efficient collection and recycling of PET bottles and other recyclable materials. The initiative also engages the local community, promoting responsible waste disposal practices and environmental awareness.

#### DRS Progress Status –

- Total QR provided on plastic bottle/tetra pack is 172100
- Out of above 139838 Bottles/Tetra Pack (81%) with QR returned for recycling.
- 

#### Population Growth

- Considering Annual Population Growth Rates:
  - Resident Population: 1.2% per year.
  - Floating Population: Estimate not directly available; assumed proportional to user-provided 2024 data (9,334 for 2024, 3% annual growth).

$$P_t = P_0 \times (1+r)^n$$

Where:

$P_t$ : Population in the target year

$P_0$ : Current population

$r$ : Growth rate (decimal)

$n$ : Number of years

| Year | Resident Population             | Floating Population (Average)       |
|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2011 | 612                             | ~6,774                              |
| 2024 | 735                             | 9334                                |
| 2034 | $735 \times (1.012)^{10} = 687$ | $9,334 \times (1.03)^{10} = 12,556$ |
| 2044 | $735 \times (1.012)^{20} = 772$ | $9,334 \times (1.03)^{20} = 16,887$ |
| 2050 | $735 \times (1.012)^{26} = 878$ | $9,334 \times (1.03)^{26} = 20,246$ |

#### Waste Generation

- Resident: 0.35 kg/person/day in 2024, increasing by 1% annually.
- Tourist: 0.10 kg/person/day in 2024, increasing by 1% annually.

$$W_t = W_0 \times (1+r)^n$$

Where:

$W_t$ : Waste generation rate in the target year

$W_0$ : Current waste generation rate

$r$ : Growth rate (decimal)

$n$ : Number of years



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| Year | Resident Waste Generation Rate<br>(kg/person/day) | Tourist Waste Generation Rate<br>(kg/person/day) |
|------|---|--|
| 2011 | 0.30  | 0.05   |
| 2024 | 0.35  | 0.10   |
| 2034 | $0.35 \times (1.01)^{10} = 0.386$                 | $0.10 \times (1.01)^{10} = 0.110$                |
| 2044 | $0.35 \times (1.01)^{20} = 0.427$                 | $0.10 \times (1.01)^{20} = 0.122$                |
| 2050 | $0.35 \times (1.01)^{26} = 0.444$                 | $0.10 \times (1.01)^{26} = 0.129$                |

Total Waste Generation

The formula for total waste is:

$$\text{Total Waste} = \text{Population} \times \text{Waste Generation Rate}$$

| Year | Resident Waste (TPD)                                   | Floating Waste (TPD)   | Total Waste (TPD)                   |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| 2011 | $612 \times 0.30 = 183.6\text{kg} = 0.184\text{TPD}$   | $6,774 \times 0.05 = 1,693.5\text{kg} = 0.3387\text{TPD}$    | $0.184 + 0.3387 = 0.5227\text{TPD}$ |
| 2024 | $735 \times 0.35 = 257.25\text{kg} = 0.257\text{TPD}$  | $9,334 \times 0.10 = 2,800.2\text{kg} = 0.9334\text{TPD}$    | $0.257 + 0.9334 = 1.1904\text{TPD}$ |
| 2034 | $822 \times 0.386 = 317.29\text{kg} = 0.317\text{TPD}$ | $12,556 \times 0.110 = 4,155.03\text{kg} = 1.3811\text{TPD}$ | $0.317 + 1.3811 = 1.6981\text{TPD}$ |
| 2044 | $919 \times 0.427 = 392.91\text{kg} = 0.393\text{TPD}$ | $16,887 \times 0.122 = 6,183.64\text{kg} = 2.0602\text{TPD}$ | $0.393 + 2.0602 = 2.4532\text{TPD}$ |
| 2050 | $985 \times 0.444 = 437.34\text{kg} = 0.437\text{TPD}$ | $20,246 \times 0.129 = 7,716.73\text{kg} = 2.6117\text{TPD}$ | $0.437 + 2.6117 = 3.0487\text{TPD}$ |

Final Summary:

| Year | Resident Population | Floating Population | Resident Waste (TPD) | Floating Waste (TPD) | Total Waste (TPD) |
|------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 2011 | 612                 | 6,774               | 0.184                | 0.338                | 0.522             |
| 2024 | 735                 | 9,334               | 0.257                | 0.934                | 1.191             |
| 2034 | 822                 | 12,556              | 0.317                | 1.381                | 1.698             |
| 2044 | 919                 | 16,887              | 0.393                | 2.060                | 2.453             |
| 2050 | 985                 | 20,246              | 0.437                | 2.612                | 3.049             |

Waste Composition:

- Wet Waste: 60% of total waste (kitchen waste, food scraps, etc.).
- Dry Waste: 40% of total waste (plastics, paper, metals, etc.).

Moisture Content:

- Wet Waste: 70% moisture.
- Dry Waste: 10% moisture.

Dry Waste Segregation:

- Plastics: 40%
- Paper/Cardboard: 30%
- Metals: 10%
- Glass: 10%
- Other (Rubber, textiles, etc.): 10%



## Wet and Dry Waste with Moisture Content

| Year | Total Waste (TPD) | Wet Waste (60%) (TPD) | Dry Waste (40%) (TPD) | Wet Waste (After Moisture) (TPD) | Dry Waste (After Moisture) (TPD) |
|------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2011 | 0.522             | 0.313                 | 0.209                 | $0.313 \times (1-0.7) = 0.094$   | $0.209 \times (1-0.1) = 0.188$   |
| 2024 | 1.191             | 0.715                 | 0.476                 | $0.715 \times (1-0.7) = 0.215$   | $0.476 \times (1-0.1) = 0.429$   |
| 2034 | 1.698             | 1.019                 | 0.679                 | $1.019 \times (1-0.7) = 0.306$   | $0.679 \times (1-0.1) = 0.611$   |
| 2044 | 2.453             | 1.472                 | 0.981                 | $1.472 \times (1-0.7) = 0.442$   | $0.981 \times (1-0.1) = 0.883$   |
| 2050 | 3.049             | 1.829                 | 1.220                 | $1.829 \times (1-0.7) = 0.549$   | $1.220 \times (1-0.1) = 1.098$   |

## Dry Waste Partwise Segregation

| Year | Total Dry Waste (After Moisture) (TPD) | Plastics (40%)             | Paper/Cardboard (30%)      | Metals (10%)               | Glass (10%)                | Other (10%)                |
|------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2011 | 0.188                                  | $0.188 \times 0.4 = 0.075$ | $0.188 \times 0.3 = 0.056$ | $0.188 \times 0.1 = 0.019$ | $0.188 \times 0.1 = 0.019$ | $0.188 \times 0.1 = 0.019$ |
| 2024 | 0.429                                  | $0.429 \times 0.4 = 0.172$ | $0.429 \times 0.3 = 0.129$ | $0.429 \times 0.1 = 0.043$ | $0.429 \times 0.1 = 0.043$ | $0.429 \times 0.1 = 0.043$ |
| 2034 | 0.611                                  | $0.611 \times 0.4 = 0.244$ | $0.611 \times 0.3 = 0.183$ | $0.611 \times 0.1 = 0.061$ | $0.611 \times 0.1 = 0.061$ | $0.611 \times 0.1 = 0.061$ |
| 2044 | 0.883                                  | $0.883 \times 0.4 = 0.353$ | $0.883 \times 0.3 = 0.265$ | $0.883 \times 0.1 = 0.088$ | $0.883 \times 0.1 = 0.088$ | $0.883 \times 0.1 = 0.088$ |
| 2050 | 1.098                                  | $1.098 \times 0.4 = 0.439$ | $1.098 \times 0.3 = 0.329$ | $1.098 \times 0.1 = 0.110$ | $1.098 \times 0.1 = 0.110$ | $1.098 \times 0.1 = 0.110$ |

- Objective: Design a facility capable of handling **1 TPD** (including future scalability).
- Available Area: Total Area 0.30 hectare

## Proposed Design

The facility will adopt a compact and efficient layout tailored for hilly terrain with modular machinery.

## Wet Waste Processing:

- Organic Waste Composter: Suitable for food and organic waste (**1 Nos. of 500 Kgs in MRF and 8 Nos. of 50 Kgs in Route to Kedarnath**)
- Biogas Generation: Option for future integration.

## Dry Waste Processing:

- Segregation: Focus on plastics, paper, metals, glass, and other materials.
- Baling/compactor: Compact packaging for recyclables.
- Magnetic Separator: For metal waste.
- Manual Sorting: For finer segregation where needed.

## Dry Waste Segregation Process (Partwise Breakdown)

- Plastics (40%): Recyclable plastics processed, sorted, and sent for baling or direct sale.
- Paper/Cardboard (30%): Sorted, compacted into bales for recycling.
- Metals (10%): Separated using magnetic separators; compacted for sale.
- Glass (10%): Collected separately for recycling, handled with care due to fragility.
- Other (10%): Textiles, rubber, and other recyclable materials sorted and processed accordingly.



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## 1. Facility Layout

MRF Centre (160 m<sup>2</sup>)

| Section   | Nos./ Qty. | Area Allocation (m <sup>2</sup> ) | Description  |
|---|------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Receiving Area & Tipping Area                       | 1          | 20                                | For unloading and initial segregation of dry waste from collection vehicles.   |
| Sorting/Processing Area                             | 1          | 90                                | Manual sorting area with flat sorting conveyor belts Includes OWCs, conveyor belts, ballistic separator, and magnetic separator. |
| Bale Storage/ Dispatch Area                         | 1          | 15                                | For storing compressed bales of recyclables like plastics, paper, and metals. And ready to move for the recycler.                |
| Office with toilet                                  | 1          | 10                                | Includes supervisor's office, rest area, and hygiene facilities with Separate facilities for male and female workers.            |
| Security Cabin                                      | 1          | 10                                | Located near the entry for weighing incoming and outgoing waste loads.   |
| Weigh Balance/Machine                               | 1          | 5                                 | At the main entrance to monitor entry and exit of vehicles.  |
| Miscellaneous Space/ (Pathways and emergency exits) | 1          | 10                                | For pathways, circulation, and additional storage.   |

## 2. Machinery and Equipment

Essential Machinery

| Machinery                   | Specifications                                   | Quantity |
|-----------------------------|--|----------|
| Weigh Balance/Machine       | 1 Ton  | 1        |
| Ballistic Separator         | Capacity: 5-10 TPD, adjustable paddles           | 1        |
| Magnetic Separator          | High-intensity, auto-cleaning                    | 1        |
| Conveyor Belts              | Flat type, 7.8 m & 4 m lengths (2 units)         | 2        |
| Hydraulic Compactor Machine | Vertical, Single Cylinder, 25 Tonne (Jack force) | 1        |
| HDPE Wheeled Bins           | Capacity: 100 Liters                             | 10       |
| Organic Composter Machine   | Capacity: 50 Kg                                  | 8        |
|                             | Capacity: 500 Kg                                 | 1        |
| Pallet Truck                | Manual, 1 T capacity                             | 1        |

**Proposed Sites (8 Locations) for the Installation of 50 Kg capacity Organic Waste Composter and HDPE Wheeled Bins-**

- 1) Sitapur, 2) Sonprayag, 3) Gaurikund, 4) Jungle chatti, 5) Bhim bali, 6) Choti lincholi, 7) Badi lincholi, 8) Base camp



*(Signature)*  
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## 3. Operational Plan

Workflow:

1. **Receiving and Sorting:**
  - Waste unloaded into receiving area.
  - Conveyed to sorting conveyor for manual segregation.
2. **Mechanical Processing:**
  - Ballistic separator separates 2D (plastics, paper) and 3D (bottles, cans) materials.
  - Magnetic separator removes ferrous materials.
3. **Baling and Storage:**
  - Sorted materials compressed into bales.
  - Bales stored in basement storage area.
4. **Dispatch:**
  - Processed materials dispatched to recyclers periodically.

Workforce Requirements:

| Role                     | Number | Responsibilities                        |
|--------------------------|--------|---|
| Supervisor               | 1      | Oversee operations, manage records.     |
| Sorting Workers          | 6      | Manual segregation of waste.            |
| Baler Compactor Operator | 1      | Operate baling machine.                 |
| Security Personnel       | 2      | Monitor entry/exit, manage weighbridge. |

Suggested Placement of Equipment:

**Weight Balance Machine:** Place in the Weighing Area to align with its purpose. This ensures incoming and outgoing materials are properly weighed before or after processing.

**Ballistic Separator:** Place in the Sorting Area as it is critical for segregating lightweight and heavy materials during sorting.

**Magnetic Separator:** Place adjacent to the Ballistic Separator in the Sorting/Processing Area to separate ferrous metals efficiently after initial sorting.

**Conveyor Belts:** **4m Conveyor Belt:** Place between the Receiving/Tipping Area and the Sorting Area to transport materials for processing.

**8m Conveyor Belt:** Place between the Sorting/Processing Area and the Bale Storage/Dispatch Area to move processed materials for storage or dispatch.

**Hydraulic Compactor Machine:** Place in the Bale Storage/Dispatch Area as it compacts recyclable materials into bales ready for dispatch.

**Organic Waste Compactor Machine:** Place near the Sorting/Processing Area or along the Pathways, close to where organic waste is sorted, to handle organic material efficiently.

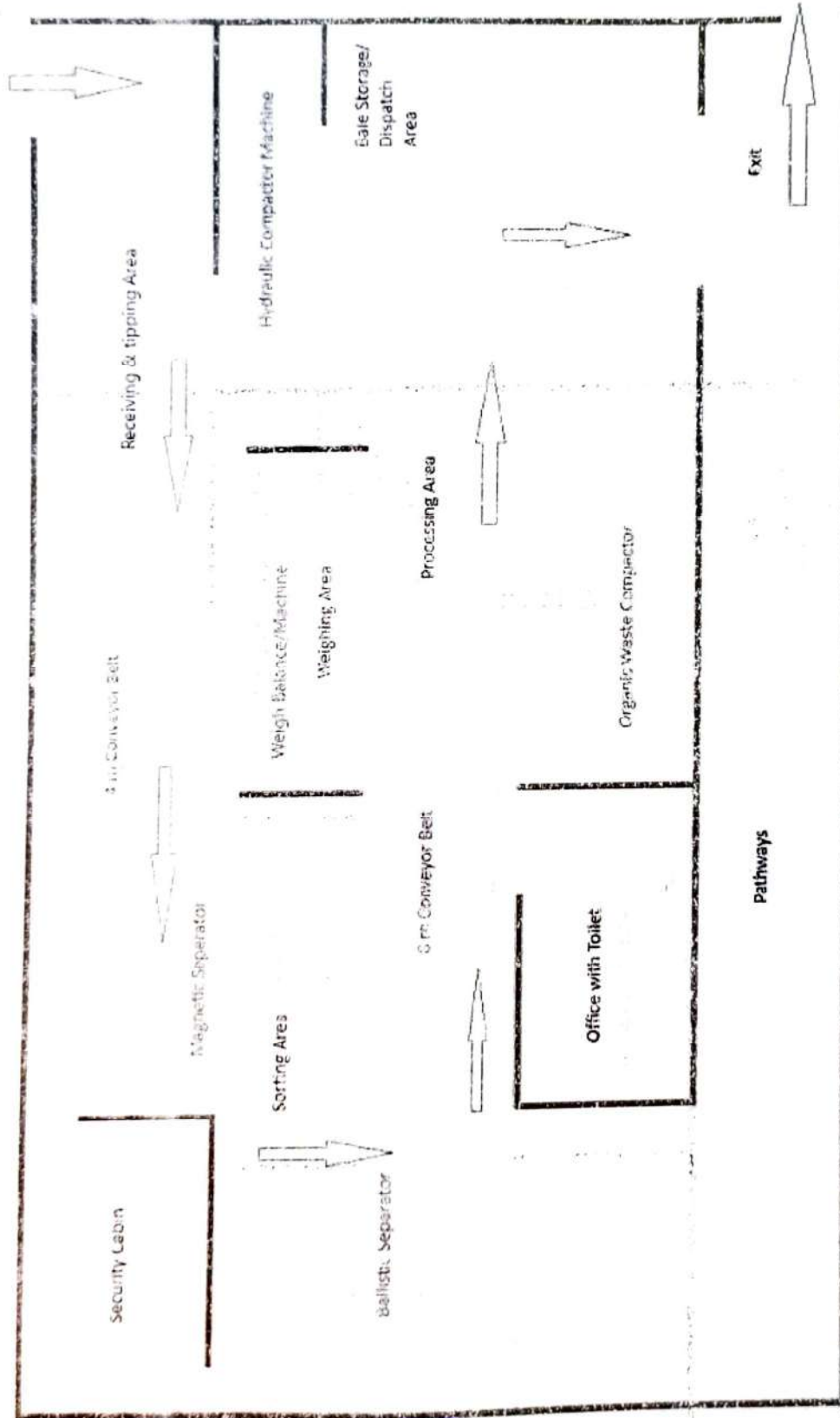
Cost Estimates

Operational Expenditure (OPEX)

| S.No. | Component                 | Annual Cost (₹)        |
|-------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1     | Salaries                  | 15,00,000              |
| 2     | Electricity & Maintenance | 5,00,000               |
| 3     | Water Supply              | 1,00,000               |
| 4     | Miscellaneous             | 3,00,000               |
|       | <b>Total</b>              | <b>₹24,00,000/year</b> |



*Geeraj*  
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**Basic MRF Floor Plan for 10 m \* 16 m (160 Sq. M.) Area**

*Kaushal*  
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नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



## Capital Expenditure (CAPEX)

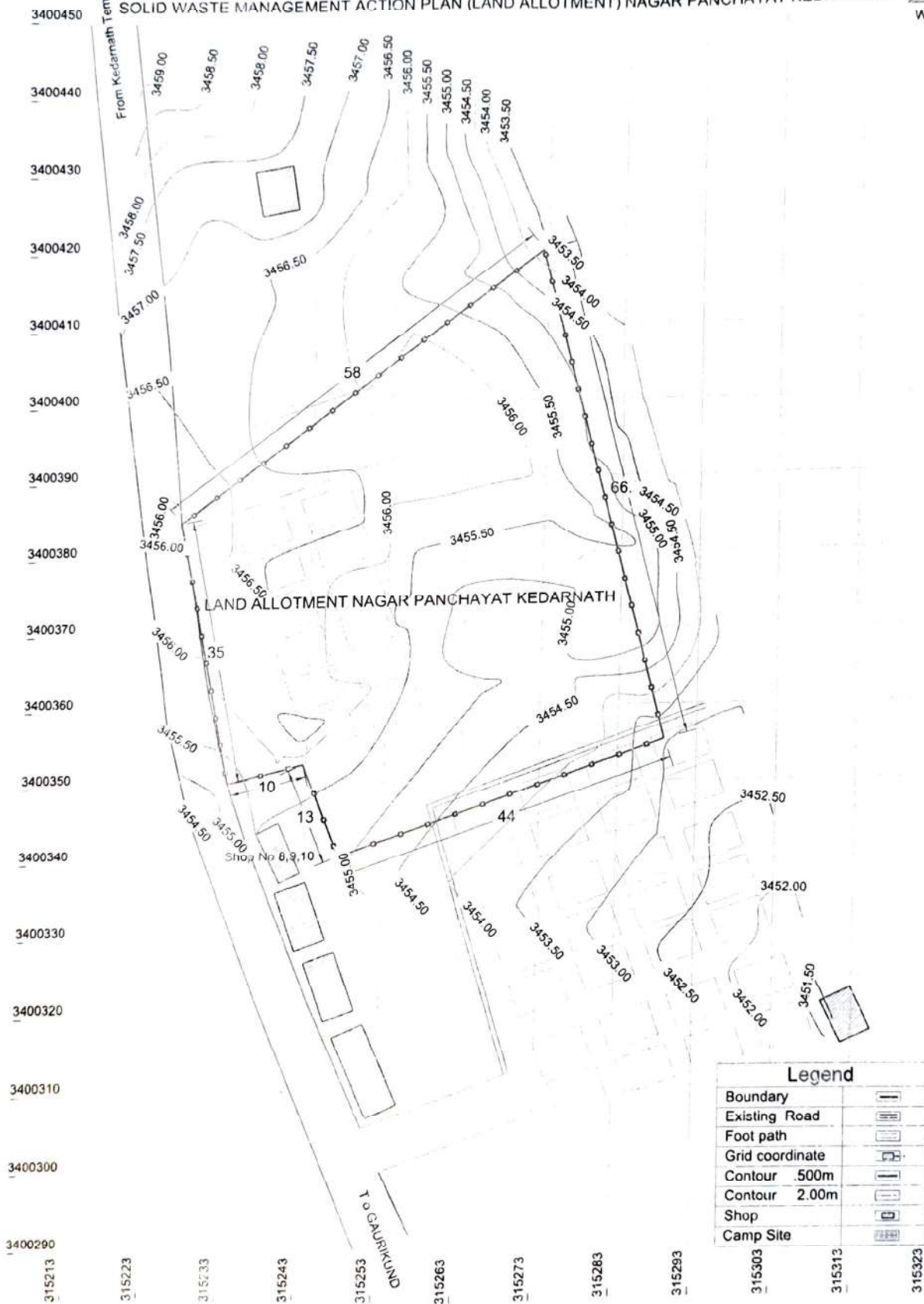
| S.No. | Component   | No. | Rate<br>(₹ in lakhs) | Total Cost<br>(₹ in lakhs) | GST % | GST<br>Amount  | Total<br>Amount<br>(₹ in lakhs) |
|-------|---|-----|----------------------|----------------------------|-------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| 1     | Cost of MRF Shed  | 1   | 72.35                | 72.35                      | -     | -              | 72.35                           |
| 2     | Cost of Protection<br>Work & GI Sheet<br>Covering for MRF<br>Centre | 1   | 46.37                | 46.37                      | -     | -              | 46.37                           |
|       | Contingencies on item 1 & 2 @ 5 %                                   |     |                      | 5.94                       | -     | -              | 5.94                            |
| 3     | Electricity<br>Expenses   | 1   | L.S.                 | 3.00                       | -     | -              | 3.00                            |
| 4     | Water Supply  | 1   | L.S.                 | 1.5                        | -     | -              | 1.50                            |
| 5     | <b>Machinery &amp; Equipment</b>                                    |     |                      |                            |       |                |                                 |
| 5.1   | Weigh<br>Balance/Machine  | 1   | 0.25                 | 0.25                       | 18%   | 0.045          | 0.29                            |
| 5.2   | Ballistic Separator   | 1   | 15                   | 15                         | 18%   | 2.7            | 17.70                           |
| 5.3   | Magnetic Separator  | 1   | 1                    | 1                          | 18%   | 0.18           | 1.18                            |
| 5.4   | Conveyor Belts<br>4 m   | 1   | 1                    | 1                          | 18%   | 0.18           | 1.18                            |
| 5.5   | Conveyor Belts<br>8 m   | 1   | 1.8                  | 1.8                        | 18%   | 0.324          | 2.12                            |
| 5.5   | Hydraulic<br>Compactor Machine                                      | 1   | 3.75                 | 3.75                       | 18%   | 0.675          | 4.42                            |
| 5.6   | HDPE Wheeled<br>Bins  | 20  | 0.02                 | 0.4                        | 18%   | 0.072          | 0.47                            |
| 5.7   | Pallet Truck  | 1   | 0.15                 | 0.15                       | 18%   | 0.027          | 0.17                            |
| 5.8   | Organic Composter<br>Machine (Capacity<br>50KG/Day)                 | 8   | 6.75                 | 70.88                      | 12%   | 8.49           | 79.37                           |
|       | Freight &<br>installation Charges                                   | 8   | 0.95                 | 7.6                        | 18%   | 1.36           | 8.96                            |
| 5.9   | Organic Composter<br>Machine (Capacity<br>500KG/Day)                | 1   | 33                   | 33                         | 12%   | 3.96           | 36.96                           |
|       | Freight &<br>installation Charges                                   | 1   | 2.1                  | 2.1                        | 18%   | 0.38           | 2.48                            |
|       | <b>Total</b>  |     |                      | <b>₹ 266.09</b>            |       | <b>₹ 18.39</b> | <b>₹ 284.46</b>                 |
| 6     | Transportation/Freight Cost   |     | L.S                  |                            |       |                | <b>₹ 25.00</b>                  |
|       | <b>Grand Total</b>  |     |                      |                            |       |                | <b>₹ 309.46</b>                 |



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नगर पंचायत कोदरनाथ

TOPOGRAPHY & CONTOUR MAP

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN (LAND ALLOTMENT) NAGAR PANCHAYAT KEDARNATH



CLIENT:-  
NAGAR PANCHAYAT  
KEDARNATH/ KEDARNATH DHAM  
RUDRAPRAYAG (U.K.)

PROJECT:  
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN  
NAGAR PANCHAYAT KEDARNATH/  
KEDARNATH DHAM

LAND ALLOTMENT  
Area = 3000 Sqm  
Area = 0.300 Hect  
Khasra no = 337 & 338

PREPARED BY:-  
DIGITAL LAND SURVEY &  
ENGINEERING

SCALE:-  
1:500

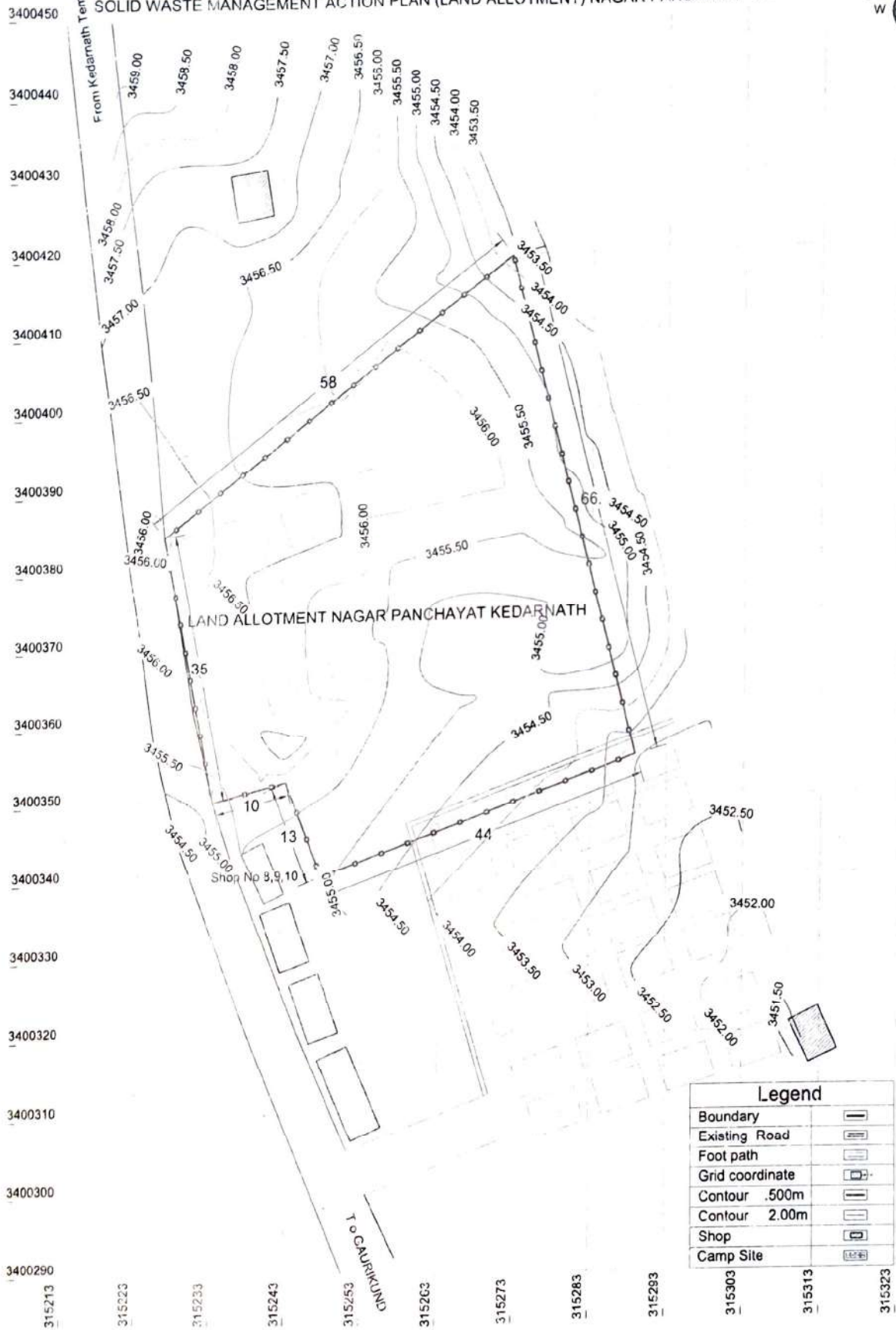
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NO:- 02

*Ganesh*  
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नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



TOPOGRAPHY & CONTOUR MAP

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN (LAND ALLOTMENT) NAGAR PANCHAYAT KEDARNATH



CLIENT:-  
NAGAR PANCHAYAT  
KEDARNATH/KEDARNATH DHAM  
RUDRAPRAYAG (U.K.)

PROJECT:  
SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN  
NAGAR PANCHAYAT KEDARNATH  
KEDARNATH DHAM

LAND ALLOTMENT  
Area = 3000 Sqm  
Area = 0.300 Hect  
Khasra no = 337 & 338

PREPARED BY:-  
DIGITAL LAND SURVEY &  
ENGINEERING

SCALE:-  
1:500

SHEET  
NO:- 02

अधिसामी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



चवशा दामा प्रति

गावा श्री केदारनाथ, रा. उ. नि. ० व्हे. ० = फा. व

तहसील रुद्रप्रयाग, जनपद रुद्रप्रयाग

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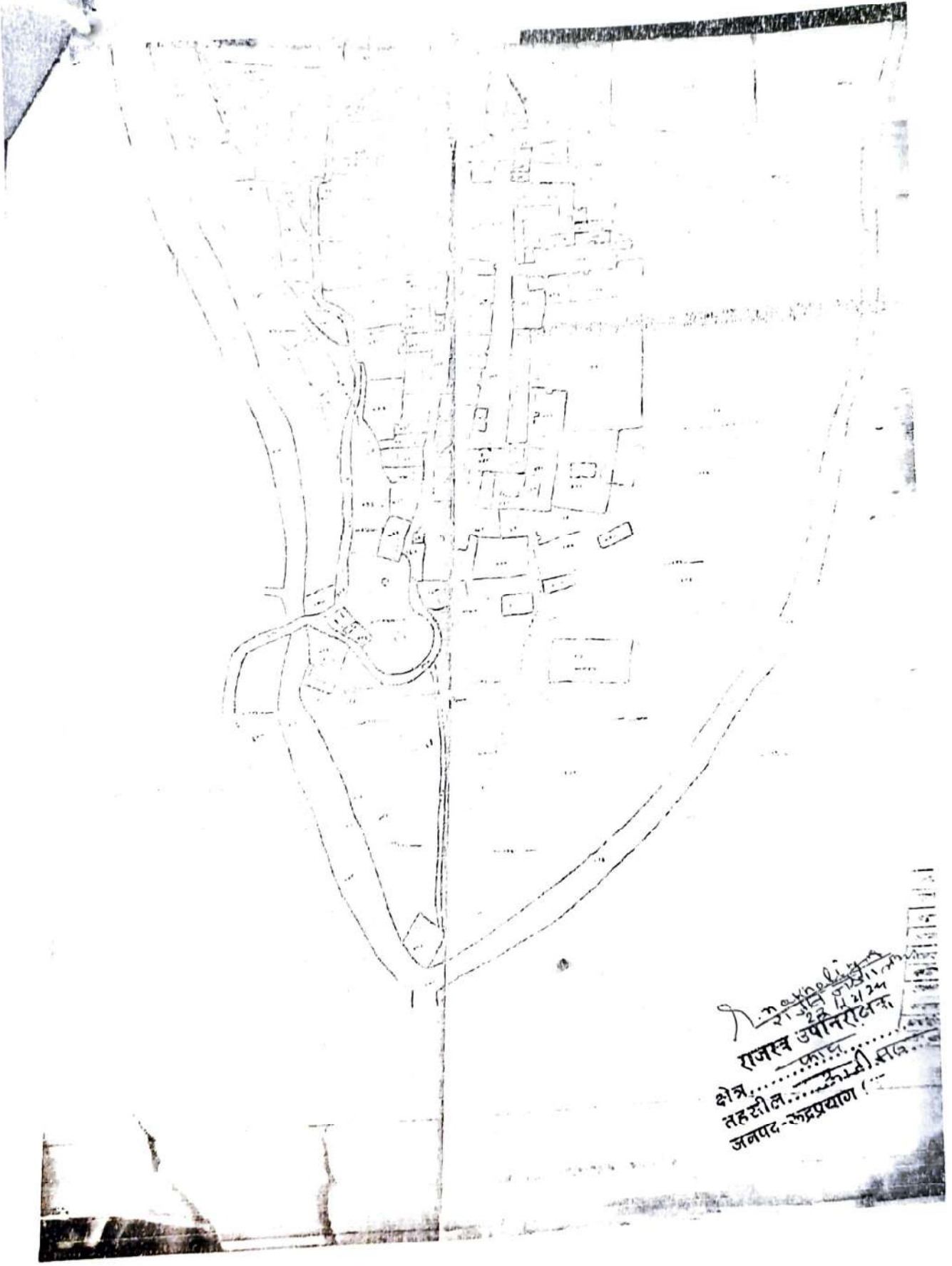
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राजस्व उपनिरीक्षक  
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 जनपद-रुद्रप्रयाग



गावा  
 अधिशासी अधिकारी  
 नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



D. Naynoli  
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 जनपद-रुद्रप्रयाग



Gauraj  
 अधिशासी अधिकारी  
 नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

385

नाम: श्री देवाप्रिया

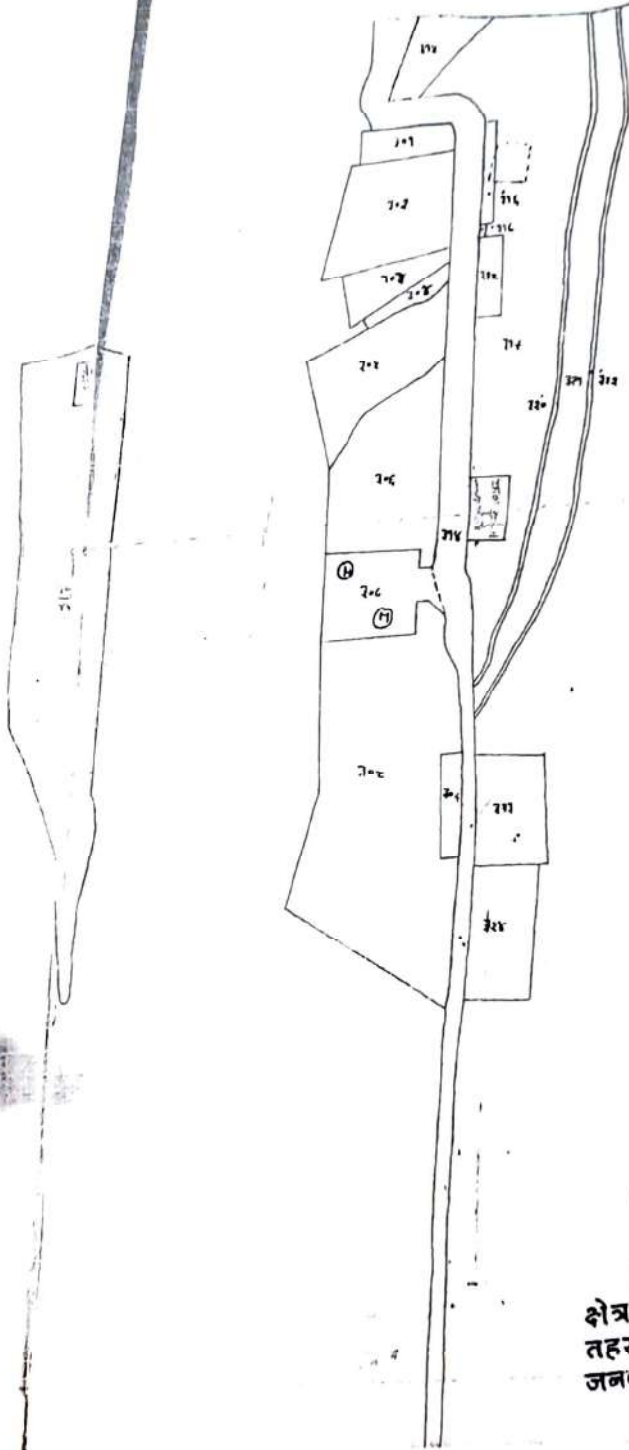
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तहसील: ऊखीमठ, जनपद: रुद्रप्रयाग

प्लान 32" स्कीम

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सिवन कीटवा-9

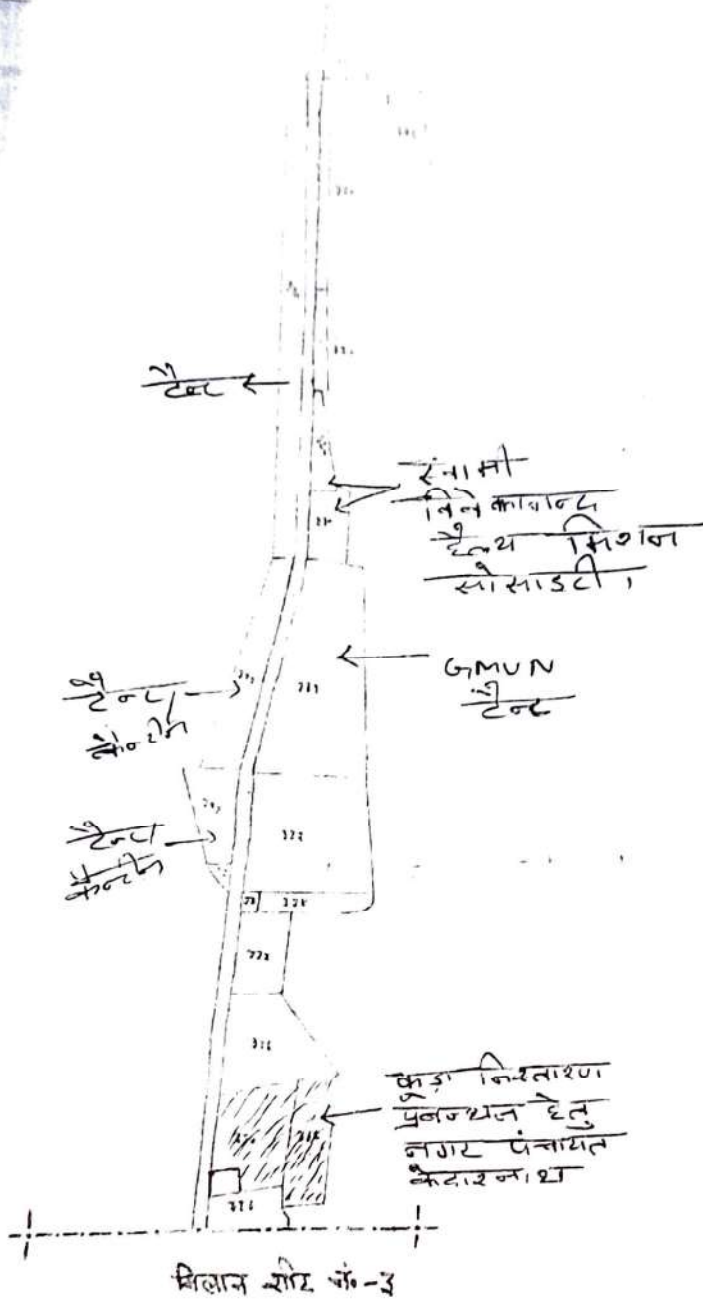
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जनपद-रुद्रप्रयाग



*Garza*  
अधिसासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



सहायक अभियंता अधिकारी,  
ऊसीघाट ।

D. Mangholiya  
ज. ज. ल. नं. 23/12/24  
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तहसील.....क. ल. 146  
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General  
अधिशासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

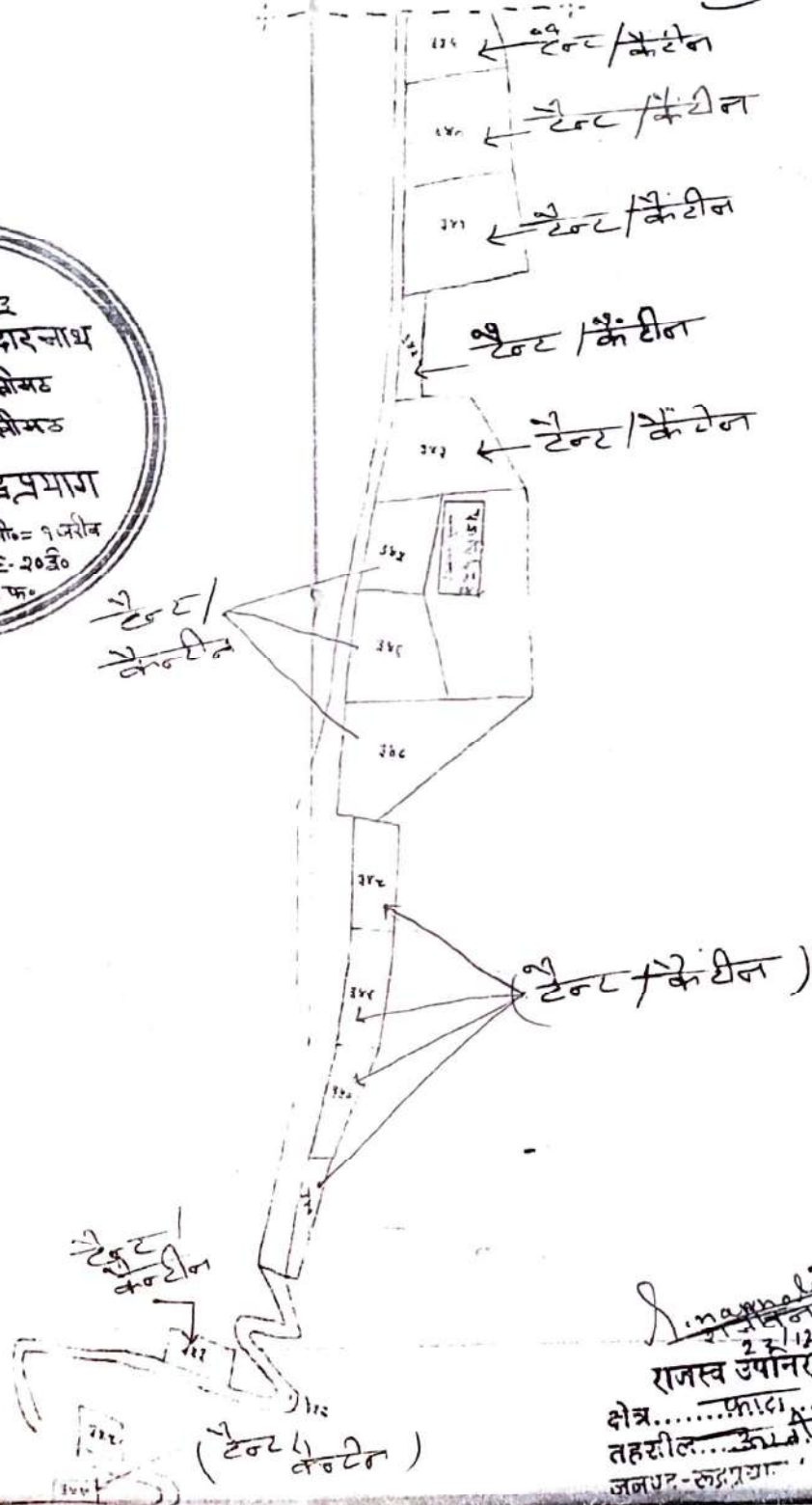
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ग्राम : श्री केदारनाथ , शि०ड०नि०के० फादा  
तहसील : ऊखीमठ , जलपद : रुद्रप्रयाग

खतबंदी नं० ३

पैमाना : 32" = 1 मील

जु-चिह्न  
शीट नं०-३  
ग्राम - केदारनाथ  
परगना - ऊखीमठ  
तहसील - ऊखीमठ  
जिला - रुद्रप्रयाग  
खतबंदी - १ से.मी० = २० मी० = १ फीट  
सन - २०१६-२०३०  
वृ० - १६२६ फ०



S. Anand Singh  
राजस्व उपनिर्वाह  
23/12/24  
क्षेत्र.....फादा.....  
तहसील.....ऊखीमठ.....  
जलपद-रुद्रप्रयाग

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अधिरासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



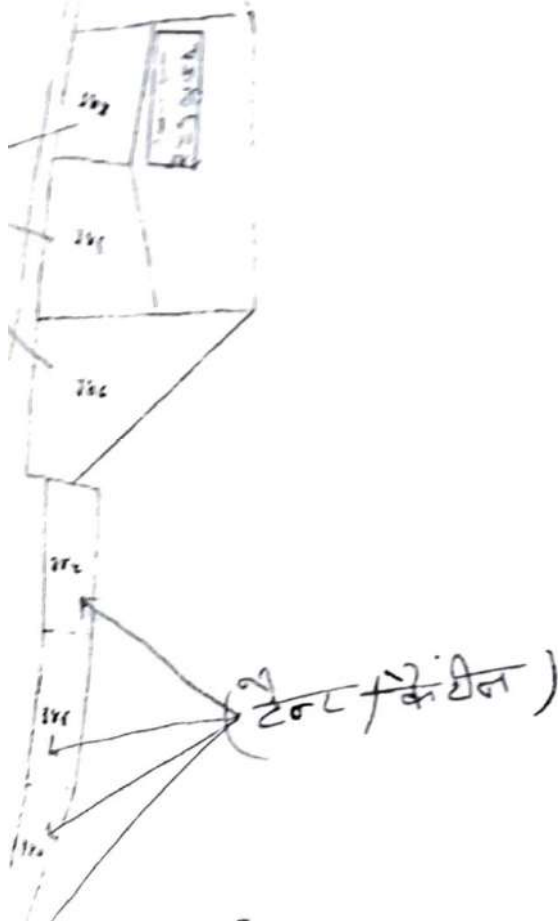
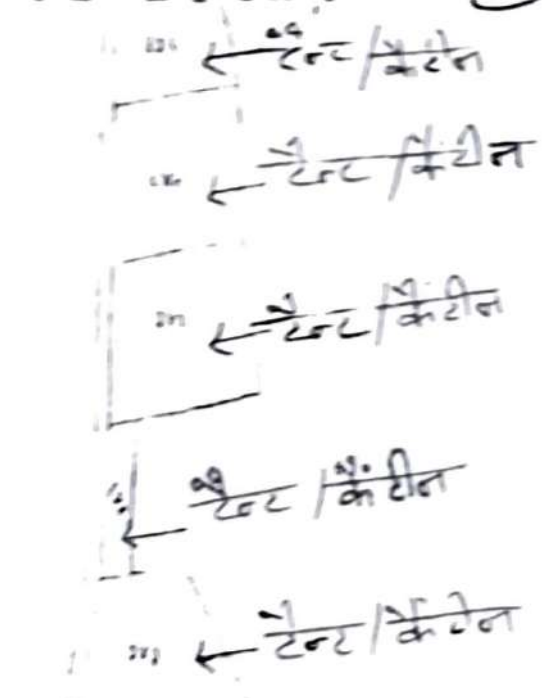
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जलपट्टा : तटप्रयोग

प्रमाण : 1:2

पैमाना : 32" = 1"



पंचायत दायरा प्रति

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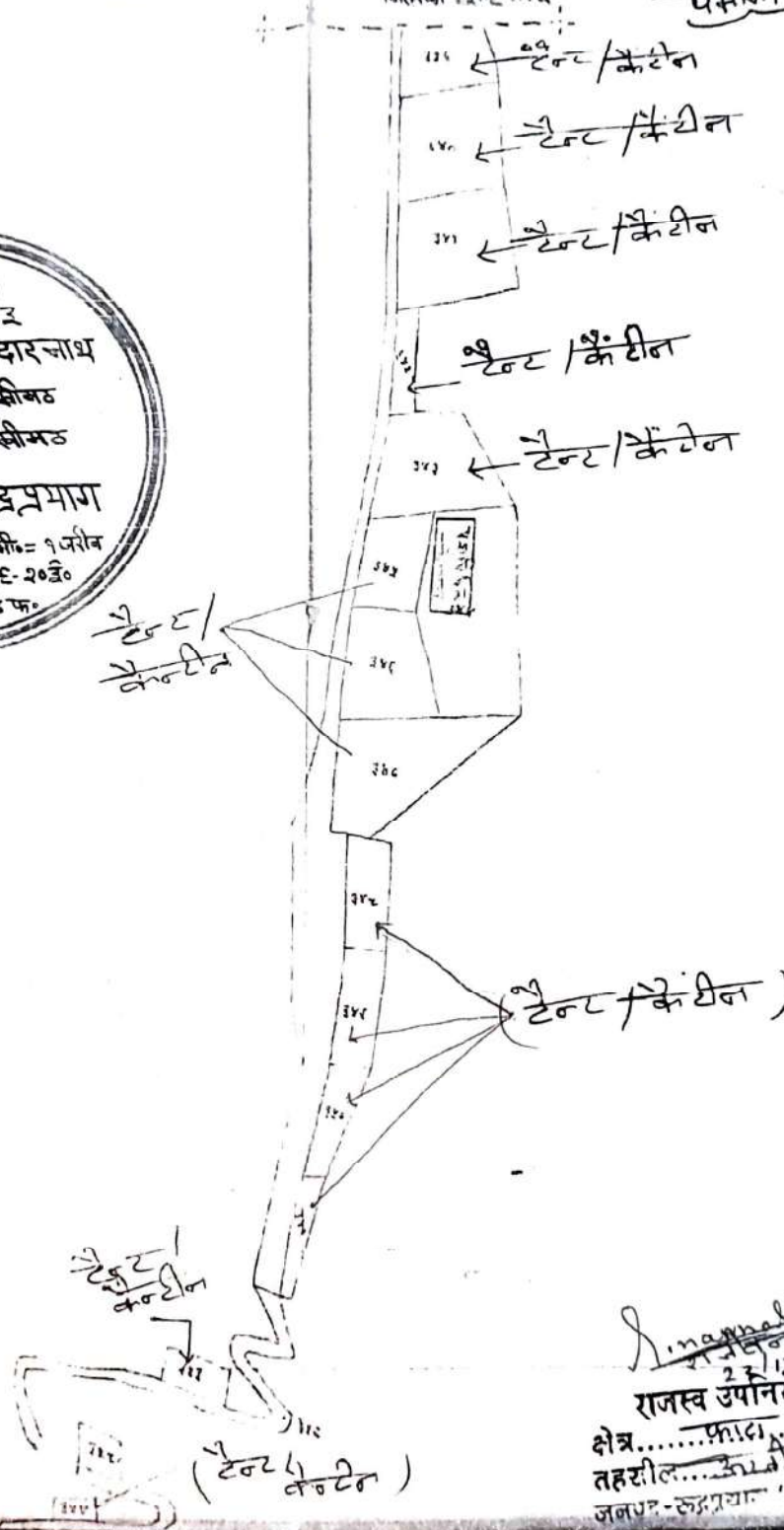
ग्राम : श्री केदारनाथ, शं० उ० नि० क्र० फा०

तहसील : ऊखीमठ, जनपद : रुद्रप्रयाग

मालिका संख्या : ३

पैसाजा : 32" = 1 मील

मु-पिठ  
शीट नं०-३  
ग्राम - केदारनाथ  
परगना - ऊखीमठ  
तहसील - ऊखीमठ  
जिला - रुद्रप्रयाग  
मालिका - १ मी. सं. क्र. २० मी. = १ जीव  
सन - २०१८-२०३०  
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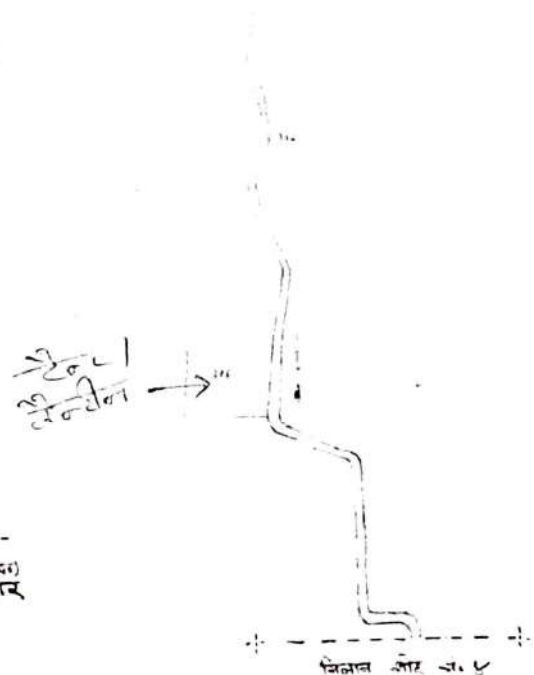


*R. Manoj*  
राजस्व उपनिर्वाह  
23/12/24  
क्षेत्र.....फा०.....  
तहसील.....ऊखीमठ  
जनपद-रुद्रप्रयाग

*Rajesh*  
अधिसासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



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Gauraj  
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नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



**Name of work-Construction of Shed,Protection Work and G.I sheet  
Covering for MRF centre in Kedarnath.**

**SUMMARY OF COST**

| S.N | Particular of items  | Nos | Cost(in lakh)      | Amount        |
|-----|--|-----|--------------------|---------------|
| 1   | Cost of Shed.(16 X 10)m  | 1   | 72.35              | 72.35         |
| 2   | Proposed Construction of Protection work & G.I sheet Covering for MRF centre in Kedarnath. | 1   | 46.37              | 46.37         |
|     |  |     | Total              | 118.72        |
|     |  |     |                    | 5.94          |
|     | Contigencies@5.00%   |     |                    |               |
|     |  |     | <b>Grand Total</b> | <b>124.66</b> |

*General*  
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नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



**Name of work: Construction of MRF Shed in Kedarnath .****Bill of Quantity**

| S.N. | Item of work  | Quantity | Unit | Rate     | Amount     |
|------|---|----------|------|----------|------------|
| 1    | Earth work in excavation by mechanical means (Hydraulic excavator) / manual means in foundation trenches or drains (not exceeding 1.5 m in width or 10 sqm on plan), including dressing of sides and ramming of bottoms, lift upto 1.5 m, including getting out the excavated soil and disposal of surplus excavated soil as directed. within a lead of 50 m. | 37.31    | cum  | 737.00   | 27495.44   |
| 2    | Providing and laying in position cement concrete 1:4:8 excluding the cost of centering and shuttering i/c all.  | 23.83    | cum  | 16678.00 | 397474.27  |
| 3    | Providing and laying in position specified grade of reinforced cement concrete, excluding the cost of centering, shuttering, finishing and reinforcement -All work up to plinth level: 1 :1.5:3 (1 cement : 1.5 coarse sand (zone-III) derived from natural sources : 3 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size derived from natural sources) i/c all.      | 29.54    | cum  | 27316.00 | 806941.96  |
| 4    | Centering and shuttering including strutting, propping etc. and removal of form for Foundations, footings, bases of columns, etc. for mass concrete i/c all.  | 79.20    | sqm  | 1572.00  | 124502.40  |
| 5    | Steel reinforcement for R.C.C. work including straightening, cutting, bending, placing in position and binding all complete upto plinth level.  | 3478.45  | kg   | 179.00   | 622643.04  |
| 6    | Steel work in built up tubular (round, square or rectangular hollow tubes etc.) trusses etc., including cutting, hoisting, fixing in position and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer, including welding and bolted with special shaped washers etc. complete.   | 10695.40 | kg   | 303.00   | 3240706.20 |
| 7    | Random Rubble stone masonry laid in 1:6 cement and sand mortar i/c all.   | 6.18     | cum  | 13056.70 | 80721.74   |
| 8    | Filling available excavated earth (excluding rock) in trenches, plinth, sides of foundations etc. in layers not exceeding 20cm in depth, consolidating each deposited layer by ramming and watering, lead up to 50 and for all lift.  | 52.10    | cum  | 580.00   | 30215.68   |



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नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

|    |   |        |     |            |            |
|----|---|--------|-----|------------|------------|
| 9  | Providing corrugated G.S. sheet roofing including vertical I curved surface fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm diameter with bitumen and G.I. limpet washers or with G.I. limpet washers filled with white lead, including a coat of approved steel primer and two coats of approved paint on overlapping of sheets complete (up to any pitch in horizontal/ vertical or curved surfaces), excluding the cost of purlins, rafters and trusses and including cutting to size and shape wherever required.<br>0.63 thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup> | 228.42 | sqm | 1695.00    | 387165.12  |
| 10 | Providing ridges or hips of width 60 cm overall width plain G.S. sheet fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm dia G.I. limpet and bitumen washers complete. 0.80 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup>  | 16.60  | m   | 1083.30    | 17982.78   |
| 11 | Providing and fixing 15 cm wide, 45 cm overall semi-circular plain G.S. sheet gutter with iron brackets 40x3 mm size, bolts, nuts and washers etc., including making necessary connections with rain water pipes complete. 0.80 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275  | 33.20  | m   | 1029.65    | 34184.38   |
| 12 | Providing and fixing 1 mm thick M.S. sheet door with frame of 40x40x6 mm angle iron and 3 mm M.S. gusset plates at the junctions and corners, all necessary fittings complete, including applying a priming coat of approved steel primer.  | 12.00  | sqm | 9937.00    | 119244.00  |
| 13 | Providing and laying in position cement concrete of specified grade excluding the cost of centering and shuttering - All work up to plinth level: 1 :2:4 (1 cement : 2 coarse sand (zone-III) derived from natural sources : 4 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size derived from natural sources)  | 20.13  | cum | 23368.00   | 470281.00  |
| 14 | Providing and fixing of Puf pannel to walls as per required shape and design directed by engineer in charge including material, labour and all fixing. (Rates taken as per Gem portal)  | 196.00 | Sqm | 3900.00    | 764400.00  |
| 15 | Painting Steel work with Deluxe Multi Surface Paint to give an even shade. Two or more coat applied @ 0.90 ltr/10 sqm over an under coat of primer applied @ 0.80 ltr/10 sqm of approved brand and manufacture i/c all.   | 238.90 | Sqm | 255.00     | 60919.50   |
|    |   |        |     | TOTAL=     | 7184877.51 |
|    | Add cartage for item no 10,11 & 14 due to rates are taken from DSR 2023 and Gem portal.   |        |     | L.S        | 50000.00   |
|    |   |        |     | G. Total   | 7234877.51 |
|    |   |        |     | Says(lakh) | 72.35      |

*(Signature)*  
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नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



|    |   |        |     |            |            |
|----|---|--------|-----|------------|------------|
| 9  | Providing corrugated G.S. sheet roofing including vertical & curved surface fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm diameter with bitumen and G.I. limpet washers or with G.I. limpet washers filled with white lead, including a coat of approved steel primer and two coats of approved paint on overlapping of sheets complete (up to any pitch in horizontal/ vertical or curved surfaces), excluding the cost of purlins, rafters and trusses and including cutting to size and shape wherever required.<br>0.63 thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup> | 228.42 | sqm | 1695.00    | 387165.12  |
| 10 | Providing ridges or hips of width 60 cm overall width plain G.S. sheet fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm dia G.I. limpet and bitumen washers complete. 0.80 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup>  | 16.60  | m   | 1083.30    | 17982.78   |
| 11 | Providing and fixing 15 cm wide, 45 cm overall semi-circular plain G.S. sheet gutter with iron brackets 40x3 mm size, bolts, nuts and washers etc., including making necessary connections with rain water pipes complete. 0.80 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275  | 33.20  | m   | 1029.65    | 34184.38   |
| 12 | Providing and fixing 1 mm thick M.S. sheet door with frame of 40x40x6 mm angle iron and 3 mm M.S. gusset plates at the junctions and corners, all necessary fittings complete, including applying a priming coat of approved steel primer.  | 12.00  | sqm | 9937.00    | 119244.00  |
| 13 | Providing and laying in position cement concrete of specified grade excluding the cost of centering and shuttering - All work up to plinth level: 1 :2:4 (1 cement : 2 coarse sand (zone-III) derived from natural sources : 4 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size derived from natural sources)  | 20.13  | cum | 23368.00   | 470281.00  |
| 14 | Providing and fixing of Puf panel to walls as per required shape and design directed by engineer in charge including material, labour and all fixing. (Rates taken as per Gem portal)   | 196.00 | Sqm | 3900.00    | 764400.00  |
| 15 | Painting Steel work with Deluxe Multi Surface Paint to give an even shade. Two or more coat applied @ 0.90 ltr/10 sqm over an under coat of primer applied @ 0.80 ltr/10 sqm of approved brand and manufacture i/c all.   | 238.90 | Sqm | 255.00     | 60919.50   |
|    |   |        |     | TOTAL=     | 7184877.51 |
|    | Add cartage for item no 10,11 & 14 due to rates are taken from DSR 2023 and Gem portal.   |        |     | L.S        | 50000.00   |
|    |   |        |     | G. Total   | 7234877.51 |
|    |   |        |     | Says(lakh) | 72.35      |

*Raajal*  
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Name of work: Construction of MRF Shed in Kedarnath.Detail of Measurements

| S No. | Item of Work   | No. | Length | Width | Height | Quantity | Unit |
|-------|--|-----|--------|-------|--------|----------|------|
| 1     | Earth work in excavation by mechanical means (Hydraulic excavator) / manual means in foundation trenches or drains (not exceeding 1.5 m in width or 10 sam on  |     |        |       |        |          |      |
|       | Fd.  | 10  | 1.45   | 1.45  | 1.65   | 34.69    | cum  |
|       | Plinth beam Long side  | 2   | 16.00  | 0.60  | 0.10   | 1.92     | cum  |
|       | Plinth beam S.side   | 2   | 8.80   | 0.60  | 0.10   | 1.06     | cum  |
|       | Ded  | -10 | 0.60   | 0.60  | 0.10   | -0.36    | cum  |
|       |  |     |        |       | Total  | 37.31    | cum  |
| 2     | Providing and laying in position cement concrete 1:4:8 excluding the cost of centering and shuttering i/c all.   |     |        |       |        |          |      |
|       |  | 10  | 1.45   | 1.45  | 0.15   | 3.15     | cum  |
|       | Base B/W Long side   | 2   | 16.00  | 0.60  | 0.10   | 1.92     | cum  |
|       | Base B/W S.side  | 2   | 8.80   | 0.60  | 0.10   | 1.06     | cum  |
|       | Ded  | -10 | 0.60   | 0.60  | 0.10   | -0.36    | cum  |
|       | Floor  | 1   | 16.00  | 10.00 | 0.10   | 16.00    | cum  |
|       | Apron  | 1   | 16.00  | 0.75  | 0.10   | 1.20     | cum  |
|       | Apron  | 1   | 11.50  | 0.75  | 0.10   | 0.86     | cum  |
|       |  |     |        |       | Total  | 23.83    | cum  |
| 3     | Providing and laying in position specified grade of reinforced cement concrete, excluding the cost of centering, shuttering, finishing and reinforcement -All work up to plinth level : 1 :1.5:3 (1 cement : 1.5 coarse sand (zone-III) derived from natural sources : 3 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size derived from natural sources) |     |        |       |        |          |      |
|       | footing  | 10  | 1.35   | 1.35  | 0.60   | 10.94    | cum  |
|       | fdn.   | 10  | 0.90   | 0.90  | 0.90   | 7.29     | cum  |
|       | Upto Plinth  | 10  | 0.60   | 0.60  | 0.60   | 2.16     | cum  |
|       | Plinth beam Long side  | 2   | 16.00  | 0.60  | 0.35   | 6.72     | cum  |
|       | Plinth beam S.side   | 2   | 8.80   | 0.60  | 0.35   | 3.70     | cum  |
|       | Ded  | -10 | 0.60   | 0.60  | 0.35   | -1.26    | cum  |
|       |  |     |        |       | Total  | 29.54    | cum  |

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|   |   |       |        |      |           |            |     |
|---|---|-------|--------|------|-----------|------------|-----|
| 4 | Centering and shuttering including strutting, propping etc. and removal of form for Foundations, footings, bases of columns, etc. for mass concrete i/c all.  |       |        |      |           |            |     |
|   | footing   | 40    | 1.35   |      | 0.60      | 32.40      | sqm |
|   | fdn.  | 40    | 0.90   |      | 0.90      | 32.40      | sqm |
|   | Upto Plinth   | 40    | 0.60   |      | 0.60      | 14.40      | sqm |
|   | Plinth beam Long side   | 4     | 16.00  |      | 0.35      | 22.40      | sqm |
|   | Plinth beam S.side  | 2     | 8.80   |      | 0.35      | 6.16       | sqm |
|   |   |       |        |      | Total     | 79.20      | sqm |
| 5 | Steel reinforcement for R.C.C. work including straightening, cutting, bending, placing in position and binding all complete upto plinth level.  |       |        |      |           |            |     |
|   | Taking 1.50 % of total Qt. of item no 3   | 0.015 | 29.541 | 7850 |           | 3478.45275 | Kg  |
|   |   |       |        |      |           | 3478.45275 | Kg  |
| 6 | Steel work in built up tubular (round, square or rectangular hollow tubes etc.) trusses etc., including cutting, hoisting, fixing in position and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer, including welding and bolted with |       |        |      |           |            |     |
|   | M.S Plate (15 mm thick)   | 10    | 0.6    | 0.60 | 118       | 424.8      | Kg  |
|   |   |       |        |      | kg/sqm    |            |     |
|   | Nuts,bolts,fixtures etc @15% of total wt. of plate  | 1     |        |      |           | 63.72      | Kg  |
|   | Vertical square Pipe (180 mm*180mm*10mm)  | 10    | 4.00   | @    | 53 Kg/m   | 2120       | Kg  |
|   | Truss base (172 mm*92mm*4.8 mm) E   | 10    | 11.5   | @    | 18.71     | 2151.65    | Kg  |
|   |   |       |        |      | Kg/m      |            |     |
|   | Inclined (100 mm*100mm*5 mm) A  | 20    | 6.88   | @    | 14.80     | 2036.48    | Kg  |
|   |   |       |        |      | Kg/m      |            |     |
|   | Members ( 60*60*4) B  |       |        |      |           | 0          |     |
|   | (0.67 + 1.81+1.34+2.13)= 5.95m  | 20    | 5.95   | @    | 6.97 Kg/m | 829.43     | Kg  |
|   | Centre Vertical   | 10    | 2.00   | @    | 6.97 Kg/m | 139.4      | Kg  |
|   | purlin member(145*82*4.8) C   | 8     | 16.00  | @    | 15.92     | 2037.76    | Kg  |
|   |   |       |        |      | Kg/m      |            |     |
|   | Tie runner(60*60*4) D   | 8     | 16.00  | @    | 6.97      | 892.16     | Kg  |
|   |   |       |        |      | Kg/m      |            |     |
|   |   |       |        |      | Total     | 10695.4    | Kg  |
| 7 | Random Rubble stone masonry laid in 1:6 cement and sand mortar i/c all.   |       |        |      |           |            |     |
|   | Upto Plinth   | 2     | 16.00  | 0.60 | 0.23      | 4.42       | Cum |

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|    |  |    |       |      |       |       |     |
|----|--|----|-------|------|-------|-------|-----|
|    |  | 2  | 8.80  | 0.60 | 0.23  | 2.43  | Cum |
|    | Ded  | -8 | 0.60  | 0.60 | 0.23  | -0.66 | Cum |
|    |  |    |       |      | Total | 6.18  | Cum |
| 8  | Filling available excavated earth (excluding rock) in trenches, plinth, sides of foundations etc. in layers not exceeding 20cm in depth, consolidating each deposited layer by ramming and watering, lead up to 50 and for all lift  |    |       |      |       |       |     |
|    |  | 1  | 14.8  | 8.80 | 0.40  | 52.10 | Cum |
|    |  |    |       |      | Total | 52.10 | Cum |
| 9  | Providing corrugated G.S. sheet roofing including vertical I curved surface fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm diameter with bitumen and G.I. limpet washers or with G.I. limpet washers filled with white lead, including a coat of approved steel primer and two coats of approved paint on overlapping of sheets complete (up to any pitch in horizontal/ vertical or curved surfaces), excluding the cost of burlins, rafters and |    |       |      |       |       |     |
|    |  | 2  | 16.6  | 6.9  |       | 228.4 | sqm |
|    |  |    |       |      | Total | 228.4 | Sqm |
| 10 | Providing ridges or hips of width 60 cm overall width plain G.S. sheet fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm dia G.I. limpet and bitumen washers complete.<br>12.4.1 0.80 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup>   |    |       |      |       |       |     |
|    |  | 1  | 16.60 |      |       | 16.60 | M   |
|    |  |    |       |      | Total | 16.6  | M   |
| 11 | Providing and fixing 15 cm wide, 45 cm overall semi-circular plain G.S. sheet gutter with iron brackets 40x3 mm size, bolts, nuts and washers etc., including making necessary connections with rain water pipes complete.<br>12.7.1 0.80 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup>   |    |       |      |       |       |     |
|    |  | 2  | 16.60 |      |       | 33.20 | M   |
|    |  |    |       |      | Total | 33.20 | M   |

Gopal  
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|    |   |    |       |       |      |       |            |
|----|---|----|-------|-------|------|-------|------------|
| 12 | Providing and fixing 1 mm thick M.S. sheet door with frame of 40x40x6 mm angle iron and 3 mm M.S. gusset plates at the junctions and corners, all necessary fittings complete, including applying a priming coat of   |    |       |       |      |       |            |
|    | Door  | 1  | 3.00  | 4.00  |      |       | 12.00      |
|    |   |    |       |       |      | Total | 12 sqm     |
| 13 | Providing and laying in position cement concrete of specified grade excluding the cost of centering and shuttering - All work up to plinth level: 1 :2:4 (1 cement : 2 coarse sand (zone-III) derived from natural sources : 4 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal |    |       |       |      |       |            |
|    | Floor   | 1  | 16.00 | 10.00 | 0.10 |       | 16.00      |
|    | Apron   | 2  | 16.00 | 0.75  | 0.10 |       | 2.40       |
|    | Apron   | 2  | 11.50 | 0.75  | 0.10 |       | 1.73       |
|    |   |    |       |       |      | Total | 20.13 Cum  |
| 14 | Providing and fixing of Puf pannel to walls as per required shape and design directed by engineer in charge including material,labour and all fixing (Rates taken as per Gem  |    |       |       |      |       |            |
|    | walls   | 2  | 16.00 |       | 4.00 |       | 128.00     |
|    |   | 2  | 10.00 |       | 4.00 |       | 80.00      |
|    | Ded Door  | -1 | 3.00  |       | 4.00 |       | -12.00     |
|    |   |    |       |       |      | Total | 196.00 sqm |
| 15 | Painting Steel work with Deluxe Multi Surface Paint to give an even shade. Two or more coat applied @ 0.90 ltr/10 sqm over an under coat of primer applied @ 0.80 ltr/10 sqm of approved brand and manufacture  |    |       |       |      |       |            |
|    | Vertical square Pipe (180 mm*180mm*10mm)  | 10 | 4.00  | 0.72  |      |       | 28.8 Sqm   |
|    | Truss base (172 mm*92mm*4.8 mm) E   | 10 | 11.5  | 0.524 |      |       | 60.26 Sqm  |
|    | Inclined (100 mm*100mm*5 mm) A  | 20 | 6.88  | 0.40  |      |       | 55.04 Sqm  |
|    | Members ( 60*60*4) B  |    |       |       |      |       | 0 Sqm      |
|    | (0.67 + 1.81+1.34+2.13)= 5.95m  | 20 | 5.95  | 0.24  |      |       | 28.56 Sqm  |
|    | Centre Vertical   | 10 | 2.00  | 0.24  |      |       | 4.8 Sqm    |
|    | purlin member(145*82*4.8) C   | 8  | 16.00 | 0.24  |      |       | 30.72 Sqm  |
|    | Tie runner(60*60*4) D   | 8  | 16.00 | 0.24  |      |       | 30.72 Sqm  |
|    |   |    |       |       |      | Total | 238.90 sqm |

Gauraj  
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**Name of Work :- Proposed construction of Protection work & G.I sheet covering for  
MRF centre in Kedarnath.**

**BILL OF QUANTITY**

| S.No. | Item of Work  | Quantity | UNIT | Rate                | AMOUNT            |
|-------|---|----------|------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1     | Earth work in excavation by mechanical means (Hydraulic excavator) / manual means in foundation trenches or drains (not exceeding 1.5 m in width or 10 sqm on plan), including dressing of sides and ramming of bottoms, lift upto 1.5 m, including getting out the excavated soil and disposal of surplus excavated soil as directed, within a lead of 50 m. | 950.00   | Cum  | 737.00              | 700150.00         |
| 2     | Excavation in foundation for retaining, breast walls etc, in all types of soils and rocks including all lead, lift and disposal of surplus material as per direction of engineer - in - charge, as per drawing and technical specifications Clause 305.1 of MORD Specification  | 87.00    | Cum  | 1369.00             | 119103.00         |
| 3     | Providing concrete for plain/ reinforced concrete in open foundations complete as per drawings and technical specifications Clause 802, 803, 1202 & 1203  | 9.75     | Cum  | 29368.00            | 286338.00         |
| 4     | Steel work welded in built up sections/ framed work, including cutting, hoisting, fixing in position and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer using structural steel etc. as required..   | 4996.38  | KG   | 303.00              | 1513903.14        |
| 5     | Providing corrugated G.S. sheet roofing including vertical / curved surface fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm diameter with bitumen and G.I. limpet washers or with G.I. limpet   | 339.00   | Sqm  | 1695.00             | 574605.00         |
| 6     | Random rubble stone masonry laid dry by locally available approved stone including supply of all material labour, T&P etc. required for proper completion of work as per detail PWD specification and as per direction of Engineer in charge  | 31.05    | Cum  | 7215.70             | 224047.49         |
| 7     | Random Rubble Stone Masonry laid 1:6, in breast walls, retaining walls, etc. including supply of all material, labour, T&P and royalties etc. complete as per drawing and technical specifications Clauses 702, 704, 1202 & 1203 of MORD Specification  | 93.33    | Cum  | 13056.70            | 1218625.33        |
|       |   |          |      | <b>Total</b>        | <b>4636771.96</b> |
|       |   |          |      | <b>SAY(in lakh)</b> | <b>46.37</b>      |



*(Signature)*  
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**Name of Work :-Proposed construction of Protection work & G.I sheet covering for  
MRF centre in Kedarnath.**

**DETAIL OF MEASUREMENT**

| S No. | Item of Work   | No. | Length | Width | Height       | Quantity       | Unit       |
|-------|--|-----|--------|-------|--------------|----------------|------------|
| 1     | Earth work in excavation by mechanical means (Hydraulic excavator) / manual means in foundation trenches or drains (not exceeding 1.5 m in width or 10 sqm on plan), including dressing of sides and ramming of bottoms, lift upto 1.5 m, including getting out the excavated soil and disposal of surplus excavated soil as directed, within a lead |     |        |       |              |                |            |
|       |  | 1   | 50.00  | 20.00 | 0.95         | 950.00         | Cum        |
|       |  |     |        |       | <b>Total</b> | <b>950.00</b>  | <b>Cum</b> |
| 2     | Excavation in foundation for retaining, breast walls etc, in all types of soils and rocks including all lead, lift and disposal of surplus material as per direction of engineer - in - charge, as per drawing and technical specifications Clause   |     |        |       |              |                |            |
|       | Column   | 78  | 0.50   | 0.50  | 0.50         | 9.75           | Cum        |
|       |  | 1   | 50.00  | 1.27  | 0.90         | 57.00          | Cum        |
|       |  | 1   | 45.00  | 0.60  | 0.75         | 20.25          | Cum        |
|       |  |     |        |       | <b>Total</b> | <b>87.00</b>   | <b>Cum</b> |
| 3     | Providing concrete for plain/ reinforced concrete in open foundations complete as per drawings and technical specifications Clause 802, 803, 1202 & 1203   |     |        |       |              |                |            |
|       |  | 78  | 0.50   | 0.50  | 0.50         | 9.75           | Cum        |
|       |  |     |        |       | <b>Total</b> | <b>9.75</b>    | <b>Cum</b> |
| 4     | Steel work welded in built up sections/ framed work, including cutting, hoisting, fixing in position and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer using structural steel etc. as required..  |     |        |       |              |                |            |
|       | Main Post @ 70x70x5 hollow pipe vertical   | 78  | 3      | 10.11 |              | 2365.74        | Kg         |
|       | horizontal pipe @ 50x25x5 hollow pipe  | 3   | 226    | 3.88  |              | 2630.64        | Kg         |
|       |  |     |        |       | <b>Total</b> | <b>4996.38</b> | <b>Kg</b>  |
| 5     | Providing corrugated G.S. sheet roofing including vertical / curved surface fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm diameter with bitumen and G.I. limpet washers or with G.I. limpet washers filled with white lead, including a coat of a  |     |        |       |              |                |            |
|       |  | 1   | 226    | 1.50  |              | 339.00         | Sqm        |
|       |  |     |        |       | <b>Total</b> | <b>339.00</b>  | <b>Sqm</b> |
| 6     | Random rubble stone masonry laid dry by locally available approved stone including supply of all material labour, T&P etc. required for proper completion of work as per detail PWD specification and as per direction of  |     |        |       |              |                |            |
|       |  | 1   | 45.00  | 0.60  | 1.15         | 31.05          | Cum        |
|       |  |     |        |       | <b>Total</b> | <b>31.05</b>   | <b>Cum</b> |

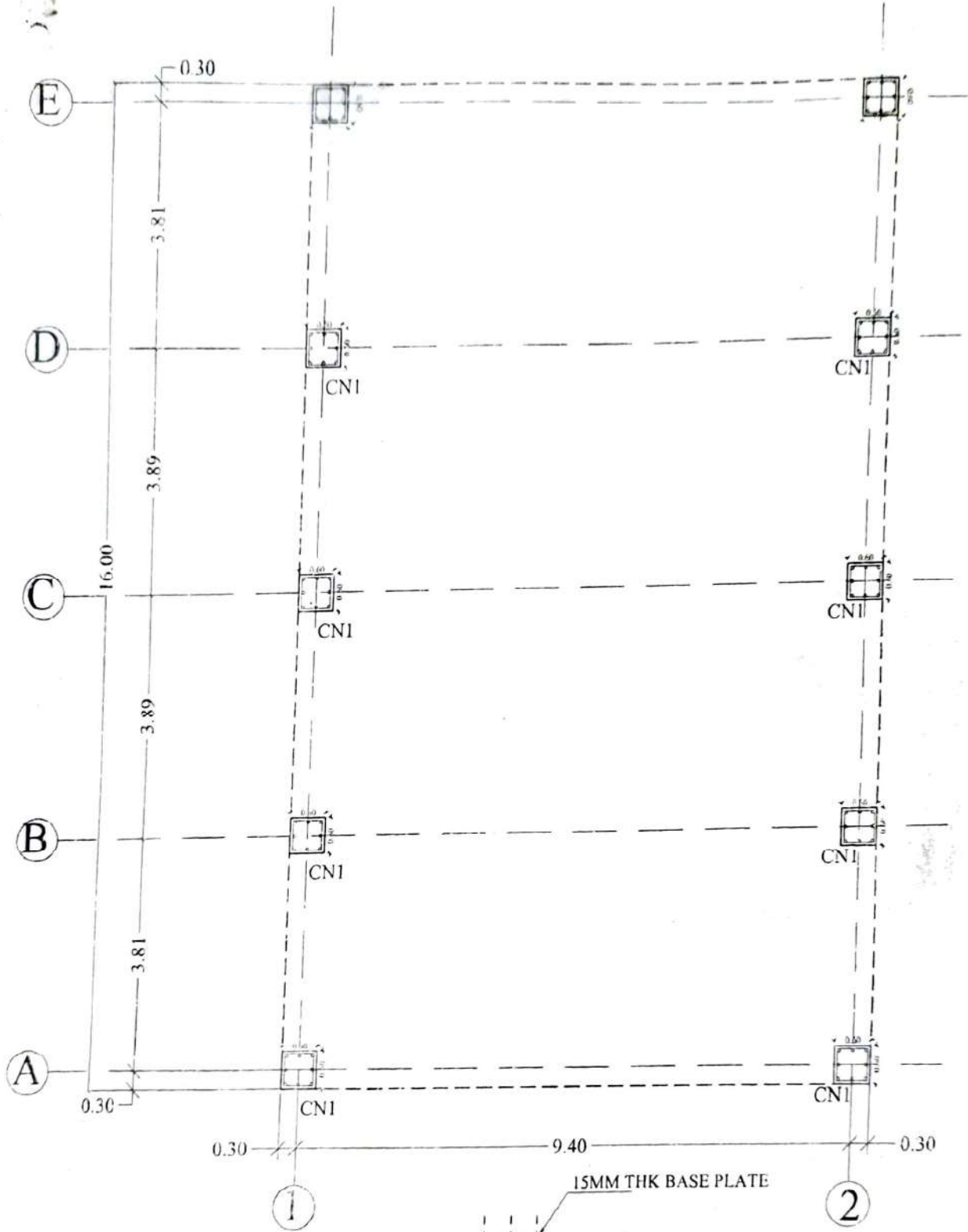
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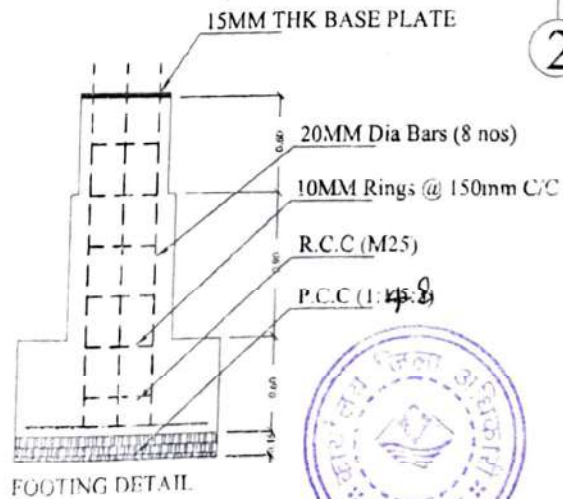
|   |  |   |       |      |              |              |            |
|---|--|---|-------|------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| 7 | Random Rubble Stone Masonry laid 1:6, in breast walls, retaining walls, etc. including supply of all material, labour, T&P and royalties etc. complete as per drawing and technical specifications Clauses 702, 704, 1202 & 1203 of MORD Specification |   |       |      |              |              |            |
|   |  | 1 | 50.00 | 0.93 | 2.00         | 93.33        | Cum        |
|   |  |   |       |      | <b>Total</b> | <b>93.33</b> | <b>Cum</b> |

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COLUMN LAYOUT PLAN

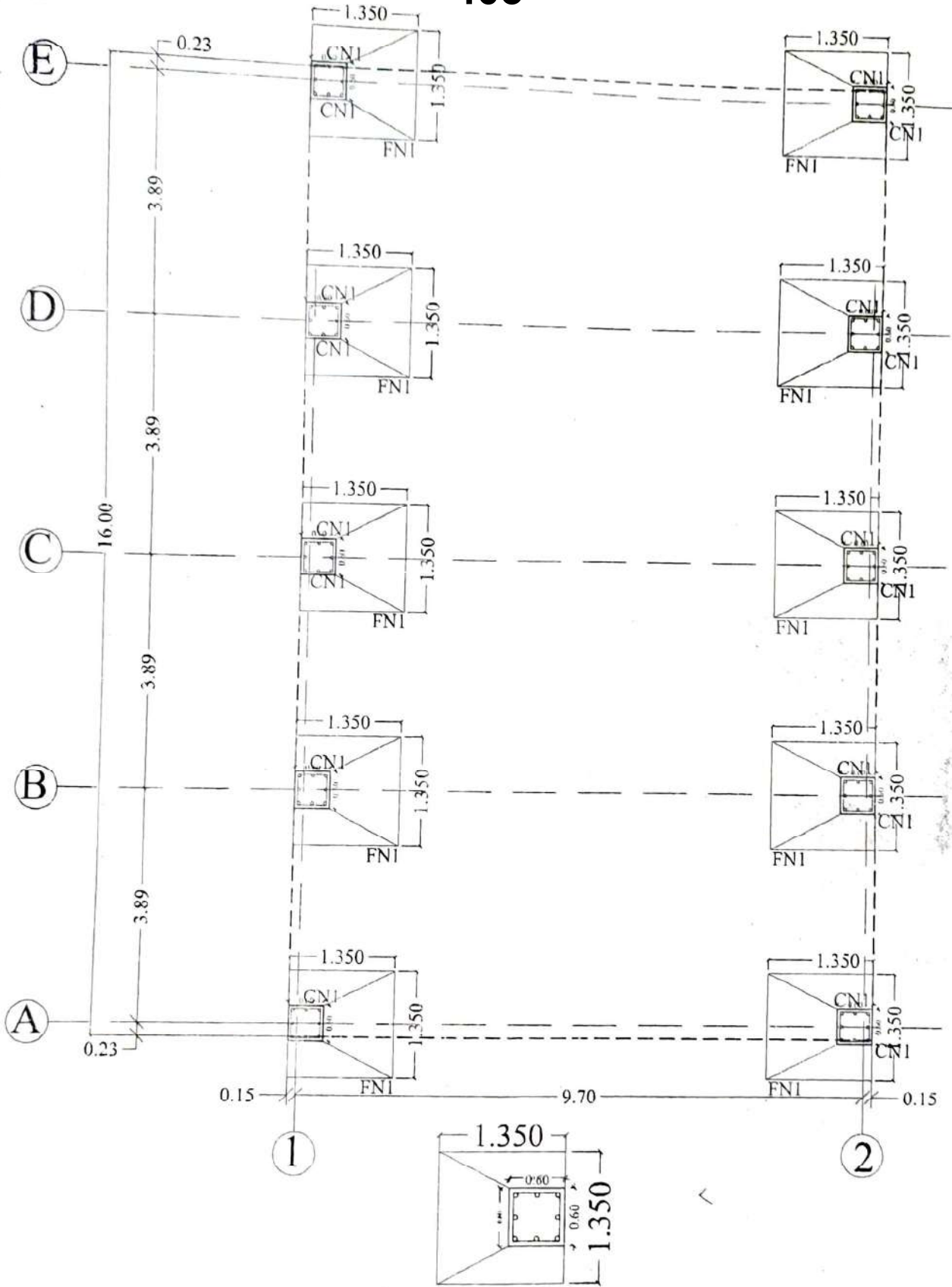


FOOTING DETAIL

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SCHEDULE OF COLUMN FOOTING

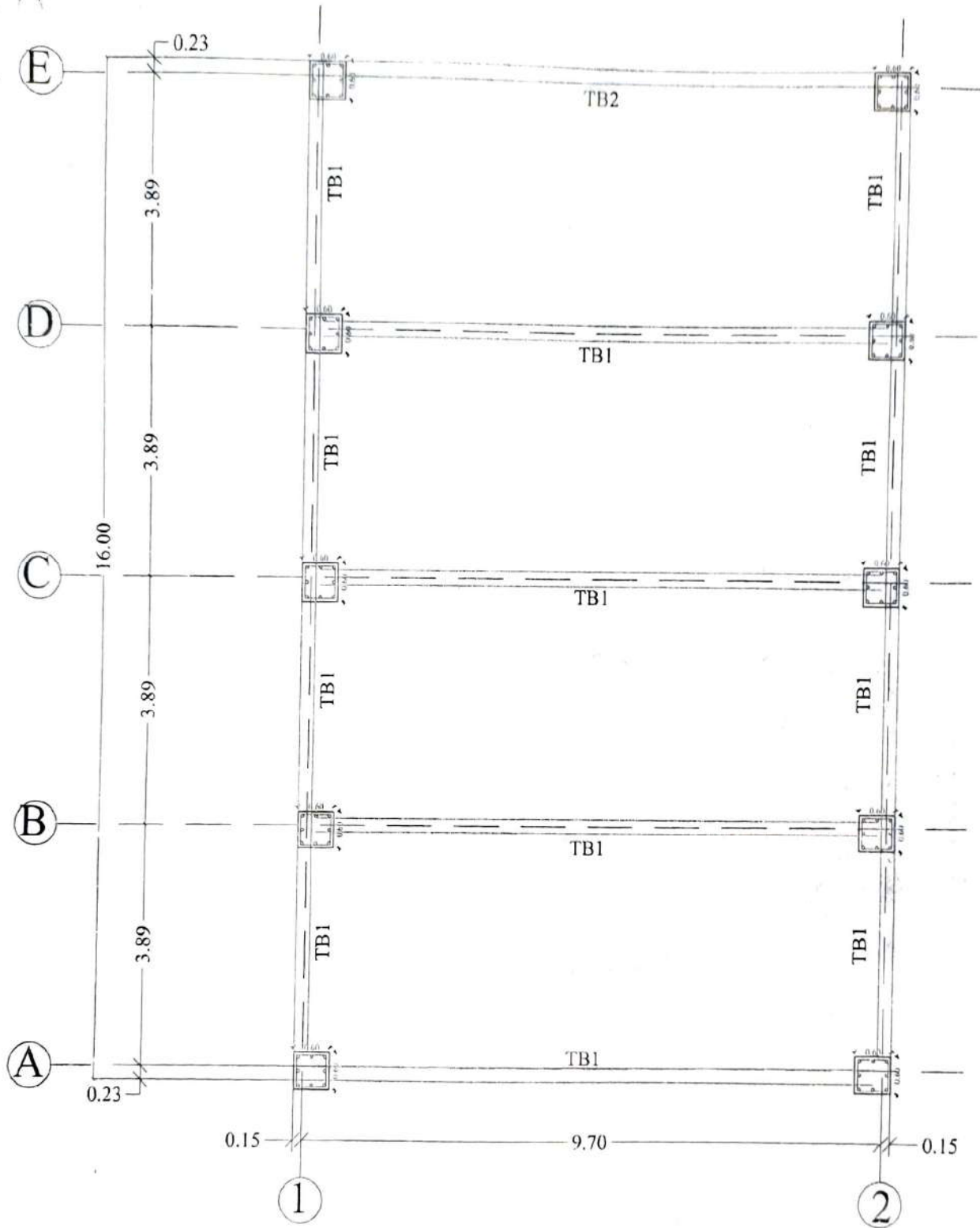
| Sr. No. | NAME OF FOOTING | TYPE OF FOOTING | SIZE (MM)      | DEPTH BELOW THE COLUMN (mm) | DEPTH AT OUTER EDGES (mm) | BOTTOM REIN.     |                 | TOP REIN.        |                 |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
|         |                 |                 |                |                             |                           | ALONG SHORT SPAN | ALONG LONG SPAN | ALONG SHORT SPAN | ALONG LONG SPAN |
| 1.      | FNI             | Isolate Footing | As per Drawing | 750                         |                           | 160 @ 150 C/C.   | 160 @ 150 C/C.  | 120 @ 175 C/C.   | 120 @ 175 C/C.  |

USE M-25 GRADE CONCRETE

FOOTING LAYOUT PLAN



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SCHEDULE OF TIE BEAMS

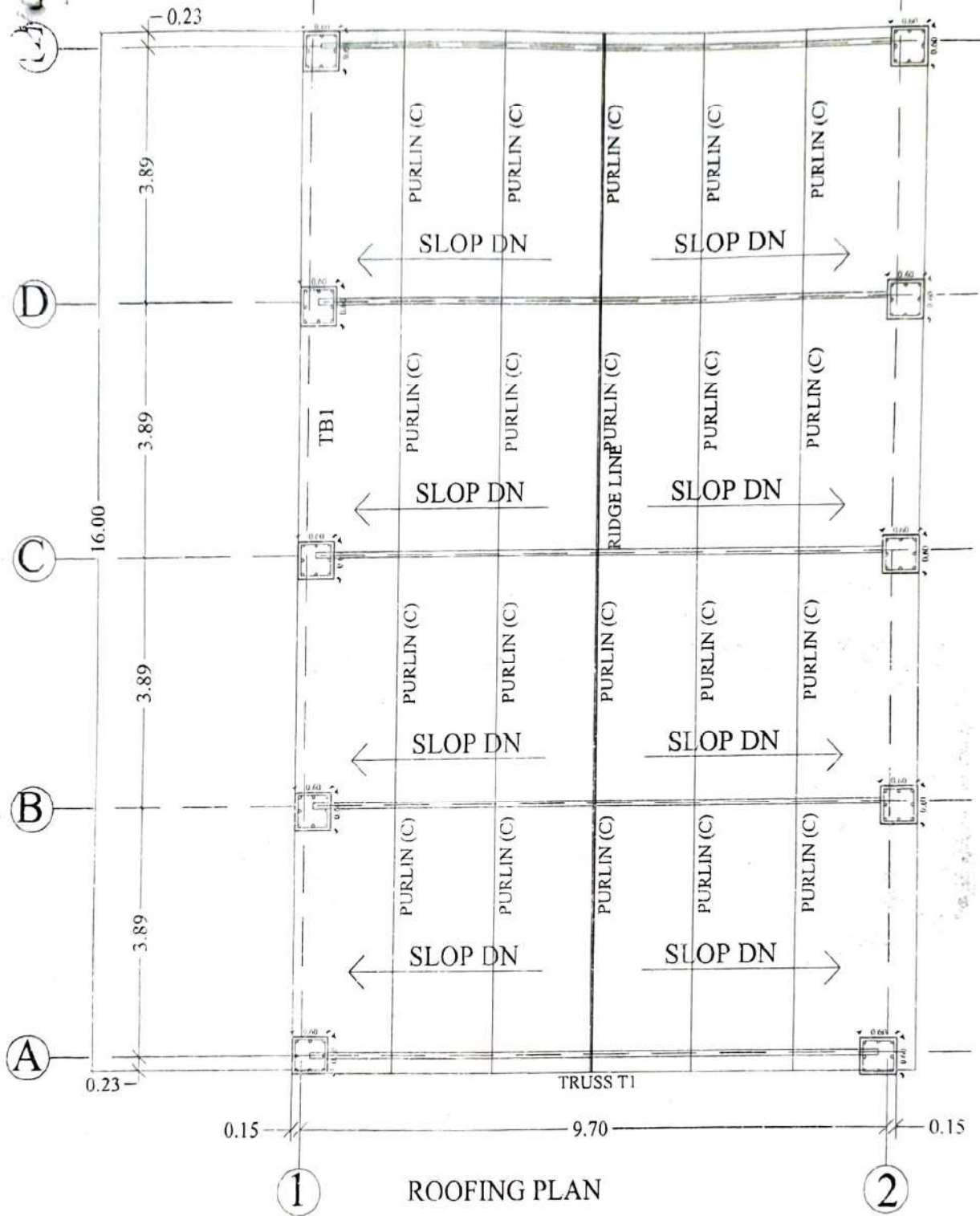
| Sr. No. | TYPE OF TIE BEAM | REINFORCEMENT |     |             |          |          |             |              |
|---------|------------------|---------------|-----|-------------|----------|----------|-------------|--------------|
|         |                  | SIZE(MM)      |     | BOTTOM BARS | TOP BARS | STIRRUPS |             |              |
|         |                  | B             | D   |             |          | DIA      | NO. OF LEGS | SPACING (MM) |
| 1.      | TB1              | 300           | 450 | 3 - 16Ø     | 3 - 16Ø  | 8Ø       | 2           | 150          |
| 2.      | TB2              | 300           | 450 | 3 - 20Ø     | 3 - 16Ø  | 8Ø       | 2           | 150          |

USE M-25 GRADE C. CONCRETE

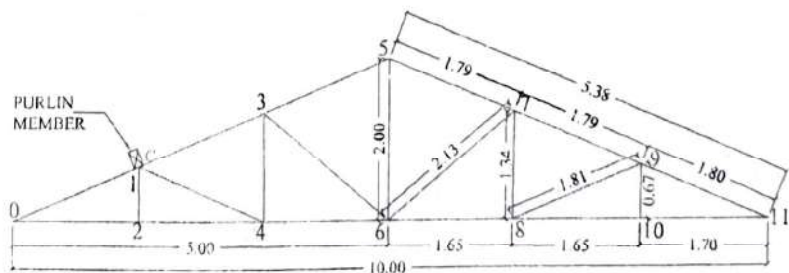
TIE BEAM LAYOUT PLAN

*Ramraj*  
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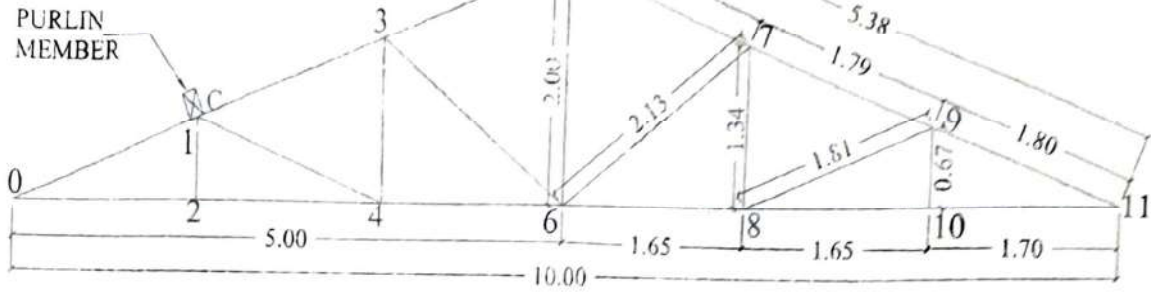
ROOFING PLAN



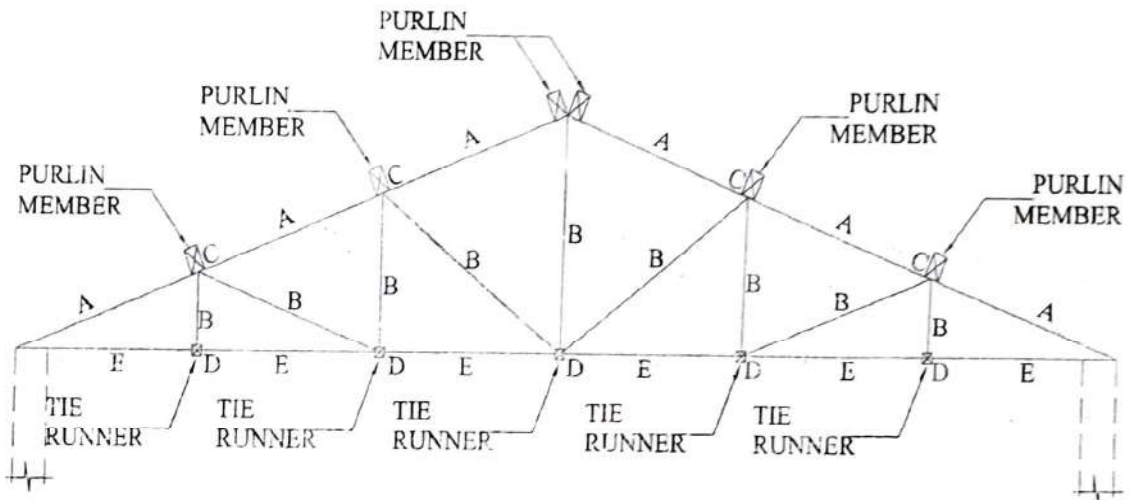
ROOFING - ELEVATION

*Rava*  
 अधिशासी अधिकारी  
 नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



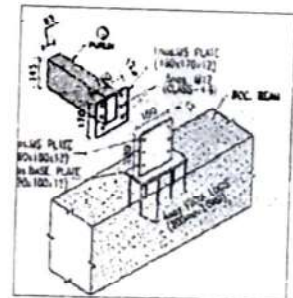
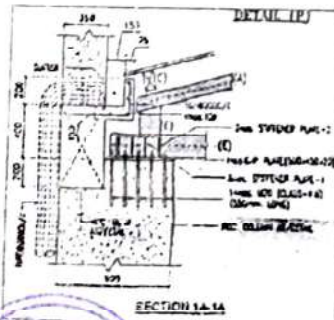
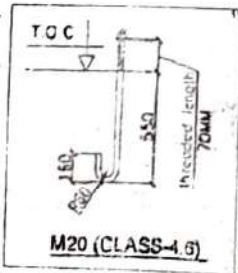
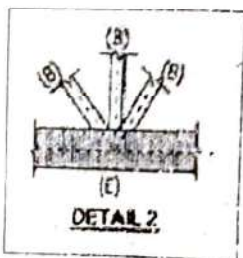


TRUSS SECTION - T1



TRUSS SECTION - T1

| MEMBER SCHEDULE  |                      |                |
|------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| MEMBER NO.       | MEMBER SIZE (DXB)    | GRADE OF STEEL |
| (A)              | SHS - 100 X 100 X 5  | YST 310        |
| (B)              | SHS - 60 X 60 X 4    | YST 310        |
| (C) (PURLINS)    | RHS - 145 X 82 X 4.8 | YST 310        |
| (D) (TIE RUNNER) | SHS - 60 X 60 X 4    | YST 310        |
| (E)              | RHS - 172 X 92 X 4.8 | YST 310        |



अधिशारी अधिशारी  
अगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



कार्यालय अधीक्षण अभियन्ता  
सप्तम् वृत्त लोक निर्माण विभाग  
गोपेश्वर (चमोली)



E-Mail: sepwdgope@rediffmail.com

पत्रांक - 1960/173 प्रावासात - 7/2023

दिनांक :- 10/04/2023

सेवा में,

मै० राज कन्स्ट्रक्शन  
ए० 511, पैसफिक हिल्स, राजपुर रोड  
देहरादून।

विषय:- श्री केंदारनाथ धाम परिक्षेत्रान्तर्गत गतिमान निर्माण कार्यो पर कार्यरत श्रमिकों के विश्राम तथा रात्रि प्रवास की सुविधा हेतु, सरस्वती नदी एवं भैरव मन्दिर मार्ग के मध्य अस्थाई लेबर हट/बंकर नं०-4 का निर्माण कार्य। (साईज 30.00 मी० X 6.60मी० क्षमता 200 श्रमिक)।

Tender ID:- 2023\_pwd\_56478\_1

उपरोक्त विषयक श्री केंदारनाथ धाम परिक्षेत्रान्तर्गत गतिमान निर्माण कार्यो पर कार्यरत श्रमिकों के विश्राम तथा रात्रि प्रवास की सुविधा हेतु, सरस्वती नदी एवं भैरव मन्दिर मार्ग के मध्य अस्थाई लेबर हट/बंकर नं०-4 का निर्माण कार्य। (साईज 30.00 मी० X 6.60मी० क्षमता 200 श्रमिक) हेतु आपके द्वारा दी गयी निविदा दरें उत्तराखण्ड सरकार की ओर से निम्न हस्ताक्षरकर्ता द्वारा रू० 1,59,93,504.96 (एक करोड उन्सठ लाख तिरानब्बे हजार पांच सौ चार रूपये एवं छयानब्बे पैसे) मात्र के लिए स्वीकृत की जाती है।


अतः आपको सूचित किया जाता है कि आप पत्र निर्गत होने की तिथि के 7 दिन के अन्तर्गत उत्तराखण्ड शासन द्वारा जारी शासनादेशों के अनुसार अनुबन्ध हेतु रू० 7,99,675.00 (सात लाख नियानब्बे हजार छः सौ पिचत्तर रूपये) मात्र की परफॉरमेन्स सिक्यूरिटी मात्र, जो कि अधीक्षण अभियन्ता, सप्तम् वृत्त, लो०नि०वि० गोपेश्वर के नाम बन्धक हो एवं अनुबन्ध पर हस्ताक्षर करने हेतु आप स्वयं अधिशासी अभियन्ता, निर्माण खण्ड, लो०नि०वि० गुप्तकाशी के कार्यालय में उपस्थित हों एवं इसके अतिरिक्त अनुबन्ध हेतु रू० 100.00 मात्र का नॉन-ज्यूडिशियल स्टॉम्प भी जमा करें।

यदि आप निश्चित समय के अन्दर उपस्थित न हुये तो उक्त स्वीकृति वापस ले ली जायेगी तथा आपके बकाया अवशेषों में से उक्त धरोहर धनराशि काटकर उत्तराखण्ड सरकार के नाम जम्ब कर राजस्व खाते में डाल दी जायेगी, तत्पश्चात् आपका कोई विवाद इस सम्बन्ध में मान्य नहीं होगा।

अधीक्षण अभियन्ता  
सप्तम् वृत्त, लो०नि०वि०  
गोपेश्वर

प्रतिलिपि:-

1. अधिशासी अभियन्ता, निर्माण खण्ड, लो०नि०वि० गुप्तकाशी को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित।
2. अनुबन्ध हेतु।

  
अधीक्षण अभियन्ता  
सप्तम् वृत्त, लो०नि०वि०  
गोपेश्वर  
10/04/23

अधिशासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केंदारनाथ



Office of The Superintending Engineer,  
7<sup>th</sup> Circle, P.W.D. Gopeshwar



E-mail: sepwdgope@rediffmail.com

No. 2001/173 याता 7/2023

Date: 12/04/2023

To, M/S Raj Construction  
A511, Pacific hills Rajpur road  
Dehradun.

Subject: Construction work of temporary labour hut/bunker no.4 between  
Saraswati river and Bhairav Mandir road for rest and night stay  
convenience of labourers working on reconstruction work of Shri  
Kedarnath Dham.

Your contract Bond No. 03/SE-7/2023 Dated 18/4/2023 For  
the above mentioned work has been accepted by the under signed on behalf of  
Government of Uttarakhand.

Please start the work at once and completed it within 06 months  
positively.

The date of start and date completion of the work is as following:-

1. Date of Start 18/4/2023
2. Date of Completion 11/10/2023

(Er. Rajesh Chandra Sharma)  
Superintending Engineer  
7<sup>th</sup> Circle P.W.D.  
Gopeshwar

Copy to the following for information and necessary action :-

1. Executive Engineer, Construction division, PWD Guptkashi, Rudraprayag.
2. Bond Copy.
3. Office Copy.

Superintending Engineer  
7<sup>th</sup> Circle P.W.D.

Gopeshwar  
12/4/23

General  
अधिसासि अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



CONTRACTOR

7 वा वृत्त लो० नि० वि०

अधीक्षण अभियन्ता, सप्तम वृत्त, लो० नि० वि० गोपेश्वर।

Contract Bond no. 03/SE-7/2023 Date. 12/4/2023

¼ value of work done:-

¼ value of work done:-

¼ value of work done:-

Name of Work- Construction work of temporary labour hut/bunker no.4 between Saraswati river and Bhairav Mandir road for rest and night stay convenience of labourers working on reconstruction work of Shri Kedarnath Dham.(Size 30.00 m X 6.60 M Capacity 200 Labour).

1. Name of Contractor:- M/S Raj Construction, A511, Pacific hills, Dehradun.

2. Estimated Cost:- 1,60,01,958.61

3. Amount of Bond Rs:- 1,59,93,504.96

4. Amount of E.M. Rs. 3,30,000.00

5. Date of Start:- 12/4/2023

6. Date of Completion:- 11/10/2023

7. Defect of Liability Period:-

PC - 1139/15873SS No. 1,30,000.00  
 Vide AC - 417.62763246.14,1,00,000.00  
 AL - 41762864162.14,1,48,000.00  
 PIC - 41,27,04,355.09 N 40,000.00  
 PIC - 880800020000051.14,1,39,000.00  
 Total 5,57,000.00  
 AC - 410 54512772  
 RS. - 4,00,000.00

| S.No of Bill | M.B. No. | Amount of Bill | Stock     | 5 % S.D. | 2% I.Tax   | Royalty | 12% GST | By Cheque |
|--------------|----------|----------------|-----------|----------|------------|---------|---------|-----------|
|              |          |                | Machinery |          | 2% GST     |         |         |           |
|              |          |                |           |          | 1% L. Cess |         |         |           |

Form

CONTRACTOR

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 नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



अधीक्षण अभियन्ता  
 7 वा वृत्त लो० नि० वि०  
 गोपेश्वर (पमौली)  
 दिनांक 12/4/23

eProcurement System Government of Uttar Pradesh  
 Created By: PRAVEEN KUMAR KARANJAL  
 Created Date/Time: 07-Apr-2023 12:15 PM  
 Tender Title: Contribution work of temporary labour hut no.4 between Sarayu Jhara and Baharu Mandir road for east end night stay convenience of laborer working on reconstruction work of Shri Ved Prakash Dharm  
 Tender ID: 2023\_0WD\_54478\_3

Tender Inviting Authority: Superintending Engineer 7th Circle PWD, Gopeshwar  
 Contract No: 1372/173 Yalayat-1/2023 Date: 13-03-2023

REVISED SCHEDULE OF WORK (ITEMS)

| Sl. No. | Description of Work   | Unit | Quantity | Rate     | Amount     | Rate  | Amount    |
|---------|---|------|----------|----------|------------|-------|-----------|
| 3.00    | Earth work excavated by mechanical means (hydraulic excavation) / manual means in foundation trenches or drains (not exceeding 1.5m in width or 10 sqm on plan) including dressing of sides and ranning of bottoms, lift up to 1.5 m including getting out the excavated soil and disposal of surplus excavated soil as directed, within a lead of 50 m. All kinds of Soil.   | Cum  | 731.25   | 727      | 538931.25  | 733   | 535995.25 |
| 4.00    | Earth work in excavation by mechanical means (hydraulic excavation) / manual means in foundation trenches or drains (not exceeding 1.5 m in width or 10 sqm on plan) including dressing of sides and ranning of bottoms, lift up to 1.5 m, including getting out the excavated soil and disposal of surplus excavated soil as directed, within a lead of 50 m. Ordinary Rock. | Cum  | 354.38   | 1369     | 485146.22  | 1365  | 483728.77 |
| 5.00    | Extra for every additional lift of 1.5 m or part thereof in excavation / banking excavated or stocked materials. All kinds of soil  | Cum  | 221.25   | 240      | 53100      | 240   | 53100     |
| 6.00    | Excavation in foundation for retaining, breast walls etc, in all types of soils and rocks including all lead, lift and disposal of surplus material as per direction of engineer - in - charge, as per drawing and technical specifications Clause 305.1 of MOPWD Specification.  | Cum  | 20.7     | 1563.5   | 32364.45   | 1563  | 32354.17  |
| 7.00    | Filling available excavated earth (excluding rock) in trenches, pits, sides of foundations etc in layers not exceeding 20cm in depth, consolidating each deposited layer by ramming and watering, lead up to 50 m and lift upto 1.5m.   | Cum  | 61.97    | 580      | 35942.6    | 580   | 35912.6   |
| 8.00    | Providing and Laying of Mechanically Woven Double Twisted Hexagonal shaped Gabions (Zinc plus PVC coated), of size 3mX1mX1m with two diagonals at 1m interval, having mesh opening 100mmX120 mm, mesh wire diameter 2.7mmX3.7mm, edge/side/sledge wire diameter 3.4/4.4 mm and facing wire diameter 2.2/3.2 mm. (The work includes filling boulders in the gabions).          | No.  | 10       | 21394.58 | 213945.8   | 21300 | 213000    |
| 9.00    | Cement plumb masonry with 40% plumb & 60% 1:3:6 cement concrete including supply of all materials, labour, T&P etc. required for proper completion of the work.   | Cum  | 203.25   | 12600    | 260249.585 | 12600 | 2601600   |

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|       |  |          |     |         |            |       |            |       |           |
|-------|--|----------|-----|---------|------------|-------|------------|-------|-----------|
| 10.00 | Providing and laying in position cement concrete of specified grade excluding the cost of centering and shuttering - All work up to plinth level : 1:4:8 (1 Cement : 4 coarse sand (zone-II) : 8 graded stone aggregate 40 mm nominal size) (Nominal Mix)  | 18.96    | Cum | 10678   | 316714.68  | 16678 | 316714.68  | 17000 | 322220    |
| 11.00 | Providing and laying in position specified grade of reinforced cement concrete, excluding the cost of centering, shuttering, finishing and reinforcement - All work up to plinth level : 1:1.5:3 (1 cement : 1.5 coarse sand (zone-III) : 3 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size)                   | 31.01    | Cum | 27310   | 854069.76  | 27315 | 847659.41  | 27500 | 857775    |
| 12.00 | Centering and shuttering including strutting, propping etc. and removal of form for : Lintels, beams, plinth beams, girders, brassmeters and cantilevers   | 215.46   | Sqm | 1572    | 328703.32  | 1572  | 333870.12  | 1600  | 344735    |
| 13.00 | Steel reinforcement bars for R.C.C. work : Plain bars upto 16mm dia. including bending, piecing in position and binding all complete up to plinth level. Thermo-Mechanically Treated bars of grade Fe-500 D or more.   | 2705.9   | Kg  | 179     | 484256.1   | 179   | 484256.1   | 180   | 497052    |
| 14.00 | Random Rubble Stone Masonry laid Dry, in breast walls, retaining walls, etc. including supply of all material, labour, T&P and royalties etc. complete as per drawing and technical specifications Clauses 702, 704, 1202 & 1203 of MORD Specification.  | 36.2     | Cum | 7215.7  | 261208.34  | 7215  | 261183     | 7220  | 261354    |
| 15.00 | Random Rubble Stone Masonry laid in 1:6 cement and sand mortar, in breast walls, retaining walls, parapets, scouppers, etc. including supply of all material, labour, T&P and royalties etc. complete as per drawing and technical specifications Clauses 702, 704, 1202 & 1203 of MORD Specification.   | 91.1     | Cum | 13056.7 | 1189465.37 | 13056 | 1189401.6  | 13100 | 1192410   |
| 16.00 | Hand Packed stone filling in back of walls including cost of all materials, royalty, T&P etc. Complete as per direction of Engineer-in-charge. (As per PWD Uttarakhnad specifications)   | 86.25    | Cum | 4075.72 | 351530.85  | 4075  | 351468.75  | 4100  | 353625    |
| 17.00 | Providing and laying in position cement concrete of specified grade excluding the cost of centering and shuttering - All work up to plinth level : 1:2:4 (1 cement : 2 coarse sand(zone-II) : 4 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size)   | 10.45    | Cum | 23368   | 244195.6   | 23368 | 244195.6   | 23400 | 244530    |
| 18.00 | Steel work in built up tubular (round, square or rectangular hollow tubes etc., including cutting, hoisting, fixing in position and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer, including welding and bolted with special shaped washers etc. complete. Hot finished seamless type tubes           | 11608.74 | Kg  | 302     | 3517448.22 | 302   | 3517448.22 | 310   | 3598709.4 |
| 19.00 | Providing and fixing 1mm thick M.S. sheet door with frame of 40x40x6 mm angle iron and 3 mm M.S. gusset plates at the junctions and corners, all necessary fittings complete, including applying a priming coat of approved steel primer. Using flats 30x6mm for diagonal braces and central cross piece | 7.2      | Sqm | 9937    | 71546.4    | 9937  | 71546.4    | 9950  | 71640     |

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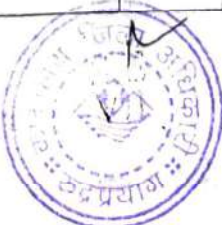
|       |   |        |     |      |           |      |           |      |           |      |          |
|-------|---|--------|-----|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|----------|
| 20.00 | Providing and fixing M.S. Tubular frames for doors, windows, ventilators and cupboard with rectangular L-Type sections, made of 1.60 mm thick M.S. Sheet, joints milled, welded and grinded finish, with profiles of required size, including fixing of necessary butt hinges and screws, and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer.   | 143.12 | Kg  | 295  | 42720.4   | 295  | 42720.4   | 295  | 42720.4   | 300  | 42976    |
| 21.00 | Providing Computed G.S. Sheet Roofing including vertical/curved surface fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm diameter with bitumen and G.I. Import washers or with G.I. Import washers fixed with white lead and including a coat of approved steel primer and two coats of approved paint on overlapping of sheets extending upto any pitch in horizontal/vertical or curved surfaces excluding the cost of putters, rafters and trusses and including cutting to size and shape wherever required. 0.60 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup> .   | 283.5  | Sqm | 1955 | 554526    | 1955 | 554526    | 1955 | 554526    | 1950 | 552525   |
| 22.00 | Providing Corrugated G.S. Sheet Roofing including vertical/curved surface fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm diameter with bitumen and G.I. Import washers or with G.I. Import washers fixed with white lead and including a coat of approved steel primer and two coats of approved paint on overlapping of sheets extending upto any pitch in horizontal/vertical or curved surfaces excluding the cost of putters, rafters and trusses and including cutting to size and shape wherever required. 0.60 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup> . | 322.72 | Sqm | 1695 | 547010.4  | 1695 | 547010.4  | 1695 | 547010.4  | 1680 | 542169.6 |
| 23.00 | Painting Steel work with Oxidant Matt Surface Paint to give an even shade. Two or more coat applied @ 0.90 ltr/10 sqm over an under coat of primer applied @ 0.60 ltr/10 sqm of approved brand and manufacture  | 15.6   | Sqm | 255  | 3978      | 255  | 3978      | 255  | 3978      | 300  | 4680     |
| 24.00 | Providing and fixing 12 mm thick pre-laminated particle board flat pressed three layer or graded wood particle board conforming to IS: 12023 Grade I Type II, in paneling fixed in aluminium doors, windows shutters and partition frames with C.P. brass / stainless steel screws etc. complete as per architectural drawings and directions of engineer-in-charge. Pre-laminated particle board with decorative lamination on one side and balancing lamination on other side   | 555.6  | Sqm | 2146 | 1192317.6 | 2146 | 1192317.6 | 2146 | 1192317.6 | 2150 | 1193540  |
| 25.00 | Providing & fixing Translucent white Acrylic Plastic Sheet with putty and glazing clips in steel doors, windows, clerestory windows, all complete with : 3 mm thick translucent white acrylic plastic sheet.  | 2.8    | Sqm | 2228 | 6228.4    | 2228 | 6228.4    | 2228 | 6228.4    | 2250 | 6300     |
| 26.00 | Providing and fixing ISI marked oxidised M.S. lower bolt black finish, (Barrel type) with necessary screws etc. complete : 25x10 mm   | 4      | No. | 432  | 432       | 432  | 432       | 432  | 432       | 110  | 440      |

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| No.   | Description  | Unit | QTY     | Rate      | Amount    | QTY     | Rate      | Amount    | QTY     | Rate      | Amount    |
|-------|--|------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 27.00 | Providing and fixing ISI marked oxidized M.S. lower bolt black (10mm dia) with necessary screws etc. complete :  |      | 90      | 640       | 57600     | 90      | 640       | 57600     | 90      | 640       | 57600     |
| 28.00 | Providing and fixing ISI marked oxidized M.S. handles conforming to IS-4992 with necessary screws etc. complete : 125 mm   |      | 60      | 437       | 26220     | 60      | 437       | 26220     | 60      | 437       | 26220     |
| 29.00 | Providing and fixing 1.5 m x 1.5 m x 1.5 m precast concrete blocks with rubber and washer plates complete.   |      | 140     | 21056.7   | 2947938   | 140     | 21056.7   | 2947938   | 140     | 21056.7   | 2947938   |
| 30.00 | (N) Septic Tank, Soak Pit etc. Work.   |      | 0       | 0         | 0         | 0       | 0         | 0         | 0       | 0         | 0         |
| 31.00 | Earth work in excavation by mechanical means (hydraulic excavator) means over areas (exceeding 30 cm in depth, 1.5 m in width as well as 10 sqm on plan) including retaining walls etc. complete within a load of 50 m. Ordinary Rock.   | Cum  | 1369    | 19836.81  | 27136800  | 1369    | 19836.81  | 27136800  | 1369    | 19836.81  | 27136800  |
| 32.00 | Earth work in excavation by mechanical means (hydraulic excavator) means over areas (exceeding 30 cm in depth, 1.5 m in width or 10 sqm on plan) including retaining walls etc. complete within a load of 50 m. Ordinary Rock.   | Cum  | 240     | 2822.4    | 677376    | 240     | 2822.4    | 677376    | 240     | 2822.4    | 677376    |
| 33.00 | Extra for every additional lift of 1.5 m or part thereof in excavation / banking excavated or stacked materials. All kinds of soil   | Cum  | 240     | 2822.4    | 677376    | 240     | 2822.4    | 677376    | 240     | 2822.4    | 677376    |
| 34.00 | Filling available excavated earth (excluding rock) in trenches, pits, sides of foundations etc. in layers not exceeding 20cm in depth, consolidating each deposited layer by ramming and watering, lead up to 50 m and lift upto 1.5m.   | Cum  | 580     | 139.2     | 80736     | 580     | 139.2     | 80736     | 580     | 139.2     | 80736     |
| 35.00 | Random Rubble Stone Masonry laid Dry, in breast walls, retaining walls, etc. including supply of all material, labour, T&P and royalties etc. complete as per drawing and technical specifications Clauses 702, 704, 1202 & 1203 of MORD Specification.  | Cum  | 7215.7  | 44376.56  | 320200000 | 7215.7  | 44376.56  | 320200000 | 7215.7  | 44376.56  | 320200000 |
| 36.00 | Random Rubble Stone Masonry laid in 1:6 cement and sand mortar, in breast walls, retaining walls, parapets, scuppers etc. including supply of all material, labour, T&P and royalties etc. complete as per drawing and technical specifications Clauses 702, 704, 1202 & 1203 of MORD Specification. | Cum  | 13056.7 | 250035.81 | 326800000 | 13056.7 | 250035.81 | 326800000 | 13056.7 | 250035.81 | 326800000 |
| 37.00 | Providing and laying in position specified grade of reinforced cement concrete, including the cost of centering, shuttering, finishing and reinforcement - All work up to plinth level; 1:1.5:3 (1 cement : 1.5 coarse sand (zone-II) : 3 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size).                | Cum  | 27316   | 114180.88 | 311800000 | 27316   | 114180.88 | 311800000 | 27316   | 114180.88 | 311800000 |
| 38.00 | Providing and laying in position cement concrete of specified grade excluding the cost of centering and shuttering - All work up to plinth level; 1:4:8 (1 cement : 4 coarse sand (zone-II) : 8 graded stone aggregate 40 mm nominal size) (Nominal Mix)   | Cum  | 16878   | 84223.9   | 142000000 | 16878   | 84223.9   | 142000000 | 16878   | 84223.9   | 142000000 |
| 39.00 | Providing and laying in position cement concrete of specified grade excluding the cost of centering and shuttering - All work up to plinth level; 1:2:4 (1 cement : 2 coarse sand (zone-III) : 4 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size)  | Cum  | 23368   | 24536.4   | 573300000 | 23368   | 24536.4   | 573300000 | 23368   | 24536.4   | 573300000 |

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| 43.00 | 12 mm cement plaster of mix : 1:4 (1 cement, 4 fine sand)  | 28     | Sqm | 749  | 19474     | 749  | 19474     | 749  | 19474     | 760  | 1976     |
|-------|--|--------|-----|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|----------|
| 41.00 | Providing and laying Ceramic glazed floor tiles of size 300x300 mm (thickness to be specified by the manufacturer) of 1st quality conforming to IS : 16822 of approved make in colours such as White, Ivory, Grey, Fume Red Brown, laid on 20 mm thick cement mortar 1:2 (1 Cement, 2 Coarse sand). Jointing with grey cement slurry @ 3.3 kg/sqm including pointing the joints with white cement and matching pigment etc., complete.   | 11.67  | Sqm | 2464 | 29491.83  | 2430 | 29491.83  | 2430 | 29491.83  | 2450 | 29681.5  |
| 42.00 | Centering and shuttering including strutting, propping etc. and removal of form for at heights : Suspended floors, roofs, landings, balconies and access platform.   | 15.5   | Sqm | 1937 | 30023.5   | 1936 | 30023.5   | 1936 | 30023.5   | 1950 | 30225    |
| 43.00 | Centering and shuttering including strutting, propping etc. and removal of form for : Lintels, beams, porch beams, girders, brackets and chajjas.  | 18.36  | Sqm | 1572 | 28261.89  | 1570 | 28261.89  | 1570 | 28261.89  | 1580 | 29008.8  |
| 44.00 | Steel reinforcement for R.C.C. work including straightening, cutting, bending, placing in position and binding all complete up to plinth level.<br>Thermo-Mechanically Treated bars of grade Fe-500 D or more.   | 49.22  | Kg  | 175  | 85103.6   | 178  | 87611.0   | 178  | 87611.0   | 185  | 91057    |
| 45.00 | Structural steel work riveted, bolted or welded in built up sections, trusses and framed work, including cutting, hoisting, fixing in position and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer all complete.  | 762.88 | Kg  | 303  | 231182.84 | 303  | 231182.84 | 303  | 231182.84 | 310  | 235573.8 |
| 46.00 | Providing and fixing 1mm thick M.S. sheet door with frame of 40x40x6 mm angle iron and 3 mm M.S. gusset plates at the junctions and corners, all necessary fittings complete, including applying a priming coat of approved steel primer. Using flats 30x6mm for diagonal braces and central cross piece.  | 16     | Sqm | 9937 | 158992    | 9936 | 158992    | 9936 | 158992    | 9950 | 159700   |
| 47.00 | Providing and fixing M.S. Tubular frames for doors, windows, ventilators and cupboards with rectangular L-Type sections, made of 1.60 mm thick M.S. Sheet, joints milled, welded and grinded finish, with profiles of required size, including fixing of necessary butt hinges and screws and applying a priming coat of approved steel primer.<br>Fixing with 15x2 mm lugs 10 cm long embedded in cement concrete block 15x10x10 cm of C.C. 1:3:6 (1 Cement : 3 coarse sand : 6 graded stone aggregate 20 mm nominal size).   | 294.88 | Kg  | 295  | 86583.7   | 294  | 86583.7   | 294  | 86583.7   | 300  | 88458    |
| 48.00 | Providing Corrugated G.S. Sheet Roofing including vertical/curved surface fixed with polymer coated J or L hooks, bolts and nuts 8 mm diameter with bitumen and G.I. limpet washers or with G.I. limpet washers fixed with white lead and including a coat of approved steel primer and two coats of approved paint on overlapping of sheets complete upto any pitch in horizontal/vertical or curved surfaces) excluding the cost of purlins, rafters and trusses and including cutting to size and shape wherever required.<br>0.63 mm thick with zinc coating not less than 275 gm/m <sup>2</sup> | 90.84  | Sqm | 1695 | 153973.8  | 1690 | 153519.6  | 1690 | 153519.6  | 1700 | 154428   |

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अधिकारी

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|       |   |    |     |     |       |     |       |     |         |
|-------|---|----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|---------|
| 49.00 | Painting Steel work with Deluxe Mull Surface Paint to give an even shade. Two or more coat applied @ 0.80 ltr/10 sqm over an under coat of primer applied @ 0.80 ltr/10 sqm of approved brand and manufacture   | 32 | Sqm | 255 | 8160  | 215 | 0.160 | 280 | 0.960   |
| 50.00 | Leveling and fixing of 10mm thick concrete floor to level 10mm finish. (Barrel type) with necessary screws etc. complete 125x10 mm  | 20 | No. | 108 | 2160  | 100 | 2.100 | 115 | 23.00   |
| 51.00 | Leveling and fixing ISI marked cast iron M.S. handles conforming to IS: 4872 with necessary screws etc. Complete 125 mm   | 20 | No. | 54  | 1080  | 54  | 1.080 | 60  | 1.200   |
| 52.00 | Water Supply, Sanitary & Plumbing Work  |    |     |     | 0     |     |       |     |         |
| 53.00 | Providing and fixing on wall face unplasticized - PVC moulded fittings/ accessories for unplasticized Rigid PVC rain water pipes conforming to IS : 13562 Type A including jointing with thermal expansion. Seal ring conforming to IS : 5382 leaving 10 mm gap for thermal expansion. Coupler 110mm                          | 70 | Run | 150 | 22500 | 70  | 320   | 600 | 4100.00 |
| 54.00 | Providing and fixing on wall face unplasticized - PVC moulded fittings/ accessories for unplasticized Rigid PVC rain water pipes conforming to IS : 13562 Type A including jointing with thermal expansion. Seal ring conforming to IS : 5382 leaving 10 mm gap for thermal expansion. Single tee with door 110x110x110 mm    | 6  | No. | 241 | 5440  | 241 | 12.10 | 250 | 1500    |
| 55.00 | Providing and fixing on wall face unplasticized - PVC moulded fittings/ accessories for unplasticized Rigid PVC rain water pipes conforming to IS : 13562 Type A including jointing with thermal expansion. Seal ring conforming to IS : 5382 leaving 10 mm gap for thermal expansion. Single tee without door 110x110x110 mm | 4  | No. | 567 | 1548  | 387 | 1540  | 330 | 1500    |
| 56.00 | Providing and fixing on wall face unplasticized - PVC moulded fittings/ accessories for unplasticized Rigid PVC rain water pipes conforming to IS : 13562 Type A including jointing with thermal expansion. Seal ring conforming to IS : 5382 leaving 10 mm gap for thermal expansion. Single tee without door 110x110x110 mm | 10 | No. | 369 | 3690  | 363 | 3630  | 370 | 3700    |
| 57.00 | Providing and fixing on wall face unplasticized - PVC moulded fittings/ accessories for unplasticized Rigid PVC rain water pipes conforming to IS : 13562 Type A including jointing with thermal expansion. Seal ring conforming to IS : 5382 leaving 10 mm gap for thermal expansion. Bend 87.5° 110 mm bend                 | 5  | No. | 224 | 1470  | 23  | 1470  | 300 | 1500    |
| 58.00 | Providing and fixing on wall face unplasticized - PVC moulded fittings/ accessories for unplasticized Rigid PVC rain water pipes conforming to IS : 13562 Type A including jointing with thermal expansion. Shoe (Plain) 110 mm Shoe  | 3  | No. | 273 | 819   | 273 | 319   | 280 | 340     |

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Fig 3/c  
1/11

1/11

|       |  |      |       |      |       |      |       |       |       |
|-------|--|------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 53.00 | Providing and fixing water closed squaring plain (Indian type W.C. pan) with 100 mm sand cast iron P or S trap, 10 litre low level white PVC flushing cistern, including flush pipe, with manually controlled overflow (handicapped) conforming to IS: 2731, with an integral type floor drain, including necessary plumbing, etc. as per approved drawings.   | 11   | No.   | 1767 | 17685 | 8843 | 17586 | 41629 | 15697 |
| 54.00 | White vitreous china pedestal W.C. pan of size 500x400 mm with integral type floor drain.  | 2    | No.   | 8543 | 17685 | 8843 | 17586 | 8850  | 17700 |
| 55.00 | 600 mm dia. white vitreous china pedestal W.C. pan of size 500x400 mm with integral type floor drain.  | 2    | No.   | 3411 | 1824  | 3411 | 1824  | 3450  | 6500  |
| 56.00 | Providing and fixing Chlorinated Polyvinyl Chloride (CPVC) pipes, having thermal stability for hot & cold water supply, including all CPVC plain & brass threaded fittings, including flange the pipe with clamp at 1.00 m spacing. This includes joining of pipes & fittings with one step CPVC solvent cement and testing of joints complete as per direction of Engineer in Charge. Internal work. Exposed on wall. | 20   | Rm    | 630  | 18500 | 630  | 18500 | 640   | 19200 |
| 57.00 | Providing and fixing, upsized PVC connection pipe with brass unions:   | 5    | No.   | 295  | 1025  | 295  | 1025  | 210   | 1050  |
| 58.00 | 45 cm length   |      |       |      |       |      | 1025  |       |       |
| 59.00 | 15 mm nominal bore   | 2000 | Libre | 18   | 36000 | 18   | 36000 | 20    | 40000 |
| 60.00 | Providing and placing on terrace (at all floor levels) polyethylene water storage tank (SI : 12701 marked, with cover and suitable locking arrangement and making necessary holes for inlet, outlet and overflow pipes but without fittings and the base support for tank.   | 12   | No.   | 784  | 5408  | 784  | 5408  | 7790  | 9400  |
| 61.00 | Providing and fixing C.P. Brass Long Body 8/16 Cock of approved quality conforming to IS standards and weight of not less than 690 gms. (15 mm nominal bore)   | 2    | No.   | 873  | 1746  | 873  | 1746  | 890   | 1780  |
| 62.00 | Providing and fixing C.P. Brass stop cock (concealed) of standard design and of approved make conforming to IS: 8931.  | 10   | No.   | 778  | 7780  | 778  | 7780  | 780   | 7800  |
| 63.00 | 15 mm nominal bore   |      |       |      |       |      | 7780  |       |       |
| 64.00 | Providing and fixing C.P. brass angle valve for basin mixer and geyser points of approved quality conforming to IS: 8933:  | 2    | No.   | 158  | 316   | 158  | 316   | 160   | 320   |
| 65.00 | 15 mm nominal bore   |      |       |      |       |      | 316   |       |       |
| 66.00 | Providing and fixing C.P. Brass extension nipple (size 10mmx30mm) of approved make and quality as per direction of Engineer-in-Charge.   | 2    | No.   | 58   | 316   | 58   | 316   | 60    | 320   |

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21/3/20

21/3/20

| No.   | Qty   | Rate  | Total    | Unit | Description   | Rate  | Total    | Unit |
|-------|-------|-------|----------|------|---|-------|----------|------|
| 71.00 | 600   | 593   | 355800   | Nos  | Providing and fixing Ball Valve (brass) of approved quality, High or low pressure, with plastic floats complete : 20 mm nominal bore.   | 593   | 355800   | Nos  |
| 72.00 | 1800  | 1800  | 3240000  | Mtr  | Wiring for light point/ fan point/ electric fan point/ cell bell wire with 1.5 sq. mm FRLS PVC insulated copper conductor single core cable in surface / recessed medium class PVC conduit, with modular switch / recessed medium class PVC box including the point with 1.5 sq. mm FRLS PVC insulated 60/30 conductor single core cable etc. as required | 1800  | 3240000  | Mtr  |
| 73.00 | 2372  | 593   | 1407596  | Nos  | Supplying and fixing following modular switch socket on the existing modular plate & switch box including connections but excluding modular plate etc. as required  | 593   | 1407596  | Nos  |
| 74.00 | 2372  | 593   | 1407596  | Nos  | Supplying and fixing following modular switch socket on the existing modular plate & switch box including connections but excluding modular plate etc. as required  | 593   | 1407596  | Nos  |
| 75.00 | 2372  | 593   | 1407596  | Nos  | Supplying and fixing following modular switch socket on the existing modular plate & switch box including connections but excluding modular plate etc. as required  | 593   | 1407596  | Nos  |
| 76.00 | 2372  | 593   | 1407596  | Nos  | Supplying and fixing following modular switch socket on the existing modular plate & switch box including connections but excluding modular plate etc. as required  | 593   | 1407596  | Nos  |
| 77.00 | 950   | 1046  | 993700   | Nos  | Supplying and fixing suitable size GI box with modular plate and cover in front on surface or in recess, including providing and fixing 5 pin 5/6 A modular socket outlet and 5/6 A modular switch, connections etc. as required  | 1046  | 993700   | Nos  |
| 78.00 | 1060  | 1046  | 1109160  | Nos  | Supplying and fixing following way, Vertical type three pole and neutral, sheet metal, MCB distribution board, 415 V, on surface/ recess, complete with fused copper bus bar, neutral bus bar, earth bar, din bar, interconnections, powder painted including earthing etc. as required. (But without MCB/RCCB/isolator) 8 way (8 + 24). Double door      | 1046  | 1109160  | Nos  |
| 79.00 | 20100 | 20082 | 4036482  | Nos  | Supplying and fixing, 63A rating, four pole, 415 V, MCCB in the existing MCB DB complete with connections, testing and commissioning etc. as required.  | 20082 | 4036482  | Nos  |
| 80.00 | 10667 | 10667 | 11374089 | Nos  | Supplying and fixing, Single pole 2 A to 32 A rating, 240/415 V, 10 KA "C" curve, miniature circuit breaker suitable for inductive load of following poles in the existing MCB DB complete with connections, testing and commissioning etc. as required   | 10667 | 11374089 | Nos  |
| 81.00 | 450   | 8660  | 3903000  | Nos  | Wiring for circuit/ submain wiring alongwith earth wire with the following sizes of FRLS PVC insulated copper conductor, single core cable in surface/ recessed medium class PVC conduit as required.   | 8660  | 3903000  | Nos  |
| 82.00 | 168   | 209   | 35112    | Rm   | 2 X 1.5 sq. mm + 1 X 1.5 sq. mm earth wire  | 209   | 35112    | Rm   |
| 83.00 | 180   | 372   | 66960    | Rm   | 2 X 4 sq. mm + 1 X 4 sq. mm earth wire  | 372   | 66960    | Rm   |
| 84.00 | 33    | 223   | 7359     | Nos  | 60/30 of ceiling rose 3 pin 5 amp   | 223   | 7359     | Nos  |
| 85.00 | 1     | 23571 | 23571    | Nos  | Earthing with GI earth plate 600 mm X 600 mm X 6 mm thick including accessories, and providing masonry enclosure with cover plate having locking arrangement and watering pipes of 2.7 metre long etc. with charcoal/ coke and salt as required.  | 23571 | 23571    | Nos  |

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|-------|--|----|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| 86.00 | Providing and laying earth connection from earth electrode to G.I. pipe in 15 mm dia G.I. pipe from earth and re-belling as required | 15 | Rm   | 103  | 154   | 103  | 110  | 1650  |
| 87.00 | Supply/ Fixing of 22 watt LED Tube Light   | 2  | INCL | 1375 | 1375  | 1375 | 1375 | 21050 |
| 88.00 | S/L 3.5 CA 35 Sq mm Al/ Ar Cable Poly-cable in-lays  | 25 | MU   | 676  | 17250 | 676  | 890  | 22250 |
| 89.00 | S/F of 36 watt LED Street Light  | 2  | NO   | 6219 | 12438 | 6219 | 6250 | 19750 |

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प्रथम न्यूनतम निविदादारा में 08 मण्डल कन्स्ट्रक्शन राजपुर रोड, देहरादून की निविदा तकनीकी स्वीकृति उपरान्त, फुरीकर गण्डा, गांधीपश्चिम पव निविदा परामर्श मिति के उपरान्त रु 15993504.96 साल की स्वीकृति चे आडुसि मारि अग्रमार्ति 1

सहायक अभियंता  
विमाण अखण्ड लोकोन्नि.  
गुराकाशी

418

आध्यापक न्यूनतम निविदादारा में राजपुर रोड, देहरादून, प्रसाफुक क्लिब, राजपुर रोड कन्स्ट्रक्शन, प्रसाफुक क्लिब, राजपुर रोड, देहरादून केकेदा के निविदा कर 1,59,93,504.96 रु (एक करोड उनसठ लाख तियनबे हजार 96 हजार 350 रुपये दिमानब) मारि का जोर लतर अग्रमार्ति पांच ले बाट रूपसे दिमानब) मारि का जोर लतर 1

अधिशारी अभियंता  
विमाण अखण्ड लोकोन्नि.  
गुराकाशी

अधीकरण अभियंता  
7 बौ वृत्त लो. नि. वि.  
गोपेस्वर (कनोली)

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**Seller Details**

Sold by: Resellers  
Reseller not verified by OEM  
Catalogue not verified by OEM  
Seller Excellence 4.5 - 5.0

**Specifications**

Fascia options PPGI(Prepainted galvanized iron steel) sheet conforming to IS 14246 - 2013  
Thickness of fascia sheets 0.5 mm  
Density of all polyurethane foam 40 ± 2 kg/cubic meter conforming to IS 11239 part II-1985 as amended upto date  
External pattern of panels As per Buyer's requirement  
Foundation for panels Building of foundation at site

**MATERIAL**

Fascia options PPGI(Prepainted galvanized iron steel) sheet conforming to IS 14246 - 2013  
Thickness of fascia sheets 0.5 mm  
Insulation material Polyurethane foam  
Density of all polyurethane foam 40 ± 2 kg/cubic meter conforming to IS 11239 part II-1985 as amended upto date  
Insulation core of panel is formed in one piece Yes

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Product History 4



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|   |   |
|---|---|
| Product feature   | Consist of an insulating layer of rigid polyurethane foam between two layers of metal sheets  |
| Panels For  | Wall  |
| Types of panel  | Single groove panels - for general purpose an application in building / shelters  |
| Facility of tongue-n-groove joinery for wall panels                       | Yes   |
| Fire class  | FR grade (fire resistance grade)  |
| External pattern of panels  | As per Buyer's requirement  |
| Provision of male-female type groove made with extended wall panel sheets | Yes   |
| Provision of cam lock system  | No  |
| Scope of supply (offer price to include all cost component)               | Supply of Product only  |
| Transportation / freight charges  | Offer prices are on free delivery at consignee site basis   |
| Foundation for panels   | Building of foundation at site shall be the responsibility of the consignee and the seller shall install / erect and commission the structure on the foundation constructed up to plinth level by the consignee |

## DIMENSION



|                                 |         |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Width - Wall panel $\pm$ 10 mm  | 1185 mm |
| Width - Roof panel $\pm$ 5 mm   | 980 mm  |
| Width - Door panel $\pm$ 10 mm  | 900 mm  |
| Width - Floor panel $\pm$ 5 mm  | 980 mm  |
| Length - Wall panel $\pm$ 10 mm | 2500 mm |
| Length - Roof panel $\pm$ 10 mm | 2000 mm |
| Length - Door panel             | 1800 mm |
| Length - Floor panel            | 2000 mm |
| Core thickness of PUF panel     | 30 mm   |

#### COLOUR AND FINISH

|                       |                                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Grade of Zinc Coating | 120 gms/square meter                 |
| Surface finish        | With 50 microns thick PVC guard film |

#### PERFORMANCE



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Product History 4

of 6

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25/11/2024



|  |            |
|--|------------|
| U value (heat transfer coefficient) in watt per square meter Kelvin  | 0.15       |
| R value (measure of resistance to heat flow through a given thickness of material) British Thermal Units Per Hour Per Square Feet Degrees Fahrenheit | 9.8        |
| Thermal conductivity value at 10 degree centigrade (test method ASTM C 518-98)   | 0.021 w/nk |
| Compressive strength at 10 % deformation (Kg per square centimetre) (test method ASTM D 1621-94)   | 2.1        |
| Bending strength (Kg per square centimetre)  | 4          |
| Tensile strength (Kg per square centimetre) (test method ISO 1926:2005)  | 3.7        |
| Adhesive strength(Kg per square centimetre) – foam to steel  | 2.9        |
| Water absorption (volume percent) at 100% RH (test method ISO 2896:2007)   | 0.2 %      |
| Closed cell content (%)  | 94         |
| Vapour permeability at 90% (RH) and 38 degree centigrade (gms per Hr[dot] square meter)  | 0.12       |

## CERTIFICATION

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| Availability of Test Report from Designated AHSP / NABL / ILAC accredited or Central Government Lab to prove conformity of products to the specification | Yes |
| Warranty Period in years   | 1   |



Ask Gemmy

Product Comparison Product History 4

WEB INFO

ABOUT Gem

*Govind*  
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426

Air India Search product / service to search

Search

Get Best Price

IndiaMART > Bar, Rods, Pipes & Permanent Magnets > Magnetic Separators > Magnetic Drum Separator



MAGNA TRONIX

MAGNA TRONIX Double Drum Magnetic Separator, Capacity: 1.5 Ton/Hour

₹ 24,000 Get Latest Price

Capacity: 1.5 Ton/Hour
Type Of Magnet Used: Ferrite
Type Of Magnetic Separators: Double Drum Magnetic Separator
Brand: MAGNA TRONIX
Applications: Pharmaceutical & Biochemical
Apparatus Weight: 850 kg

Magna Tronix

West Marbalam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu

4.3/5 ★★★★★ (54)

GST: 33AANPM2849A1ZY

TrustSEAL Verified Leading Supplier

Verified Exporter Manufacturer

Company Video

View Mobile Number

85% Response Rate

Contact Supplier

View All Details

Get Latest Price

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Magnetic Drum Separator...

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Vibromag...

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Magnetic Drum Separator...

Vibromag...

Redhills, Chennai, Tamil Nadu

₹ 1,00,000

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Magnetic Drum Separator...

Star Trace Privat...

Redhills, Chennai, Tamil Nadu

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Magnetic Drum Separator...

Star Trace Solutio...

Redhills, Chennai, Tamil Nadu

₹ 98,000

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Company Details

Product Image



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Home > Conveyer Systems & Components > Belt Conveyors > Flat Belt Conveyor

**VEPL Flat Belt Conveyor, For Material Handling, 100kg**

₹ 1,00,000/ Unit [Get Latest Price](#)

|                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| Usage/Application | Material Handling |
| Brand             | VEPL              |
| Capacity          | 100kg             |
| Material          | Mild Steel        |
| Belt Material     | PVC               |
| Belt Width        | 500-1200mm        |
| Voltage           | 415V              |
| Belt Speed        | 0-60mtr/min       |
| Warranty          | 1 year            |
| Model Name/Number | VEPL-FBC          |
| Country of Origin | Made in India     |

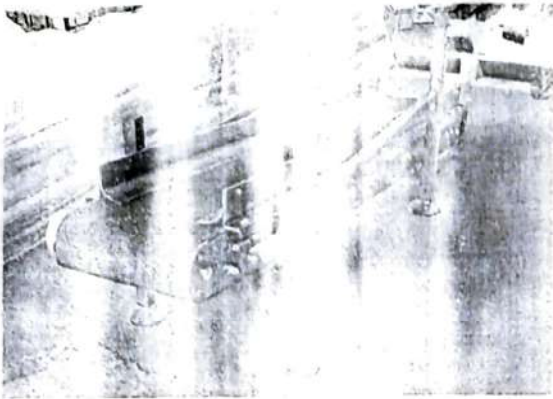
**Verticon Equipments Private Limited**

Chikhali, Pimpri Chinchwad, Pune, Maharashtra  
 4.8/5 ★★★★★ (40)  
 GST-27AAGCV9154P1ZF

TrustSEAL Verified **Leading Supplier Manufacturer**

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85% Response Rate

**Contact Supplier**



[Product Video](#)

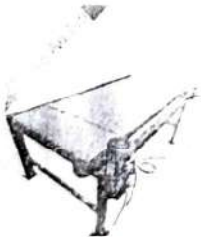
[Product Brochure](#)

A conveyor belt is the carrying medium of a belt conveyor system (often shortened to belt conveyor). A belt conveyor system is one of many types of conveyor systems. A belt conveyor system consists of two or more pulleys (sometimes referred to as drums), with a closed loop of carrying medium—the conveyor belt—that rotates about them. One or both of the pulleys are powered, moving the belt and the material on the belt forward. The powered pulley is called the drive pulley while the unpowered pulley is called the idler pulley. There are two main industrial classes of belt conveyors. Those in general material handling such as those moving boxes along inside a factory and bulk material handling such as those used to transport large volumes of resources and agricultural materials, such as grain, salt, coal ore, sand, overburden and more.

[View Top Details](#)

**Get Best Price**

Find products similar to VEPL Flat Belt Conveyor, For Material Handling, 100kg near Pimpri Chinchwad



**Rubber Flat Belt Conveyor, Load...**  
 Rudra Industries  
 Hanuman Nagar, Tamhane Wadgaon  
 ₹ 1,20,000/ Piece



**Metal Industry Flat Belt...**  
 Techgen...  
 Dehru, Pimpri Chinchwad  
 ₹ 95,000/ Piece



**Rubber Belt Conveyor, Materi...**  
 Vastec...  
 Dehru, Pimpri Chinchwad  
 ₹ 1,80,000/ Piece



**Mild Steel Gravity Roller Conveyor...**  
 ...  
 Dehru, Pimpri Chinchwad  
 ₹ 9,000/ Piece



**Material Handling Belt Conveyor**  
 ...Dus Systems  
 Deals In Pimpri Chinchwad  
 ₹ 8,000/ Meter



**Flat Belt Conveyor, For Pharma...**  
 M/S Arise...  
 Deals In Pimpri Chinchwad  
 ₹ 2,10,000/ Piece

*Garora*  
**अधिकाारी**  
**नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ**



429

India

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Get Best Price

IndiaMART > Material Handling Machinery & Equipment > Pallet Truck > Hand Pallet Truck

Multifunction Hand Pallet Truck, Capacity: 1ton, 3ton, 4ton, 5ton

₹ 15,000/ Piece **Get Latest Price**

**Capacity** 1ton,2ton,3ton,  
**Fork Length** 1150mm/as per customer requi  
**Fork width** 550mm /as per customer requi

Item Code: 101

Multifunction Hand Pallet Truck

[View All Details](#)

**Get Latest Price**

**Patel Material Handling Equipment**

 Naroda, Ahmedabad, Gujarat  
4.2/5 ★★★★★ (10)  
GST-24AKPPP940

TrustSEAL Verified

Leading Supplier Verified Exporter

Manufacturer Company Verified

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88% Response Rate

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Find products similar to Multifunction Hand Pallet Truck, Capacity: 1ton, 2ton, 3ton, 4ton, 5ton near Ahmedabad

|   |   |   |   |  |   |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Scale Pallet Truck,</b><br>Capacity: 2 Ton, 3 Ton                                | <b>Utkal Hand Pallet Truck, Loading...</b>  | <b>Patel Godrej Hand Pallet Truck...</b>  | <b>Annapurana Battery Operated Hydraulic...</b>                                     | <b>Hydraulic Hand Pallet Truck</b>   | <b>1.5 Ton Hand Pallet Truck</b>  |
| Stacker's & Mover...  | Utikal Engineers  | Patel Material...   | M/S Annapurana...   | Saideep Industries   | Sky Industries  |
| vatva, Ahmedabad, Gujarat   | Wankari Nagar, Ahmedabad, Gujarat   | Naroda, Ahmedabad, Gujarat  | Vadaj, Ahmedabad, Gujarat   | GIDC Naroda, Ahmedabad, Gujarat  | Naroda, Ahmedabad, Gujarat  |
| ₹ 85,000/ piece   | ₹ 15,000/ Piece   | ₹ 15,000/ Piece   | Ask Price   | ₹ 12,500/ Piece  | ₹ 25,000/ Piece   |
| <a href="#">View Mobile Number</a>  | <a href="#">View Mobile Number</a>  | <a href="#">View Mobile Number</a>  | <a href="#">View Mobile Number</a>  | <a href="#">View Mobile Number</a>   | <a href="#">View Mobile Number</a>  |
| <a href="#">Get Latest Price</a>  | <a href="#">Get Latest Price</a>  | <a href="#">Get Latest Price</a>  | <a href="#">Get Latest Price</a>  | <a href="#">Get Latest Price</a>   | <a href="#">Get Latest Price</a>  |

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Gujarat  
अधिकासी अधिकारी  
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430

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Search

Get Best Price



Hydraulic Baler

Product Brochure

Hydraulic & Pneumatic Machines > Hydraulic Baling Press > Vertical Balers

Mild Steel 30-60 ton Hydraulic Vertical Baler In Manesar, Capacity: 50 Ton, Model Name/Number: Ragnor

₹ 3,75,000 Get Latest Price

|                        |             |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Max Force or Load      | 60-90 ton   |
| Usage/Application      | Industrial  |
| Max Load Capacity      | 30-150 ton  |
| Material               | MS / STEEL  |
| Model Name/Number      | RAGNOR      |
| Capacity               | 50 TON      |
| Bale Weight            | 100-150 KGS |
| Brand                  | RAGNOR      |
| Automation Grade       | Automatic   |
| Minimum Order Quantity | 1           |

Ragnor Hydraulics



Manesar, Gurugram, Haryana  
4.6/5 ★★★★★ (24)  
GST-05AAUF18683K12A

TrustSEAL Verified Star Supplier  
Verified Exporter Manufacturer

View Mobile Number  
85% Response Rate

Contact Supplier

Ragnor Hydraulics is located in IMT Manesar, Gurugram and the working area is 10000 sq. feet. Many years of research & development, vast experience & production capabilities has earned a reputed name in the field of High Technology Quality Products. Our category is equipped with in-house computer aided designing and manufacturing facilities and supplying machines to top tier companies.

Recent establishment of Ragnor Hydraulics in 2010 has made a rapid growth in the Indian market. We are engaged in Manufacturing, Supplying & Exporting a wide range of Car Lifts, Dock Leveler, Hydraulic Scissor Lift, Hydraulic Cutting Machine, Hydraulic Power Packs, Hydraulic Cylinders, Container Tilters, Hydraulic Goods Lift, Hydraulic Presses, Industrial Sheds, Baler And Baling Press Machine, Drum Crushers And Compactors, etc.

Our dedicated and highly proficient team of engineers is actively involved in the product development. Our in-house production line allows us to undertake orders as per the specific requirements of our esteemed clients. Our products have established a global recognition in the market. We are always engaged in repeated projects. At Ragnor Hydraulics, we have a dedicated quality control department who ensure that every product is tested for quality and performance. We guarantee all our customers that our manufactured hydraulic presses are robust and complete. We provide a timely after-sale service and are committed to fulfil the customer's requirements.

Our products are tested for longer optimum working hours. We provide Contract Service and Hydraulic Press Job Work under the guidance of Mr. Ravinder Kaur (CEO). We have been able to provide maximum satisfaction to our clients.

अधिकाारी अधिकाारी  
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431

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Home / Testing and Measuring Instruments / Weighing Scales and Systems / Analytical Weighing Scales

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### DICITONE 1000 Kg (1 Ton) Digital Platform Weighing Scales DGP1TON

Visit the DICITONE Store

POWER BRAND

EMI starts at ₹2865/monthly. No Cost EMI available. EMI options

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- Use SAVE1000 & get ₹1000\* off. Valid for GST-Registered Users Only. [View](#)
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- Use NEW3000 & get ₹3000\* off. Only Valid on your first

#### FEATURES

More Details

|                 |                 |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Type of Product | Weighing Scales |
| Dimension       | 1000x1000       |
| Model No        | DGP1TON         |
| Display         | Digital         |

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₹29,899 (incl. of all taxes)  
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MRP ₹90,975 3.15% OFF

Quantity

- 1 +

Minimum Order Quantity-1 Piece

#### Bulk quantity Discount!!!

| Select                | Quantity | Discounted price per piece (incl. of all taxes) |
|-----------------------|----------|---|
| <input type="radio"/> | 2        | ₹28,955.20                                      |
| <input type="radio"/> | 3        | ₹28,694.25                                      |
| <input type="radio"/> | 4        | ₹28,433.30                                      |
| <input type="radio"/> | 5-more   | ₹27,911.40                                      |

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COD Unavailable

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Secure payments

100% buyer protection

Top Brands

Type of Product

Weighing Scales

Dimension

1000x1000

Model No

DGP1TON

Display

Digital

Product Sub Type

Platform Weighing Scale

Weighing Capacity (kg)

1 Ton

Country of Origin

India

Name of the feature/Packaging/Import

DICITONE COMPUTER SERVICE

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नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

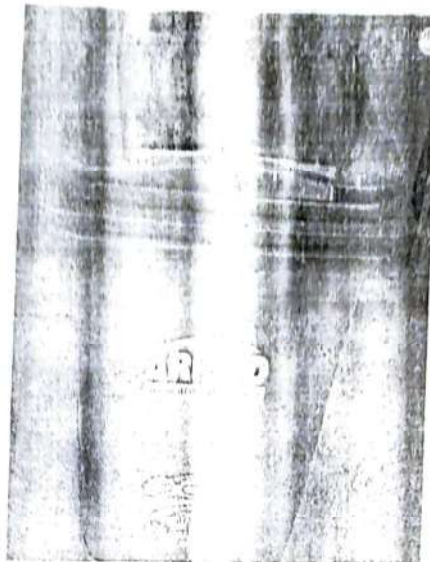


432

All India... products service to search

Reports Get Best Price

Product brochure



IndiaMART > Synthetic Mops & Storage Bins > Wheeled Dustbin

**Aristo Hdpe 90L Whee Dustbin**

₹ 2,047 [Get Latest Price](#)

|                        |                                 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Capacity               | 90 L                            |
| Color                  | Black, Blue, Red, Green, Yellow |
| Usage/Application      | Home, Office, Industrial        |
| Brand                  | Aristo                          |
| Structure              | Foot Pedal                      |
| Material               | HDPE                            |
| Minimum Order Quantity | 10                              |

[View All Details](#)

[Get Latest Price](#)

**Krishna Polymer Industries**


 Rohini Sector 15, N  
 4.2/5 ★★★★★ ( )  
 GST: 07ARQP646

TrustSEAL Verified

Leading Supplier







Manufac

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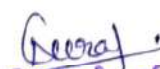
Find products similar to Aristo Hdpe 90L Wheeled Dustbin near New Delhi

- |   |  |  |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|
|  <p><b>120 Liter Wheeled Dustbin</b><br/>Subhash Sales<br/>New Delhi<br/>₹ 2,050<br/><a href="#">View Mobile Number</a><br/><a href="#">Get Best Price</a></p> |  <p><b>Plastic square Top 240 L wheeled dustbin</b><br/>Subhash Sales<br/>New Delhi<br/>₹ 2,850<br/><a href="#">View Mobile Number</a><br/><a href="#">Get Best Price</a></p> |  <p><b>Plastic 40 Ltr square Dustbin</b><br/>Prasa Enterprises<br/>Gurgaon, New Delhi<br/>₹ 460<br/><a href="#">View Mobile Number</a><br/><a href="#">Get Best Price</a></p> |  <p><b>Plastic 100 Ltr square Dustbin</b><br/>Surya Enterprises<br/>Deals in New Delhi<br/>₹ 2,500<br/><a href="#">View Mobile Number</a><br/><a href="#">Get Best Price</a></p> |  <p><b>Plastic 2 Wheeled Dustbin 90L</b><br/>AC Greenline<br/>Shankar Nagar, New Delhi<br/>₹ 1,800<br/><a href="#">View Mobile Number</a><br/><a href="#">Get Best Price</a></p> |  <p><b>Aristo HDPE Wheeled Garbage Bin</b><br/>S S Enterprises<br/>Mayur Vihar Phase 1, New Delhi<br/>₹ 2,050<br/><a href="#">View Mobile Number</a><br/><a href="#">Get Latest Price</a></p> |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|

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|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">Plastic Dustbin</a> | <a href="#">Industrial Plastic Bins</a> | <a href="#">Industrial Dustbins</a> | <a href="#">Plastic Bins in Delhi</a> | <a href="#">Garbage Bin in New Delhi</a> |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|

  
**अधिकाारी अधिकाारी**  
**नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ**



561kg

# BIORRAPID

## Commercials

|  | Quantity (Nos) | Unit Rate (Rs.) | GST | Amount (Rs.) |
|--|----------------|-----------------|-----|--------------|
| 50 kgs / day                           | 1              | ₹ 675,000       | 12% | ₹ 7,56,000   |
| Bio Rapid 75                           |                |                 |     | ₹ 7,56,000   |
| SubTotal                               |                | ₹ 6,00,000      | 18% | ₹ 7,00,000   |
| Freight,Packing & Insurance            |                | ₹ 35,000        | 18% | ₹ 41,300     |
| Installation, Commissioning & Training |                |                 |     |              |
| Grand Total                            |                |                 |     | ₹ 8,68,100   |

### Terms and Conditions

- Taxes: GST as applicable
- Freight and Installation to be charged extra. The freight charge is up to the place where road is available. Any further charges will be extra.
- Delivery Period: Within 60-70 days from the date of order.
- Payment Terms: TQSS. Advance prior to dispatch.
- Warranty: 12 months from the date of installation or 12 months from the date of commissioning.
- Validity of offer: This offer is valid for a period of 30 days.

433



*General*  
**अधिसासी अधिकारी**  
**नगर पंचायत केदारवाथे**

500/eq

# BIORRAPID

## Commercials

| 500 kgs / day                          | Qty (Nos) | Unit Rate (Rs.) | Rate        | GST | Amount (Rs.) |
|--|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-----|--------------|
| BioRapid 500                           | 2         | ₹ 1,650,000     | ₹ 33,00,000 | 12% | ₹ 36,96,000  |
| <b>Sub-Total</b>                       |           |                 |             |     | ₹ 36,96,000  |
| Freight, Packing & Insurance           |           | ₹ 150,000       |             | 18% | ₹ 1,77,000   |
| Installation, Commissioning & Training |           | ₹ 60,000        |             | 18% | ₹ 72,500     |
| <b>Grand Total</b>                     |           |                 |             |     | ₹ 39,45,600  |

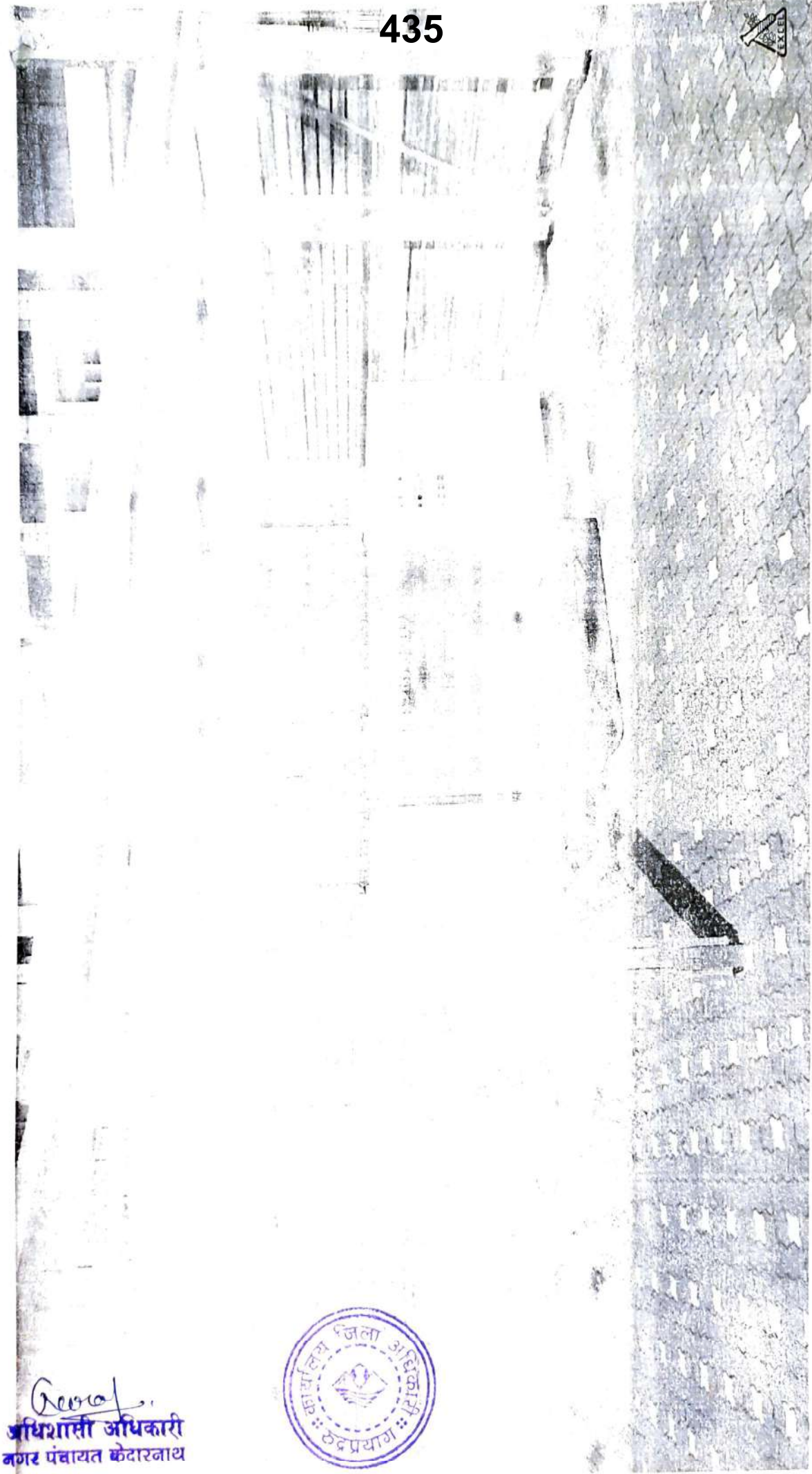
### Terms and Conditions

- Taxes: GST as applicable
- **Freight and installation to be charged extra.** The freight charge to be paid by client. Any other expense for the carriage of machine to the site will be borne by client.
- Delivery Period: Within 50-70 days from the date of PO, subject to advance
- Payment Terms: 100% Advance prior to dispatch
- Warranty: 12 months from the date of installation and commissioning
- Validity of offer: This offer is valid for acceptance within 30 days.

434

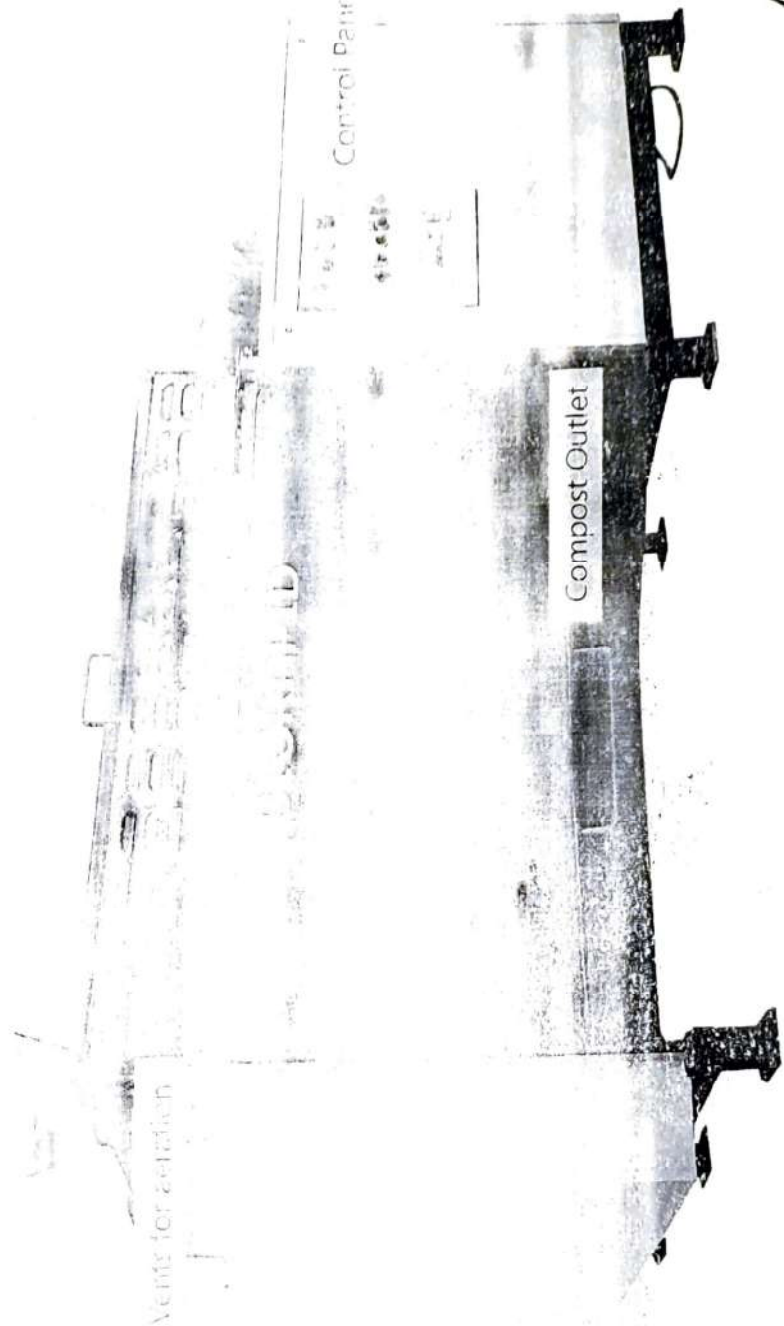


Geeta  
अधिकाारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

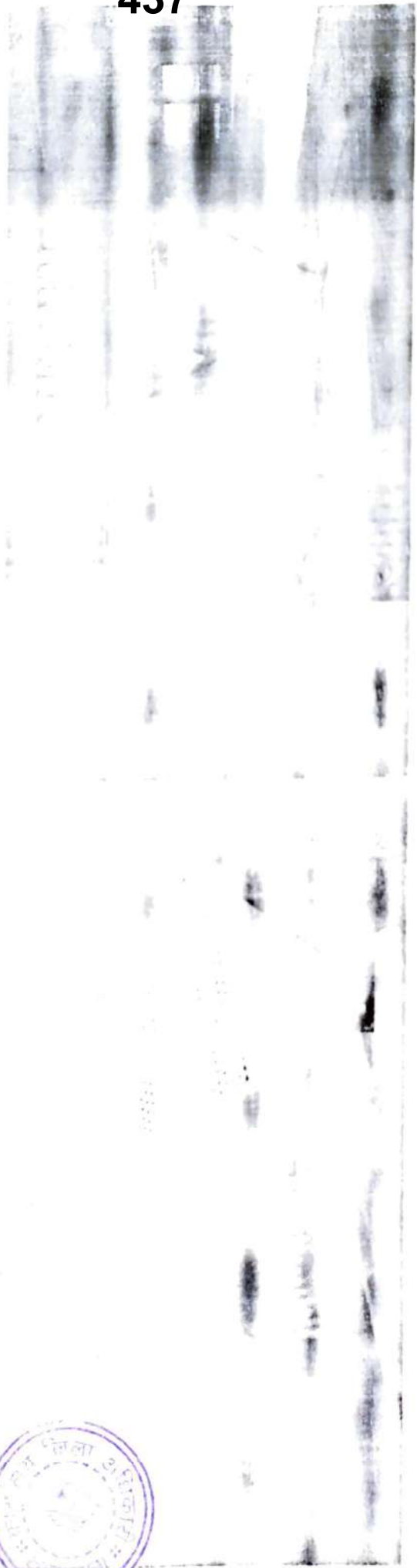


*Genral*  
अधिशारी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ





General  
 अधिशासी अधिकारी  
 नगर पंचायत कैदारनाथ



FORAID  
Process

*Ravraj*  
अधिसासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

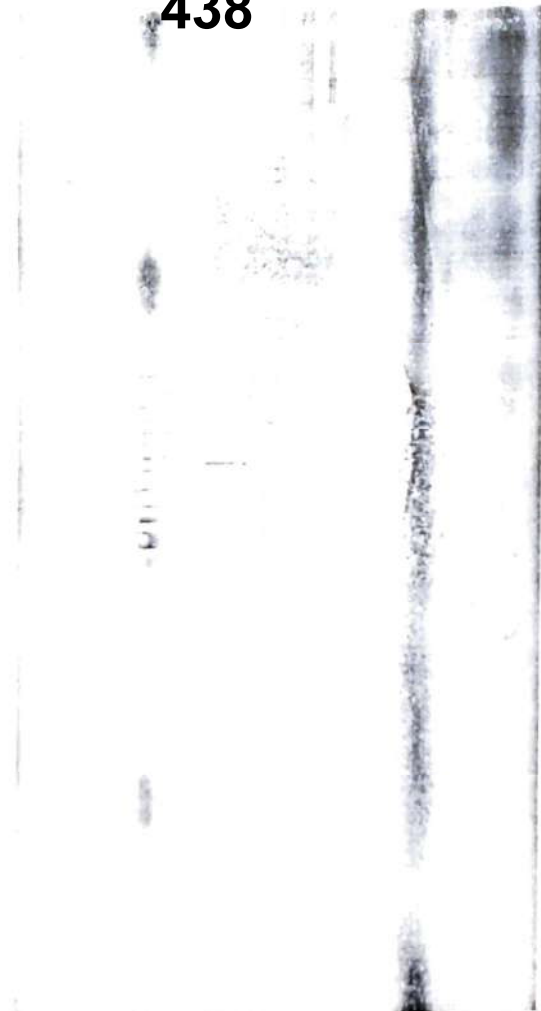




ORAPID

Process

General  
अधिसूची अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ





# BIORAPID

## Specifications

अधिकासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



| General Specs                      | Technical Specs | Other Req. |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Capacity (kg/day)                  |                 |            |
| Vessel volume (L)                  |                 |            |
| MOC of Vessel and Shaft            |                 |            |
| MOC of Outer Cover                 |                 |            |
| Electric Supply                    |                 |            |
| Motor (HP)                         |                 |            |
| Waste shredder                     |                 |            |
| Shredder Capacity (per hour)       |                 |            |
| Shredder Motor (HP)                |                 |            |
| Overall dimensions (m)             |                 |            |
| Space requirement                  |                 |            |
| Electrical consumption (units/day) |                 |            |
| Machine Weight (kg)                |                 |            |

500

4200

MIS Painted

MS Powder coated

3 Phase, 4 Pole

12.5 HP

Single stage

200 kg

2.0 HP

3.1 x 2.6 x 2.2

175 sq. ft.

25-30

4105

Georal  
अधिशारी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

# ORAPID

## Commercials



|  |             |     |                    |
|--|-------------|-----|--------------------|
| Price of Machine                       | ₹ 33,00,000 | 12% | ₹ 3,96,000         |
| Freight & Insurance                    | ₹ 150,000   | 18% | ₹ 27,000           |
| Installation, Commissioning & Training | ₹ 60,000    | 18% | ₹ 10,800           |
| <b>Grand Total</b>                     |             |     | <b>₹ 39,45,600</b> |

440

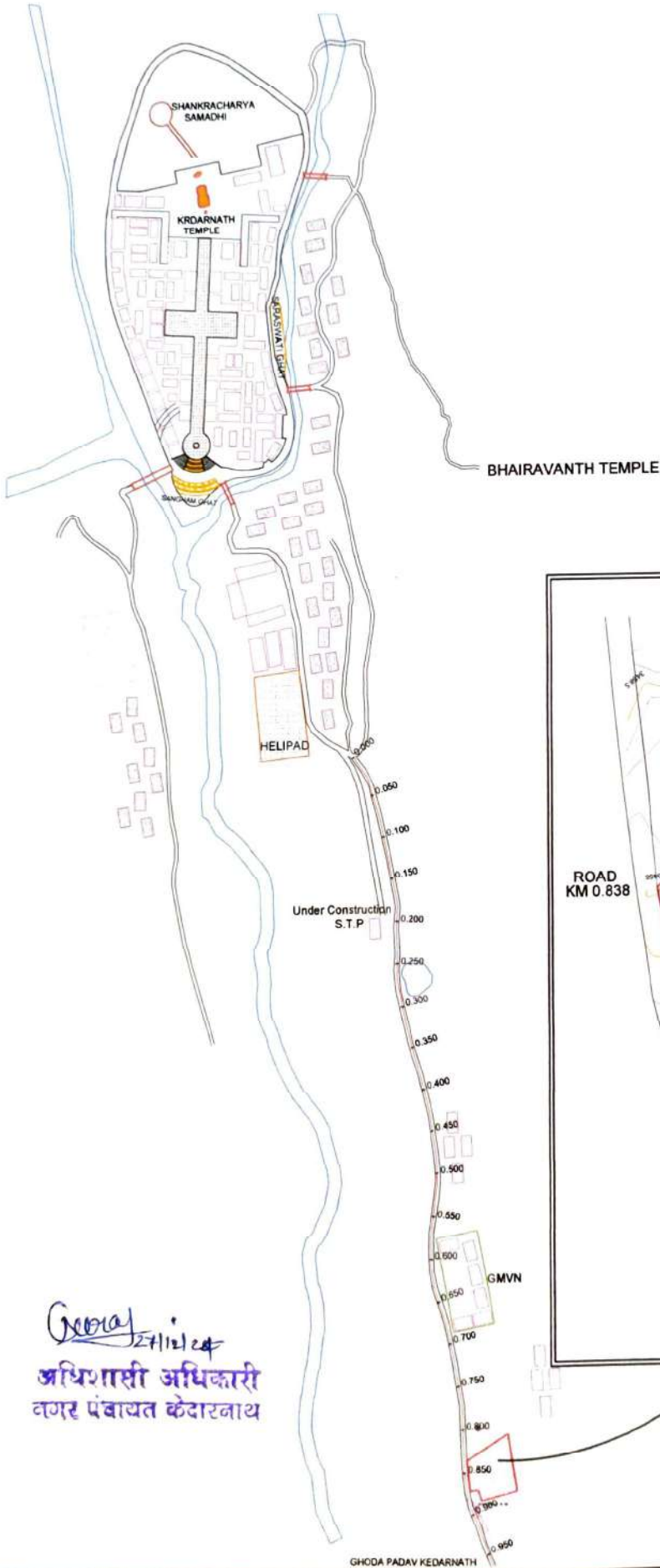
### Terms and Conditions

- Taxes: GST as applicable
- Freight and Insurance to be charged extra. The Freight charged is up to the place where road is available. Any other expenses for the carriage of machine to the site will be borne by Client.
- Delivery Period: Within 60-70 days from the date of PO & Advance
- Payment Terms: 100% Advance prior to dispatch
- Warranty: 12 months from the date of installation and commissioning
- Validity of offer: This offer is valid for acceptance within 30 days.

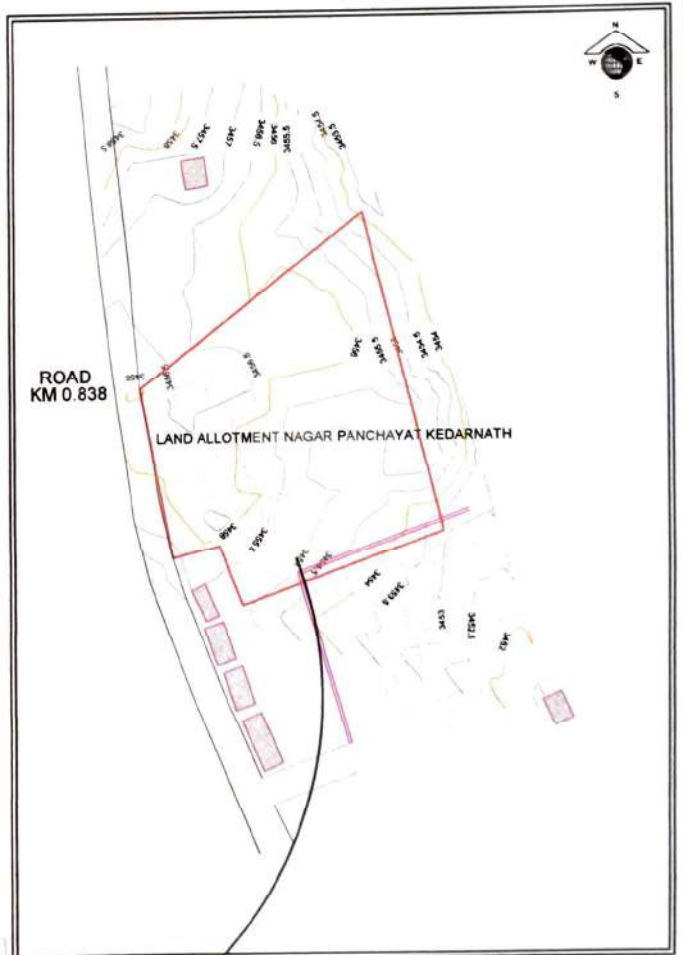


KEY PLAN

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN (LAND ALLOTMENT) NAGAR PANCHAYAT KEDARNATH/KEDARNATHDHAM



| Legend              |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Kedarnath temple    |  |
| Existing Foot path  |  |
| Existing House/Shop |  |
| Mandakini River     |  |
| Contour .500m       |  |
| Contour 2.00m       |  |
| HELIPAD             |  |
| Camp Site           |  |
| Boundary            |  |
| Bridge              |  |
| Temple stairs       |  |

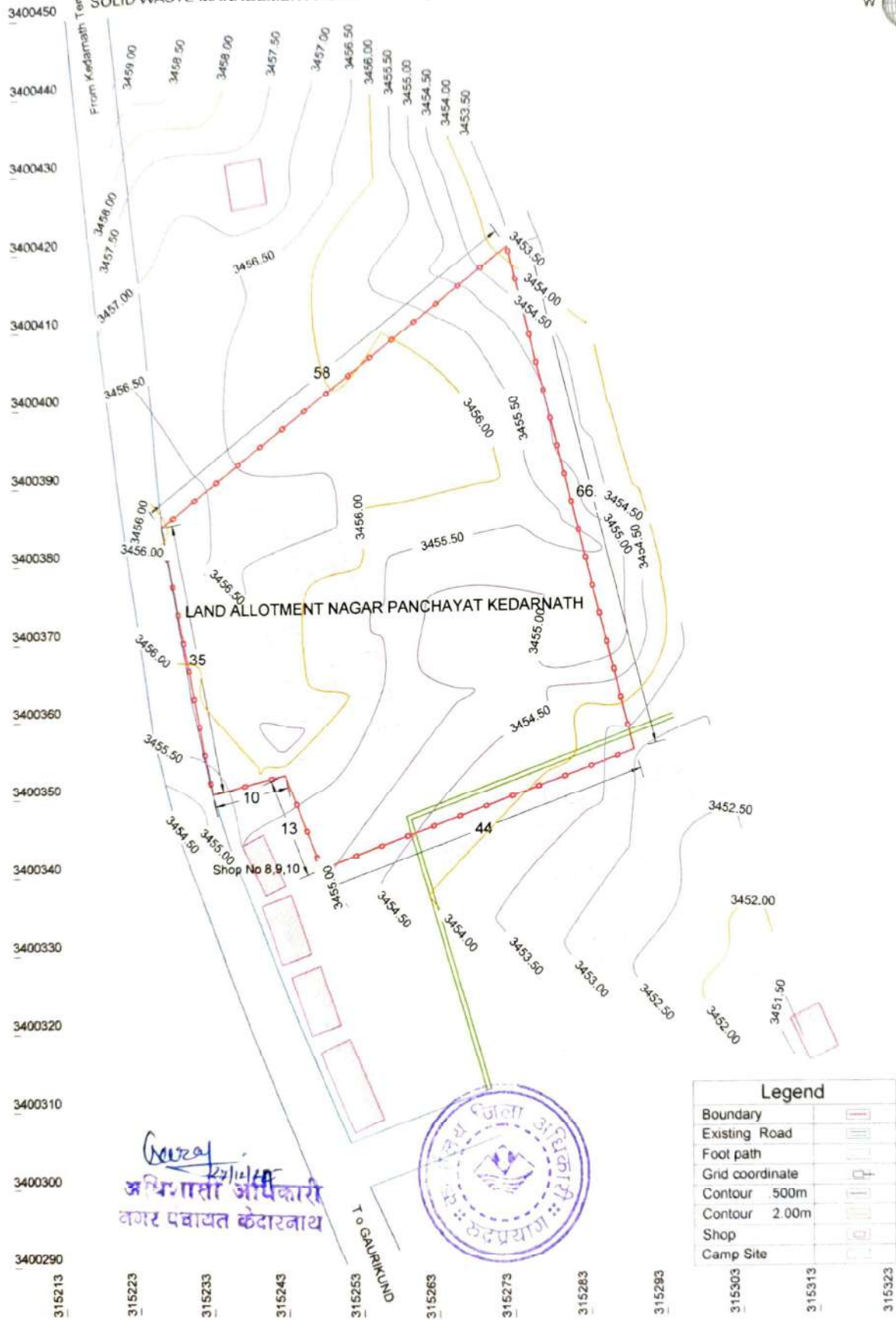


Geetika शर्मा  
 अधिशासी अधिकारी  
 नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



TOPOGRAPHY & CONTOUR MAP

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN (LAND ALLOTMENT) NAGAR PANCHAYAT KEDARNATH



*Handwritten signature and name:*  
अभिभासा अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



|   |  |  |  |                         |                         |
|---|--|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>CLIENT:-</b><br>NAGAR PANCHAYAT<br>KEDARNATH/ KEDARNATH DHAM<br>RUDRAPRAYAG (U.K.) | <b>PROJECT:</b><br>SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN<br>NAGAR PANCHAYAT KEDARNATH /<br>KEDARNATH DHAM | <b>LAND ALLOTMENT</b><br>Area = 3000 Sqm<br>Area = 0.300 Hect<br>Khasra no = 337 & 338 | <b>PREPARED BY:-</b><br>DIGITAL LAND SURVEY &<br>ENGINEERING | <b>SCALE:-</b><br>1.500 | <b>SHEET</b><br>NO:- 02 |
|---|--|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|

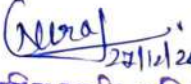
N.P.A./2022- 571  
Office of Nagar Panchayat Arki,  
Teh. Arki, Distt. Solan (H.P.)

Date: Arki, 11, April, 2022

**To whom it may concern**

This is to certify that, we are using OWC 500 KG per day capacity supplied by M/s. Excel Industries Ltd. for decentralised waste management system in our town, Arki, District Solan, Himachal Pradesh. Around 500 kg wet waste is treated by use of Bioculum and Sanitreat and they are working satisfactory without any operational issues.

The system and use of Bioculum and Sanitreat helping us dispose off the wet waste with reduced composting cycle to 10 days and eliminating foul odour during composting process. We place on record our appreciation for the M/s EXCEL Industries Limited, for making the composting process easier and efficient.

  
27/11/24  
अधिशासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

  
Secretary  
Nagar Panchayat Arki.



444

N.P.A./2022-321

Office of Nagar Panchayat Arki,  
Reh.Arki. Distt. Solan(H.P)

Date: Arki, 16, April,2022

**To whom it may concern**

This is to certify that, we are using OWC 500 KG per day capacity supplied by M/s. Excel Industries Ltd. for decentralised waste management system in our town, Arki, District Solan, Himachal Pradesh. Around 500 kg waste is treated by use of Bioculum and Sanitreat and they are working satisfactory without any operational issues.

The system and use of Bioculum and Sanitreat helping us dispose off the wet waste with reduced composting cycle to 10 days and eliminating foul odour during composting process. We place on record our appreciation for the M/s Excel Industries Limited, for making the composting process easier and efficient.

हस्ताक्षर अस्पष्ट  
27/12/2024  
अधिकासी अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ

हस्ताक्षर अस्पष्ट  
Secretary  
Nagar Panchayat Arki.



mc/SNA/2022-1802

Dt. 12/4/2022

## To whom so ever it may concern

We adopted decentralised waste management system in our town in the year 2021. Around 1000 kg wet waste is treated by use of Excel Industries Ltd's OWC machine along with Bioculum and Sanitreat.

OWC machine shreds, homogenises wet waste with horticulture waste like dry grass, dry leaves. Bioculum is mixed with Wet Waste to for accelerate the composting process and Sanitreat is used to control foul odour. OWC machine and its shredders are working satisfactorily without any operational issues.

Use of OWC, Bioculum and Sanitreat has brought efficiency in handling wet waste and reduced the composting cycle to 10 days and eliminating foul odour during composting process. We place on record our appreciation for the M/s EXCEL Industries Limited, for making the composting process easier and efficient.

Thanking you,

Yours truly,

Executive Officer

Municipal Council

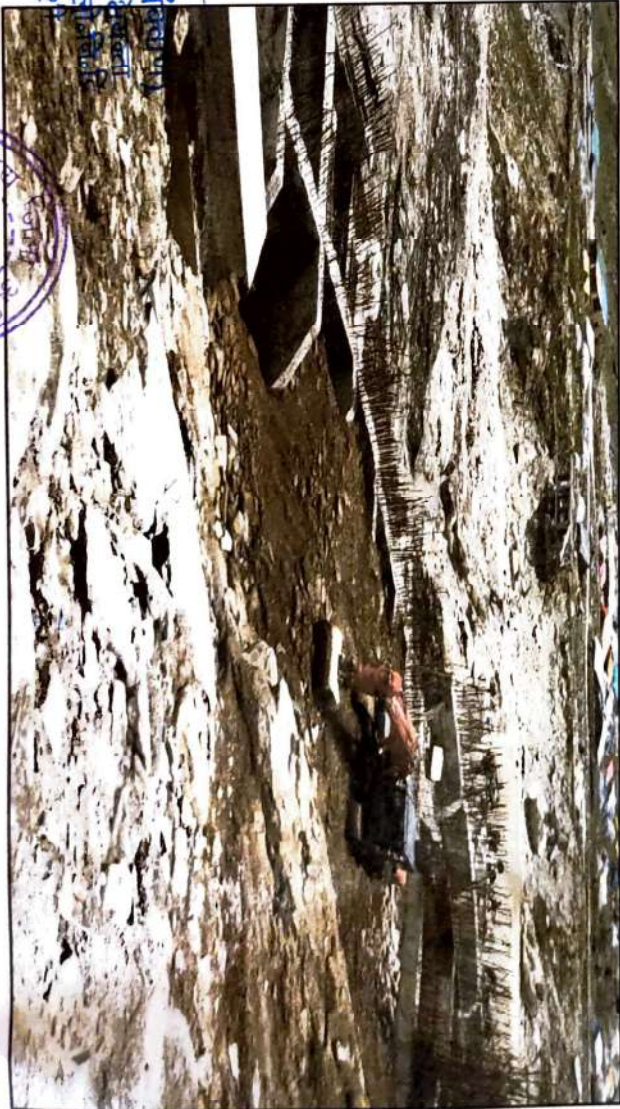
Sundernagar Distt. Mandi

Himachal Pradesh

General  
24/4/22  
अधिशक्ती अधिकारी  
नगर पंचायत केदारनाथ



इ. विनय शिंदे  
अध्यासी अधिकारी  
निर्माण खाण्ड, तालुका  
तदकार



Annexure -6